"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Cloudy and warmer today; snow or rain tonight and Thursday.
Temperature yesterday: Max., 52; min., 45.
[illegible] For full weather report see Page 25.

VOL. LXXII...No. 23,748. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York. | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles. | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere.

CARNARVON TELLS OF BEAUTIES FOUND IN EGYPTIAN TOMB

Tut-ankh-Amen's Throne and Linen Chest He Considers the Most Wonderful of Ages.

GLOVE OF KING'S BABYHOOD

Tiny Linen Object, Probably Preserved by a Fond Mother, Is Buried With Him.

STILL WORK IN OUTER TOMB

Inner Chambers May Not Be Opened for Some Time—Superstitious Weave Legends.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Jan. 30—The following account, written especially by Lord Carnarvon, supplements and extends the description of his visit to the Valley of the Kings for an inspection of the articles removed from the tomb of King Tut-ankh-Amen, which was given from a conversation with Lord Carnarvon yesterday:

"What I have to say may, perhaps, be interesting, because the objects which I saw only imperfectly in the obscurity and confusion of the tomb are now much more easily examined and appreciated, and no authoritative description of any individual objects has yet been published.

"I went yesterday first to the tomb of Seti II., which is now used, as is known, as a workshop or laboratory. Here I was able to see and study the results of the labors of Mr. Carter and his assistants. We have to be very careful as to who approaches even the entrance of the laboratory, but admission is not in itself a pleasure. Even from the outside the smell of chemicals is perceptible, and on entering, the odors of acetone, collodion and other unpleasant thing which the experts seem to enjoy using are very strong.

"The tomb consists of what, in effect, is a long passageway, and all the way down are boxes containing precious objects. There are tables covered with bottles, large parcels of wadding and trays containing miscellaneous objects lightly covered with cloths to keep off the dust, while the door through which you enter has a very ponderous steel gate with four padlocks, which we hope precludes any possibility of theft. Altogether, nothing could be more admirably arranged than the details over which Mr. Carter and his staff have spent so much thought and labor. The passage is a long one, running into the hillside, and the only light comes from the entrance. At the farther end one must examine the objects with an electric torch.

Ancient Carvings Marvels of Beauty.

"You have already heard of the throne or chair of state. It is even more beautiful than we had imagined; the delicacy of the inlaid precious stone work is quite extraordinary, and the carving and modeling of the figures of the King and Queen, which are in low relief, are really wonderful in power and expression. I believe it is the only example of such a chair of state yet found. Between the seat and the legs were originally figures or decorative work of some kind, probably of gold, because they have been torn away by robbers. From the struts supporting and strengthening the legs jagged ends show where the figures have been roughly broken off. Great care must necessarily be exercised in handling the restoration of this beautiful object, because some parts of it are in a most delicate condition.

"Most of the portions of the chair, except the decorated inlaid surfaces, are sheathed in the thinnest gold. Where gold is laid directly on the wood its condition is practically as good as when it was first made. Where, however, the gold is laid over the modeling in plaster, the plaster has deteriorated and extreme care is necessary. When the work of preservation is finished I believe it will reveal itself to the public as one of the most beautiful objects ever found.

"Another object, almost more wonderful than the throne, is a box which contained some of the King's clothes. This, as already related, is painted with scenes of the King hunting lions and other animals, and the painting is so delicate as to resemble the finest miniature. At the present moment the whole surface is thickly coated with a semi-transparent paraffin wax, but even through this the colors are quite bright and the beauty of the work is plainly evident. When the wax has been removed the box will appear in almost all its original beauty. Mr. Mace and Mr. Lucas already have spent many days' work on it, treating it with the utmost tenderness and expert care. When finished it will be recognized as a veritable monument of their patience and skill.

"Unfortunately, a certain amount of damp must, from some as yet unidentified source, have entered the tomb at some time, for all the linen is in practically a rotten condition. What once was white is now all chocolate, brown or blackish, and no longer a fabric. Even with the greatest care it is very doubtful if much of it can be saved."

A Glove of the King's Babyhood.

"There is, however, one object of this class which would, I imagine, create the greatest interest in Yeovil, home of glovemaking in England. It is a little glove made of some sort of linen. It is of the gauntlet type of glove, and like the rest of the linen is discolored

Continued on Page Ten.

Florida—Thru Sleepers Miami, Palm Beach, St. Augustine, St. Petersburg, Belleair, 6:20 P. M. Also 3:40 P. M. to Sarasota, Bradenton, St. Petersburg, Tampa, Camden, S. C. Atlantic and Southern Lines, N. C. Also 12:45 P. M. Seaboard, 143 W. 43d St. Tel. Bry. 5413.—Advt.

Says Influenza of Mild Type Is Now Appearing Here

Health Commissioner Copeland said yesterday that there had been many cases of influenza reported to the Health Department this month; that the disease appeared to be of a very mild type, but that there was enough of it in the community to justify a warning against neglect of symptoms which appeared to be those of a common cold. Monday, he said, there were 131 cases of the disease reported to the Health Department, and yesterday, 161 cases, making a total of 1,144 cases since the first day of January.

"Guard against exposure to cold and wet feet," the Commissioner said.

"Take plenty of rest and sleep. Wash the hands before eating, and wash the face and hands on returning to the home. If there is a feeling of illness consult the family physician. Do not neglect to give immediate attention to any of the initial symptoms of this disease.

"There is nothing in the situation at all alarming, but it should give warning to all wise persons."

SOL BLOOM ELECTED, BUT FACES RECOUNT

Walter M. Chandler, Republican Representative, Loses by 206 in Nineteenth District.

DISPUTES POLICE RETURNS

About Half the 62,000 Enrolled Cast Votes in the Special Election.

Sol Bloom, Democratic candidate for Representative in the Nineteenth Congressional District, was successful in the special election held in that district yesterday, defeating his Republican opponent, Walter M. Chandler, the present Representative, by 206 votes. A recount will probably be asked by the Chandler forces. From the time the counting of the votes began until the returns from the last district were tabulated the result was in doubt. Several times it was said that Chandler had won. At 8:40 o'clock the announcement was made that Bloom had won by 216 votes, with three election districts out of 158 missing. At 9 o'clock "Chandler by 221" was the bulletin. A half hour later it was again announced that Bloom was in the lead, and a few minutes later John J. Lyons, former Secretary of State, one of the Chandler campaign managers, admitted that the vote was close, and that while unofficial figures gave Bloom a plurality of 80, Chandler would ultimately win.

"I am confident Chandler will be seated," said Mr. Lyons. "We will not accept the early figures, as they are not official. If those figures stand we will protest and fight."

The vote, according to the final police figures, was as follows: Bloom, 17,906; Chandler, 17,700; Zaustner (Socialist), 315. While the vote was light during the day, it picked up materially at night, and the local leaders considered that a satisfactory vote had been polled for a special election, the result showing that more than 50 per cent. of the enrolled vote of the district had been cast.

The special election was called by Governor Nathan L. Miller to elect a successor to Samuel Marx, who died after being elected last November on the Democratic ticket. Marx defeated Chandler by 3,600 votes, but the Republicans attributed his election to the Smith landslide. The district is normally Republican. About 62,000 voters who registered in the district for the election last November were eligible to vote yesterday. Discussing his plans yesterday Mr. Bloom said:

"If elected I'll be a hell of a guy or nothing. Billy Sunday won't have anything on me for breaking up the furniture."

Bloom came to New York from San Francisco twenty years ago. Besides being widely known in the phonograph and music publishing business he has built a number of theatres in this city.

At midnight Chandler issued a statement that unofficial figures from Deputy Chief Inspector Cornelius F. Cahalane at Police Headquarters indicated his election by 280 votes. He said the figures came through Lieutenant McMahon at headquarters and showed that in the three precincts in which the polls were situated he had received 17,957 votes, against 17,677 for Bloom.

Continued on Page Six.

SMITH REMOVES LAW; HOLDS MISFEASANCE CHARGE IS PROVED

Governor Finds Head of Tax Commission Was Also Guilty of Neglect of Duty.

CITES MILLER ORDERS

Rules Commissioner Failed to Reorganize Department or Keep Within Appropriation Allowed.

REMOVAL WAS EXPECTED

John F. Gilchrist, Now a Member of the Board, Likely to Be Made President.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Walter W. Law Jr., President of the State Tax Commission, was removed today by Governor Smith on charges of misfeasance in office and negligence of duty. The order of removal was served on Mr. Law late this afternoon and simultaneously a statement was filed by the Governor with the Secretary of State setting forth the reasons for his action. Governor Smith said this evening that he might announce Mr. Law's successor tomorrow.

The Governor's action was not unexpected. The general belief at the Capitol is that John F. Gilchrist, a close friend of the Governor, and a resident of the First Assembly District in New York, where the Governor himself grew up, will be designated as President of the State Tax Commission to succeed Mr. Law. Mr. Gilchrist is now a member of the commission.

Among the persons mentioned for third place on the commission is William Church Osborn, anti-Tammany Democrat, who is a resident of Putnam County, and for a time some years ago was Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Governor Smith tonight would neither deny nor affirm the report that he had Mr. Osborn in mind for this place.

The statement filed with the Secretary of State the Governor sets forth that Mr. Law had utterly failed to meet the charges preferred against him. The Governor said he had reached that conclusion after a careful study of the plan and purpose his predecessor, Governor Miller, had in mind when he proposed consolidation of the various tax collecting agencies under the new tax department and compared this plan with the work of Commissioner Law.

The Governor said that in maintaining a motor vehicle bureau in Buffalo Mr. Law had acted in violation of the law which provided that in Erie County the work of the motor vehicle bureau should be performed by the County Clerk.

"Your constant appearance before the Budget Committee for increases in salaries and the creation of new places within your department," the Governor said in his letter, "to my mind was nothing more or less than a desire to satisfy sections of the State with political patronage. All the facts here indicate that you were concerned with patronage rather than the question of economy.

"I am entirely dissatisfied with your answering the public complaint about the handling of the motor vehicle business in the city of New York. Upon your own statement you failed even to make any investigation of it, although public dissatisfaction and complaint was widespread. I have in my possession evidence that there existed in New York City a well-defined plan by which applicants were given private access to the Motor Vehicle Bureau for the securing of number plates upon payment of a fee, which applicants would otherwise have been required to take their places in the long line. The public press in no uncertain terms complained of irregularities, to which, by your own statement, you paid no attention and your testimony before me clearly indicates that the public convenience was the last thing that you considered, if you considered it at all.

"In conclusion let me say that in my opinion you not only lack the ability to do this job properly but by your own testimony you lack the inclination. You have set at naught the well defined program of consolidation and unification of taxing agencies and you have done nothing more or less than to continue

Continued on Page Six.

Court Holds Lusitania Sinking Act of War And Alfred G. Vanderbilt Insurance Void

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—The sinking of the Lusitania was an act of war, the Court of Appeals held here today in deciding the case of the estate of Alfred G. Vanderbilt against an insurance company.

A clause in the policy held by Mr. Vanderbilt, who was drowned when the Lusitania went down, automatically nullified it in case death was caused by war. Today's verdict upheld the action of the insurance company in refusing to make payment on the policy.

So far as available records showed last night, the Court of Appeals decision in the Alfred G. Vanderbilt estate case is the first in which the sinking of the Lusitania is held to have been an act of war. The policy involved was one in the Travelers Insurance Company for $250,000. The company refused to pay on the ground that the policy was void in case death was directly or indirectly due to the war or to exposure to unnecessary danger, and the executors brought suit.

On behalf of some of the 120 Americans who lost their lives when the vessel was sunk by a German submarine on May 7, 1915, suits aggregating $6,000,000 were filed against the Cunard line, which owned the Lusitania. The Federal District Court, in an opinion delivered by Judge Julius M. Mayer on Aug. 25, 1918, upheld the contention of the British owners that the sinking was an act of piracy. It also held the destruction of the passenger ship to have been "inexpressibly cowardly" and a violation of all laws governing civilized warfare at sea.

In a final decree Judge Mayer, sitting in the Admiralty Branch of the District Court nearly a year later, threw out all claims against the Cunard Line, still holding that the sinking was a German crime. His recommendation was that the sufferers of their heirs seek redress from the German Government through their State Department.

A decision of the Appellate Division in July, 1919, awarded $40,000 insurance to the widow of Albert L. Hopkins, a Lusitania victim, although Mr. Hopkins had signed a "rider" to his policy releasing the insurer in the event that his death should result from the European war. That decision, however, was based on technical grounds—the failure of the company to have the rider properly filed and approved by State insurance authority.

FOR DISCOMFORT OR DISTRESS AFTER eating take BELL-ANS for Indigestion.—Advt.

Ziegfeld Follies. Popular Prices. Matinee today. New Amsterdam Theatre.—Advt.

WILLIE BURKE in Booth Tarkington's sparkling comedy, "Rose Briar." Empire Theatre. Popular Price Mat. Today.—Advt.

Statue to Mark the Grave Of Joyce Kilmer, Poet Soldier

A monument thirty-five feet in height is to mark the grave of Sergeant Joyce Kilmer, poet soldier, who died fighting in France with the Sixty-ninth Infantry. Sergeant Kilmer, a member of the staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, was the son of Dr. and Mrs. F. B. Kilmer of College Avenue, New Brunswick, N. J., and the monument is to be put in place next Summer when they go abroad to visit the French cemetery where he rests.

The memorial is the work of Paola Abbate, famous Italian sculptor who, like Sergeant Kilmer, held membership in the Dante Society of America. The statue is called "David the Soldier."

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE UPHOLDS ANDERSON

Ratifies Acts, Despite the Known Views of Rockefellers on Commissions.

PECORA HEARS SECRETARY

Former Bookkeeper Appears on Her Own Account — Denies Knowing of $24,700 Fund.

The Board of Directors of the Anti-Saloon League of New York at an executive meeting to which the press was barred, held yesterday in the Hotel McAlpin, "renewed" by resolution its vote of confidence in William H. Anderson State superintendent, and ratified "what he has done in the premises, all of which we believe has been fully reported to us." Having taken this action, the members left the private dining room where the meeting was held, by way of the service elevator, according to hotel employes, leaving Mr. Anderson behind to tell reporters that the only information regarding the session would be given out at the headquarters of the league, 906 Broadway.

In the light of Mr. Anderson's admission that he split commissions on league donations with O. Bertsall Phillips, former chief financial field representative, the action of the board was construed as being in agreement with Mr. Anderson's contention that acceptance of the money was not unethical since it had not been applied to personal use. As the defection of the Rockefellers from the list of contributors was said to have hinged on the question of paying commissions, there were some who interpreted the resolution as far from smoothing a way toward re-establishing financial relations with that family.

John D. Rockefeller and Mr. Rockefeller Jr. and others, as it was learned yesterday from an authoritative source, have said openly that they wanted Mr. Anderson out of the league. Hence the endorsement of Mr. Anderson was taken as the expression of a willingness to break permanently with them.

Brackett at Meeting.

Ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett, counsel for Mr. Anderson, who was present at yesterday's meeting, when asked if the Rockefellers had been mentioned during the session, replied that "when one door is closed the Lord usually opens another." It was pointed out that this cryptic remark could be interpreted to mean that the league intended to go along without the financial aid of the Rockefellers, which was said to have constituted a third of the annual revenue.

The resolution, which was reported to have been unanimously adopted, was given out by Mr. Anderson, follows:

"We unhesitatingly certify to the churches to whom this organization owes its existence that the critical hour of prohibition in the State of New York has been forced into the immediate present, and the time has come when the churches must understand that temperance reform and law enforcement now rest distinctly upon them. We do not forget that 'when the enemy cometh like a flood the Lord shall lift up a banner.' The board takes the position that there must be no compromise at any point or in any manner with any of the forces that have been opposed or are now opposed to prohibition in the State of New York. We will not compromise with the forces of evil under any circumstances; it is therefore

"Resolved, That this board again renew its vote of emphatic confidence in the Superintendent, William H. Anderson. We express with a deeper emphasis than ever before our thanks to him for the wise and upright and courageous way in which he has conducted and managed the affairs of the Anti-Saloon League in this State. We extend to him again a vote of our thanks and assure him of our unqualified confidence; and hereby ratify and approve what he has done in the premises, all of which we believe to have been fully reported to us. And we utter our defiance against the world, the flesh and the devil, which we believe are leagued against us in this contest."

A footnote on the typewritten copies of the resolution set forth that "all members were present except one, who is ill, one who is detained by official business, both of whom communicated in advance their desire for and approval of such action, and one who has recently started on a trip around the world."

Mr. Anderson refused to give out the names of the board members present. The ailing member was identified as the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, President of the Anti-Saloon League, who is confined to his home in Madison, N. J. The Rev. O. F. Bartholow recently sailed for Europe. Members who were known to have been present were the Rev. William C. Spicer, Gloversville; the Rev. Dr. George Caleb Moor, Secretary of the League; the Rev. W.

Continued on Page Six.

Louis Mann and George Sidney in the greatest laughing hit in New York, "Give And Take." 49th St. Thea.—Advt.

GUARD IS KIDNAPPED, ARMY CASH STOLEN, 2 SOLDIERS ACCUSED

Pay Party Is Seized in Front of Hampton (Va.) Bank and Carried Away.

TIED TO TREES IN MARSH

Automobile Sticks in Mud and Robbers Flee With Langley Field $43,000 Payroll.

POSSE CATCHES CORPORALS

Both Men Are Identified by Victims —Most of the Stolen Money Is Recovered.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 30.—Corporals John S. Woods and James H. Harvey, attached to the Fifty-eighth Squadron at Langley Field, near here, were captured about twenty miles from Newport News in a marshy hollow close to Big Bethel by a posse of soldiers and citizens early tonight. With the exception of $5,000 in silver, which the men were forced to abandon in their flight, the $43,000 which they obtained in a bold hold-up at Hampton early in the day was recovered.

The two men held up and kidnapped Captain Norman Cota, finance officer, and a guard of four enlisted men as they were leaving the First National Bank of Hampton about 9:15 o'clock this morning with $43,000 in currency to be used in paying the personnel of Langley Field tomorrow.

Bloodhounds, soldiers, civilians and police, using every available means of transportation, were working at top speed throughout the day in efforts to locate the two enlisted men who turned bandits. Captain Cota was accompanied by four enlisted men—Edward C. Foster, Robert W. Davis, Frank K. Hawks and J. B. Goff—as guards when the robbery and kidnapping occurred.

Victims Tied to Trees.

Captain Cota and his escort were found near Big Bethel by a searching party early in the afternoon, with the big army passenger car stuck in the mud. The men had been tied to trees after the car stuck and the bandits then escaped.

The finance officer left the First National Bank of Hampton this morning with the $43,000 in currency, the amount sufficient to meet the needs of the pay-roll tomorrow. Waiting in an army car directly in front of the bank was a soldier on the front seat beside the chauffeur and one by the door.

As the Captain, with his satchel stepped upon the running board of the machine a voice exclaimed, "Keep quiet or I'll fill you full of holes," and he saw that he and his guards were covered by two men. The bandits were dressed in army clothes with long rain coats. Passersby who noticed the affair declared they thought it was merely an army arrest and passed it over without any special significance.

The guards, who had entered the machine ahead of Captain Cota, were covered by the bandit sitting in the front seat. As soon as the Captain entered the car it was driven hurriedly toward Newport News.

Fail to Find Confederate.

The car sped through Newport News and then headed for the Norfolk ferry. The boat had left only a few minutes before and the driver made a sharp turn and dashed toward the Yorktown ferry. A stop was made in an effort to find a taxi driven by a supposed confederate of the bandits, but it failed to appear.

Then no time was lost in getting to the Yorktown ferry, but there, too, the boat had just sailed. Then the party headed for Big Bethel, and a short time later the car broke down.

After tying up the finance officer and his guards with ropes, the bandits made for the woods to escape, first giving Captain Cota a pile of brush to stand upon, as one of the bandits remarked, "You are a good chap, so don't get your feet wet."

Authorities at Langley Field, becoming alarmed at the unusually long time taken by Captain Cota in getting the money back to camp, telephoned to the bank for information. They were informed of the early departure of the Captain with the money, and a search was started at once.

Major Milling, acting commandant at Langley Field, sent out calls for assistance as quickly as possible, although he did not at the time have actual knowledge of the robbery. Men were sent in every direction, while police in many cities and towns were notified. A later check at the camp disclosed the disappearance of Wood and Harvey, who were identified by the party when found.

Airplanes were put on the search early in the day. A squadron flew low over the Virginia peninsula during the afternoon, hunting for traces of the two men.

The robbery is considered the most daring in the history of tidewater Virginia. It happened in the busiest street in Hampton during a rush hour. The ease with which it was carried out indicated a carefully worked-out plan.

Continued on Page Three.

Paris Court Permits Miss Littauer to Wed, Considering Her of Age as an American

PARIS, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The suit brought by Colonel William A. Littauer of New York, to prevent his daughter, Catherine Louise, from marrying William H. Doeller was rejected by the first Paris civil court today.

The court held that as both young people are of age and as the American laws do not require parental consent, they can be married in France by complying with the usual formalities. Colonel Littauer's attorney had contended that, while in France, Miss Littauer was subject to the French laws requiring her parents' consent.

Mr. Doeller is an automobile dealer of Columbus, Ohio.

A brother officer of William Eldon Doeller engaged to marry Miss Catherine Louise Littauer, said yesterday that the reports from Paris which placed Doeller as serving during the war in the ordnance branch were incorrect. This officer said that Doeller served as a lieutenant of field artillery throughout the war, earning five stars on his service record in the fighting of the Third Division.

After going into Germany with the Army of Occupation, Doeller, who was one of the reserve officers who received a Lieutenancy in the regular service at the end of hostilities, returned to this country and served on the staff of the Chief of Field Artillery at Washington.

The brother officer who discussed Doeller yesterday said that at the end of his two years' service in Washington Doeller resigned his commission and worked for the Wills St. Clair Automobile Company at their Washington office. Doeller, he added, was a member of the Army and Navy Club, the Racquet Club, the 100 Club and the Washington Bachelors' Cotillion, in the capital. This officer said he understood that Doeller met Miss Littauer at a social event of a club of which both were members.

Doeller, who enlisted at the outbreak of the World War, comes from Indiana.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages are supplied to dealers in limited quantities. That insures the freshness of supply. Order in advance.—Advt.

FRENCH WARN BERLIN; RUHR IS QUIETER; BRITISH ARE STIRRED BY NEW PARIS MOVE TO PLACATE TURKS, YIELDING ON TREATY

FRENCH NOTE TO ANGORA

It Declares That Allied Demands Do Not Constitute an Ultimatum.

PLEDGES FURTHER PARLEYS

French Delegation Will Remain at Lausanne or Meet the Turks Elsewhere.

PARIS AND LONDON CENSURE

Journal des Debats Condemns Action and Daily News Calls It Desertion.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Today, while Lord Balfour was formally laying before the Council of the League of Nations the Mosul situation, which he described as having in it the possibilities of war, but without pressing for immediate action, it was learned that the French Government was taking measures to prevent the breaking up of the Lausanne Conference.

A note sent to Angora, as well as to the Turkish delegation at Lausanne, and likewise communicated to Rome and London, set forth that Paris did not regard the text of the treaty handed to the Turks yesterday as the Allies' last word, and that if the Turkish delegates wished to remain at Lausanne the French diplomats would stay there to discuss affairs with them. The note announced that in case Ismet Pasha wished to go to Angora to consult his Government about the proposed treaty France was willing to resume the negotiations when and where the Turks wished to do so.

It is not announced whether the British Government, now that Lord Curzon at Lausanne has called the treaty the limit of concessions, will back the French plan to prolong the conference; but Lord Balfour's tone today indicated that such might be the case, since he advised withholding the formal decision of the League Council until after the Turks had had another chance to accept the mediation of the League.

There is a divergence of views here as to the wisdom of the French move. The Temps finds in it new proof of France's desire for peace. "In taking this attitude even before the Turkish delegation had replied to the project submitted the French Government shows that it sincerely wishes peace in the Orient; that it will spare no effort to that end; and if, unfortunately, war begins again, the responsibility will fall on those who did not wish to follow France."

Paris Paper Condemns French Action.

The Journal des Debats, on the other hand, thinks the only result will be to encourage Turkish intransigeance.

"If the Turks were not possessed with folly," it says, "they would sign the treaty quickly, happy to see the end by the unhoped-for success of their criminal adventure of 1914. England has yielded on everything except Mosul, and France has watched the vanishing of all her interests, moral and material.

"And now we tell the Turks the treaty handed them yesterday is not our last word—that France, who has given up too much, is ready to yield still more.

"At the same time we denounce England because of her audacity in maintaining a few of her demands. It seems we wish to establish as masters in the Orient the Turks, allies of the Bolsheviki, who are the allies of Germany. Certainly the Turks are not the biggest fools in this affair."

Balfour on the Danger of War.

Addressing the Council, Lord Balfour said that the Mosul frontier dispute, which Lausanne had not been able to solve, interested the League from two points of view: First, because Mosul was within the territory under a League mandate, and, second, because, as Lord Curzon had pointed out in his letter to

Continued on Page Three.

Strike May Delay Return Of Some American Troops

COBLENZ, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—Except for a few trains manned by French crews, the railways are still inoperative. It is feared the transit situation will interfere somewhat with the plans of the remainder of the American officers and men here who are due to sail from Antwerp on board the steamer America Feb. 7.

If conditions require, a majority of the men may be sent by automobile to unoccupied Germany, whence trains are running to Antwerp.

John A. Dolan of the American section of the Rhineland Commission has offered his three-ton river boat, Mary Jane to convey friends down the Rhine to points where they can catch trains.

ALLIED DISUNION UPSETS LAUSANNE

British Issue a Heated Protest Against French "Violation" of Understanding.

TURKS DENOUNCE TREATY

They Say Allies Have Included Clauses on Whose Elimination Both Sides Agreed.

LAUSANNE, Jan. 30—(Associated Press)—Complications suddenly arose among the allied representatives at the Near East Peace Conference at a late hour tonight when the French delegation announced that it had decided to remain in Lausanne as long as there was any hope of carrying on successful negotiations with the Turks.

The British delegation considered the decision of the French a flagrant violation of the understanding reached between the Allies a few days ago that all of them would leave Lausanne at the end of the week if the Turks did not sign tomorrow the treaty which has been handed them.

All the British delegates announced officially tonight that they would adhere to this program, whatever the other allied delegations decider to do. Lord Curzon will start for London Friday.

The British protest against the French decision is based on a statement issued by the British delegation last week. This was to the effect that the treaty would be presented to the Turks for signature on Wednesday, and that the allied delegations had agreed to depart Friday. If the Turks asked for further time to consider the treaty, then the conference was to adjourn, but the plenipotentiaries would be ready to return to Lausanne when there were indications that the negotiations could be brought to a successful conclusion.

Both the French and Italian delegations supported the British stand with the greatest reluctance. The spokesman for the French delegation informed the Associated Press tonight that, while there was some idea of leaving Lausanne at the end of the week if the Turks signed, France found it difficult to adhere to any tentative program of procedure if the Turks asked for several days in which to examine the draft treaty and requested further negotiations on the spot.

He added that France could not put herself in the position of blocking the road to peace nor abruptly breaking off negotiations so vital to the future of Europe. Moreover, M. Bompard was not a free agent, like Lord Curzon, who is Foreign Minister of Great Britain. The representative added that M. Bompard was subject to instructions from his Government in Paris.

Bitter Official British Statement.

The statement from the British delegation was as follows:

"A semi-official announcement appearing this evening giving an alleged communication from the French Government to the Angora Government that the treaty submitted at Lausanne is only part of a series of pourparlers leading to fresh negotiations, and that the French Government is prepared to leave its entire delegation in Lausanne, is not credited by the British delegation.

"It would be a flagrant violation of the mutual understanding arrived at by the allied plenipotentiaries only a few days ago, and it has been issued without reference either to the British Government or delegation. The latter does not propose to alter its plans, as already announced."

The British idea has been that further detailed discussions on the treaty to be presented tomorrow would be impossible, because the conference already has dragged out too long. They announced last week that Lord Curzon would depart Friday, leaving an expert or two here to give any information the Turks might desire. When the Turks were ready to sign, if ever, then all hands would return to Lausanne.

The revolt against the British plan has been steadily growing this week, the ground being taken that it would be likely to imperil the chances of peace because it was too much in the nature of an ultimatum. Lord Curzon, M. Poincaré and the Marquis di Garroni had a long conference, at which it is understood that Bompard and Garroni

Continued on Page Three.

FRENCH CAN'T BE SWERVED

General Degoutte Says Germany's Fate Is in Her Own Hands.

BOYCOTT BY STORES ENDS

Employes Return to Work in Post and Telegraph Offices at Duesseldorf.

MINERS REJECT FULL STRIKE

But Railroad Walkouts Continue to Tie Up Traffic—Wholesale Expulsions Also Go On.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Jan. 30.—The French today removed the soldiers from the Duesseldorf post office and immediately work was resumed. Wherever they have taken them from the railroad stations, as at Treves, the men have returned. If they refrain from ordering functionaries deliberately to disobey their Government, they can count on co-operation.

That has, for instance, been the case with Dr. Grützner, the Prussian Governor of this province. Either because of his large personal following or for other reasons, the French have so far refrained from asking him to fulfill their orders in opposition to those of Berlin. As a result he is still at his post carrying on the local Government with skill and authority, and in many ways aiding the French Generals in their task without giving them direct help.

Degoutte Explains French Position.

In a statement today General Degoutte made it clear that the French policy of moderation was now fixed so far as the local populace was concerned, though excepting always those who took orders from Berlin. With skill he drew a parallel between the peaceful occupation by the French troops and the ruthless way in which the Prussians suppressed the Communist rising in March, 1920.

"The French Army," he said, "is not like the Prussian Army. We are not bloodthirsty murderers." Then he added:

"Moderation is not, however, a weakness, and those people are mistaken who think that our patience has no limits. We have left to the political leaders of Germany all the time necessary for careful examination of what they are about. They are persisting in useless struggle and defiance, and they must be held responsible for the misfortunes of their country. We will not halt on our chosen way. We came here to impose our will on Germany, and we shall stay till we have done so and broken her opposition."

After referring to the measures which had been taken to suppress opposition, the General added:

"More general penalties will soon be decided upon, and it will then be possible to see where the mad policy of the Berlin Government has conducted Germany. The verdict of history will be a severe one against those men, who are still animated with the same spirit which in the past so harmed their country and is now again bringing it to ruin."

French Progress Slow But Sure.

Just what measures are being prepared for the first of February it is idle to speculate. The air is full of rumors of declarations of independence, Rhineland ultimatums to the Reich and the introduction of new currencies. These things may come, but they will come slowly. It is M. Poincaré's habit, and he has instilled the idea into all his men, that procedure must be slow, step by step. There must not be any rushing of events.

In that, the indications are, his policy is right. Time is working for France here. In another week it is likely that even the railroad strike will come to an end. There is no increase certainty in the liking for the French. But the German has so long bowed to the acting authority that he has the habit of it. Even the attempt to boycott French citizens in the shops has failed. At Recklinghausen and several other centres where boycotts on a big scale were staged these have fallen through.

The only place where the Germans have really scored is in their absolutely pointblank and persistent refusal to give information about the mines to the French engineers or allow them to have any real control.

That mission has so far entirely failed. It has secured neither coal nor payment of any kind. It has obtained no control over the mines and it admits that whatever the customs barrier says, almost there can be no receipts out of the mines by French working. There the French must be absolutely dependent on the good-will and hard work of the German miners and German technical staffs.

If they can make it possible for the Germans to work the mines without interference and can secure the shipment of coal the situation may work out favorably, but seemingly there is nothing to be done there by forcing, and the only policy which can succeed is a policy which will include the withdrawal of troops from the neighborhood of the mines and miners' homes.

How little the payment policy has made headway is seen on every hand. On the railroads the French tried to institute a system of dual control in which they supported their functions

"The Dancing Girl" Musical Triumph. New Winter Garden, B'way & 50th.—Advt.

strike by armed men with fixed bayonets. The Germans at once refused to work. Now the French are trying to run trains over the system, but accidents have been so frequent that there is an outcry about sabotage.

In the post and telegraph offices the French installed their operators for special lines, though the Germans had promised to give good service if not interfered with. When telephone and telegraph messages were intercepted there was once again the accusation of sabotage, and French soldiers with fixed bayonets were installed in the operating room of the central telegraph office here. All the operators at once stopped work and no messages were sent. They promised to resume work immediately the soldiers were withdrawn.

On the other side getting drunk in the streets and singing "Deutschland uber Alles" seems the most general way of the Germans in showing their patriotism. Even those persons who spoke French quite well last week have forgotten it now.

Their refusal and sabotage in obedience to orders from Berlin serves as little purpose as does the presence of French soldiers in the offices. Some day these will have to work, for the French are masters of the military and economic situation. When Feb. 1 comes the French will be able to begin dictating terms to Berlin, and all this passive resistance will go for naught.

Expulsions Still On.

Meanwhile wholesale arrests and expulsions of German functionaries who, obeying their own Government, refuse to take orders from the French military authority continue, and it is expected that they will number 800 by tomorrow.

Every Prussian official who has obeyed and declares that he will obey his Government and not the French is to be deported with his family in the same way as has been done here, at Mayence, Wiesbaden, Treves, and several other places. At Treves, where the Prussian President was expelled with his family, the case was particularly hard. His wife, I am informed by Dr. Grötzbach, the Prussian President, had just undergone an operation on one of her eyes and was within a few weeks expecting her third baby. The French order expelling her husband included her, and it was only owing to the kindness of neighbors that she has been housed in the town till the baby is born.

Though Düsseldorf has been absolutely quiet since last Thursday's spontaneous demonstration, the order closing all cafés, restaurants and places of amusement at 10 o'clock is still in force and armored cars and cavalry still patrol the streets from sunset till after midnight.

Text of Degoutte's Speech.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLOGNE, Jan. 30 (Dispatch to the London Daily Chronicle).—General Degoutte received the representatives of the foreign press at Düsseldorf today and made a speech to them on the situation. The General, who was very cordial, was obviously acting under strict instructions from Paris, for his speech was read with great care and he would not add a sentence to the contents of the document which he had circulated to the correspondents present in French and in English. General Degoutte said:

"When the French and Belgian armies entered the Ruhr district on Jan. 11 last, I made plain the real meaning of our intervention by means of proclamations addressed to the inhabitants. My words were clear. Nobody could have mistaken our motive in coming here. We did not intend to carry out any military or political purpose. We intended nothing of the kind. We intended to secure the safety of the engineers' mission which had been entrusted by the Belgian, Italian and French Governments with the task of securing full execution of the obligations which the Germans promised to face.

Intentions Only Peaceful.

"We have nothing but peaceful intentions. We promised to cause as little disturbance as possible in the normal life of the German population. We did not wish to disturb anybody. We asked the local authorities to make our task easy and we requested the workers to go on with their work in order and tranquillity.

"But the German Government tried by every means in their power to bring about a general rebellion of the people, and at the moment when our appeal was being heard by the workers, the wisdom of the working classes checked the plans of the Berlin Government, which ordered all civil servants to rebel openly against the French authorities and even at the expense of the district itself to hold them in check in every way and by all means—refusal to obey strikes, sabotage, street demonstrations, &c.

"This very provocative policy did not succeed in affecting our self-command, as we were conscious not only of our force but also of the justice of our cause. We did not wish to enter paths of brutal and bloody repression. The French Army, gentlemen, is not the Prussian Army. We are not murderers. We are not anxious to put everything to the sword. The great civilians who in the way the disciples of Bismarck did in this same district of the Ruhr, which two years ago saw violence committed on German civilians by German troops.

"The French soldiers display extraordinary proofs of moderation and humaneness of which their country is proud. Moderation is not, however, weakness, and they are mistaken who think that our patience has no limits.

"We have tried to carry out our mission peacefully. We left to the political leaders in Germany all the time necessary for making up their minds carefully regarding their policy. They are persisting in a useless struggle and in defiance. They will be held responsible for the misfortunes of their country.

Allies Will Not Falter.

"One thing, gentlemen, is beyond all doubt: The allied Governments will hold on the way they have taken. They will impose their will and break their adversaries. High officials and civil servants who obstruct our action will be arrested and expelled, as will all people who do not recognise the rights conferred on us by the Peace Treaty and by international law.

"All persons who commit acts of sabotage will be punished by forms of military law and if they cannot be arrested the French authorities will hold their chiefs directly responsible. More general penalties will soon be decided on and it will then be possible to see where the mad policy of the Berlin Government is leading Germany.

"The verdict of history will be a severe one against those men who are still animated by the same spirit which in past years was so baneful to their countrymen who are now by the same men being brought to ruin.

"For our part we ask nothing but reasonable and rightful things. We do and want to make slaves of the German workers. We want to coerce the Germans industrial magnates who have received war indemnities from the German Government, and who have not paid their taxes. We want to oblige them to give us part of their immediate profit for reconstruction of our devastated region.

"We intend to stand here as long as is necessary. We intend to use all means which will be necessary. We intend to take all measures which will be necessary to achieve our task, but nothing can divert us from the way we have chosen. The future of Germany lies in her own hands."

Martial Law Still Withheld.

I have reason for believing that this speech is intended to serve as a warning that if it does not provide assistance, as of course is most unlikely, it will be followed up by very much sterner action.

General Degoutte is still holding up his order to put martial law over the whole region into force, and I am informed that the next move will be a posted ultimatum to the German Government giving it a brief period to come to heel. If that order is not obeyed, then martial law will be imposed and the Ruhr regions governed with an iron hand. It is not the intention of the French to extend the occupation, I learn, but to make the present occupation infinitely more severe.

With regard to the general situation, one fact [illegible] stands out, namely, [illegible] to emphasize its features. The railway strike is still spreading, and cancellation of a dozen international and long-distance expresses is notified today at the Cologne stations. The public has been again warned not to travel unless it is absolutely necessary to do so, and if the journey cannot be avoided to travel with the minimum of luggage.

Expulsions of people of all sorts and conditions continue at an accelerated pace. By the score these unfortunate people are seized, forced into motor wagons and dumped into unoccupied Germany. Their numbers are now so great as to create a housing problem outside the occupied region, but—odd as it seems—the former Grand Duke of Hesse placed his Darmstadt castle at their disposal, and many other people are doing the same with houses and hotels.

Essen is the city which is now feeling the effect most severely. With complete cessation of telegraph service it is now completely isolated and French martial law came into effect last evening.

As has been pointed out to the French authorities by representative gatherings of citizens, the treatment now being meted out to that city limits all its activities. The great industries are much hampered if the workers must not be about between 10 P. M. and 6 A. M., for it is impossible to insure that all the many thousands will obtain the necessary permit.

May Soon Be No Newspapers.

The French still continue to suspend newspapers, and it is quite possible that the Ruhr region will soon be newspaperless. The terms imposed upon them are growing more and more onerous every day.

Shipping on the Rhine is still idle. The Cologne Railway station has been closed down owing to all classes of railway workers having gone on strike. Traffic within a wide area of the city is entirely suspended.

At Coblenz the railway stations on both sides of the Rhine are shut. The Cologne Railway authorities notify that tomorrow between twenty and thirty trains on the main line to unoccupied Germany and expresses to France will cease running.

New Verse to Patriotic Song.

In Berlin the result of the Ruhr intervention has been to revive in a most astonishing manner the song "Deutschland Uber Alles." At every demonstration it is sung and sung again, and the school teachers are seeing that all the children know it by heart.

Like all popular songs it has undergone some change with time. Now it has a new chorus appropriate to these days. This verse was first sung by Catholic students in Cologne. I may translate this new version as follows:

"Deutschland, Deutschland uber alles
in these evil times so right,
Only evil times bear witness if our love
keeps burning bright:
Let us stand the old song, brothers, age
by age, hand on the light,
Deutschland, Deutschland uber alles in-
these evil times so right."

Conditions in Essen Chaotic.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DORTMUND, Jan. 30.—It begins to feel like war in the Ruhr at last, as the struggle enters a new and more acute phase. The French, shedding their velvet mittens, are showing the military fist with the intent of breaking the backbone of the German resistance in the Ruhr and forcing the movement toward France and Belgium of reparation coal.

The Germans no longer harbor any illusions about what it means to fight the French forces with sabotage, strikes and guerrilla warfare tactics. Almost hourly the German list of arrested and expelled persons lengthens, but only seems to draw the Teutons closer together in a decision to resist what they consider the "French terror" throughout the Ruhr.

As fast as the leaders are arrested, subordinates step into their shoes, with the reasonable certainty of themselves facing arrest and punishment for defying the French, while the organized rank and file of workers turn their backs on the French and ignore their orders, even when backed up, as in Essen, by threats incident to martial law.

Following the arrest of the higher officials a general postal, telegraph and telephone strike caused a complete tie-up throughout Greater Essen, which for twenty-four hours was cut off from the rest of the world except by motor cars to the nearest non-striking towns.

An acute state of nervousness and uncertainty prevails, nobody knowing when the next strike will break out or how long it will last.

Business life is becoming hectic and shows signs of suffering under the abnormal conditions. The railroad service is disrupted. German coal trains are still rolling into unoccupied Germany, but fewer coal cars are moving and each day sees less coal mined. Today the Ruhr mines asked for 14,000 empties as against a normal 21,000, and it is doubtful whether even 10,000 will be loaded and moved. A general railroad strike may be expected any day since the French have completed a ring around the Ruhr preparatory to stopping in a forcible stopping the German coal trains.

In the course of the day the French occupied Blankenstein, Herbede, Bommern and Vorhalle, so that they now hold the following railroad cordon around the Ruhr: Linnep, Recklinghausen, Gladbeck, West Bottlop, Oberhausen, Duisberg, Düsseldorf, Kettwig, Werden, Kupferdreh, Dahlhausen, Blankenstein, and Vorhalle.

Weygand's Special Train in Peril.

DUESSELDORF, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The German telegraph operators, who have been on strike here, resumed work at 11 o'clock this morning, the French agreeing to withdraw their soldiers from the operating rooms and post them outside.

An attempt to wreck the train on which General Weygand and Minister of Public Works le Trocquer were traveling to Düsseldorf from Paris is reported to have occurred at Düren Sunday evening. Other incidents of sabotage, such as the wrecking of signal boxes on the Ruhr railroads, have also come to the attention of the occupation officials.

The train on which the General and the Minister were passengers was halted in time to avert striking an obstruction placed on the tracks. General Weygand and M. le Trocquer proceeded to Düsseldorf by automobile.

German trainmen at Düren assert that the incident was unintentional and that the obstruction was part of a wrecked car which was smashed up in a rear-end collision during the morning.

The French occupational authorities today began the confiscation of the large warehouses containing general merchandise and foodstuffs in Duisburg and Düsseldorf.

Indications point to the establishment of a customs ring around the occupied Ruhr Valley and the complete stoppage of coal shipments into the interior of Germany, which have been thus far permitted by the French. It is believed that these measures will be put into effect on Feb. 1 coincident with Germany's failure to meet the reparations payment falling due on Jan. 31.

Customs officers who have been stationed at Düsseldorf and Essen for several days have received orders to proceed to the frontier of the occupied territory at points where the railroads enter Germany. They have also been ordered to the locks and canals on the Rivers Lippe and Rhine.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Düsseldorf denies newspaper reports that the isolation of the Ruhr will take place Feb. 1. The dispatch says the Allies will chose their own time for such action, and that before they take the steps they probably will formulate new demands upon the German Government.

COBLENZ, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—French railroad men have been working steady to repair the damage to the lines of last night when a portion of the track was torn up between Coblenz and Mayence, turntables dismounted, switches locked and twisted and electric block signals cut out.

The question concerning the procedure to be followed in the cases of the large number of German functionaries who are condemned to deportation by the French and Belgian and who are seeking refuge in the British zone is occupying the attention of the Rhineland Commission. The case of the German Gazette, which is printing attacks on the French and Belgians, also has been raised in the commission.

The British officials listened to the French views on the subject today, but, so far as is known, no decision was reached.

The water service of Coblenz was shut off this afternoon and the electric light service tonight. This necessitated the filling of bathtubs tonight with water from whatever source it could be obtained and the use of candles for lighting.

Miners Reject General Strike.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The miners' unions in the Ruhr Valley, says a Havas dispatch from Düsseldorf, have unanimously rejected the proposal for a general strike, adopting instead a resolution protesting against Nationalist intrigues.

The Düsseldorf correspondent of The Times, after a tour of the Ruhr towns, says he found the situation at Cologne entirely normal, the report of sabotage in this neighborhood being denied.

In Essen there were no signs of resistance weakening, though, according to the French authorities, the miners were beginning to feel dissatisfied because the railroad workers were drawing full pay for doing nothing, and were inclined to blame the railroad men for a shortage of certain articles of food.

The rail strikes continue and the Düsseldorf station is guarded by cavalry. Only two French military trains reached Düsseldorf today, bringing railroad personnel in new uniforms.

The telephonic and telegraphic services have been fully restored at Düsseldorf, but remain suspended in Essen.

The Mail asserts that English manufacturers and workers are benefitting considerably by the stoppage of the Ruhr industries. They attribute to this the fact that there were nearly 10,000 fewer unemployed in Great Britain on Jan. 22 than on Jan. 15.

The business of the British steel and coal industries is increasing, it adds, and orders which would ordinarily have gone to Germany are coming here.

REPORT OF MISSION ENCOURAGES PARIS

Better Organization and Firmer Hand on German Officials Is Promised.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Following the return to Paris last night (Tuesday) from the Ruhr of Minister Le Trocquer and General Weygand and their immediate session with the French Cabinet, the Matin this morning takes an almost optimistic attitude on Ruhr situation.

After quoting the laconic opinion of the Ministers, the Matin says:

"We have entered on the one hand into the application of rigorous measures to halt the transportation of coal into Germany, while on the other hand the control of essential railroads permits us to circulate the necessary convoys alike in the region where the train strike is complete and where a part of the German personnel is co-operating with the technical forces. The population is greatly impressed with the promptness and ingenuity with which the allied authorities have met the inconveniences resulting from the strike of the trainmen. The strikers are asking themselves if the month's salary advanced them by the administration will permit them to live in the face of the tumbling mark.

"Also they are concerned about food shipments, and it has been our own officials who have had to reassure them in declaring the necessary steps will be taken to insure the arrival of supplies. In short, for every German step at disorganisation there is a corresponding step on our side toward durable good organization. Their own well-being attacked, the people of the Ruhr are the first to undergo the disagreeable consequences of Berlin's policy of obstinate resistance.

"Only functionaries persist in resistance. No hesitation is permitted in dealing with them. To the expulsions and arrests already effected many more are to be added. Little by little the administrative machinery is falling into our hands.

"Up to the present time no incident has accompanied these measures."

Le Troquer and Wegand returned via Brussels where they had a number of official interviews. To the press last night they declared the accord between France and Belgium was perfect.

PARIS, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—M. le Trocquer, Minister of Public Works, and General Weygand, Marshal Foch's Chief of Staff, returned to Paris this evening and reported the results of their mission at a conference held at the Quai d'Orsay, at which there were also present Premier Poincaré, Marshal Foch, M. Maginot, Minister of War; M. de Lasteyrie, Minister of Finance, and M. Reibel, Minister of Liberated Regions.

They announced that they had secured full adhesion of the Belgian Government to the measures planned by the Allies and had established complete control of the railroads in the occupied German territories. Sufficient trains were running to assure supplies to the population and some passenger trains, and the services will gradually be increased in accordance with measures drafted by General Payot.

The northern part of the system, M. le Trocquer stated, is almost entirely dependent upon French workers, while the southern section is operated by French and German railway men in about equal numbers.

Other measures decided upon include the stoppage of all coal shipments to unoccupied Germany.

VATICAN WON'T INTERVENE.

Would Not Inquire Into Merits of Ruhr Controversy Unless Asked.

ROME, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—Queries from various unofficial quarters as to whether the Vatican intends to mediate in the present situation between France and Germany have brought the answer that neither side has approached the Holy See asking for such mediation.

It is pointed out that the Vatican makes it a rule never to interfere in political differences between countries unless religious interests are so involved as to be endangered.

Naturally, it is added, the Holy See exerts its efforts at all times to avoid war, limit conflicts or relieve suffering, but it will not inquire into the merits of political questions unless asked to do so by the interested parties.

GERMAN LOAN FROM TOKIO.

Credit of 50,000,000 Gold Marks on Gold in London Is Reported.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—It is reported here that the Reichsbank recently addressed to the Japanese Government a request for a loan of 50,000,000 gold marks, offering as a guarantee a lien on 50,000,000 gold marks the Reichsbank has in the Bank of England.

It is understood that Tokio asked English jurists for a ruling on the validity of the operation and obtained the reply that there was no judicial obstacle.

AIR SERVICE TO HOLLAND.

Dutch Company Expects to Profit by Canceled Trains in the Ruhr.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 30.—Owing to the complete suspension of railway services between the Netherlands and the Rhineland, a daily passenger, mail and freight air service has just been organized to connect Amsterdam, Rotterdam and Cologne. It is to be run by the Royal Netherlands Air Company as soon as the necessary consent of the occupation authorities is obtained.

Some passenger trains to Berlin from Holland also are temporarily suspended.

POINCARE URGED ON BY FRENCH OPINION

Strong Public Support for Sterner Measures Now Promised for Ruhr Administration.

THINK LESSON SINKING IN

French Observers Say That From Now On Germany Will Be the Chief Sufferer From the Tie-Up.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—There is noticeably growing criticism in France of the Government's conduct of the Ruhr experiment. This criticism, however, is not of a nature to encourage the Germans, since its basis is that M. Poincaré is too gentle. On the streets, in the cafés and in the clubs, almost everywhere, one hears the argument that France should no longer stand for German "foolishness" in the Ruhr, and this argument always is backed up with the statement that the Germans, in the same position, would not show themselves so easy.

Beyond all question, an overwhelming part of the French opinion favors carrying on the Ruhr effort, and even going further. It is not support M. Poincaré lacks for what he is doing; his trouble is he has more support than he wishes—he is being pushed.

It is without doubt to meet the criticism that the French policy in the Ruhr is a mollycoddle policy that the semi-official press emphasizes the Government statement that more effective steps are about to be taken. The Government also declares today it has met the Rhineland railroad strike in a manner which leaves the Germans the only sufferers. In other words, the French military railroad workers will run the trains, supply the French troops and haul French coal and perform other transport service essential to the occupying forces. The Foreign Office today published here a statement by General Degoutte in Düsseldorf saying German resistance was responsible for new measures to be taken and that moderation is not a synonym for weakness, and those who think our patience is without limit make a grave mistake."

If these promises are followed by acts French criticism will naturally be largely silenced. But to illustrate the feelings of many Frenchmen take the following from today's Intransigeant:

"France has not the mentality of an occupying power. The German when he invaded Belgium and North France did not take so many pains as we. He made himself obeyed by a system of terror which at least had the advantage of getting results. But no Frenchman will demand of General Degoutte to renew the burning of Louvain, the destruction of Gerbéviller or the bloody killings which gave us our frontier. But by the rules severely framed and firmly enforced France ought to make herself obeyed. The time for half measures has passed. We should act or renounce the occupation which should cost us dearly on condition it pays later. It is intolerable that Prussian officials with impunity sabotage telegraphs and railroads. It is recalled to the whole world in general and Germany in particular how she occupied our soil that we must enforce our will. We have only to recall the fate of our devastated regions to take certain liberties toward the inhabitants of the Ruhr."

The Liberté finds some satisfaction in the argument that whatever the German program is, "admitting France it is certain Germany more. "Whatever inconveniences may result for us they are multiplied by ten or twenty for Germany. They can deprive us of their coal, they can put out a few of our furnaces, but they paralyse their whole industry. They can perhaps make some of our soldiers miss their meals, but they threaten to deprive ten or twelve million Germans of food."

Pertinax in the Echo de Paris complains of too great pressure on Poincaré. He says France seeks two ends, first, to persuade Germany she must pay reparations, and, in the second place, to collect something. Although the second purpose is not now being fulfilled, Pertinax reasons the first one is because the more the Ruhr machine is crippled the more German resistance is lessened.

The consistency with which all the semi-official press argues against intervention by the League of Nations tends to discredit the report that French has begun to look for a way out of the Ruhr affair. The Foreign Office today denied last night's reports that there had been bloody conflicts between French troops and Germans notably at Boppard-on-the-Rhine and at Treves. At the latter place it admitted a clash, but said no one was seriously hurt.

RUHR TIE-UP TURNS ITALY TO OIL HUNT

Government Orders Special Drills to Make Tests in Southern Italy at Great Depths.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 30.—The Italian Government, alarmed at the possible failure of German reparations as a source of fuel for Italy, is taking steps to ensure better utilization of national fuels. As a part of this policy the Government intends to carry out a careful geological survey, especially of Southern Italy, with a view to finding out whether any mineral oils exist there.

Such tests have already been performed in the past, but with results which, though hopeful, were not completely successful. Oil was indeed struck on several occasions but never in sufficient quantity to justify exploitation on a large scale. Technical experts said that the scarcity of the results was due to the fact that the tests were only carried out to depths of a few hundred meters while it would be necessary to go to depths of 1,500 or 1,700 meters. Tests were then abandoned because the Government didn't possess drills capable of penetrating to such depths and the Government did not consider that prospects justified the expense of buying such drills.

The present Minister of Agriculture conceived the plan of obtaining suitable drills from Germany on the reparations account. Twenty drills were accordingly ordered in Germany and twenty more in Poland, the latter to be paid for by the Government. The first consignment of drills is expected towards the end of February and others are expected during March, April and May, at the end of which time the Ministry of Agriculture hopes to have fifty drills at its disposal.

Tests will be carried out with the financial help of private enterprises to which, in case oil is struck in sufficient quantities, the Government will concede the exploitation of oil fields on advantageous conditions.

Considerable difficulty is now being encountered owing to the absence of workmen skilled in this kind of work, but the Ministry of Agriculture nevertheless is certain of being able to carry out preliminary work in a satisfactory fashion.

Russians Aid Ruhr Workers.

MOSCOW, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The All Russian Council of Trades Unions has docated 100,000 gold rubles to the Ruhr workers. The money has been sent through the State Bank, with the request that it be handed to the German Council of Shop Committees. (The Russian gold ruble is worth 51 cents.)

BORAH AGAIN OFFERS CONFERENCE PLAN

But Senate Leaders Say They Can Defeat His Proposal for a World Economic Parley.

ADMINISTRATION OPPOSES

It Is Stated That Harding Would Have Called Conference Before If It Was Feasible.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Senator Borah again offered in the Senate today a resolution requesting the President to call an international conference to consider economic questions and further limitation of armaments. It was essentially the same as the resolution which he offered as an amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill but withdrew on assurances of Administration Senators that steps had already been taken by the Government in the way of seeking to aid Europe.

The text of the resolution was as follows:

Resolved, That the President is authorized and requested to invite such Governments as he may deem necessary or expedient to send representatives to a conference which shall be charged with the duty of considering the economic problems now obtaining throughout the world, with a view of arriving at such adjustment or settlement as may seem essential to the restoration of trade and to the establishment of sound financial and business conditions; and also to consider the subject of further limitation of armaments, with a view of reaching an understanding or agreement upon said matter, both by land and sea, and particularly relative to limiting the construction of all types and sizes of sub-surface and surface craft of 10,000 tons standard displacement or less, and of aircraft.

In presenting the resolution Mr. Borah made no speech, but said that he did not intend to call it up for consideration until the pending Rural Credits bill has been acted on. This, it is estimated, will be in about five days, so there is a bare prospect that debate on the Borah proposal will begin at the end of the week.

The Administration is opposed to passage of the resolution, and Republican leaders of the Senate said this afternoon that they had the votes to defeat it.

Nevertheless, with the proposal before the Senate, the foundation is laid for another interesting debate on the subject of our relations to conditions in Europe, and especially the situation caused by the French invasion of the Ruhr.

That the discussion will be largely fruitless appears to be forecast by the policy of the Administration to leave the European situation severely alone, even if the Borah resolution is adopted, until what they regard as a more auspicious time appears.

About the time that Mr. Borah presented his resolution today it was said at the White House in response to a question that, if President Harding thought that an international economic conference would be a practicable undertaking, it would have been undertaken long ago. As a matter of fact, it was said, the situation had been surveyed, with the result that the calling of an economic conference now is shown to be out of the question at this stage of European excitement.

Mr. Borah knows what the Government did to ascertain whether the European nations most concerned would join in a conference to adjust economic conditions and of the attitude of France toward the American feelers. What he is now seeking to do, according to an explanation of his position, is to arouse public sentiment in America to support the proposal which he has now brought up again.

That there is considerable public sentiment in favor of an international conference was indicated when the original Borah proposal was under consideration in the Senate. The Administration realizes this, but it has uncovered several obstacles, officials say, which would bar the way to helpful action by the United States at this time in behalf of Europe. The first obstacle which the Administration discovered was the attitude of European countries toward the Belgian plan for an international conference. This showed that unanimous consent to the suggestion could not be obtained. It was apparent also to the Administration that no European Government would take part in an economic conference unless the allied debts to the United States were included in the subjects to be considered.

Officials state that if the United States should issue invitations to an economic conference, it would be impossible to exclude the debt problem. So the Government has come to the conclusion that it is out of the question for the United States to take the initiative in bringing about such a conference.

The Administration is satisfied that the majority of Americans would not agree that the matter of cancelling the allied debts to this country, or materially reducing them should be left to an international conference. It has reached this conclusion largely on account of the attitude of Congress.

Opinion is growing in Congress that the American War Commission should receive more discretionary authority in respect to interest rates and time of payment, but beyond that, according to present indications, it may not be willing to go. In addition, Congress is opposed to permitting the commission to enter into any debt funding arrangement without Congressional approval of the terms.

Much of the opposition in Congress to permitting the commission to make more lenient terms with the debtor nations is said to be due to their belief that they can get bonus legislation enacted on the basis of payment through collections from the debtor nations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—It has been pointed out by high officials here repeatedly that the Belgian Government made prolonged and careful inquiry, beginning in August, as to the possibilities of an economic conference, and that the project for holding such a conference at Brussels was not abandoned until after the council of Premiers met in London in December, only to find that there was little opportunity for reaching an agreement because of the opposed French and British views.

LAUD SOLDIER-SENATOR FOR DEFENDING FRANCE

Messages Swamp Reed of Pennsylvania, Who Deplored Sympathy for Germany.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Senator Reed of Pennsylvania, who on Saturday made a speech defending France and deploring what he described as the tendency of some persons in this country to forget the wartime crimes of Germany by sending "flowers to murderers," is being swamped with letters and telegrams from all parts of the country commending him for his stand.

In the first mail this morning he received 236 letters and hundreds more came in subsequent deliveries. He has received many cablegrams from Europe also.

The number of letters received by him up to tonight exceeds 1,500, and not more than a dozen were of an unfriendly nature. One man, apparently crazy, wrote that he would shoot Senator Reed if he ever meets him.

Hardly an important city or town in the East and South lacks representation in the commendatory letters. Sufficient time has not elapsed since the publication of his speech for the West and Far West to be heard from.

Probably half the letters thus far received have said that the writer read the speech in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DEFEAT OHIO RESOLUTION.

State Senate Refuses to Pass Appeal for Economic Conference.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 30.—By a vote of 23 to 5, the State Senate today defeated a resolution, offered by Senator Burke of Elyria which asked that President Harding call a world economic conference. Senators Bender and Burke were the only Republicans favoring it.

Following the vote on the Burke resolution, Senator Jenkins of Lawrence County introduced a resolution characterising President Harding as "the ablest diplomat in all the world today." The resolution added that "the Ohio Senate believes his conduct of foreign affairs is in full accord with his mandate from the people of the nation."

SAYS BELGIAN ARMY IS A DEFENSE ONLY

Minister Deveze Protests Against Charges of Militarism He Hears From America.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 30.—M. Devèze, the Minister of National Defense (which is the post-war title of the Minister of War), in a talk with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, refused to discuss the Ruhr question, stating that this was a question of foreign policy and not a military one; that, moreover, he, as Minister of Defense, merely provided the troops to guard and protect the economic mission sent into the Ruhr. Everywhere in official circles in Belgium there is an effort to disclaim the occupation of the Ruhr as a military action.

One of the first subjects broached by M. Devèze, who on the transport bade the official farewell to the American Army of Occupation at Antwerp, was the departure of the Americans.

"I was filled with sincere and deep emotion to see the last of the United States Army of Occupation leave Europe," he said. "How could I help being sad seeing these friends, who came to us in the hour of our distress, leave us, and whose affectionate loyalty remains a big guaranty for our future security? We are devoted to the Americans and will never forget what they did for us during the war.

"We cannot criticise the United States policy. We do not know the reasons for the withdrawal of the troops, as we have not been informed, but we have confidence in their chiefs.

The Minister protested vigorously against the assertion, often made in the United States, he said, that Belgium was a militant nation, declaring that Belgium was only endeavoring to be ready to defend its integrity if attacked in the future; that "we were not prepared for the contingency of war in 1914, not believing that Germany would dare attack us, but we mean to be prepared in the future.

"They do not understand our situation in the United States, but if they had passed through the same drama as we did they would feel differently, and would also be preparing against the future. America is far away, and not surrounded by large, menacing neighbors, although it is really largely thanks to the United States that we were saved."

Deveze then discussed the new Army bill just presented to Parliament, which, he explained, provided for much fewer men than formerly, but a better organization of reserves to call upon in the eventuality of war. All the arrears of conscription, dating back to 1914, have now completed their services, so that the Belgian Army will soon be reduced from 113,000 to 76,000 men, 22,000 of whom are now in the occupied area. Thus the new Army bill provides for ten months' service, although the Social Democrats fought hard to make it six months only. The Minister appeared confident that the new Army bill would assure Belgium's integrity in the future.

"We must be prudent. An army cannot be improvised when war arrives," he said. "Several years are needed to constitute it."

BALFOUR WORKING FOR RUHR AGREEMENT

Reported to Have Influenced Poincare During His Visit to League Meeting.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—A dispatch to The Daily Chronicle from its Paris correspondent says:

"Lord Balfour, while here nominally as a representative of the League of Nations, has been playing a very important rôle as an unofficial peacemaker. His aloofness from party politics, his great prestige, his known friendship for France and his wide knowledge of European political problems render him an ideal mediator.

"It is understood he has already laid the first stone of the edifice of peace and that he has convinced M. Poincaré that he misread the signboard on the international highway and took the wrong turning into the Ruhr. The difficulty once there is to get out of it again while "saving one's face," as the Chinese say, but it is believed tonight that a formula will be found.

"If it is found that the Ruhr imbroglio is settled to the satisfaction of France, her other allies and Germany, Lord Balfour's quiet interposition will not have been ill-timed."

ORDERS REPARATION COAL.

Commission Notifies Germany of Tonnage as a Matter of Form.

PARIS, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The Reparation Commission today, as a matter of form, decided that Germany should continue to deliver in February the same monthly tonnage in coal and coke as last year.

The Essen bureau of the commission was instructed to notify the German authorities that this action was taken because the previous schedule of deliveries was about to expire.

RAID ON FRANC CHARGED.

Paris Paper Says International Interests Hold Billions.

PARIS, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The fall in the French franc is widely commented upon by the newspapers today for the first time since the announcement of the Ruhr occupation depreciated the franc by 20 per cent.

The drop is generally attributed to the world pessimism over the results of the action in the Ruhr and to an alleged raid by international finance, which, La Liberté says, holds from fourteen to fifteen billion francs ready to dump on the market.

La Figaro counsels the immediate resumption of bread, sugar and coal rationing, while La Liberté regrets that the Government "failed to take adequate precautions to prevent depreciation" by accumulating a stock of foreign money.

It is remarked, however, that the fall in exchange is bringing about an increase in French exports, which in December exceeded the November exports by the value of one billion francs.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The tension in the Ruhr during the last few days has caused increased uneasiness in the foreign exchange market, where Continental currencies are daily depreciating. Today the mark was quoted at 190,000 to the pound sterling.

The French franc sold at 76.05 and the Italian lire at 98¼. The dollar rate was comparatively steady, hovering around 4.65¼.

HITLER NOW CALLED TOOL OF THE FRENCH

Munich Nationalist Chief Accused of Being in the Pay of Paris Royalists.

DEMAND FOR AN INQUIRY

Army Officers Gave Pledge to Fire on His Men if Ordered to Do So.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The extraordinary attitude of Herr Hitler, the National Socialist leader in Munich, who recently declared that he would begin his war against the "criminals of Nov. 9, 1918," meaning the German Republicans, despite the French invasion, has at last aroused general suspicion and anger against him. Of the Munich reactionary clique only such loyal monarchists as ex-Prime Minister Von Kahr and General Ludendorff still defend him and even go so far as to make the Bavarian Cabinet responsible for the farce of last Saturday, when Hitler was permitted to hold demonstrations.

Hitler's enormous expenses again arouse suspicion. Newspapers specifically charge that he is in the pay of the French royalists. The Socialists will move in the Bavarian Diet that the Government investigate a rumor, according to which, two weeks ago, Hitler or one of his confidential henchmen cashed a check made out in French francs at the Deutsche Bank in Munich, for which he received 40,000,000 marks.

Is is asserted in certain newspapers that General von Lossow, the newly appointed commander of the Federal army for Bavaria, advised the Munich authorities to permit Hitler's demonstrations. This has caused some surprise in Berlin, where von Lossow is considered as loyal to the republic. Yesterday von Lossow appeared before Chancellor Cuno and President Ebert to give an account of the affair, as far as he was concerned.

He stated that the Munich civil authorities had asked his advice and told him that they had left Hitler's word of honor that nothing improper would happen if his demonstration was permitted, but that Hitler could answer for nothing if it was suppressed.

Von Lossow, therefore, called a meeting of all his officers and asked them if they would obey orders and charge Hitler's men if that should be found necessary. The officers without any exception assured him that they and the men would obey his orders whatever they were. Thereupon von Lossow thought it best to advise the Bavarian authorities to let Hitler's men demonstrate without molestation.

Steps have now been taken by the authorities to investigate the origin of Hitler's resources and his connections in certain circles outside Germany.

THYSSEN SAYS FRANCE AIMS ONLY TO DESTROY

Poincare Seeks Control of Europe's Steel and Coal, German Industrialist Declares.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—"I don't know what is going to happen to Germany, and I don't believe that even the wisest man in the whole world knows where all this will end," said Fritz Thyssen when questioned by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at the Hotel Adlon to-day with regard to the present crisis, "but I am certain that the French will get absolutely nothing out of it—no coal, no gold, no glory.

"However," he continued, "they may come nearer to satisfying their blind hatred against Germany than even they themselves had hoped, because the financial crisis caused by the French invasion seems, indeed, to accomplish the final and complete ruin of our mark. We have at least one consolation—that the French franc will follow it to perdition with mathematical certainty and more speedily than even the greatest pessimists among our financial experts thought possible."

It was evident that Herr Thyssen was deeply impressed with the news just received over the telephone that the mark had passed the high-water mark here of 40,000 to the dollar and was still rising.

"This sort of thing," he said, referring to the panic on the Stock Exchange and its effect on the mark, "is bound to ruin thousands of manufacturers and hundreds of thousands of retailers. They will never be able to buy raw products again or replenish their stores. It is no exaggeration to say that [illegible] There are reports that French industrial magnates are conferring with German captains of industry in Oberhof regarding the admission of French capital to German industry, but I cannot myself correspondent, and there is talk that the Germans were willing to concede 30 per cent., while the French demanded 60."

"I can assure you," said Herr Thyssen, "that the men who suggested this plan, and, indeed, the men who you say are discussing it at Oberhof—I could name them—are mere theorists and have absolutely no authority to speak for the great men of the mines and mills. These theorists are liberal with other people's goods, that is all.

"To admit French capital and French influence into the German mining and industrial world would be like swallowing some foreign thing into your body; it would mean disease, and eventually death if continued too long. The French will learn the truth of that to their own sorrow during their present invasion.

"Of course, as I have said before, and as nearly all the world is convinced by this time, the French Government does not really want any financial results or other benefits from this occupation. It simply wants to destroy German industry, but even industrial France, which may have thought seriously of getting compensation from Germany by participation in her commerce and

BRITISH DECISION DEFERRED ON DEBT

Cabinet Takes Up the American Proposal and Hears Baldwin's Report.

WILL MEET AGAIN TODAY

Action Is Expected This Week—Some Members Are Reluctant to Assent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The British Cabinet has not yet come to a decision concerning the American plan for funding the British debt.

It met this afternoon at 4 o'clock and received the report of Stanley Baldwin, Chancellor of the Exchequer, on his mission to Washington. The discussion continued until 5:45, when it was adjourned until tomorrow.

No statement was given out beyond the bare fact that the Cabinet meeting was not completed, but would be resumed tomorrow. This is according to expectations.

It is known that a certain number of the Ministers, perhaps including Prime Minister Bonar Law, if not absolutely opposed to the acceptance of the American terms, are hesitating about the wisdom of pledging Great Britain to pay such large sums to America for sixty-two years, and it was anticipated that they would require time to analyze and examine the figures which the American plan involves.

The fact that the Cabinet will meet again after only a few hours' delay is taken as meaning that the necessity is fully realized of acting with promptitude, so that in the event of the American offer being accepted there will be time for the necessary legislation to be introduced in Congress before it adjourns.

Asserts French Spoil Plan.

"In financial circles in London," says a special correspondent of The Chronicle, "there has been much discussion of the Ruhr invasion in its relation to the American debt. It is pointed out that the original undertaking to pay the full capital and interest of our debt to America was made at a time when we had every reason to look forward to reparations from Germany and the partial payment of the allied debt to us. We are now about to find ourselves committed to an annual payment of about £30,000,000 to America. How are our chances of recouping ourselves affected by the French seizure of the Ruhr?

"If the British proposals had been accepted we should have begun to receive our share of reparations from Germany not later than four years hence, and ten years hence we should have received increasing reparations, which would further help us to meet an increased rate of interest on the American debt. But as the British proposals have been rejected and French methods have been adopted it is our duty, it is argued, to demand of our allies that we shall not be deprived of the financial relief which the other scheme would have afforded—relief, be it remembered, toward the payment of a debt which we incurred through lending money to France.

Repayment by France Wanted.

"It is now abundantly clear that the occupation of the Ruhr will not produce reparations. At present it has only had the effect of stopping abruptly those reparations in kind which were already being paid. Nor is any serious business man misled by the suggestion that the stoppage of Ruhr industry is good for British trade. The temporary fillip to the British coal and steel trades is merely an indication of a failure in European production which must in the long run react disastrously on this country.

"We gain nothing and stand to lose much. It is urged, therefore, that the British are entitled to a modest share in the French gains, and should ask (1) for the repayment or funding of part of the French debt to us to enable us to repay the debt incurred on their behalf; (2) that the French, so long as they make themselves responsible for the administration of the Ruhr, should also make themselves responsible for the payment to the British of the British share of reparations which is due from that part of Germany which they administer."

Baldwin Chided as Indiscreet.

J. A. Spender, writing in The Westminster Gazette, says:

"Mr. Baldwin has earned high encomiums, which I have no doubt he deserves, as a financier and a man of business, but to judge from the observations which he made to newspaper men on reaching Southampton last Saturday he must be a novice in diplomacy. It may be true, as he says, that the bulk of the American people have no acquaintance with international debt and international trade. It may also be true that a majority of the American Senators come from agricultural and pastoral communities which are innocent of these high mysteries. But these are not the kind of things you say when you are endeavoring to carry through a very delicate and difficult negotiation to which the American people and their Senators are parties.

"A skillful advocate is always careful to acknowledge the competence of the court he is addressing and if this is a good rule in dealing with legal luminaries it is doubly so in dealing with the high courts of Parliament, Congress or Senate, let alone the great American democracy which is like all others in its sensitiveness to foreign criticism.

"We have already had hints from the American press as to the untimeliness of these observations, and those who know America can judge for themselves of the opportunities which they offer to a certain section of the press. Americans are much like most other nations in that they will stand almost any amount of correction and instruction from their own people, but are mightily impatient of a foreign critic. Especially they do not take it well when an Anglo-Saxon prides himself on superior knowledge or experience, but makes kindly allowance for a newer and more primitive people.

Recalls State Debts to British.

The Daily Express says: "American public opinion just now is very insistent on the necessity of honoring financial pledges strictly. It may be pointed out that some of the American States have to set their own houses in order. The following States are still in default to British investors for sums borrowed by them in the British Market for 'public improvements' which have never been repaid:

Arkansas, £1,740,000; Florida, £1,400,000; Georgia, £2,540,000; Louisiana £1,200,000; Mississippi, £1,400,000; North Carolina, £2,520,000; South Carolina, £1,200,000.

"Alabama is also in default but the details of the amount are not ascertainable. West Virginia was also in default for £3,048,000, but a settlement was reached in 1920.

"These sums of money were borrowed at periods ranging between forty and seventy years ago. The principal owing is over £12,000,000, while the arrears at compound interest total at least £150,000,000. This amount is greater by half than the amount claimed by the American Government for arrears of interest on the British loan. Ought it not to be taken into account in determining the total sum Britain ought to pay?"

Decision Expected This Week.

LONDON, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—It is considered almost certain that a final decision on the American terms for the British debt will be reached this week, first, because if the terms are to be accepted, a speedy decision is required in order to give the American Congress time to take the necessary action, and, second, because the Chancellor of the Exchequer must prepare for his budget statement next March, and needs to know definitely how much he has to provide for the payment of interest to America.

It is understood that there are practically only two alternatives before the Cabinet—acceptance of the American terms, or allowing matters to drift and paying 5 per cent. interest, hoping for some change in conditions in the future. The balance of opinion, it is believed, favors acceptance of the American terms, but there is considerable divergence among the Ministers, especially on account of the American plan requiring interest to be paid in American currency.

The serious outlook in European affairs makes the future course of exchange an exceedingly uncertain factor, and the Government is bound to bear in mind the possibility of another fall in the value of the pound, despite the general opinion on both sides of the Atlantic that sterling will soon regain its parity.

Premier Bonar Law had a long talk today with Sir Eric Geddes, who presented the ideas of the manufacturing and commercial community on the question. It is believed that these and financial circles mostly favor acceptance of the American plan in order to remove the present uncertainty surrounding the whole affair, which is regarded as detrimental to business interests.

There is no likelihood that Premier Bonar Law will accede to the request of the Parliamentary Labor Party for the convocation of Parliament before Feb. 13 to consider the Ruhr occupation, it was said today in well-informed political quarters.

PEACE ABROAD VITAL TO US, SAYS BEDFORD

Standard Oil Chairman Declares People Await Aggressive Washington Leadership.

BARNES SCORES FARM BLOC

Blind to Economic Facts, Says the President of U. S. Chamber of Commerce to Merchants.

Apprehension on account of the French occupation of the Ruhr marked the addresses delivered yesterday at a luncheon of the Merchants' Association at the Hotel Astor by A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the board of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, and Julius H. Barnes, President of the United States Chamber of Commerce and formerly Chairman of the United States Grain Corporation. Mr. Bedford declared that aggressive leadership at Washington would be welcomed and supported by the whole American people, and Mr. Barnes predicted that an international conference, including the United States, eventually would be called upon to put Europe on a sound economic basis.

"The conference in Lausanne seems perilously near an open break," said Mr. Bedford. "The entente between England and France has been broken and no man dares predict the ultimate results from the French invasion of the Ruhr. Meanwhile there is universal agreement among financial experts and economists to the effect that Europe continues to move toward economic, social and political disintegration. The effect of that process, unless it is promptly arrested, no man dares prophesy."

Says England Will Pay.

Mr. Bedford was applauded when he asserted that England would pay her debt, and had "played the game as few countries have ever played it."

"But does not that fact," he continued, "on recognition of the extraordinary circumstances under which England's obligation to us was incurred, compel us to give some thought to the question whether we as a great nation can with complete self-respect quarrel with such a country as England over the question of one-half of 1 per cent. interest per annum during the period of the liquidation of a loan which will involve terrific taxation and sacrifice against the whole British people?"

"Public sentiment in Great Britain and the United States frankly questions the wisdom of the French occupation of the Ruhr. There is undoubted sentiment that France would be wiser to assume a more lenient attitude toward Germany. We all agree that Germany should be forced to pay to the utmost of her capacity, but there is likewise agreement to the effect that the terms imposed in the Treaty of Versailles are such that it is impossible for Germany to fulfill.

"Is it not thus apparent that the political and economic difficulties of Europe have a very intimate bearing upon one another? Is it not possible that there is a psychological factor growing largely out of the moral power which the United States might exercise in the situation which might be exerted with great advantage in the present crisis?

"Here is a problem which transcends all politics, all national boundaries, all divisions of race and creed. It is a problem which politicians are struggling with, and it is a problem which the statesmen of the world have so far been unable to solve. I do not presume to say that any single recipe, or any device of statesmanship can solve this problem.

No Prosperity Here Without Peace.

"Until peace is established in the world there can be no reasonable expectation of an immediate return to prosperity in this country or any country. We may wish it were otherwise, but the fact remains. Is it not incumbent upon us, therefore, as business men of the United States, upon every possible occasion, either directly or indirectly or through our representatives, to seek to work out a basis upon which at least some part of the great economic machine may be induced to move somewhat more easily and satisfactorily?

"And, may I ask, is our conscience as a nation entirely at ease? Have we, in fact, done everything that we were morally obligated to do? Have we not allowed partisan political controversies to drive us as a people into a position with reference to the rest of the world which is fundamentally contrary to the sentiments and traditions of our country? And is it possibly true that the reason why it is so extremely difficult to extract from partisan politics this matter of our international relations is the fact that we do feel this uneasiness of national conscience, and that we do realise that there is a latent moral obligation which we have so far avoided, but must sooner or later look squarely in the face and meet?

"But the whole problem is as difficult and complex as any which has ever confronted a great people. However, the American people is a great people, and when it really grasps the meaning of the situation in all its reality there is no question that the American nation will play a great part.

"We appreciate fully all the difficulties which confront the Administration, but we feel that we can unhesitatingly assure our Government at Washington that the most aggressive leadership as to what should be done to meet those difficulties will be welcomed by the whole American people and supported by the irresistible forces of intelligent public opinion."

Ruhr Makes New Problem.

Mr. Barnes said that the present situation in Europe was one which justified a measure of apprehension and that recent developments were especially regrettable.

"The occupation of additional alien territory by armed force," he said, "even though it creates no present menace larger than that involved in so-called passive resistance, does inject a political complexion into a problem that theretofore had been almost solely economic. Armed troops cannot march into productive territory, seize the direction of industry, try, convict and fine the directors of large industry, arouse racial hatreds based on affronted racial pride and, having done these things, hope in any manner to extricate that venture, leaving the situation exactly as before. Whether it be the unforeseen consequences of this independent action, or whether it be the deliberately planned but unadmitted purpose inspiring that action, the world today must face the fact that one of the imminent possibilities developing from the occupation of the Ruhr is the disintegration of the German National Federation."

Mr. Barnes said that the business men of the country had been eager for four years to have their country take a helpful hand in recreating the solvency of Europe only to be blocked by an opposition of which the farmers of the country were the backbone. He described the slump in prices of agricultural products due to the loss of European markets and pointed out how "farm influences," blind to economic facts, had endeavored to correct a disparity of relative farm prices with legislative and other remedies.

"Business men know," continued Mr. Barnes, "that there is waiting for service by the instruments of production a great world vacuum of articles of human need which will establish industrial activity and industrial employment on a scale never before known, when political and economic difficulties are adjusted to a stability which enables industry to function, and by its very functioning, restores the earning and buying power of Europe's millions.

"The day will come when American representatives, with a solemn sense of the great good which would flow from the elimination in Government of fallacies that destroy human impulse and the very processes of industry, will enter a conference with other nations, prepared by disaster in their trial, to sympathetically attempt the elimination of these destructive practices. Such a conference, whether economic or political, or partly each, so long as it is based on the conception that fair-minded men gathered together will find a solution for the economic ills, the political, financial and economic errors which now hold back the rising tide of world recovery will certainly be held and certainly succeed."

TELL OF TORTURE BY MOORS

Spanish Prisoners Report Horrible Sufferings in Morocco.

MADRID, Jan. 30.—Spanish soldiers and civilians recently ransomed from their Moorish captors have brought to Madrid stories of horrible suffering endured while in Morocco.

The former prisoners said that on the occasion of Spanish victories several of their number were shot. General Navarro was obliged to do menial work with a ball and chain attached to his leg. Women were subjected to harsh treatment and were tormented publicly.

Most of the released prisoners are in such poor health that they will have to spend a considerable time in hospitals.

MELLON FIGHTS BILL FOR GERMAN CREDIT

Says the Treasury Has No Funds for $1,000,000,000 Advance for Foodstuffs.

SENATORS BEGIN HEARINGS

W. W. Bauer Appears in Behalf of Plan Which He Has Long Advocated.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Secretary Mellon, in a letter today to Chairman McCumber of the Senate Finance Committee, expressed his opposition to the Bursum bill to establish a billion dollar credit for the German Government to buy foodstuffs in the United States. He said that it was in contravention of the Treasury Department's policy "that foreign Governments desiring to find finance in the United States should appeal to the investing public and not seek Government aid."

Mr. Mellon said that he knew of "no reason for taking any more favorable position with respect to the German Government than toward foreign Governments associated with us in the late war."

"The United States Treasury, moreover, has no funds available for loans to foreign Governments," the Secretary added, "and, if such a bill as this were passed, would have to find the funds by new borrowings or additional taxation of the American people, either of which would be out of the question for such a purpose as this, for the Government's borrowings are already too heavy and existing taxes are too high for the good of agriculture, business and industry."

The Secretary's letter was presented at opening hearings today on the bill by a finance subcommittee, headed by Senator Sutherland of West Virginia. Wallace W. Bauer of New York, who has been attempting for a year or more to obtain credits in this country for Germany, appeared in support of the measure.

Denies Conditions Justify Bill.

"The purpose of the present bill is apparently to assist producers of agricultural products or other raw materials to find a market for their products," Mr. Mellon wrote, "and to do this by lending money to prospective buyers without adequate security or sufficient assurance of ability to repay principal and interest when due. I do not believe that such an extraordinary measure is justified by conditions.

"The emergency situation which existed in agriculture in 1921 has in a large measure passed and conditions are becoming more normal. Better machinery for distribution and marketing and some additional credit facilities may be necessary in order to establish the agricultural and livestock industries on a more stable basis, but the credits to be provided should, I believe, follow the lines indicated in the bill introduced by Senator Capper, which was passed in the Senate a day or two ago.

"I have already expressed the Treasury's views as to this bill, and the general agricultural situation, and in that connection have suggested that in so far as special relief may be necessary to meet emergency conditions that still remain as a result of the derangement of markets and depression in business, it should be provided by a further extension of the life of the War Finance Corporation for a limited period.

"By this means, rather than by a spectacular Government loan to spur economy in the late war, it will be possible, I believe, with the help of the established banking facilities, to provide the necessary credits for agriculture and such export credits as may be justified by world business conditions."

Big Rise in German Prices.

Further expansion of credit to carry on present production in Germany appears imperative as a result of the price increases occasioned by the Ruhr occupation and the further collapse of the mark, according to cable advices today to the Commerce Department.

The German Government's wholesale price index, it is set forth in these advices, shows a rise of 28 per cent. in the period from Jan. 5 to Jan. 15, which is virtually the same as the total increase for December, and it is felt that further large increases are inevitable. The Reichsbank has raised its discount rate to 12 per cent. and uneasiness over the shortage of capital is much increased by the probability that large imports of coal must be made on account of the Ruhr occupation.

The German note issue on Jan. 9 amounted to 1,337,000,000,000 marks, an increase of 57,000,000,000 over the total on Dec. 30, while Reichsbank private discounts increased from 101,000,000,000 on Nov. 1 to 438,000,000,000 on Jan. 6.

MITCHELL SHOWS FAITH IN BONDS OF FRANCE

Banker Says Continued Sale Is Due to Failure to Realize True Value.

Characterizing the continued weakness of French Government bonds in yesterday's market as due to "nervous selling," Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Bany yesterday reaffirmed his belief in the ultimate value of the bonds.

"The persons who have been selling these bonds," said Mr. Mitchell, "have failed to take into consideration the fact that France's debt held by other nationals amounts to $400,000,000, as against $22,000,000,000 of internal debt. Moreover, the French people have a genuine pride in keeping their credit good."

Mr. Mitchell added that he did not believe that French investors were transferring funds to this country in substantial amounts because of apprehension of developments in Europe. Such a transfer of funds he considered to be negligible.

All of the French Government bonds showed net declines at yesterday's close as compared with the preceding day, and the Paris-Lyon Mediterranean 6s and the Department of Siene 7s made new low records during the course of the day's trading. The French 7½s closed at 85¾, a net decline of ½; the 8s closed at 89¾, a loss of ¼, while the largest drop occurred in the City of Soisson 6s, which fell 1¼ to the closing price of 66½. As compared with the prices of the preceding day, the Paris-Lyon Mediterranean 6s lost ¾ point, and the Department of Seine 7s declined ¼.

French bonds were not unique in their weak behavior, for two of the Belgian Government bonds sold down to new low figures yesterday, a reflection of fresh news of the growing delicacy of the European situation. The Belgian 7½s at a closing price of 93, a new low, showed a net loss of 1¼ points from the previous day; the 8 per cent. bonds also made a new low at 91, a loss of 4¾ points, while the 6s at 93½ were unchanged.

The downward trend of the Continental bonds yesterday was manifest in the Czechoslovakian issues as well, the 8 per cent. bonds showing a drop of 4 points at a closing price of 75. Rio de Janeiro 8s closed at 91, a decline of 1¼.

In spite of the weakness of the Continental bonds, however, United Kingdom bonds remained comparatively firm throughout the day, the 5½s of 1921 gaining ¼ point at its closing price.

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FRENCH NOTE TO ANGORA

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

the League, it constituted a danger of war.

"If there is a disputed frontier," said Lord Balfour, "there is always danger of war; there is always an occasion which may ultimately be made the occasion for warlike operations whose limits no man can see, warlike operations which may bring in their train tragedies of unknown magnitude."

Reviewing Lord Curzon's appeal to the League, Lord Balfour said:

"Unfortunately it was not at the time accepted by the Turkish representatives. There are still hopes that it may be accepted, and that the scheme, which is obviously fair, will meet not merely with the approval of France, Italy, Japan and Great Britain, but of Turkey itself.

"But I am afraid we have to contemplate an alternative possibility. I am afraid we cannot disguise from ourselves the danger that when this proposal comes formally and finally before the conference at Lausanne the Turkish representatives will not find it in accordance with their instructions to accept the proposal, however reasonable, however moderate it may appear to other people. We have to contemplate failure. How are we to parry the dangers which failure might conceivably bring in its train?

"The British Government has given great and anxious thought to this question, and it thinks the proper course to pursue would be to invoke Article XI. and summon a special meeting of the Council to take any action deemed wise to safeguard the peace of the nations."

This meant that the League would take no immediate action, but would await further word from the Turks.

Going into the general situation, Lord Balfour said:

"I want it clearly understood that it is only if the peace of the world is threatened as a consequence of what happens at Lausanne, or of what may follow what happens at Lausanne, that my Government proposes to take these special precautions. If there is no threat of war, if there is no attempt to invade Irak, if there is no threat of turbulence of troops at frontiers, I need hardly say no one will rejoice more than the British Government."

Turkey's Equality in League Proceedings.

Lord Balfour also laid stress upon the fact that if the Turks accepted the arbitration of the League, Turkey would be admitted to the proceedings on a footing of equality with all League members.

Ex-Premier Viviani replied that briefly the Council remained ready to receive a call either to arbitrate the issue in case the Turks accepted arbitration or intervene if the situation is to be considered as a threat of war.

It is therefore possible that developments at Lausanne may bring Mosul again before the Council prior to its adjournment at the end of the week, or, if the French plan to prolong the conference succeeds, it may not come up again this session.

AMERICA TO HAVE MORE LEAGUE INVITATIONS

Will Be Asked to Join Conference on Customs and League's Hygiene Committee.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Council of the League of Nations today decided to issue invitations to an international conference to discuss customs formalities. The invitations will not be restricted to members of the League, but will be extended to the United States, Germany, Mexico and Ecuador.

The question is one of grat interest to all American traders doing business abroad, because the well-known difficulties presented by the manifold differences in customs laws cause frequent delays and often seriously hamper trade. It is not the intention of the League to suggest interference with the customs policy and tariffs of the various countries invited. What is desired is to arrive at an agreement to make the formalities uniform throughout the world and thereby facilitate trade. That is why it is possible to include in the invitation the United States and other countries not belonging to the League.

While the conference will be restricted to members representing the governments concerned, it is intended to invite the International Chamber of Commerce in order to supply expert advice.

PARIS, Jan. 30—The Council of the League of Nations spent most of the afternoon, in private session considering several disputed points in the administration of the territories under its supervision. A good many private talks between the members are going on respecting Germany's protest against the presence of the French troops in the Sarre basin, in the hope that they can reach a unanimous agreement without being obliged to indulge in contention in a full session.

The Lithuanian-Polish dispute will also come up again. Though the agenda are mostly made up of these questions and minor details of the administration of the Sarre region and Danzig, it is expected the Council will remain in session until early next wek.

The Council of the League decided today, at the sugestion of M. Viviani, to invite Dr. H. S. Cumming, Surgeon-General of the United States Public Health Service, to join the League's hygiene committee.

Dr. Cumming will also be asked to approve the plan of an international sanitary bureau, with headquarters in Washington, to co-operate with the hygiene committee of the League.

ALLIED DISUNION UPSETS LAUSANNE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

broached the desirability of remaining in Lausanne without an adjournment, provided the Turkish answer to the treaty proved of a nature to warrant a continuation of the negotiations. They pointed out that an adjournment would be interpreted by the world as tantamount to a rupture.

Italians Side With the French.

The British protest of tonight caused a tremendous sensation. It immediately switched general interest away from Near East peace negotiations to the question what would happen among the Allies when the conference resumed tomorrow. It is understood that the Italian delegation has adopted the same attitude as the French and will remain in Lausanne while there is any hope of making peace.

A telegram received by the French delegation from Paris tonight confirming the decision of the delegation to remain here said that France did not consider the allied draft treaty definitive and that France was even ready to make further concessions to the Turks, if necessary.

The Franco-British communication appeared to bring considerable satisfaction to Turkish circles here. The Turkish delegation was busily employed throughout the night in preparing counter-proposals to the draft treaty, with the idea of forcing the Allies to continue the negotiations without an adjournment of the conference.

Turks Prepare Counter Suggestions.

The Turkish delegates tonight informed The Associated Press that they were preparing counter-suggestions to the allied draft treaty. It was added that these suggestions might not be ready tomorrow, but Ismet Pasha would have them in shape for presentation within a few days.

The indications late tonight were that the Turks tomorrow would adopt an attitude which would place responsibility for a rupture of the negotiations upon the Allies. A statement issued by them declares that the allied draft treaty not only contains some clauses of which the Turks never heard, but also some which in the sessions of the sub-commissions both sides agreed should be left out of the compact. The statement declares the Turks never heard of the clause "threatening the open door," in accordance with which the Turkish Government is required to consult the Council on the Ottoman Debt before granting concessions to Turks or foreigners.

It is insisted by the statement that the sub-commissions unanimously agreed to omit the clause giving privileged treatment to foreign merchantmen in Turkish coast traffic, but nevertheless this clause has been inserted in the draft treaty to the detriment of Turkish sovereignty.

"Generally speaking," says the statement, "the allied treaty is worse than anything we ever expected. The inclusion of a system of legal advisers, who would sit as judges in cases involving foreigners, is absolutely unacceptable. It means that Turkey would be treated as inferior to Albania."

Of particular international interest is the clause in the allied draft of the treaty now being studied by the Turks under which Turkey is asked to limit her armed forces in European territory in time of peace to 20,000 men. This includes the Constantinople garrison, which is restricted to 12,000 man.

This limitation, to which is joined the system of the demilitarized zone of thirty kilometers along the frontiers separating Turkey from Greece and Bulgaria, is expected to reduce to a minimum the opportunities for conflict.

The islands of Imbros and Tenedos pass from Greek to Turkish sovereignty, according to the terms of the draft, but have autonomous rights. Turkey recognizes the British annexation of Cyprus.

The Maritza River is fixed as a frontier between Turkey and Greece in Europe, Turkey obtains Adrianople, but Greece gets the railroad station of Karagatsch. Turkey is opposed to this last arrangement. She is also hostile to the treaty draft provision under which the distribution of the capital of the Ottoman debt among Turkey and the detached States must be ratified by the holders of Turkish bonds, who are chiefly foreigners.

The long heralded "final" session of the conference will be held tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock in the quaint little Chateau of Ouchy. Whether there will be a rupture or an adjournment of a nature that will be equivalent to a rupture, or whether there will be a continuation of the negotiations which eventually may lead to peace, are moot questions tonight.

The Turks are furious over the treaty as it stands.

"Have yo read this treaty?" asked one Ottoman delegate of the correspondent as he emerged from his study this evening, pale and seemingly exhausted. "Well," he added, "look at the economic capitulations. They tie Turkey up in a knot."

The Egyptian delegation tonight addressed a protest to the conference against the clause in the treaty by which Turkey is called upon to renounce all her rights over Egypt and the Sudan, dating from 1914. The Egyptians declare the carrying out of this provision would only permit Great Britain to fasten her grip on Egypt. They appealed to the world to remember that the powers in 1918 proclaimed a willingness to establish peace on the basis of President Wilson's principles for the self-determination of peoples.

In addition to the two conventions relating to the return of war prisoners and hostages and the obligatory exchange of population by Turkey and Greece, the Turkish delegation affixed their signatures today to a special protocol agreeing, when a general peace was signed, to return to Greece all ablebodied male Greeks held by Turkey since the Greek rout in Asia Minor and the Smyrna tragedy. This protocol affects some 100,000 men.

The Mosul dispute, which came up before the Council of the League of Nations in Paris today and which threatens to wreck the Near East Conference, brought about one amusing incident which served momentarily to lighten the diplomatic gloom. One difficulty had been to determine what the Kurds in the Mosul region want. A Kurdish representative appeared at British headquarters today and outlined the desires of his fellows, saying:

"I no like the Turkish Government; I no like the British Government; I no like Arabian Government; I no like no Government. I am farmer."

VIEWS FRENCH ACTION AS DESERTION OF ALLY

London Daily News Says Paris Virtually Offers Separate Peace to Turks.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Daily News in an editorial says:

"The news which we have received from Paris is so grave that full comment must be withheld until the information obtained by our diplomatic correspondent is officially confirmed.

"His statement is that inquiries made in official circles go to bear out the admission in the Temps that at the eleventh hour France has virtually offered a separate peace with the Turks. This decision is made credible by the circumstances of the dangerous and costly adventure which France has undertaken in the Ruhr.

"The argument appears to be that her hands are now so full in Central Europe that she must have peace at any price elsewhere, and this is why the French Government has, according to the Temps, addressed a note to Angora declaring that it is prepared to leave its delegation at Lausanne so long as the Turks like to go on negotiating, or, if Ismet Pasha prefers, to follow him round Europe or Asia and talk in any spot agreed.

"If this is really true it means not only that the allied front is broken at Lausanne, but that it has received a shattering blow in Europe. We are quite aware that to charge betrayal by France would probably be replied to with an angry 'tu quoque,' but it would not meet the case. The refusal of the British Government to be associated in the Ruhr enterprise was made openly on a question of principle. The desertion of France in the Near East comes like a thunderclap, after her delegation has been in full agreement, through many weeks of negotiations, with the allied policy toward the Turks and after M. Bompard of that delegation had actually given his adhesion to the document which embodies that policy.

"It is hardly necessary to emphasize the sinister possibilities of the position thus created. Following a breakdown of the Lausanne Conference, war was in any case a possibility. It now becomes almost a certainty. The Turks jubilant at having at last achieved their purpose in dividing the two principal allies, now decide on war. Could it be limited by the efforts of any Statesman or statesman to Mesopotamia and the Balkans?

"The complications which France is seeking to avoid by her dramatic default at Lausanne may be multiplied and intensified through this very act in such a manner as to involve not only France but Europe in irrevocable disaster."

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W. G. ROCKEFELLER LEFT ALL TO FAMILY

Wife Gets One-Third and Five Children Share Residue Equally.

VALUE ABOUT $10,000,000

Widow Inherited More Than This From Her Father, James Stillman—Filed in Connecticut.

The will of William G. Rockefeller, son of the late William Rockefeller, nephew of John D. Rockefeller, and son-in-law of the late James Stillman, developer of the National City Bank, was filed for probate yesterday at Greenwich, Conn., by the law firm of Shearman & Sterling of this city. The will gives the entire estate to his family.

Although Mr. Rockefeller maintained a residence in this city at 992 Madison Avenue, which was given to him and his wife, Elsie Stillman, by her father upon their marriage in 1895, and Mr. Rockefeller's death, due to pneumonia, occurred there on Nov. 20 last, his legal residence was in Greenwich, where he had a large estate. For that reason the will is to be probated there.

The will does not disclose the value of the estate and Shearman & Sterling declined to estimate it because the valuation had not been made. The property left by Mr. Rockefeller, consisting largely of stocks, it is understood, will not be found to be worth more than $10,000,000. In recent years he had withdrawn largely from business activities, so that at the time of his death he was director only of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, of which he was Vice President; and director of the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company, the New York Mutual Gas Light Company, the Oregon Short Line Railroad, the Oregon-Washington Railroad and Navigation Company, the Union Pacific and the Consolidated Textile Company, having been elected director of the latter only a few days before he died.

Wife and Five Children Heirs.

Mr. Rockefeller's will gave to his wife, Elsie Stillman Rockefeller, all his personal effects and created a trust for her benefit of the Greenwich property and a third of the residuary estate. The remainder of the estate is divided into five equal shares for the children, William A., Godfrey S., James Stillman, John Sterling and Almira G. Rockefeller.

The will names Percy A. Rockefeller, brother, and William E. F. Griswold and Samuel F. Pryor, friends, as trustees and executors, and provides that upon the death of any one of them the United States Trust Company shall be substituted.

The testator directed that the share left to his wife "be in lieu of her dower in my estate," but provided that the entire income of all securities devoted to any trust fund be applied for the beneficiary for whom they are set aside, "regardless of the price paid for them or of their market value at any time, it being my intention that no part of such income shall be applied as a sinking fund to offset the gradual loss of the premium upon or market value of any such securities."

Regardless of the value of the share left by Mr. Rockefeller to his wife, is known that her inheritance from the estate of her father, ames Stillman, is many times in excess of the legacy left her by her husband.

The Will in Full.

Mr. Rockefeller's will in full follows:

I, William G. Rockefeller of the Town of Greenwich, Conn., do hereby make, publish and declare this my last will and testament, hereby revoking all former wills by me made:

First—I give and bequeath to my wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, all my books, pictures, works of art and jewelry, and all my personal ornaments, wearing apparel, household furniture and utensils, silverware, plate and linen, and also my automobiles, automobile accessories, horses, cows and live stock, harnesses, carriages, farming implements and machinery and all other articles of personal property belonging to me in any garage, barn, stable or in any outbuilding owned wholly or in part by me at the time of my death.

Second—I give and devise to my trustees hereinafter named all the following described real estate or the proceeds thereof in case the same is sold as hereinafter provided:

All that farm or tract of land in the said town of Greenwich with the buildings thereon erected, including my residence, situated on the westerly side of Lake Avenue, containing about one hundred and thirty-two (132) acres, and bounded in part by Lake Avenue, the Round Hill Road and what was formerly known as Zaccheus Mead's Lane, and comprising four parcels of land, one of about sixty (60) acres, formerly of Theodosius P. Secor, one of about thirty (30) acres, formerly of David S. Husted, one of about forty-two (42) acres, formerly of Oliver D. Mead, and one of a fraction of an acre, of irregular triangular shape, formerly of George Lauder Jr.

In trust, however, for the uses and purposes following: To apply the rents, profits and income thereof to the use of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, during her life or until her remarriage; and upon her death or remarriage to add the same to the trust of my residuary estate and to dispose of the principal and the rents, profits and income thereof as hereinafter provided for my said residuary estate.

Third—I give and devise all my real estate, other than that described in the foregoing second article of this, my will, or the proceeds thereof, in case the same shall be sold as hereinafter provided, to my trustees hereinafter named, in trust, however, to apply the rents, profits and income thereof, during the life of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, or until her remarriage, to the use of my children and the lineal descendants of any deceased children in equal shares per stirpes and not per capita; and upon her death or remarriage to add the same to the trust of my residuary estate and to dispose of the principal and the rents, profits and income thereof as hereinafter provided for my said residuary estate.

Fourth—All the rest, residue and remainder of my property I give and bequeath to my trustees hereinafter named, in trust, however, for the uses and purposes following:

To apply one-third of the income thereof to the use of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, during her life or until her remarriage.

To apply the remainder of the income thereof, or, in case of the remarriage of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, the whole thereof to the use of my children and lineal descendants of any deceased children in equal shares, per stirpes and not per capita, during the life of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller.

Upon the death of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, to divide the principal of the said trust fund into as many equal shares as there shall be children of mine then living and lineal descendants of any deceased child, one share for each child and one share for the lineal descendants of each deceased child and to dispose of the principal and income of the said shares as follows:

To apply the income of each share, if any, so set apart for the lineal descendants of a deceased child of mine to the use of such lineal descendants in equal shares per stirpes and not per capita, during the life of my youngest child living at the date of the death of my said wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, and upon the death of such youngest child, to convey, transfer and pay over the principal of each share so held to the lineal descendants of the deceased child of mine for whom it is so held, in equal shares per stirpes and not per capita; or, in case there should be no lineal descendants of such deceased child, then surviving, to such persons as shall then constitute my heirs-at-law, according to the laws of the State of Connecticut as in the case of the inheritance of real property.

To apply the income of each share, set apart for a child of mine, to the use of the child for whom it is so set apart, during his or her life; but I empower my trustees, in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion, to accumulate during the minority of such child so much of his or her income as they shall deem unnecessary for his or her proper support and maintenance; and I empower my trustees, in their absolute and uncontrolled discretion, to pay over to such child upon attaining the age of twenty-five years a portion of the principal of the share so held for the benefit of such child not exceeding, however, one-third thereof. On the death of such child to convey, transfer and pay over the principal thereof to his or her lineal descendants, him or her surviving, in equal shares, per stirpes and not per capita; or in case there should be no lineal descendants of such child then surviving to such persons as shall then constitute my heirs-at-law according to the laws of the State of Connecticut, as in the case of the inheritance of real property.

Fifth—I hereby give my executors and trustees, acting under this will, full power and authority, in their discretion, to hold and retain any property coming to them under this will in the same form of investment as that in which it may exist at the time of the death of me, though it may not be of the character of investments now permitted by law to trustees. I also give to my said executors and trustees full power and authority in their discretion to carry on or continue any business enterprise, in which I may be interested at the time of my death and also to sell, lease or exchange the whole or any part of my property, whether real or personal, and to invest and reinvest the proceeds in such amounts as they may see fit, in real estate in the State of Connecticut or elsewhere, or in bonds of any State, municipality or Government within or without the United States or in bonds, notes or other obligations secured by mortgage on real estate within or without the State of Connecticut, or in stocks or bonds of such railroad or other corporations, in any part of the United States or Canada, as, at the time of such investment, are in good credit and standing; or with the written consent of the beneficiary in corporate or other stocks or securities or other personal property of any kind or description, although the same may not be of the character permitted for trustees' investments by the ordinary rules of law.

Sixth—The provision of this my will for the benefit of my wife, Elsie S. Rockefeller, are intended, and I hereby declare them to be, in lieu of her dower in my estate.

Seventh—I direct my trustees to apply the entire income of all securities at any time held by them to the use of the beneficiary for whom they are held, irrespective of the price paid for them or of their market value at any time, it being my intention that no part of such income shall be applied as a sinking fund to offset the gradual loss of the premium upon or market value of any such securities.

Eighth—I hereby appoint my brother, Percy A. Rockefeller, and my friends, William E. S. Griswold and Samuel F. Pryor, to be the executors of and trustees under this my will, and I direct that no security be required of any of them for the performance of their duties as such.

Ninth.—In the case of the death, resignation or failure to act of any of my trustees, I empower the survivors, by an instrument in writing, signed and acknowledged by them, to appoint an associate trustee hereunder, and in case they fail to do so, within six months after the death, resignation or failure to act of any of my said trustees, or in case for any reason the trustee hereunder should be reduced to one, I appoint the United States Trust Company of New York a trustee hereunder.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 12th day of July, 1921.

WILLIAM G. ROCKEFELLER (Seal).

The foregoing instrument was, on the day of the date thereof, signed, sealed, published and declared by William G. Rockefeller, the testator therein named, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who at his request, in his presence and in the presence of each other, have hereunto subscribed our names as witnesses.

CARL A. MEAD, 310 West Seventy-ninth Street, New York City.

HARRY W. FORBES, 83 Highwood Avenue, Ridgewood, N. J.

CHAUNCEY B. GARVER, 1 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

The will was filed with Probate Judge Steven L. Raford, who has set next Wednesday at noon as the time for probating the document.

SEEKS POST-WAR CRIMINALS

Wisconsin Governor Asks for Prison Record of Veterans in All States.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 30.—In an attempt to determine the basic cause for criminality among former soldiers of the World War, Governor Blaine of Wisconsin has written the Governors of all States asking them to advise him of the conditions among the former service men confined in their prisons.

The Wisconsin Governor recently began a thorough investigation of the problem here, and says he found that nearly one-third of the inmates of penal institutions were former service men.

The commission making the investigation reported it found mental troubles arising from experiences of the war had led to criminal tendencies in many former soldiers. As a result, large numbers were said to have been sent to the Wisconsin prisons. On the basis of this report Governor Blaine is pardoning many of the men so that they may be sent to Government institutions for treatment.

FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Charles Gretsinger, Former Philadelphia Jeweler, Believed Apoplexy Victim.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 30.—Charles Gretsinger, 65 years old, also known as Charles Coombs, formerly a prosperous jeweler of Germantown, Pa., was found dead in bed in a small dwelling in the rear of 2,115 Fairmont Avenue here today.

Neighbors had not seen Gretsinger since Saturday night and asked Patrolman Anthony Cagrossa to investigate. The policeman forced a door of the aged man's home and found Gretsinger in bed, partially clothed. A physician pronounced death due to apoplexy.

A fox terrier that had been Gretsinger's constant companion, jumped at the policeman when he started to touch Gretsinger's body.

Among the dead man's effects was a letter from Alice Coombs Heussner, 221 Ralph Avenue, Brooklyn, who had known him for many years, but so it developed, did not know his antecedents.

HELD FOR HIRING GERMANS.

Federal Prisoner Accused of Bringing Them Here for Railroad Work.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 30.—Julius Mueller, accused of bringing into the United States three German workmen on promises of employment in the East Hartford repair shops of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, was arrested in Rockville today for alleged violation of the Federal Contract Labor law.

Federal authorities claim that while in Chemnitz, Germany, last Summer, Mueller promised employment to the men and paid their transportation to this country. The Germans were arrested several weeks ago and taken to Boston by immigration officers. Investigation of their case led to the issuance of a warrant for the arrest of Mueller.

Killed While Oiling Machinery.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 30.—Caught in shafting while oiling machinery, Arturo Trolniano was so badly injured that he died in Cooper Hospital tonight.

FALK'S SECOND WILL FAVORS HIS FIANCEE

Miss Hanlon Not Mentioned in Document Drawn Up Nine Months Previously.

BOTH FILED WITH COURT

Second Will Also Leaves $5,000 to Synagogue, $5,000 to Hebrew Charities and $1,000 to Salvation Army.

Two wills of Albert Falk, who died on Jan. 25 at his apartment, 645 West End Avenue, have been filed in the Surrogates' Court. The first was filed the day after his death and was dated Feb. 6, 1922, and the second was file yesterday. It was dated Nov. 3, 1922, and in it Mr. Falk leaves the residue of the estate "to my fiancée," Maud Hanlon, of 241 West Ninety-seventh Street.

The first will left $75,000 to Mr. Falk's nephew, Arthur Ellis, of 262 Pawling Avenue, Troy, N. Y., and $12,500 to his sister Elsie at the same address. Three-eighths of the residue was left to Mrs. Linda Ellis, Mr. Falk's sister, and five-eighths to another sister, Olga Duchess. To his friends, Gerald B. Rosenheim and Jacob L. Hoffman, he left all his liquors, wines and beverages to be equally divided among them."

The second will left $5,000 to the congregation Chesed Hashomayim, $10,000 each to his sisters, and $7,500 to a friend, Abraham H. Caro of 315 West Ninety-eighth Street; $5,000 to the United Hebrew Charities, 356 Second Avenue; $4,000 to the United Hospital Fund, and $1,000 to the Salvation Army. The residue is then bequeathed to Miss Hanlon.

It was said yesterday by a relative of Mr. Falk that he became engaged to Miss Hanlon after making the first will, but that their marriage was delayed for some time because of the difference in their religion. When Mr. Falk became ill Miss Hanlon visited his home every day. She was about 20 years old and Mr. Falk was 46.

A paragraph in the will orders that in event of a contest the contestant's legacy shall be revoked. Mr. Falk made several wills, references being made in the last will to four previous ones.

WILL DIVIDES HOUSE AMONG THREE SONS

Carusos Each Get a Floor, Part of the Cellar and a Third of a Port Chester Plot.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 30.—A will offered today for probate with Surrogate Slater of Westchester county by the heirs of Nicola Caruso, of Port Chester, who said he was distantly related to the dead tenor, provides that the different floors of his $12,000 home be divided among his three sons.

To James he gives the first floor of his house at 495 West William Street, Port Chester; a small room containing a concrete ice box under the porch and 25 by 100 feet of a lot on Lyon Street.

Joseph gets the second floor of the homestead, consisting of five rooms; the cellar and rear porch, and twenty-five feet of the Lyon Street lot. Angelo receives the third floor of his father's home, consisting of five rooms; the attic and two finished rooms in the basement, and a twenty-five foot frontage of the Lyons Street lot.

The estate is worth about $16,000.

BISHOP COMMENTS ON GRANT

If There Is a Trial, It Will Be Because of Betrayal, Says Johnson.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—"If Dr. Grant is unfrocked for heresy he can marry without penalty, and if he is not unfrocked for heresy the chances are that he could not be unfrocked for violating the marriage canons."

This comment on the ecclesiastical situation brought about in the Episcopal Church by the proposed marriage of the Rev. Percy Stickney Grant to a woman who is a divorcee, and his alleged heretical opinions expressed in recent sermons, forms part of an editorial by the Right Rev. Irving P. Johnson, Bishop of Colorado, and editor of The Witness, a national weekly of the Episcopal Church, which will appear tomorrow.

The editorial is entitled "Heresy," and declares that Dr. Grant's position is valuable as news, not because what he says is either "novel" or "startling," but simply because what he says while still a rector of the Episcopal Church.

"If the Church proceeds against him," the editorial continues, "it is not because the Church is particularly interested in his intellectual views, but solely because he is betraying a trust reposed in him. In other words, he gains the notoriety that he craves, not by reason of any personal ability, but by reason of the office he holds.

"The difference between Dr. Grant and a man who exercises his right of free speech outside the Church is the difference between a man who uses his personal fortune in a speculative enterprise and a trust officer who risks his trust fund in wildcat speculations.

"Dr. Grant has already signified his intention of violating the law of the Church in the matter of the marriage law. To be unfrocked for violating the canon law in this particular would not be any great shock to public opinion, for the public realizes that the Church has the right to require certain standards of its clergy. This comes within the legitimate sphere of what may be called police regulations. But to be unfrocked for daring to deny the doctrines of the Church carries with it in the popular mind a certain specious restraint of free thought and free speech."

BROKER'S WILL LOST.

Mrs. E. B. McNulty Says Estate Is Worth $100,000.

In an affidavit filed with Surrogate Wingate in Brooklyn yesterday, the widow of Edward P. McNulty, who was a member of the New York Curb, said that his will disposing of an estate of $100,000 had been destroyed or lost. The provisions of the lost document were set forth in detail. Surrogate Wingate set Feb. 8 for a hearing.

The affidavit states that the lost will provided that Mrs. McNulty receive $50,000 in cash and the McNulty home at 884 Ninth Street, Brooklyn. Her mother, Mrs. Sarah O'Connor, was to receive $10,000 outright, and her brother, Martin Malone, the seat on the Curb Exchange. Their son Edward P. McNulty Jr., was to receive $20,000 cash. McNulty died on Nov. 4.

Got Sunday Papers by Fraud.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—American newspaper publishers who have been invited by Rafael Gonzales of Orizaba, Mexico to send fifty or seventy-five copies of their Sunday papers, for which he promised $100 upon receipt of the first shipment, will be bothered no more. The Post Office Department has issued a fraud order against Gonzales, who never remitted, and disposed of the papers at such profits as he was able to make.

RETURNING RHINE MEN ASSIGNED BY WEEKS

Ten Officers and 69 Men Will Land Here for Various Posts on Feb. 10.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Secretary Weeks today announced the destination of the contingent of 928 officers and men now returning to the United States from Germany on the transport St. Mihiel. The contingent includes 568 enlisted men, sixty-nine of whom will be disembarked at New York City on Feb. 10 after 318 have been dropped at Charleston and 486 at Savannah. Those disembarking at New York will go to Fort Du Pont, Del., and Camp Alfred Vail, N. J.; forty-six to the former destination and twenty-three to the latter.

Others on the St. Mihiel include fifty-five officers, two warrant officers, three field clerks and ninety-seven dependents of the enlisted men. The officers of the Eighth Infantry will disembark at Savannah on Feb. 7 and at Charleston on the following day. Colonel Walter T. Bates, commanding the Eighth Infantry, will establish regimental headquarters at Fort Screven, Georgia, while the other officers of the regiment will be sent either to Fort Screven or to Fort Moultrie, South Carolina, though their individual destination is not known.

These officers are: Major Gilbert R. Cook, Major Raymond O. Barton, Captain Francis M. Brennan, Captain William Hones, Captain Malcolm Y. Fortier, Captain Francis S. B. Cauthorn, Captain Virgil Bell, Captain Henry K. White, Captain Wendell L. Clemenson, Captain Emohs B. Whisner, Captain Raymond R. Tourtillot, Captain Bernard F. Hurless, Captain Louis S. Stickney, Captain James J. Firtle, Captain Emil Krause, Captain William McF. Stewart, Captain Frank R. Schucker, First Lieutenant John A. Rodgers, First Lieutenant George B. Barth, First Lieutenant Hugh M. Wilson Jr., First Lieutenant Robert T. Foster, First Lieutenant John W. Middleton, First Lieutenant Eason J. Bond, First Lieutenant Charles W. Hann, First Lieutenant James C. Rickner, First Lieutenant Robert A. Schow, First Lieutenant Francis J. Gillespie, First Lieutenant Walter J. Muller, First Lieutenant Lawrence A. Dietz and Captain William E. Chickering.

The officers not assigned to the Eighth Infantry will disembark and be assigned as follows:

At Savannah, Ga., Feb. 7: Major Augustine A. Hofmann, Infantry, for duty with Florida National Guard; Captain Walter F. Tolson, M. C., to temporary duty with Eighth Infantry, and later join Army Medical School in Washington, D. C., when services can be spared.

At Charleston, S. C., Feb. 8: Captain William G. Purdy, infantry, for station at Columbia, S. C., with Eighty-second Division; First Lieutenant Joseph R. Baker, cavalry, to Ninth Cavalry, Fort Riley, Kansas.

At New York on Feb. 10: Captain Harry V. Hand, infantry, to First Division; Captain Charles M. Ankcorn, infantry, to Thirteenth Infantry, at Fort Warren, N. Y.; Captain Alfred E. Dedicke, infantry, to Manchester, N. H., for duty with Ninety-seventh Division; Captain Edwin T. Wheatley, infantry, to First Division; Lieutenant Lloyd M. Hanna, C. A. C., to Fort Eustis, Va.; First Lieutenant Orville E. Davis, Q. M. C., to Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind.; First Lieutenant John M. Harmon, C. E., to Fort Du Pont, Del.; Captain George P. McNeil M. C., to Army Medical School, Washington, D. C.

Of the 313 men to land at Charleston, 310 will go to Fort Moultrie, S. C., and three to the Quartermaster Corps for assignment by the Commanding General of the Fourth Corps Area.

Fort Screven, Ga., will receive 460 of the men to land at Savannah, thirteen will be sent to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and thirteen to Fort Bliss, Texas.

ROHM, AID TO LUNDIN, JAILED IN LOS ANGELES

'Frame-Up,' Says Alleged Member of the Group That Conspired to Defraud Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Virtus Rohm, dispenser of patronage at Chicago City Hall under the Thompson Administration, who was indicated yesterday with Fred Lundin and 22 others for alleged conspiracy in connection with School Board frauds, has surrendered to the Los Angeles authorities and is in jail there.

Rohm was arrested by a private detective soon after the indictment naming him became effective. He denounced the Chicago school investigation and attributed the charges of conspiracy to a "political frame-up."

"They can't run me out of Chicago," he asserted. "The charges are made by political enemies, and I'm innocent."

Assistant Attorneys General of the State spent today here in re-presenting the evidence, which caused the indictment of the twenty four, to the January or regular Grand Jury. The purpose, it was stated, was to guard against any question that might arise as to the legality of the special Grand Jury which has been investigating school graft charges.

The indictment against Lundin and others for conspiracy alleges that among the concerns which they favored was the Interstate Electric Company. This is a local company, operated by Charles Wilkens, which with others obtained contracts from the School Board and passed them on at a profit to other contractors, able to perform the work. The Interstate Electric Company has a place of business at 731 Milwaukee Avenue and is not to be confused with the Interstate Electric Corporation, a Delaware company which owns and operates several long established utilities in Pennsylvania, the West and South.

INSANITY PLEA FOR SLAYER.

Acrobat Who Killed Actress Sent to the Tombs for Observation.

A plea of insanity was entered yesterday for Harold Van Alstein, 24, an acrobat, when he was arraigned before Judge McIntyre in General Sessions, on an indictment charging him with murder in the first degree for shooting and killing Miss Marian MacLaren, member of a vaudeville troup, in a restaurant at 461 Eighth Avenue, on the night of Jan. 12. The Court remanded him without bail to the Tombs for observation by Dr. Perry Lichtenstein, the prison physician.

After killing Miss MacLaren, Van Alstein fired a shot into his chest, which proved to be a flesh wound. Miss MacLaren, who was 20 years old, and lived at 2,837 North Twenty-eighth Street, Philadelphia, had broken her engagement to Van Alstein about a year before.

Enlarge Field of Municipal Trolley.

Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, announced yesterday that as a result of representations made by the Tompkinsville Business Men's Association the municipal trolley cars operated by the city, which parallel the lines of the Richmond Light and Railroad Company, would hereafter take on passengers along the parallelled lines but would not discharge passengers.

Shoots Mother-in-Law, Ends Life.

Domestic quarrels are believed by the police to have caused Herbert Smith, 35, negro laborer, employed by the New York City Post Office, to shoot his mother-in-law and commit suicide by jumping from a window of his home at 7 East 131st Street. The mother-in-law, Lillian Jones, 45, of 15 East 131st Street, is in Harlem Hospital with bullet wounds in her right shoulder and chest.

2 POILLON SISTERS HELD IN NEW FRAUD

Arrested on Complaint of Man of 73, Who Says He Was Fleeced Out of $4,500.

THOUGHT HE WAS ENGAGED

Disillusioned When 'Fiancee' Vanished in November With Bonds and Cash.

The Poillon sisters, Charlotte and Catherine, who for more than fifteen years have had a habit of breaking into print every now and then for various exploits, some of which have got them into jail, were arrested early this morning on a bench warrant charging them with first degree grand larceny—the outcome, it is charged, of the wooing of Catherine by Charles Dusenbery, 73 years old.

The women were arrested by Detective Joseph A. Daly of Police Headquarters, who found them at their home, 250 West Ninety-fourth Street. They were taken to the West 100th Street Station and from there to the West Thirtieth Street Station, where they were locked up for the night.

Several days ago Mr. Dusenbury, who lives at 61 West 101st Street, and who is described as of a rather clerical appearance, complained to District Attorney Banton that his bride-to-be, Miss Kitty Smith, whom he met in Broadway, near Ninety-sixth Street, had disappeared with a deed to lots in Passaic, N. J., worth $3,000 and $1,500 worth of stock, including General Motors, Ajax Rubber and some oil stock.

Trace Old Man's Story.

Dusenbery told the Prosecutor that Miss Smith had obtained the stock from him after she had induced him to place it in her hands so that she could show it to her "wealthy brother" in Albany and demonstrate that he was able to keep a wife in the style to which she had been accustomed. It was in October, he said, that he turned the stock over to her, and the next month she disappeared. He still hoped for her return, however, until a few days ago that Miss Swhen he arrived at the conclusion that Miss Smith never intended to marry him.

"Miss Smith" was described as "a fascinating lady of about 40." The elder Poillon sister really is Catherine Poillon-Smith. The authorities connected the two names and as the result of an investigation the Poillon sisters were indicted by a General Sessions Grand Jury yesterday and a bench warrant was issued.

At the Thirtieth Street Station the Poillons were taken in charge by Mrs. Kate Mullaney, the same matron who had looked after them on a previous visit to the station. Both were luxuriously dressed in the latest mode and neither seemed to be worried over the charges against them.

Charlotte said that she was thirty years old and a housekeeper. "I'm going to tell my right age," said the elder sister. "I'm fifty-one." Asked regarding her occupation, she replied: "Engaged to be married," and the lieutenant in charge booked her as a housekeeper, too.

According to the police some of the bonds which it is charged the two women obtained from Dusenbury have been recovered. Most of them, it is said, had been disposed of.

Mr. Dusenbury, who said he formerly was agent for two publications—The Churchman and The Evangelist—kept a diary showing the different dates on which he had met "Miss Smith." At one time, he told the authorities, she explained that she was "a little in need of money," and he advanced her "a few dollars," totaling about $100, up to the day when she disappeared in November.

The wooing, according to Dusenbury, had progressed to such a stage that he and his fiancée had gone to Jersey City to obtain a marriage license and arrange with the clergyman who married him to the late Mrs. Dusenbury to marry them. Dusenbury said that he had been married twice, his second wife having died about four years ago.

The Poillon sisters, alternately known as the "Topsie sisters," have a history of the kinds of sensations that make headlines. That history runs back so far that some of the newspaper clippings that chronicle their deeds and misdeeds are yellow and crumbling with age. Their original title to fame arose when Katherine sued W. Gould Brokaw for breach of promise. That was the news sensation of twenty-five years ago, particularly as there came in its wake highly interesting disclosures as to how the two young women were living in luxurious suites, hobnobbing with society men, touring Europe and generally having a wonderful time. Brokaw eventually settled the suit by paying Katherine $17,500.

While the case was pending the plaintiff had a woman arrested for sending her a threatening letter. Then the pair staged a robbery story that made the police cry fake; next they charged two policemen with extortion in connection with an arrest the sisters caused. A charge that brought much unsavory testimony about them to light before a Police Commissioner.

In Hotel Frauds.

The moment Katherine had that $17,500 there were all sorts of suits over the division of the spoils. Finally a department store had her examined in supplementary proceedings. She bested its lawyers in court and knocked them down outside. Then followed several years in which the sisters apparently had an insatiable craving for notoriety hitched onto police proceedings of one sort or another.

Finally the pair got into trouble for defrauding hotels in which they managed to live for a long time at their ease without paying anything toward the upkeep of the establishments. There was a long and bitter fight but in the end they went to Blackwell's Island, only to come out and get into the same sort of wrangle with a quiet uptown family hotel, the Willard.

There were numerous other incidents and episodes, robberies in which they lost fabulous jewels, quarrels in which they tried to force themselves here or there, only to fall foul of the law's strong arm; ejections from the glittering cabarets of ten years ago. There were interludes in Europe, periods of good fortune or bad, in which they were lost to public ken, and at last they were reduced to the inconspicuous role of boarding house keepers. Even then they came back into court when a lodger loaned money to them and couldn't get it back.

WIDOW ADMITS THEFTS.

Took Mrs. Edgar Speyer's Jewelry and Robbed Several Hotels.

Mrs. Emily Armstrong, 44, a widow, of 804 Lexington Avenue, was remanded to the Tombs for sentence on Feb. 6, when she pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Collins in General Sessions to the theft of jewelry and clothing from Mrs. Edgar Speyer of 22 Washington Square North on Dec. 11, last. Mrs. Speyer said that she met the woman in a train at the Pennsylvania Terminal, and just before it started Mrs. Armstrong picked up a suit case containing the clothing, a pearl chain and a diamond lorgnette, valued at $1,500.

She was arrested by a detective who trailed her to her home after she had pawned several articles from the suit-case for $35. Search of her home revealed many articles which had been taken from the Biltmore and Commodore Hotels. The police said that she had admitted robberies in many hotels in the city, and Judge Collins announced that before he imposed sentence he would hear other victims of her depredations.

Pearls Precious Stones

DREICER & Co

560 fifth Avenue

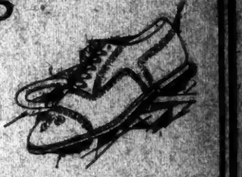
Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Will Place On Sale Today

Men's High Shoes and Oxfords

At 6.95



Regularly 8.00 to 10.50

This offering is notable for the excellent character of the shoes included, and for the remarkably low price at which they are offered.

The lasts are all carefully proportioned, and the workmanship is exceptionally executed throughout. Made of

Calfskin, Norwegian Grain, Cordovan and imported Scotch Grain, in conservative or brogue models. Plain or wing tip styles. All sizes.

MEN'S

Dress *and* Dance Oxfords

Regularly 7.75

At 5.95

Made of genuine patent coltskin, in plain or toe-cap styles that are strictly correct for formal wear. Sizes 6 to 10.

Fifth Floor

Comfortable Union Suits

For Men

Are Offered at Special Prices Today

Every garment is cut over perfect-fitting measurements and will give the utmost comfort.

Union Suits *at* 3.50

bespeak service in their splendid making. Made of wool mixed with cotton, in full length models with long sleeves. Natural color only.

"Superior" Union Suits

Reduced to 1.45

"Superior" underwear needs no introduction to New York men. It is of the highest quality and never fails to give the greatest satisfaction. Athletic, ankle, or ¾ length models, made of pure white cotton yarn in light and medium weights. Obtainable with long or short sleeves.

Street Floor

ADVERTISEMENT.

Break Chest Colds!

Apply Sloan's. It draws congestion to the surface Starts blood circulating freely and thus helps

—break up the cold!

Sloan's Liniment

—pains vanish!

For rheumatism, bruises, strains, chest colds

INVALUABLE

Egg yolk is a very exceptional food, containing all the elements necessary for complete nutrition;

Including a rich store of lime and iron and other salts, with an abundant supply of vitamines.

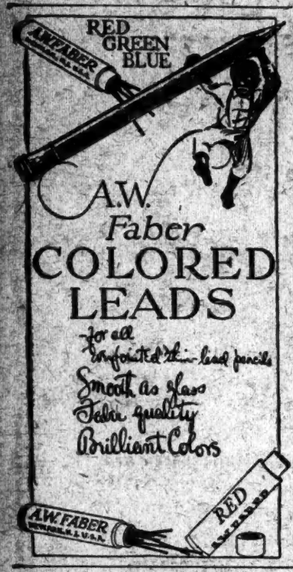
As a means of rounding out an otherwise deficient diet, eggs are invaluable;

And, as served at CHILDS, they are one of the genuine pleasures of the table.

Strictly fresh eggs, prepared in a variety of ways to suit a variety of tastes.

Childs

ADVERTISEMENT.



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Portraiture by photography that has created artistic likenesses of gentle folk for fifty years.

570 Fifth Ave.

ADVERTISEMENT.

AVAILABLE! Clothing Merchandiser

SALES:

12 years' experience. Salesman, Manager and General Manager, Retail, Department and Chain Stores, possesses excellent ability to train and maintain efficient sales force. Good builder of store prestige and good will.

BUYING:

Good style authority. Knows markets and values men's and young men's work clothes. 8 years buyer large wholesale house.

ADVERTISING:

Mind for planning original and creative copy that brings business. Has remarkable record for direct-by-mail results.

The advertiser wants to hear from a successful concern seeking real sales stimulus. Is 32 years young, and will go anywhere.

Write Room 512, Flatiron Building.

SACRIFICE SALE

10 BRAND NEW 5 PASSENGER SEDANS

I am in a position whereby I must sell at great sacrifice 10 new late model automobiles of nationally known make. 5 Passenger Sedans. These cars will be sold at a big reduction from the retail price. Every car is new and has manufacturer's guarantee. Service rendered by dealer of good standing. No Trades. No Dealers. Easy payments if desired. Wonderful opportunity to buy a brand new up-to-the-minute model car for the price of a Used One. Write today for details and appointment.

P 4 Times

Bargains in Sets

Fine bound books 20% off during January, special reductions on a few unique items.

Send for Catalogue.

DUTTON'S

Phone Plaza 7400 681 Fifth Ave.

B&G

ABSOLUTELY PURE FRENCH OLIVE OIL

THE WORLD'S STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

YOUR GROCER HAS IT

E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS DISTRIBUTOR FOR U.S.A.

ROBS PARK AV. HOME POSING AS A BROTHER

Man With Two Suitcases, Let In While Kuhn Family Is Away, Carries Off $10,000 Loot.

COUNTESS'S GEMS STOLEN

Wife of Tamburini, Italian Painter, Loses $5,000 Worth of Jewels by Fake Phone Call.

A man who seemed quite at ease in fashionable surroundings entered the foyer of the apartment house at 270 Park Avenue on Saturday afternoon and asked for Mrs. Ferdinand Kuhn, whose husband is President of the Botany Worsted Mills. When he was told that Mrs. Kuhn had followed her usual custom of accompanying her husband to the Kuhn country house at Bernardsville, N. J., for the Winter week-end, the visitor showed no dismay, though he did appear a bit puzzled.

He was Mrs. Kuhn's brother, he explained to Thomas Willstead, an attendant, and Mrs. Kuhn had been expecting him. He produced, rather casually, a telegram, to which Mrs. Kuhn's name was affixed and which expressed pleasure at his imminent arrival. Willstead said that he failed to note the name of the addressee when the stranger, with the air of taking him into his confidence in a little difficulty in which they were both concerned, allowed him a brief glance at the message.

The stranger hesitated, then he guessed he might as well wait, and moved toward an elevator. Willstead took him to the twelfth floor, himself carrying up two heavily-laden suitcases that had accompanied the visitor to the door in a taxicab. Mrs. Gallagher, a floor maid, came to meet them. Willstead asked her to open Mrs. Kuhn's apartment to admit her brother, and a moment later had ushered the visitor inside, set down the suitcases and left the man to while away the time as he saw fit.

At 10 o'clock that night the man came out, carrying the same two suitcases, still heavily laden. Willstead had gone off duty. Joe Schwartz, who had replaced him, carried the suitcases out and surrendered them to Edward Babb, the doorman, who whistled for a taxicab, thanked the departing man for a 15-cent tip, and watched him roll away.

Employe Is Arrested.

When Mrs. Kuhn got back to her apartment yesterday she found it strewn with newspapers and canned goods—evidently the erstwhile contents of the suitcases. Away in those suitcases to replace the discarded ballast had gone four fur coats belonging to Mrs. Kuhn, a bracelet, a vanity case and numerous other trinkets and ornaments, so many in fact that Mrs. Kuhn said that not until she had inventoried the whole place would she know just how much she had lost. Tentatively she put the value of the stolen treasures at $5,000 to $10,000. Of course she had been expecting no brother.

A telephone call to the East Fifty-first Street Police Station brought Detectives Lavin and Kenny. To them Willstead told the story of the man's visit. He insisted that he was not incollusion with the thief and stoutly maintained that he had been the innocent victim of a clever crook. The detectives, however, refused to believe his story, declaring that he knew more than he would tell. In the end they arrested him on a charge of grand larceny. A detailed alarm will be sent out for Mrs. Kuhn's property as soon as she has determined what is missing and furnishes descriptions.

The apartment house at 270 Park Avenue occupies the block from Forty-seventh to Forty-eighth Street and runs back to Madison Avenue. Nathan L. Miller, ex-Governor, and many other notables live there.

Countess Tamburini Robbed.

Countess Arnaldo Tambourini, wife of the Court painter to the King of Italy, yesterday reported the theft of $5,000 worth of jewelry. A bracelet containing a stone given by Tomaso Salvini, famous actor, and a ring, the diamond of which came from King Humbert of Italy, comprised the loot. Antiques valued at about $20,000 were overlooked.

Recovering from a nervous breakdown about five weeks ago, the Countess, also a portrait painter, gave up her studio at 12 West Eighth Street and went to share the apartment of Mrs. Charles R. Macauley, wife of the illustrator and cartoonist, on the sixth floor of the apartment house at 226 West Seventy-second Street. Although she put away most of the gifts to the Count from his patrons, she took to the apartment an antique box containing costly samples of jewel workmanship of past days, nine heavily brocaded robes used by priests at the celebration of high mass, and a large Spanish shawl, worked by hand in China and about 250 years old.

Early on Monday, she said, workmen came to make certain alterations on the decorations of the apartment, and while they were engaged the Countess took out the bracelet and snapped it on her arm. In a setting designed by herself, the band held six diamonds, the central stone being the Salvini gift. Soon after the workmen finished, and the Countess and Mrs. Macauley were putting things to rights, the telephone bell rang. The Countess said that she answered it and heard a man's voice, who said the call was from Roosevelt Hospital.

"We have a man here, badly injured," the man said, "and he asked us to tell you. He gave us your telephone number."

Call Police, Return Home.

Both women, fearful that Mr. Macauley had been injured, hurriedly summoned a taxicab and went to the hospital. There they learned that the telephone call had not issued from the hospital. The women thought that possibly the message had been misunderstood and that it was from Flower Hospital, so went there, only to find that no had been admitted there. Still not suspecting that the message had been a fake, Mrs. Macauley telephone Police Headquarters and learned that at about the hour of the telephone message a man had been picked up injured at Eighty-sixth Street and Broadway. A hurried checking up, however, showed that this had no connection with the Macauleys.

The Countess and Mrs. Macauley then returned to the apartment. Getting no response to steady ringing for the elevator, the women climbed the six flights of stairs, and found the rear door to the apartment ajar.

"As we were both sure the door had been closed," the Countess said, "Mrs. Macauley was certain her husband had been injured and brought home. When we went in, however, we found a jewel box belonging to Mrs. Macauley had been turned over on the top of a dresser but nothing taken. There was evidence also that a search had been made for valuables. When I went through my jewel box I found the bracelet and ring gone. None of the other jewels in the box, however, had been taken, apparently because they would have been difficult to dispose of."

The Countess said that with the discovery of the robbery she had notified Mr. Macauley, who got in touch with Commissioner Enright. Detectives from the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, she said, were detailed and reported that the negro elevator operator of the apartment house was missing. The Countess said that the detectives and the superintendent of the apartment house found the uniform worn by the missing employe tossed to one side in the basement. The man, according to the superintendent, went to work there eight days ago, and was known only as "Jack" or "Walter."

Arthur Egan, a laborer of 17 West 103d Street, and Conrad Winges, a driver, were cornered by uniformed policemen and detectives last night after two burglars had fled from an apartment at 230 West 107th Street, where there have been four robberies recently. The young men surrendered before drawn pistols after having fled down from an adjoining roof and raced several blocks north on Amsterdam Avenue.

The police said they confessed that they had been frightened away from looting the apartment of Laura L. Douglas, a teacher and writer, on the top floor.

KIDNAP TWO MEN, TAKE TRUCK

Armed Robbers Get Away With $4,000 Silk—Free Captives in Bronx.

Four armed men late yesterday afternoon held up two men on a truck loaded with seventy-seven bolts of silk, valued at $4,00, as they were about to deliver it to the Bloom Mills, at 4,014 Park Avenue, the Bronx. Two of the robbers took the men from the truck into a touring car, while the other two got away with the truck and its contents.

The victims were Herbert Ballentine, chauffeur, 2,518 Maclay Avenue, and Julius Friedman of 12 East 107th Street, both employed by the mills. They told detectives that when the truck reached the entrance to the mills the four men drew up beside them in a touring car, and two of them jumped to the running board with drawn pistols and ordered them to get into the touring car.

Ballentine and Friedman were driven about the streets of the Bronx for an hour before they were ordered out of the car in a lonely part of Bronx Park. It was more than an hour before they get to the Tremont Station to report the robbery. They were questioned at length regarding the descriptions of the four robbers and permitted to go home.

Several hours later when Motorcycle Policeman John Smith and Timothy Lehane were pursuing a truck which resembled the one stolen, they ran into an automobile driven by George Giles of 2 West 128th Street, at Mott Avenue and 153d Street. The motorcycle was overturned and Policeman Smith severely injured. He was removed to Lincoln Hospital where it was found he was suffering from concussion of the brain.

3 ROB 2 IN DRUG STORE; FLEE WITH $675 LOOT

Owner and Physician Face Pistols in Hold-Up—Both Lose Their Gold Watches.

Three young robbers last night entered the drug store at the southwest corner of Park Avenue and 117th Street, and after forcing the proprietor, Samuel Bakalar, and Dr. Zachray Sagal of 1,979 Lexington Avenue into the rear room at the points of their pistols robbed them of $175 in money and jewelry worth $500.

Dr. Sagal was talking to the druggist when one of the robbers walked in and pretended to use the telephone in a booth. In a few seconds two other young men entered, and then the man in the telephone booth walked up to the physician with a pistol and ordered him to throw up his hands. At this signal the other two men drew pistols and told the druggist and the physician to go into the rear room, and while the first man covered them with his pistol the other two took $100, a diamond stickpin and a gold watch and chain from the druggist and $75 and a gold watch and chain from Dr. Sagal.

Warning their victims that if they gave an alarm they would return and shoot them, they ran away. The druggist telephoned to the East 126th Street Station, but no trace of the robbers could be found by detectives.

CORRECTION BY CHALONER.

Report of Lecture He Gave on Jan. 15 Inaccurate, He Says.

John Armstrong Chaloner, who delivered a lecture in the assembly room of Christ Church, Broadway and Seventy-first Street, on Jan. 15, yesterday questioned the accuracy of a report in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

In a letter from his home, he declared that a paragraph that was in error read as follows: "then," continued Mr. Chaloner, "a strange spirit began to guide his right hand. Never before," he pointed out, had he written with the left hand and great was his amazement when the written characters developed a distinctly feminine slant. A voice said:

He objected to the words, "A voice said: 'I am Satan'" on the ground that hearing voices is known as "auditory delusions," and "at no time did I state that 'a voice said,' or that 'I heard say.'" Mr. Chaloner said his verbatim remarks on that point were:

"The first words my left hand wrote were these: 'I am Satan. I do not propose to take up time pleading my case with you, sir. I shall content myself by saying that I am not so black as I am usually painted.' A conversation then ensued between my conscience using my right hand; Satan—or Satan alleged—using my left, and I using my mind alone to ask or answer questions with. My left hand has never offered to write since then, but never since that day have I for one moment been free from suggestions from my conscience, on one hand, and my subconsciousness on the other."

URGE BILLS FOR VETERANS.

Group of House Republicans Organize to Press Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A round robin was started tonight by House Republicans favorable to soldier legislation, in an effort to speed action at this session of Congress on measures affecting the welfare of former service men.

After a Republican House caucus, called to deal with the question, had failed to get a quorum, friends of the legislation organized a conference behind closed doors and adopted resolutions insisting on the necessity of the passage of certain measures.

The number who signed the resolution is said to have been more than forty at the beginning, and the conference voted to hold the resolutions for forty-eight hours in order that other friends of soldier legislation might have an opportunity to join in the movement.

Representative Johnson, Republican of South Dakota, who has pending several measures affecting the veterans, including a bonus bill, led the fight for action in behalf of the former soldiers, but the bonus bill, it was said, was not among those covered in the resolutions.

The conference is said to have demanded action on the Burzum bill, designed to extend to permanently-disabled volunteer officers of the World War army the same privileges for retirement for disability granted to officers of the regular army, navy and marines.

INDICTED FOR EASON DEATH.

Two Negroes, Also Accused of Anarchist Plot, Held in New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—William Shakespeare, selected for Chief of Police in Marcus Garvey's proposed Black Republic, and Constantine Dyer, chosen for patrolman, were indicted today by a Special Grand Jury for the murder of the Rev. J. H. W. Eason, who was shot to death as he was leaving a negro church where he had spoken here on the night of Jan. 1. In an ante-mortem statement Eason said he was preparing to go to New York to testify against Garvey who is charged with using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of stock in the Black Star Line. Eason said he had been hounded and driven from Garvey's Universal Negro Improvement Association because he rebuked Garvey at a convention for misuse of funds.

When Shakespeare and Dyer were arrested the former had ponderous gold spaniels, a grotesque uniform and gaudy silk braid, his official regalia as Police Chief.

TRIP OF BIG CAISSON STIFF JOB FOR TUGS

Bulk of 1,200 Tons Towed From Mariners Harbor to Foot of Canal Street.

STOP FOR BREATHING SPELL

Wind and Weight Force Three Tugs to Anchor Temporarily Off Bedlow's Island.

The voyage of the big vehicular tunnel caisson from Mariners Harbor, Staten Island, across the bay, and up the Hudson River to the foot of Canal Street, began at 5:45 yesterday morning and ended at 8 o'clock last evening. It was a rough trip against a high wind from the north that gave three tugs all they could do to make headway. Once, about three hours after the trip began, the tugs were compelled to anchor to prevent the caisson from towing the tugs back to the starting point.

The caisson, made of steel and concrete, weighing 1,200 tons and standing thirty-five feet above the water and twenty-five feet below it, didn't roll and gave no sign of the force of the wind. On top of the structure were two men, employes of the contractors, Booth & Flinn, who found it so cold that they built a fire and huddled over it.

Water craft of all kinds kept out of the way of the seagoing caisson as it moved slowly along, the tugs sounding warnings whenever it appeared that some skipper was about to dispute with them the right of way. The windows of the big office buildings looking west were filled with spectators wondering what the strange craft was.

An engineer in the office of the Vehicular Tunnel Commission said that the caisson averaged two miles an hour, but later the figures were corrected to show that the rate of progress was only about one and a quarter miles an hour.

The time of starting was set to agree with a favorable tide, but the going was so slow that the tide changed before the caisson, against the wind, could enter the Hudson River. When the tugs were forced to anchor they were near Bedlow's Island, and it was feared that the caisson would have to remain there until both wind and tide favored. Engineers of the commission did not fear that the clumsy vessel would sink, but for a time three was danger that it might go aground.

Booth & Flinn, who are building the tunnel, reported that the only mishap was that a painter employed to place the name of the firm in big letters upon the sides of the caisson for whatever good the advertising might do, made it "Booth & Flynn."

The work of coaxing the caisson into a groove prepared for it at the end of the Canal Street pier will be begun this morning, and then will come the heavy task of filling the hollow walls with cement until it weighs 15,000 tons, when it will have sunk to its permanent resting place on bedrock.

HELD IN POISON CANDY CASE

Scotland Yard Detaining a Man Pending Inquiries.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—It is officially announced tonight that a man has been detained at Scotland Yard pending inquiries in connection with the poisoning of Commissioner of Police Sir William Horwood last November.

On Nov. 9 last Brig. Gen. Sir William Horwood, Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, received a box of chocolate creams, which he supposed had come from a relative who had written him that she was sending him such a box. His secretary, Miss Drysdale, undid the box and was invited by him to try the contents. She did so and complained of a bitter taste. He is reported to have said: "Oh, they are all right, I know who sent them." The secretary was not affected, but Sir William became violently ill, and by 9 o'clock that evening, the physicians diagnosed his case as arsenical poisoning.

Sir William recovered. The police learned when the box had been posted and where and were said to have secured the description of a little girl who was alleged to have posted it. On Nov. 10, Scotland Yard issued a long statement describing three boxes of candy which had recently been received directed to police officials, with photographs of the addresses tending to show that the sender was the same in each case. When interviewed in this country in regard to the affair, Sir Basil Thomson, formerly head of the Criminal Investigation Department of Scotland Yard, was quoted in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Nov. 12 as saying:

"English people, and even aliens in London, do not kill public officials with poison. I believe that further investigation will reveal that the poison story is unfounded."

DISCUSS WOMAN VOTER.

People of Prominence at Meeting in Home of Mrs. Willard Straight.

That women, with their new power of suffrage, have an unhappy but interesting prospect before them was the opinion voiced by speakers at a meeting last evening in the home of Mrs. Willard Straight, 1,130 Fifth Avenue. The effect of woman's entry into the electorate was discussed.

"There never was a time when men felt more discouraged about the Government or hopeless about what to do with it," said Frank I. Cobb of The New York World. "We men have made a mess of things. There are twenty-seven million of you—go to it, and God help you!"

Mrs. Maude Wood Park, President of the National League of Women Voters, declared that women, with their special knowledge of problems of maternity and the home, would play a new and important rôle in the new order of things. Other speakers were Simeon Strunsky of The New York Evening Post and Elmer Davis, of THE TIMES. Miss Ruth Morgan presided. Among those present were James W. Gerard, Otto H. Kahn, Henry Morgenthau, Norman H. Davis, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Sam A. Lewisohn, George McAneny, William J. Schieffelin, Thomas W. Lamont and Mrs. Oswald Garrison Villard.

WEDDING PARTY BLOCKED.

Brooklyn Groom-to-Be Fined $25 for Transporting Wine.

Thomas Pamarello of 384 Thirty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, who is to be married to Miss Senila Randazzo of 77 First Avenue, Manhattan, on Sunday, had $25 tacked on to his wedding expenses yesterday when he was fined that amount by Judge Marcus B. Campbell in the United States District Court, for transporting liquor. Frank Laura, of 217 Third Street, Brooklyn, Pamarello's close friend, who will be best man at the wedding, was also fined $25 for assisting in transporting the liquor.

Pamarello said he had purchased ten gallons of wine for the wedding celebration to be held at his new home, 189 Palmetto Street.

Missing Girl Returns.

ISLIP, L. I., Jan. 30.—Emily Adamat, the 19-year-old girl who disappeared from her home here ten days ago, returned home with her father tonight in an extremely nervous condition. Her father said she had been staying with friends in West Twenty-fifth Street, Manhattan. She was found there today.

GET $250,000 IN DRUGS AND TWO MEN IN RAID

Trunk Filled With Narcotics Is Seized by Federal Agents in Chrystie Street.

Government agents under Ralph Oyler, head of the Narcotic Squad, shortly before midnight arrested two men on charges of violating the Federal Narcotic law and seized a trunk which, Oyler said, contained narcotics worth $250,000. The prisoners were arrested in a raid on an apartment on the third floor of 58 Chrystie Street, and the trunk was concealed behind portieres in a bedroom.

The prisoners said they were James Martin, 35 years old, of 380 Grand Street, and Harry Rosen, 24 years old, of 79 Forsyth Street. The agents said that they found $1,400 in Martin's pockets.

Oyler said that Martin was believed to be the head of a band of illicit narcotic purveyors who during the last six months have smuggled vast quantities of narcotics into this country. He said that Agents Biggin, Mellen and Murphy, who participated in the raid, had been trailing Martin and Rosen for several weeks and that "stool pigeons" in the employ of the Government had made several small purchases of drugs from Martin.

The Government officials, Oyler said, had received information that Martin and Rosen had a large store of smuggled narcotics hidden in some section of the lower east side, but it was not until last night that they succeeded in trailing the two men to the Chrystie Street address. When the trunk was opened, Oyler said, it contained narcotic drugs of various kinds in packages and bottles with European labels, and one bottle alone contained 15,000 grains of cocaine. Martin and Rosen will be arraigned in the Federal Court this morning.

GIRL AND MOTHER SUE MAN.

Former Charges Breach of Promise and Asks for $100,000.

William Nichtberger, a former brewer, living at 847 Mount Prospect Avenue, Newark, was made defendant yesterday, in two suits for a total of $125,000, brought by Miss Lillian Z. Malloy, 19, now in Harrison, and her mother, Mrs. Catherine Malloy of 463 South Elizabeth Street, Newark, in the Hudson County Supreme Court at Jersey City. The daughter asks $100,000 for alleged breach of promise, and the mother seeks $25,000 for loss of her daughter's services. On account of her age the girl is unable to bring the action alone.

Mrs. Malloy had Nichtberger arrested on Monday. He was required to put up $12,000 bail to insure his appearance in court.

SENTENCES NORKIN TO DIE.

Judge Gibbs Fixes Week of March 12 for Execution.

Reuben Norkin, convicted of first degree murder in connection with the slaying of Mrs. Jennie Beckor, was sentenced yesterday to die in the electric chair during the week of March 12. Sentence was imposed by County Judge Louis D. Gibbs of the Bronx, who overruled objections by counsel for Norkin.

Norkin left immediately for the death house at Sing Sing in the custody of Under Sheriff Thomas H. O'Neil. Norkin, who remained cool throughout his trial, shuddered when the death sentence was pronounced.

Probation Society Elects.

Magistrate Moses R. Ryttenberg was elected President of the Jewish Probation Society, Inc., at its second annual meeting Monday night in the home of Judge Otto A. Rosalsky of General Sessions. Bernard K. Marcus was elected First Vice President; Isaac Liebermann, Second Vice President, and Louis Surut, Third Vice President. Judge Rodalsky was elected Treasurer and Louis Fabricant Secretary. It was announced that Irving W. Halpern would continue as the Executive Director in charge of the work of the organization.

MEXICAN CARS RUN AGAIN.

Troops Protect Returned Workers, While Radicals Continue Defiance.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—Street car service, which had been shut down for some time, owing to the strike of the workmen, was partially resumed today. The men operating the cars were guarded by soldiers armed with rifles. The service was one-tenth of normal.

There is a conflict between the striking factions, one of which desires all the men to return to work. The other seeks to prevent a breakdown of the strike. These differences caused several minor disorders today, but there were no casualties.

Diet Kitchen Holds 50th Meeting.

The New York Diet Kitchen Association held its fiftieth annual meeting yesterday at the home of Mrs. Henry Villard, its honorary President, 525 Park Avenue. It has six kitchens in different parts of the country and sells more than half a million quarts of pure milk a year at cost to its beneficiaries, and gives milk to others. Mrs. James Dittmars Voorhees, the President, being absent, Mrs. Villard presided, and Miss Sally Lucas Jean and George R. Bedinger were speakers.

TIFFANY & CO.

FIFTH AVENUE & 37TH STREET

FINE CHINA PLATES

MINTON, CROWN STAFFORDSHIRE, COPELAND, COALPORT
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ROYAL WORCESTER

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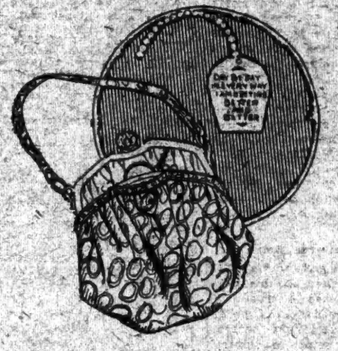


For Feminine Devotees of Coué

A New Spring HANDBAG

Equipped With a String of the Twenty

Coué Counting Beads

Exceptional Value at $4.69

"DAY BY DAY, IN EVERY WAY," more people are coming to use M. Coué's famous auto-suggestion formula. These ingenious new bags we have just obtained will appeal immediately to his feminine devotees. In addition to being extremely good-looking, they conveniently contain the counting beads M. Coue' recommends to be used while repeating his creed. The beads are safely attached to the frame.

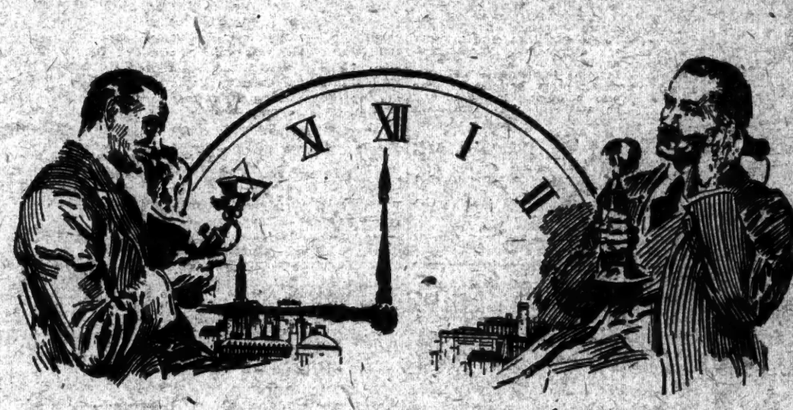
Made of fine quality moire silk, mounted on metal frame, silk lined and fitted with double inner compartment.

Black *Brown* *Navy*

There are Coue' Counting Beads in a variety of styles—such as bracelets, necklaces, vest pocket and underpillow chains; convenient for use at all times—on sale in our Jewelry Department.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th Street.

Macy's



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"Since this meant the arranging of a transfer of funds from New York to Boston and notifying us, I think this is a pretty speedy transaction."

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The Equitable performs every function of a commercial bank, offering commercial depositors the additional advantages of its trust, investment and foreign exchange services.

Firms and corporations whose increasing business activities necessitate better banking accomodations are invited to consult with our officers.

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MEXICO CITY: 48 Calle de Capuchinas

UPTOWN OFFICE

Madison Avenue and 45th Street

COLONIAL OFFICE

222 Broadway

DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVES

PHILADELPHIA: Land Title Building
BALTIMORE: Calvert and Redwood Sts.
CLEVELAND: 629 Euclid Avenue
CHICAGO: 28 South LaSalle St.
SAN FRANCISCO: 405 California St.

Total resources over $300,000,000

C. E. T. Co. of N. Y., 1923.

INVALUABLE

Egg yolk is a very exceptional food, containing all the elements necessary for complete nutrition;

Including a rich store of lime and iron and other salts, with an abundant supply of vitamines.

As a means of rounding out an otherwise deficient diet, eggs are invaluable;

And, as served at CHILDS, they are one of the genuine pleasures of the table.

Strictly fresh eggs, prepared in a variety of ways to suit a variety of tastes.

Childs

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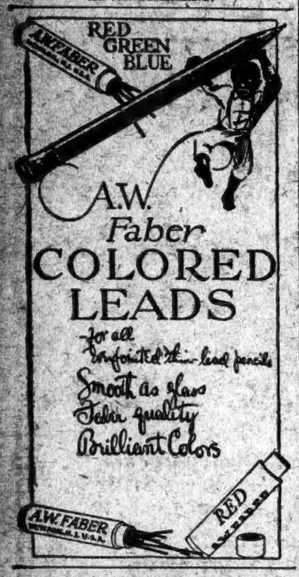

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Portraiture by photography that has created artistic likenesses of gentle folk for fifty years.

570 Fifth Ave.

ADVERTISEMENT.

AVAILABLE! Clothing Merchandiser

SALES:
12 years' experience. Salesman, Manager and General Manager, Retail, Department and Chain Stores, possesses excellent ability to train and maintain efficient sales force. Good builder of store prestige and good will.

BUYING:
Good style authority. Knows markets and values men's and young men's work clothes. 8 years buyer large wholesale house.

ADVERTISING:
Mind for planning original and creative copy that brings business. Has remarkable record for direct-by-mail results.

The advertiser wants to hear from a successful concern seeking real sales stimulus. Is 32 years young, and will go anywhere.

Write Room 512, Flatiron Building.

SACRIFICE SALE
10 BRAND NEW
5 PASSENGER
SEDANS

I am in a position whereby I must sell at great sacrifice 10 new late model automobiles of nationally known make. 5 Passenger Sedans. These cars will be sold at a big reduction from the retail price. Every car is new and has manufacturer's guarantee. Service rendered by dealer of good standing. No Trades. No Dealers. Easy payments if desired. Wonderful opportunity to buy a brand new up-to-the-minute model car for the price of a Used One. Write today for details and appointment.

P 4 Times

Bargains in Sets

Fine bound books 20% off during January, special reductions on a few unique items.

Send for Catalogue.

DUTTON'S

Phone Plaza 7400 681 Fifth Ave.

B&G
ABSOLUTELY PURE
FRENCH OLIVE OIL
THE WORLD'S STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE
YOUR GROCER HAS IT
E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS
SHIPPERS FOR U.S.A.

ROBS PARK AV. HOME POSING AS A BROTHER

Man With Two Suitcases, Let In While Kuhn Family Is Away, Carries Off $10,000 Loot.

COUNTESS'S GEMS STOLEN

Wife of Tamburini, Italian Painter, Loses $5,000 Worth of Jewels by Fake Phone Call.

A man who seemed quite at ease in fashionable surroundings entered the foyer of the apartment house at 270 Park Avenue on Saturday afternoon and asked for Mrs. Ferdinand Kuhn, whose husband is President of the Botany Worsted Mills. When he was told that Mrs. Kuhn had followed her usual custom of accompanying her husband to the Kuhn country house at Bernardsville, N. J., for the Winter week-end, the visitor showed no dismay, though he did appear a bit puzzled.

He was Mrs. Kuhn's brother, he explained to Thomas Willstead, an attendant, and Mrs. Kuhn had been expecting him. He produced, rather casually, a telegram, to which Mrs. Kuhn's name was affixed and which expressed pleasure at his imminent arrival. Willstead said that he failed to note the name of the addressee when the stranger, with the air of taking him into his confidence in a little difficulty in which they were both concerned, allowed him a brief glance at the message.

The stranger hesitated, then he guessed he might as well wait, and moved toward an elevator. Willstead took him to the twelfth floor, himself carrying up two heavily-laden suitcases that had accompanied the visitor to the door in a taxicab. Mrs. Gallagher, a floor maid, came to meet them. Willstead asked her to open Mrs. Kuhn's apartment to admit her brother, and a moment later had ushered the visitor inside, set down the suitcases and left the man to while away the time as he saw fit.

At 10 o'clok that night the man came out, carrying the same two suitcases, still heavily laden. Willstead had gone off duty. Joe Schwartz, who had replaced him, carried the suitcases out and surrendered them to Edward Babb, the doorman, who whistled for a taxicab, thanked the departing man for a 15-cent tip, and watched him roll away.

Employe Is Arrested.

When Mrs. Kuhn got back to her apartment yesterday she found it strewn with newspapers and canned goods—evidently the erstwhile contents of the suitcases. Away in those suitcases to replace the discarded ballast had gone four fur coats belonging to Mrs. Kuhn, a bracelet, a vanity case and numerous other trinkets and ornaments, so many in fact that Mrs. Kuhn said that not until she had inventoried the whole place would she know just how much she had lost. Tentatively she put the value of the stolen treasures at $5,000 to $10,000. Of course she had been expecting no brother.

A telephone call to the East Fifty-first Street Police Station brought Detectives Lavin and Kenny. To them Willstead told the story of the man's visit. He insisted that he was not incollusion with the thief and stoutly maintained that he had been the innocent victim of a clever crook. The detectives, however, refused to believe his story, declaring that he knew more than he would tell. In the end they arrested him on a charge of grand larceny. A detailed alarm will be sent out for Mrs. Kuhn's property as soon as she has determined what is missing and furnishes descriptions.

The apartment house at 270 Park Avenue occupies the block from Forty-seventh to Forty-eighth Street and runs back to Madison Avenue. Nathan L. Miller, ex-Governor, and many other notables live there.

Countess Tamburini Robbed.

Countess Arnaldo Tambourini, wife of the Court painter to the King of Italy, yesterday reported the theft of $5,000 worth of jewelry. A bracelet containing a stone given by Tomaso Salvini, famous actor, and a ring, the diamond of which came from King Humbert of Italy, comprised the loot. Antiques valued at about $20,000 were overlooked.

Recovering from a nervous breakdown about five weeks ago, the Countess, also a portrait painter, gave up her studio at 12 West Eighth Street and went to share the apartment of Mrs. Charles R. Macauley, wife of the illustrator and cartoonist, on the sixth floor of the apartment house at 228 West Seventy-second Street. Although she put away most of the gifts to the Count from his patrons, she took to the apartment an antique box containing costly samples of jewel workmanship of past days, nine heavily brocaded robes used by priests at the celebration of high mass, and a large Spanish shawl, worked by hand in China and about 250 years old.

Early on Monday, she said, workmen came to make certain alterations on the decorations of the apartment, and while they were engaged the Countess took out the bracelet and snapped it on her arm. In a setting designed by herself, the band held six diamonds, the central stone being the Salvini gift. Soon after the workmen finished, and the Countess and Mrs. Macauley were putting things to rights, the telephone bell rang. The Countess said that she answered it and heard a man's voice, who said the call was from Roosevelt Hospital.

"We have a man here, badly injured," the man said, "and he asked us to tell you. He gave us your telephone number."

Call Police, Return Home.

Both women, fearful that Mr. Macauley had been injured, hurriedly summoned a taxicab and went to the hospital. There they learned that the telephone call had not issued from the hospital. The women thought that possibly the message had been misunderstood and that it was from Flower Hospital, so they went there, only to find that no man had been admitted there. Still not suspecting that the message had been a fake, Mrs. Macauley telephoned to Police Headquarters and learned that at about the hour of the telephone message a man had been picked up injured at Eighty-sixth Street and Broadway. A hurried checking up, however, showed that this had no connection with the Macauleys.

The Countess and Mrs. Macauley then returned to the apartment. Getting no response to steady ringing for the elevator, the women climbed the six flights of stairs, and found the rear door to the apartment ajar.

"As we were both sure the door had been closed," the Countess said, "Mrs. Macauley was certain her husband had been injured and brought home. When we went in, however, we found a jewel box belonging to Mrs. Macauley had been turned over on the top of a dresser but nothing taken. There was evidence also that a search had been made for valuables. When I went through my jewel box I found the bracelet and ring gone. None of the other jewels in the box, however, had been taken, apparently because they would have been difficult to dispose of."

The Countess said that with the discovery of the robbery she had notified Mr. Macauley, who got in touch with Commissioner Enright. Detectives from the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, she said, were detailed and reported that the negro elevator operator of the apartment house was missing. The Countess said that the detectives and the superintendent of the apartment house found the uniform worn by the missing employe tossed to one side in the basement. The man, according to the superintendent, went to work there eight days ago, and was known only as "Jack" or "Walter."

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KIDNAP TWO MEN, TAKE TRUCK

Armed Robbers Get Away With $4,000 Silk—Free Captives in Bronx.

Four armed men late yesterday afternoon held up two men on a truck loaded with seventy-seven bolts of silk, valued at $4,00, as they were about to deliver it to the Bloom Mills, at 4,014 Park Avenue, the Bronx. Two of the robbers took the men from the truck into a touring car, while the other two got away with the truck and its contents.

The victims were Herbert Ballentine, chauffeur, 2,518 Maclay Avenue, and Julius Friedman of 12 East 107th Street, both employed by the mills. They told detectives that when the truck reached the entrance to the mills the four men drew up beside them in a touring car, and two of them jumped to the running board with drawn pistols and ordered them to get into the touring car.

Ballentine and Friedman were driven about the streets of the Bronx for an hour before they were ordered out of the car in a lonely part of Bronx Park. It was more than an hour before they get to the Tremont Station to report the robbery. They were questioned at length regarding the descriptions of the four robbers and permitted to go home.

Several hours later when Motorcycle Policeman John Smith and Timothy Lehane were pursuing a truck which resembled the one stolen, they ran into an automobile driven by George Giles of 2 West 129th Street, at Mott Avenue and 153d Street. The motorcycle was overturned and Policeman Smith severely injured. He was removed to Lincoln Hospital where it was found he was suffering from concussion of the brain.

3 ROB 2 IN DRUG STORE; FLEE WITH $675 LOOT

Owner and Physician Face Pistols in Hold-Up—Both Lose Their Gold Watches.

Three young robbers last night entered the drug store at the southwest corner of Park Avenue and 117th Street, and after forcing the proprietor, Samuel Bakalar, and Dr. Zachray Sagal of 1,979 Lexington Avenue into the rear room at the points of their pistols robbed them of $175 in money and jewelry worth $500.

Dr. Sagal was talking to the druggist when one of the robbers walked in and pretended to use the telephone in a booth. In a few seconds two other young men entered, and then the man in the telephone booth walked up to the physician with a pistol and ordered him to throw up his hands. At this signal the other two men drew pistols and told the druggist and the physician to go into the rear room, and while the first man covered them with his pistol the other two took $100, a diamond stickpin and a gold watch and chain from the druggist and $75 and a gold watch and chain from Dr. Sagal.

Warning their victims that if they gave an alarm they would return and shoot them, they ran away. The druggist telephoned to the East 126th Street Station, but no trace of the robbers could be found by detectives.

CORRECTION BY CHALONER.

Report of Lecture He Gave on Jan. 15 Inaccurate, He Says.

John Armstrong Chaloner, who delivered a lecture in the assembly room of Christ Church, Broadway and Seventy-first Street, on Jan. 15, yesterday questioned the accuracy of a report in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

In a letter from his home, he declared that a paragraph that was in error read as follows: "then," continued Mr. Chaloner, "a strange spirit began to guide his right hand. Never before, he pointed out, had he written with the left hand and great was his amazement when the written characters developed a distinctly feminine slant. A voice said: He objected to the words, "A voice said: 'I am Satan'" on the ground that hearing voices is known as "auditory delusions," and "at no time did I state that 'a voice said,' or that 'I heard say.'" Mr. Chaloner said his verbatim remarks on that point were:

"The first words my left hand wrote were these: 'I am Satan. I do not propose to take up time pleading my case with you, sir. I shall content myself by saying that I am not so black as I am usually painted.' A conversation then ensued between my conscience, using my right hand; Satan—or Satan alleged—using my left, and I using my mind alone to ask or answer questions with. My left hand has never offered to write since then, but never since that day have I for one moment been free from suggestions from my conscience, on one hand, and my subconsciousness on the other."

URGE BILLS FOR VETERANS.

Group of House Republicans Organize to Press Legislation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—A round robin was started tonight by House Republicans favorable to soldier legislation, in an effort to speed action at this session of Congress on measures affecting the welfare of former service men.

After a Republican House caucus, called to deal with the question, had failed to get a quorum, friends of the legislation organized a conference behind closed doors and adopted resolutions insisting on the necessity of the passage of certain measures.

The number who signed the resolution is said to have been more than forty at the beginning, and the conference voted to hold the resolutions for forty-eight hours in order that other friends of soldier legislation might have an opportunity to join in the movement.

Representative Johnson, Republican of South Dakota, who has pending several measures affecting the veterans, including a bonus bill, led the fight for action in behalf of the former soldiers, but the bonus bill, it was said, was not among those covered in the resolutions.

The conference is said to have demanded action on the Burnum bill, designed to extend to permanently-disabled volunteer officers of the World War army the same privileges for retirement for disability granted to officers of the regular army, navy and marines.

INDICTED FOR EASON DEATH.

Two Negroes, Also Accused of Anarchist Plot, Held in New Orleans.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—William Shakespeare, selected for Chief of Police in Marcus Garvey's proposed Black Republic, and Constantine Dyer, chosen for patrolman, were indicted today by a Special Grand Jury for the murder of the Rev. J. H. W. Eason, who was shot to death as he was leaving a negro church where he had spoken here on the night of Jan. 1. In an ante-mortem statement Eason said he was preparing to go to New York to testify against Garvey who is charged with using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of stock in the Black Star Line. Eason said he had been hounded and driven from Garvey's Universal Negro Improvement Association because he rebuked Garvey at a convention for misuse of funds.

When Shakespeare and Dyer were arrested the former had ponderous gold epaulets, a grotesque uniform and much silk braid, his official regalia as Police Chief.

TRIP OF BIG CAISSON STIFF JOB FOR TUGS

Bulk of 1,200 Tons Towed From Mariners Harbor to Foot of Canal Street.

STOP FOR BREATHING SPELL

Wind and Weight Force Three Tugs to Anchor Temporarily Off Bedlow's Island.

The voyage of the big vehicular tunnel caisson from Mariners Harbor, Staten Island, across the bay, and up the Hudson River to the foot of Canal Street, began at 5:45 yesterday morning and ended at 8 o'clock last evening. It was a rough trip against a high wind from the north that gave three tugs all they could do to make headway. Once, about three hours after the trip began, the tugs were compelled to anchor to prevent the caisson from towing the tugs back to the starting point.

The caisson, made of steel and concrete, weighing 1,200 tons and standing thirty-five feet above the water and twenty-five feet below it, didn't roll and gave no sign of the force of the wind. On top of the structure were two men, employes of the contractors, Booth & Flinn, who found it so cold that they built a fire and huddled over it.

Water craft of all kinds kept out of the way of the seagoing caisson as it moved slowly along, the tugs sounding warnings whenever it appeared that some skipper was about to dispute with them the right of way. The windows of the big office buildings looking west were filled with spectators wondering what the strange craft was.

An engineer in the office of the Vehicular Tunnel Commission said that the caisson averaged two miles an hour, but later the figures were corrected to show that the rate of progress was only about one and a quarter miles an hour.

The time of starting was set to agree with a favorable tide, but the going was so slow that the tide changed before the caisson, against the wind, could enter the Hudson River. When the tugs were forced to anchor they were near Bedlow's Island, and it was feared that the caisson would have to remain there until both wind and tide favored. Engineers of the commission did not fear that the clumsy vessel would sink, but for a time three was danger that it might go aground.

Booth & Flinn, who are building the tunnel, reported that the only mishap was that a painter employed to place the name of the firm in big letters upon the sides of the caisson for whatever good the advertising might do, made it "Booth & Flynn."

The work of coaxing the caisson into a groove prepared for it at the end of the Canal Street pier will be begun this morning, and then will come the heavy task of filling the hollow walls with cement until it weighs 15,000 tons, when it will have sunk to its permanent resting place on bedrock.

HELD IN POISON CANDY CASE

Scotland Yard Detaining a Man Pending Inquiries.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—It is officially announced tonight that a man has been detained at Scotland Yard pending inquiries in connection with the poisoning of Commissioner of Police Sir William Horwood last November.

On Nov. 9 last Brig. Gen. Sir William Horwood, Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, received a box of chocolate creams, which he supposed had come from a relative who had written him that she was sending him such a box. His secretary, Miss Dryadale, undid the box and was invited by him to try the contents. She did so and complained of a bitter taste. He is reported to have said: "Oh, they are all right, I know who sent them." The secretary was not affected, but Sir William became violently ill, and by 9 o'clock that evening, the physicians diagnosed his case as arsenical poisoning.

Sir William recovered. The police learned when the box had been posted and where and were said to have secured the description of a little girl who was alleged to have posted it. On Nov. 19, Scotland Yard issued a long statement describing three boxes of candy which had recently been received directed to police officials, with photographs of the addresses tending to show that the sender was the same in each case. When interviewed in this country in regard to the affair, Sir Basil Thomson, formerly head of the Criminal Investigation Department of Scotland Yard, was quoted in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Nov. 12 as saying:

"English people, and even aliens in London, do not kill public officials with poison. I believe that further investigation will reveal that the poison story is unfounded."

DISCUSS WOMAN VOTER.

People of Prominence at Meeting in Home of Mrs. Willard Straight.

That women, with their new power of suffrage, have an unhappy but interesting prospect before them was the opinion voiced by speakers at a meeting last evening in the home of Mrs. Willard Straight, 1,130 Fifth Avenue. The effect of woman's entry into the electorate was discussed.

"There never was a time when men felt more discouraged about the Government or hopeless about what to do with it," said Frank I. Cobb of The New York World. "We men have made a mess of things. There are twenty-seven million of you—go to it, and God help you!"

Mrs. Maude Wood Park, President of the National League of Women Voters, declared that women, with their special knowledge of problems of maternity and the home, would play a new and important rôle in the new order of things. Other speakers were Simeon Strunsky of The New York Evening Post and Elmer Davis, of THE TIMES. Miss Ruth Morgan presided. Among those present were James W. Gerard, Otto H. Kahn, Henry Morgenthau, Norman H. Davis, Miss Virginia Gildersleeve, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Sam A. Lewisohn, George McAneny, William J. Schieffelin, Thomas W. Lamont and Mrs. Oswald Garrison Villard.

WEDDING PARTY BLOCKED.

Brooklyn Groom-to-Be Fined $25 for Transporting Wine.

Thomas Pamarello of 364 Thirty-sixth Street, Brooklyn, who is to be married to Miss Senila Randazzo of 77 First Avenue, Manhattan, on Sunday, had $25 tacked on to his wedding expenses yesterday when he was fined that amount by Judge Marcus B. Campbell in the United States District Court, for transporting liquor. Frank Laura of 317 Third Street, Brooklyn, Pamarello's close friend, who will be best man at the wedding, was also fined $25 for assisting in transporting the liquor.

Pamarello said he had purchased ten gallons of wine for the wedding celebration to be held at his new home, 189 Palmetto Street.

Missing Girl Returns.

ISLIP, L. I., Jan. 30.—Emily Adamat, the 19-year-old girl who disappeared from her home here ten days ago, returned home with her father tonight in an extremely nervous condition. Her father said she had been staying with friends in West Twenty-fifth Street, Manhattan. She was found there today.

GET $250,000 IN DRUGS AND TWO MEN IN RAID

Trunk Filled With Narcotics Is Seized by Federal Agents in Chrystie Street.

Government agents under Ralph Oyler, head of the Narcotic Squad, shortly before midnight arrested two men on charges of violating the Federal Narcotic law and seized a trunk which, Oyler said, contained narcotics worth $250,000. The prisoners were arrested in a raid on an apartment on the third floor of 58 Chrystie Street, and the trunk was concealed behind portieres in a bedroom.

The prisoners said they were James Martin, 35 years old, of 280 Grand Street, and Harry Rosen, 26 years old, of 79 Forsyth Street. The agents said that they found $1,400 in Martin's pockets.

Oyler said that Martin was believed to be the head of a band of illicit narcotic purveyors who during the last six months have smuggled vast quantities of narcotics into this country. He said that Agents Biggin, Mellen and Murphy, who participated in the raid, had been trailing Martin and Rosen for several weeks and that "stool pigeons" in the employ of the Government had made several small purchases of drugs from Martin.

The Government officials, Oyler said, had received information that Martin and Rosen had a large store of smuggled narcotics hidden in some section of the lower east side, but it was not until last night that they succeeded in trailing the two men to the Chrystie Street address. When the trunk was opened, Oyler said, it contained narcotic drugs of various kinds in packages and bottles with European labels, and one bottle alone contained 15,000 grains of cocaine. Martin and Rosen will be arraigned in the Federal Court this morning.

GIRL AND MOTHER SUE MAN.

Former Charges Breach of Promise and Asks for $100,000.

William Nichtberger, a former brewer, living at 847 Mount Prospect Avenue, Newark, was made defendant yesterday in two suits for a total of $125,000, brought by Miss Lillian Z. Malloy, 19, now in Harrison, and her mother, Mrs. Catherine Malloy of 463 South Elizabeth Street, Newark, in the Hudson County Supreme Court at Jersey City. The daughter asks $100,000 for alleged breach of promise, and the mother seeks $25,000 for loss of her daughter's services. On account of her age the girl is unable to bring the action alone.

Mrs. Malloy had Nichtberger arrested on Monday. He was required to put up $12,000 bail to insure his appearance in court.

SENTENCES NORKIN TO DIE.

Judge Gibbs Fixes Week of March 12 for Execution.

Reuben Norkin, convicted of first degree murder in connection with the slaying of Mrs. Jennie Becker, was sentenced yesterday to die in the electric chair during the week of March 12. Sentence was imposed by County Judge Louis D. Gibbs of the Bronx, who overruled objections by counsel for Norkin.

Norkin left immediately for the death house at Sing Sing in the custody of Under Sheriff Thomas H. O'Neil. Norkin, who remained cool throughout his trial, shuddered when the death sentence was pronounced.

Probation Society Elects.

Magistrate Moses R. Ryttenberg was elected President of the Jewish Probation Society, Inc., at its second annual meeting Monday night in the home of Judge Otto A. Rosalsky of General Sessions. Bernard K. Marcus was elected First Vice President; Isaac Liebermann, Second Vice President, and Louis Surut, Third Vice President. Judge Rodalsky was elected Treasurer and Louis Fabricant Secretary. It was announced that Irving W. Halpern would continue as the Executive Director in charge of the work of the organization.

MEXICAN CARS RUN AGAIN.

Troops Protect Returned Workers, While Radicals Continue Defiance.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—Street car service, which had been shut down for some time, owing to the strike of the workmen, was partially resumed today. The men operating the cars were guarded by soldiers armed with rifles. The service was one-tenth of normal.

There is a conflict between the striking factions, one of which desires all the men to return to work. The other seeks to prevent a breakdown of the strike. These differences caused several minor disorders today, but there were no casualties.

Diet Kitchen Holds 50th Meeting.

The New York Diet Kitchen Association held its fiftieth annual meeting yesterday at the home of Mrs. Henry Villard, its honorary President, 525 Park Avenue. It has six kitchens in different parts of the country and sells more than half a million quarts of pure milk a year at cost to its beneficiaries, and gives milk to others. Mrs. James Ditmars Voorhees, the President, being absent, Mrs. Villard presided, and Miss Sally Lucas Jean and George R. Bedinger were speakers.

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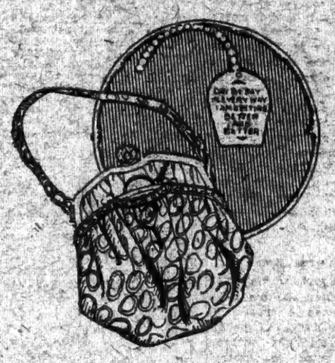

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Exceptional Value at $4.69

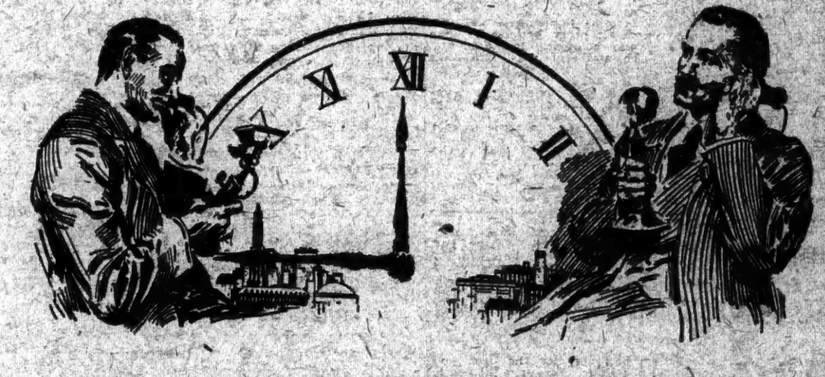
"DAY BY DAY, IN EVERY WAY," more people are coming to use M. Coué's famous auto-suggestion formula. These ingenious new bags we have just obtained will appeal immediately to his feminine devotees. In addition to being extremely good-looking, they conveniently contain the counting beads M. Coué recommends to be used while repeating his creed. The beads are safely attached to the frame.

Made of fine quality moire silk, mounted on metal frame, silk lined and fitted with double inner compartment.

Black *Brown* *Navy*

There are Coué Counting Beads in a variety of styles—such as bracelets, necklaces, vest pocket and underpillow chains; convenient for use at all times—on sale in our Jewelry Department.

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th Street.



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DISTRICT REPRESENTATIVES
PHILADELPHIA: Land Title Building
BALTIMORE: Calvert and Redwood Sts.
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SMITH WINS FIRST CLASH ON PROGRAM

Three Constitutional Amendment Measures Advanced Despite Republican Opposition.

LUSK LEADS OPPONENTS

Prospects Are That Bill Providing for Executive Budget Will Be Finally Defeated.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Governor Smith won the first skirmish today in the campaign for the enactment of the three constitutional amendments he has proposed. All the measures were advanced to third reading over Republican opposition and after a three-hour debate.

One of the concurrent resolutions, which must be adopted by a Legislature with a different Senate before it can be submitted to the people for ratification, would give the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and State Controller, who would remain the only elective State officials, terms of four instead of two years. Another provides for making the Secretary of State, Attorney General, State Treasurer and State Engineer appointive instead of elective officials, and would consolidate and group under nineteen main divisions some 190 departments, commissions and bureaus which perform the administrative work of the State under the present system.

The third provides for the adoption of the executive budget now in vogue in Washington.

Senator Lusk, leader of the Republican minority in the upper house, led the fight on the three concurrent resolutions. He intimated that Republicans would return to the fight with even greater vigor when the measures came up on third reading. The prospect is that two of the resolutions will go through at this session, while that providing for the executive budget may be defeated on third reading, both in the Senate and Assembly.

This was the bill most bitterly attacked by the Republicans. Before the debate opened Senator Walker, sponsor for the reconstruction measures, offered a "friendly" amendment which in the opinion of many was subversive of the principle underlying executive budgets. Under the resolution, as originally drafted, the Legislature would have power to eliminate and reduce but not to increase items in budgets submitted by the Governor. Under the terms of the Walker amendment the Legislature would take a free hand to increase and add items as well.

Senator Lusk maintained that the resolution would do away with the present constitutional proviso under which appropriations lapse. The Walker resolution provides for the lapse of appropriations at the end of the fiscal year for which they were made.

"In the very first paragraph of the very first bill introduced at the present session the Democrats have thus taken the cover off the pork barrel, smashed it into small pieces, and thrown these into the Hudson River," said the Republican leader. "Under this bill one Administration could place a lien on future Administrations for a generation to come or more."

He cited as an example a bill introduced at this session under Democratic auspices and providing for a $700,000,000 appropriation for water power development [illegible] to $35,000,000 becoming available an-

"This amendment is offered to do away with legislation of that sort," protested Senator Walker.

"Well, entirely aside from that, this thing reads more like a resolution of a debating society than a constitutional amendment," said Senator Lusk.

The proposal to give the Governor a four-year term encountered Republican opposition, too. Senator Fearon of Syracuse insisted that it was good for the people to get discontent out of their systems every two years. Senator Walker protested that two years did not give to a governor a sufficient term to put his policies into operation. Senator Cotillo remarked that former Governor Miller advocated a four-year term.

"Two years is too short for a good Governor and too long a term for a bad Governor," said Senator Lusk in closing the debate. "I have little feeling, one way or the other, and can see no objection in submitting this proposal to the people, although I have doubt of the result."

When the resolution providing for reorganization of the State departments came up, Senator Lusk proposed an amendment that would give to veterans of the World War and the Spanish War the same preference in the Civil Service that Civil War veterans now enjoy. The proposal was submitted to the voters two years ago and was then decisively defeated. The Lusk amendment was beaten as was an amendment of Senator Fearon which would have made the Attorey General an elective official.

FISCHER'S HOTEL BURNS.

Firemen Prevent Further Damage by Flames in Long Island Village.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Jan. 30.—Fischer's Hotel, its garage and shoe repairing shop, in Franklin Square, two miles east of Belmont Park, were destroyed by fire today, with damage of about $20,000. Firemen from this place and other nearby towns managed after a hard fight to prevent the flames from spreading.

There were no guests in the hotel when John Fischer, proprietor, discovered the flames, which apparently had their origin in the shoe-repairing plant of Louis Gerbano, next door. The hotel, formerly known as Kalb's Hotel, figured prominently years ago in the target-shooting events of the old Hempstead Farmers' Light Guard.

SMITH REMOVES LAW FROM TAX BUREAU

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

them as they existed as scattered agencies without a single head, with the same cost of upkeep, of supervision and of maintenance. Apparently the Governor's well thought out plan and clearly defined message meant nothing to you. Under your system of supervision the State would be infinitely better off had it left in their original place all of these different taxing agencies. There would at least be an understanding of what was really going on.

"If you have any doubt in your mind about the soundness of Governor Miller's plan I will show you how to make it effective and because you did not do it and because you openly stated that you did not believe that it could be done and for the other reasons set forth in my bill of complaint and contained in this letter, I find you clearly guilty of a palpable neglect of duty and you are hereby removed from the office of State Tax Commissioner and President of the State Tax Commission, and the notice of your removal is duly filed."

Late tonight Mr. Law made public a statement in which he commented on the Governor's action as follows:

"The Governor has removed me, as he has undoubted power to do. I am not surprised because he announced he would do so before he heard my reply to the charges, saying that 'politics is politics.' The reasons which he gives are in some cases simply not so.

"The most regrettable factor of this affair is that a large number of highly competent men who have been trained for many years in the State service and have been promoted to positions of responsibility will probably be dismissed because they are not Tammany politicians. The demoralization of the department and the loss to the people of the State can hardly be overestimated. Politics have no place in the administration of the technical work of the Tax Department."

TO ASK REFERENDUM ON VOLSTEAD ACT

Republicans in Legislature Also Ready to Support Effort to Repeal Mullan-Gage Law.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Republicans in the Assembly will take the initiative this week in action to determine through a popular referendum what the real sentiment is among the people in this State on the question of prohibition and prohibition enforcement.

Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg of New York admitted tonight that he would be the sponsor for a bill which now is being prepared and under the terms of which the voters will have an opportunity to go on record at the general election this Fall for or against repeal of the Mullan-Gage State Prohibition Enforcement act.

"This is the only question relating to the subject of prohibition which to any practical purpose can be submitted to the voters," said Mr. Steinberg. "In the matter of State enforcement we hold original jurisdiction where we have nothing to do directly with prohibition amendments to the Volstead act or repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment.

"Under the terms of the bill that I will sponsor the question will be plainly put and the answer in my opinion will furnish a clear index on prohibition sentiment in this State. Any person opposed to prohibition enforcement by the State naturally would be against prohibition also. The record of that vote should afford a reliable guide for future legislation on the subject."

The measure proposed by Mr. Steinberg would require the approval of Governor Smith before it could go into effect. The Republicans, in the Assembly at least, appear to be determined that the Democrats, and Governor Smith in particular, shall not be allowed to side-step the prohibition issue which they raised during the recent campaign.

Governor Smith earlier in the day said that he would have the last word on any bill providing machinery for a referendum on prohibition, whether the question was repeal of the Mullan-Gage law or liberalization of prohibition to the extent of permitting traffic in light wines or beer.

"Will you send a message to the Legislature urging such a referendum?" the Governor was asked.

"I have nothing of that sort in mind at this time," the Governor replied.

The Assembly Judiciary Committee, it was announced today, will give a public hearing next Tuesday afternoon on the Donohue resolution memorializing Congress in favor of modification of the Volstead law. This measure was adopted by the Senate last night. Assemblyman Donohue received assurances today that his resolution would be reported by the committee.

Republicans in the Assembly say that they will give enough aid to the Democrats to enable them to put through both the Donohue resolution and a bill to repeal the Mullan-Gage law, but that the initiative must come from the Democratic Senate.

"I have no doubt that the resolution would be adopted by the Assembly," said Assemblyman Jesse of New York. "I believe that every Republican representative from a New York City district and several Republicans from cities up-State will vote for it. I think there will be at least eighty, possibly more, votes for the resolution. I also feel assured that there will be enough Republican votes to bring about repeal of the Mullan-Gage law."

The Republican Assemblymen will have a general conference on prohibition measures probably next week, but it is extremely unlikely, according to persons in a position to speak with authority, that any attempt will be made to bind Republican members through caucus action against repeal of the Mullan-Gage law.

C. R. CRANE IN NEAR EAST.

Sails From Egypt for Constantinople After a Visit to King Hussein.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, Jan. 30.—Charles R. Crane, who is one of the Americans best known in the Near East, sailed today from Alexandria for Constantinople. He had been visiting King Hussein of the Hedjaz, whose guest he was at Jeddah.

Mr. Crane says Hussein is fully alive to the political construction which may be put upon his hospitality to the ex-Sultan, but takes the view that, as representative of a house famous for its hospitality for hundreds of years, he must live up to family traditions. Moreover, Hussein remarked, he could not see a man who had been a Caliph, whatever his present lot, seek refuge in a non-Moslem land.

Mr. Crane, commenting on the Russian offer to provide homes for Armenians, said that Russia had better first provide homes for Russians, of whom at least 1,500,000 were scattered throughout the world, mostly refugees dependent upon foreign charity.

COMMITTEE NAMED ON HOUSE CONTESTS

Three Seek Legislative Seats From New York Districts, Claessens Among Them.

COAL EMBARGO SOUGHT

Bill to Be Introduced Allowing Women Voters to State Age as "Over 21."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—The Assembly today adopted a resolution offered by Assemblyman Jenks, Republican, of Broome, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, empowering the committee to appoint a subcommittee to investigate the claims of three contestants for seats in the lower house of the Legislature.

All the contested seats represent New York City districts. Morris Weinfeld, Democrat, has filed notice with the committee that he believes he is entitled to the seat now held by Sol Ullman, Republican, from the Sixth District. Mr. Ullman was declared elected by the narrow margin of six votes.

August Claessens, a former Socialist member of the Assembly who was ousted, is contesting for the seat now occupied by Myer Alterman, Democrat, of the Seventeenth District. David Kemper, Republican, believes he is entitled to the seat held by John H. Conroy, Democrat, of the Ninth District.

Under a bill introduced by Senator Ryan, Democrat, of Troy, Judges would be prohibited from becoming delegates to political conventions or engaging in any political activities. The provision is made, however, that a Judge, if a candidate for re-election, may speak or write in favor of his candidacy.

Two-thirds of the personal estate, instead of the present one-third, would go to the widow, under a bill introduced by Assemblyman Cross, Democrat, of Sullivan.

The increasing from $300 to $800 a year of the maximum amount of a pension payable to a widow or dependents out of the New York City Fire Department relief fund was provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman McArdle, Democrat, of New York.

The State police would be eliminated from aiding in the enforcement of the State game laws, under a bill sponsored by Assemblyman Cole, Republican, of Herkimer.

A resolution asking Congress to declare an embargo on all coal shipments from the United States to foreign countries, except what is shipped in compliance with the terms of a treaty, was introduced by Assemblyman Reilly, Democrat, of Kings. Consideration of the resolution was put over until next week.

"The resolution was offered because of the present drastic coal shortage in New York State," Assemblyman Reilly said. "I believe that if something was done along this line it would help conditions greatly throughout the State. With hundreds of people throughout the State almost begging for coal, it doesn't seem right to ship great quantities of it every day to foreign countries."

The creation of a joint legislative committee to investigate marketing conditions throughout the State and report back to the Legislature not later than Feb. 15, 1924, with remedial legislation, was provided for in a resolution sponsored by Assemblyman Male, Republican of Schenectady. The committee would be composed of three Senators and four Assemblymen, and $10,000 would be appropriated for the work.

Convinced that many "young maiden ladies" hesitate to vote now because they do not like to give their age, Senator John J. Dunnigan, Democrat, of the Bronx, will tomorrow introduce a bill providing that all the women will have to say regarding their age when they cast their ballot is that they are "over 21."

The subject was first called to the attention of Senator Dunnigan by members of the Bronx Girls' Club. They told the Senator they were sure that scores of women had not been voting because they disliked to tell their age.

"Personally I can't see why we should make the members of the fair sex tell their age every time they vote," said the Senator. "A woman over 21 has the same right to vote as a woman of 40, but why should we make the woman of 40 give away any secrets about her age?"

Woman Files Bankruptcy Petition.

Mrs. Gerrit Smith, Inc., dealing in real estate, yesterday filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the Federal Court. Mrs. Smith was the first woman admitted to membership in the Real Estate Board of New York. Liabilities were placed at $23,912, and assets, $1,712.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE UPHOLDS ANDERSON

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

E. Schoonhoven, Patchogue, L. I., and B. H. Fancher, Treasurer of the organization. Of the eleven members of the board seven were said to have been present. Others whose presence could not be established are the Rev. Frederick H. Coman of Rochester, the Rev. J. H. MacConnell, Norwich; the Rev. C. Arthur Lincoln, Brooklyn; the Rev. H. H. Murdock, Amsterdam, and Edward C. Miller.

Mr. Anderson gave out a typewritten statement in which he said:

"I have nothing further to say. I do not know when I shall have anything further to say. This matter has been reported to and acted upon by the Board of Directors of the League, to whom I am accountable. It is now in the hands of the board. That board has formally employed former Senator Edgar Truman Brackett as counsel for the League, and the board will speak through Senator Brackett."

"Will you discuss the reported withdrawal of the Rockefeller support of the league?" he was asked.

"No," Mr. Anderson replied, disappearing into an inner office.

The luncheon and executive meeting began at noon and lasted until 4:30 in the afternoon. The gathering was held in one of a series of private dining rooms connecting by way of a private hallway with the writing room on the second mezzanine floor. There is only one guest entrance to the dining rooms, the door of which was kept closed. Ex-Senator Brackett left by that entrance, saying in reply to a question that he had not noticed any evidence that Mr. Anderson would resign as State Superintendent.

The appearance of Mr. Anderson coming up the stairs leading from the first mezzanine floor led to the discovery that the board members had adopted a flank movement by way of the service kitchen and service elevator to outmanoeuvre the score of newspaper men waiting to learn of their action. Mr. Anderson declined to give any reason why the members had decided not to be interviewed.

Pecora Explains Position.

Following a perusal of the resolution Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora, in charge of the inquiry into the Phillips charges, made the following statement:

"My attention has been called to the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Anti-Saloon League of New York at its meeting today. I have already given my assurances to Mr. Anderson, ex-Senator Brackett, Mr. Anderson's counsel, and to the Rev. Dr. George Caleb Moor, secretary of the board, as well as to Mr. Raymond Fosdick, that the investigation now being conducted by this office relates solely to such allegations as may involve the commission of any crime.

"In the conduct of this investigation the prohibition issue is in no way involved, nor will it be involved through any desire or activities on my part. Our purpose is to ascertain whether or not there has been any criminal wrongdoing by anybody connected with the league's affairs or work. This can be done without in any way involving the prohibition issue or the prohibition cause.

"It is because we are endeavoring to conduct this investigation in that spirit that I will sedulously refrain in my examination of the books of account of the league from seeking to ascertain anything respecting the general contributions made for the league or the general expenditures made by the league in the promotion of its work.

Disclaims Hostility to League.

"This investigation is not in any way to be regarded a manifestation of activity in opposition to the league or its cause. If any criminal act has been committed by any person connected with the league or active in its cause, in my opinion no greater service could be rendered the prohibition cause than to expose any such wrongdoing. Such exposure at least is due to the friends and supporters of the prohibition cause."

Mr. Pecora said that during the day Stanchfield & Levy, with which law firm ex-Senator Brackett is associated, requested by telephone that he defer the examination of Mr. Anderson until noon today. He agreed to this, but refused to put off until tomorrow afternoon the further interrogation of Miss Maude M. Odell, secretary to Mr. Anderson, set for yesterday.

"They gave no tangible reason for postponing the examination of Miss Odell," Mr. Pecora said. "They spoke of her working so hard and of her physical condition not being good. I thought, as Miss Odell was on the job at the League's office perhaps she had better keep her appointment."

Following her visit, Mr. Pecora announced that he was finished "for the time being" with Miss Odell. His only comment on the results of his second questioning of Miss Odell was:

"The ignorance of some people is highly illuminating."

Former Bookkeeper Appears.

A development yesterday was the unexpected appearance at the District Attorney's office of Miss Freda J. Fabry of 667 East 165th Street, the Bronx, until July 1, 1919, head bookkeeper of the league, who said she was "incensed" over a statement contained in a letter of recommendation written by Mr. Anderson for William Mitton Potter, former Assistant Treasurer of the league. In this letter, given out in McAllen, Texas, by Potter, as refuting Mr. Anderson's statement that he had been discharged, Mr. Anderson spoke of the service Potter had rendered "in straightening out the confusion in books incident to the sudden resignation of his predecessor." Miss Fabry thought this statement involved by innuendo her professional standing, and asked to be permitted to make a statement.

"Miss Fabry told me of Mr. Anderson's absolute dictatorship in the affairs of the office and of other matters of which I will not make mention at this time. She was a helpful witness and was entirely frank to the extent she could aid me."

Mr. Pecora said Miss Fabry exhibited a letter of recommendation which she said Mr. Anderson gave her when she left the employ of the League. She left this letter with Mr. Pecora.

Not Surprised, Says Phillips.

O. Bertsall Phillips declared last night that he was not surprised that the directors of the league had endorsed and expressed confidence in William H. Anderson. He went on:

"I shall in no way be influenced by it. If they feel in view of all the circumstances that they have taken the proper course, the peculiar responsibility involved is alone theirs.

"As is widely known now, certain facts came to the notice of the District Attorney from sources independent of me, facts which the District Attorney felt required examination by his office to enable him to determine whether laws which he has sworn to uphold have been violated. I complied at his request, without compulsion, in obedience to the primary obligation resting upon every citizen.

"Judging from the published reports in the newspapers, this matter concerning me and other matters which appear of equal significance are under rigid scrutiny by the District Attorney's office. I have full faith in the integrity and of the competence of the District Attorney's staff to sift the matter under examination. Mr. Pecora has my assurance that I will co-operate with him to the utmost in his endeavor to find the degree of and character of culpability, if any, involved in Mr. Anderson's demanding and taking a share of my earnings.

"I could not become a fugitive from responsibility in this respect if I would because Mr. Pecora has knowledge of documents in my possession bearing on the aforesaid transaction.

"Since early last June, when it was pointed out to me that the transaction probably violated the law, up until the time the District Attorney requested my presence a few days ago, I have been unremitting in my sincere efforts to point out to Mr. Anderson and through friends and by direct appeals to him and the Board of Directors (composed largely of Christian ministers) the urgent duty of returning to me the moneys that had been diverted to Mr. Anderson and thereby right and atone for, in so far as possible, conduct that was certainly unethical if not a plain violation of the law, for there was involved a stigma upon all concerned.

"I have never wished, I do not now wish, to indulge in personalities or recriminations. They are futile, undignified, and beside the point. Contention is hateful to my disposition."

In addition to Mr. Anderson, it was said that Miss Mary Hill, a League employe, who has made an affidavit charging that the representative of an evening newspaper had tried to intimidate her to say something damaging against Mr. Anderson, would be questioned by Mr. Pecora today.

Miss Fabry Elaborates Interview.

At the home of her sister in Bedford Hills, Miss Fabry, who for five years previous to July 1, 1919, had been employed as head bookkeeper of the league, elaborated information given out by Mr. Pecora regarding her visit yesterday. At the time she left the league for purely personal reasons, Miss Fabry said, four other employes, two of them heads of departments, quit as a protest against the management of Mr. Anderson.

Although head bookkeeper, Miss Fabry said she did not know of the existence of the blanket "publicity" bill for $24,700, the nature of which has been withheld by Mr. Anderson, which he presented to his superiors in April, 1918.

"If any record was made it was not included in any books under my control and I thought that I had all the financial records of the League," Miss Fabry said. "I was told by Mr. Anderson to follow his instructions in my work and I never questioned anything he asked me to do."

Miss Fabry was certain that no record had been entered in her books of the commissions paid to O. Bartsall Phillips. Phillips's name was on the books each week, she said, as having received $100 in salary. She added that Mr. Phillips received the weekly $100 even when the League was in financial arrears.

She went to Mr. Pecora's office because an injustice had been done to her, Miss Fabry said. She said that in the letter of recommendation Mr. Anderson gave her when she left he wrote of her efficiency, zeal and ability.

HUSBANDS' ASHES LOST, BUT WIDOW LOSES SUIT

Mrs. Alwine Parbs Anhert, 80, Led From Court Weeping When 'No Case' Is Found.

A woman who lost two husbands by death and a third and $6,000 by flight, lost a case before Supreme Court Justice Burr yesterday and was led from the courtroom weeping. Her suit was against the United States Cremation Company for $10,000 damages because of alleged indignities in caring for the ashes of her first two husbands.

Mrs. Alwine Parbs Anhert, 80 years old, of 259 East 203d Street, was the plaintiff. Her first husband, Wilhelm Corbach, died in 1893, and her second, Mr. Parbs, died in 1904, four years after she married him. She decided to inter the ashes of both in a 300-pound block of French marble, leaving a compartment for her own ashes. The marble reposed in a niche in the Fresh Pond Crematory. Then a woman servant died and Mrs. Parbs decided to have a bronze wreath attached to the marble slab, with the servant's ashes reposing in the wreath. Then she married Anhert.

Mrs. Anhert brought her suit because when she made a visit to the crematory to inspect the niche in which she expected to find the ashes of her two husbands and her servant, it was empty. She finally found the marble repository under a staircase.

In the course of her testimony Mrs. Anhert stated that Anhert left her and took $6,000 of her money with him. The court found that she had not made out a case.

STEEL INQUIRY HITS SNAG.

Trade Commission Attorneys Object to Use of Contract Documents.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Presentation of the United States Steel Corporation's defense in the Pittsburgh plus case before the Federal Trade Commission struck a snag today, when attorneys for the commission objected to the Steel experts drawing conclusions from documents offered in evidence.

The fight started over thousands of papers offered in evidence by Alfred V. Winter, statistician of the Illinois Steel Company, subsidiary of the corporation at South Chicago. Mr. Winter said the exhibits included all contracts of his company since 1903, except for 1909, when the Pittsburgh plus practice was not in operation.

K. E. Steinhauer, attorney for the commission, objected to Mr. Winter's testifying about varying market prices and using the contracts as evidence, on the ground that his summary of the contracts did not take into consideration "quantity discounts" sometimes allowed large buyers, and "protection letters," which the Government alleges gave the buyer the privilege of buying at a fixed price until the expiration of a given time.

Mr. Winter declared he had never heard of the "protection letters."

John W. Bennett, examiner for the commission, reserved a ruling and placed the contracts in the commission's vaults until the debate is resumed tomorrow.

GRANTS NEW TRIAL OF STOKES DIVORCE

Justice Bijur Rules That Judge Finch, Who Heard Case, Failed to Make Decision.

DECREE WAS NEVER SIGNED

Appeal Is Regarded as Probable—Plaintiff Declares He Had Obtained New Evidence.

Supreme Court Justice Bijur yesterday granted the application of W. E. D. Stokes for a new trial of his suit against Mrs. Helen Elwood Stokes for a divorce, in which Justice Finch decided in September, 1921, after several months' trial, that Mr. Stokes had failed to make out a case, and awarded Mrs. Stokes a separation on her counterclaim.

Mrs. Stokes changed attorneys after the decision was made, because of her litigation to set aside the release of dower in her husband's realty, and no decree was ever presented to Justice Finch to be signed in accordance with his decision. Justice Finch was assigned to the Appellate Division by Governor Miller as soon as he returned from his Summer vacation last Fall, and the Stokes decree was still unsigned.

The application for a new trial was made on the ground that the courts had ruled that a Judge who had taken his seat on the Appellate bench was disqualified from signing any order or taking any action in a case previously heard by him. Justice Bijur, who heard the case several months ago, handed down his decision yesterday finding that "the paper handed down by the learned trial Justice in September, 1921, was, in my opinion, not intended to be a decision in the sense in which that term is used." The Court held that the "paper" handed down by Justice Finch does not meet the requirements of the statute "either in form or substance," and for that reason granted Mr. Stokes's motion.

In the absence of Samuel Untermyer at Palm Beach, it could not be learned yesterday whether or not an appeal will be taken in behalf of Mrs. Stokes, but it is probable that there will. In his application for a new trial Mr. Stokes asserted that he had obtained new evidence which he felt would result in a different outcome of the trial. It is understood that Isidor Gainsburg will again act as trial counsel for Mr. Stokes.

AT 81 SUES HER DAUGHTER.

Jury, However, Believes Younger Woman That Gems Were Gifts.

The unusual spectacle of a woman 81 years of age suing her daughter, 58 years old, for jewelry, one piece of which she asserted she loaned to her twenty-seven years ago, was presented in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, before Justice Joseph Aspinall. The jury upheld the contention of the daughter that the gems were gifts and dismissed the mother's action. Mrs. Margaret A. Eldred of 504 Wilson Avenue was the complainant. Mrs. Theresa Howe Lockwood of 17 Arlington Place was the defendant.

Mrs. Eldred said that in 1896 she loaned her daughter a diamond sunburst valued at $1,200. Twelve years later, she asserted, she loaned her daugther a diamond collar button and in 1918, she declared, she loaned her a ruby ring with seven small diamonds. She stated that when she demanded the return of the jewels several years ago Mrs. Lockwood refused to return them.

Mrs. Lockwood testified that her mother gave her the jewelry as gifts and substantiated this by asserting that a will made after the gift of the sunburst made no mention of that article, which, according to the witness, proved that Mrs. Eldred knew at that time that she had relinquished her ownership.

BRAZIL REBELLION SPREADS.

Several Towns Are Reported Joining Rio Grande do Sul Revolt.

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 30 (Associated Press). — Notwithstanding semi-official dispatches from Rio Janeiro reporting the political situation in the State of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, as tranquil, information filtering through border towns indicates that part of the State is in rebellion against Governor Borges de Medeiros.

Several towns, including Cruzalta and Palmeira, have revolted and deposed the local and State authorities, and rebel forces are reported to have attacked and captured Passo Fundo. The dispatches say that two battalions of picked troops went over to the rebels and also that a thousand rebels seized the railroad between Santa Barbara and Marcelino Ramos. The rebels are reported to have been aroused by the execution of one of their number by the State authorities. Many families are fleeing across the Uruguayan border.

VAN DYKE GIVES LAST LECTURE AT PRINCETON

Murray Professor of English Finishes 24 Years Service—Gets Gifts from Students.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Henry van Dyke finished his twenty-four years of service as Murray Professor of English Literature at Princeton University here today, delivering his farewell lecture in the senior course in nineteenth century English prose before more than 200 persons.

For his valedictory Dr. van Dyke chose "Robert Louis Stevenson and the Art of Fiction" as his subject. After reading from Stevenson's essay "The Lantern Bearer," he expressed the hope that after graduation his students always would think of their alma mater, Princeton, and that they "might sometime give a thought to the old lantern bearer, Henry van Dyke."

Just before the opening of the lecture, Louis R. Schmertz of Jeanette, Pa., Vice President of the senior class, on behalf of the members of the senior English class, presented to Dr. van Dyke a silver humidor, and at the close of the hour, John Start Martin of Chicago, Secretary of the class, presented to the retiring Professor a framed copy of resolutions of appreciation of "Princeton's most loyal and noble son."

Professor van Dyke has not yet made definite plans for the future.

RENEW NEGOTIATION IN DRESS TRADES

Manufacturers and Workers Seek New Contract to Replace Expiring One.

CONCESSIONS ARE LIKELY

Employers Consent to Discuss All Demands, but Call End of Piecework Impossible.

The Association of Dress Manufacturers, Inc., and the Joint Board of the Dress and Waistmakers Unions, reopened negotiations yesterday with a view to drawing up a new contract to take the place of the one that expires tonight.

Negotiations were interrupted last of week work instead of piece work. The parley was resumed yesterday when the manufacturers consented to discuss the demands, but at the same time they renewed their opposition to the introduction of piece work, which they said was impossible.

Both sides entered the meeting at the Hotel Astor determined to maintain peace in the industry, which employs 30,000 workers in this city.

Julius Hochman, general manager of the Joint board of the unions, reported to 2,000 shop delegates last night at Beethoven Hall that little progress was made at yesterday's meeting, as but two demands were discussed. One was the request of the unions that the trial period be for one week instead of two weeks as at present. An employer may, under the present agreement, take employes on trial for two weeks before deciding to keep them permanently. The union wishes to cut this period in half.

The second demand was the desire of the union to have its representatives visit the shops on certain occasions without being accompanied by members of the manufacturers' organizations.

The conference will be resumed today. No strike orders were issued last night by the union, and the shop delegates were told to hold themselves in readiness for eventualities, but no announcement of the next union meeting was made.

Circulars were distributed last night calling on waist operatives in non-union shops to join the union. There are said to be 6,000 waist operatives in non-union shops, and strikes in these establishments may be called in a few days for the purpose of strengthening the waist makers' organization.

B. Altman & Co.

Women's
All-wool Tweed Knickers

for out-of-doors sports activities
offer exceptional values

at the reduced prices of

$5.00, 6.00 & 7.50

Riding Habits Department
(Third Floor)

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Stern Brothers

WEST 42d ST. (Between Fifth and Sixth Avenues) WEST 43d ST.

REDUCTION SALE OF
Men's Overcoats
And Suits
All Kirschbaum Clothes from our own stock

$29.50 $39.50
Values up to $40 Values up to $50

At these substantial reductions you can make your choice from a variety that covers the whole New York style range in models and fabrics. Everything in overcoats from ulsters to box-coats; everything in suits from young men's designs to conservative business men's models.

Tuxedo or Full Dress Coat and Trousers $45

No charge for alterations.

FIVE BIG MANSIONS BURNED IN IRELAND

Victims Include Sir Horace Plunkett and Lord Mayo, Both Members of Dublin Senate.

REBEL CHIEFTAIN CAPTURED

Liam Deasy and a Cork Battalion Are Reported Taken—Republicans Seize Paris Agency.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Jan. 30.—Fire trails are lengthening and spreading throughout the Free State. Residences of wealthy people who have shown sympathy with the British connection and of other prominent persons connected with the Free State Government, the public services and newspapers are considered fair game for mine, bomb and petrol.

Among the latest attacks of this kind were three last night against leading Dublin newspapers. One manager's house was destroyed, a live bomb placed near the house of another proprietor was detected before it exploded, the hay crop of another director was burned and in another case the house next door was blown up in error.

Last night, too, a fine old mansion, at Palmerstown, County Kildare, the property of Senator Lord Mayo, was raided, the occupants ordered out and the house and its contents destroyed.

At Millstone a house close to Castle Bellingham, County Louth, was raided by a large armed band, who ordered out Major Barrow, the owner, his wife and servants, sprinkled the rooms with petrol and looked on while the flames consumed one of the finest residences in that county. Major Barrow, his four children and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Woolsey Butler, were spectators of the destruction.

At 2 o'clock this morning at Kilteragh the beautiful country house of Sir Horace Plunkett, Foxrock, County Dublin, was given to the flames. Visitors today were watching the smouldering ruins of the building, which was constructed without regard for expense and on lines of great beauty, embellished with hundreds of works of art, some ancient, and others by leading Irish painters of modern schools.

When the wreckers arrived the occupants, including Sir Horace Plunkett's secretary, caretaker and chauffeur, were told that the house must be destroyed. A large sized bomb was employed, creating a tremendous explosion and blowing the entire place to bits. Sir Horace's famous receiving bedroom was a feature in itself.

Sir Horace is a Senator of the Free State.

Sir Horace Doubts Political Motive.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 30.—Sir Horace Plunket, at the Madison Club after taking part in exercises in the Capitol today in honor of the late Charles McCarthy, said of the raid at Foxrock, in reply to questions:

"I know nothing about it except what is in the newspapers here. I have no reason to suppose that there is any political significance in it, for the house had no special protection, and if it had been political it would have happened before. I imagine the house was occupied at the time by my private secretary and perhaps two or three servants."

Sir Horace added dispassionately that while it so happened the house was a very fine one, the occurrence was not as regrettable as would have been the wrecking of some poor man's one-room dwelling, and he was glad to know that evidently no one was injured.

He leaves for New York tomorrow enroute to Ireland.

Report Liam Deasy Captured.

DUBLIN, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—It is reported that Liam Deasy, who is alleged to have shared with Liam Lynch the supreme control of the Irish republicans, has been arrested and is now in the custody of the national army authorities.

It is officially announced from Cork that the members of a republican column, numbering 42, were captured by Free State forces while attending a dance in the Araglin district, near Fermoy, in Northern County Cork. The campaign of destruction being carried on by the irregulars has resulted in a guard of Free State forces being placed along the Great Northern Railroad from Dublin to the Ulster border.

The authorities, it is stated, also are contemplating the creation of a blockhouse system.

The Irish Trade Agency in Paris has passed into the hands of the irregulars, owing to "the treachery of the late trade agent," the Dail Eireann was informed today by Desmond Fitzgerald, Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The Irish office in Madrid has been closed, but that in Rome is still open, and no decision has been taken by the Government to curtail its external relations, he added.

William T. Cosgrave, President of the Cabinet, said the Government had decided to suspend payments to those Government officials who had supported disorder and whom the military had imprisoned. These cases were few, he declared.

The Minister of Education, Professor John MacNeill, said some of the Free State teachers had been imprisoned and directions given to the schools to appoint other teachers.

It was announced by Richard Mulcahy, Minister of Defense, that the bodies of men executed by the Free State would not be handed over to their relatives.

CORK, Jan. 30.—The managers of the local theatres and motion picture houses have been ordered by the republicans to close their places of entertainment whenever executions take place.

The Government commander countered with an order that any one obeying the republican mandate would be arrested on a charge of aiding the irregulars.

Women Protest to League.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—A delegation of Irish women today presented to M. Viviani, Acting President of the Council of the League of Nations, a protest against executions in Ireland.

Mrs. Despard, Field Marshal French's sister; Mary MacSwiney and Mrs. Margaret Pearse were among the signers.

For Directors of Associated Press.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The Nominating Committee of The Associated Press in meeting here today made the following nominations to succeed the five Directors whose terms expire in 1923, the rule requiring at least ten nominations:

E. P. ADLER, Davenport (Iowa) Times.
BENJAMIN H. ANTHONY, New Bedford (Mass.) Standard.
H. V. JONES, Minneapolis (Minn.) Journal.
FRANK KNOX, Manchester (N. H.) Union.
W. L. McLEAN, Philadelphia (Pa.) Bulletin.
FRANK B. NOYES, Washington (D. C.) Star.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, New York (N. Y.) Times.
PAUL PATTERSON, Baltimore (Md.) Sun.
STUART H. PERRY, Adrian (Mich.) Telegram and Times.
FREDERICK B. THOMPSON, Birmingham (Ala.) Age-Herald.

The election will take place at the annual meeting of The Associated Press in New York on Tuesday, April 24.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

The First Hats from Paris

Reveal Original Versions
of the
Tailored and Sport Modes
modestly priced
$12.89 to $16.89

RADIANT with an inimitable chic, a jaunty "something" that bespeaks at once their French origin. Fashioned with a superb artistry, a rare understanding, that make them delightfully flattering—and developed in the lovely hues only Paris can produce! They bring with them new spring style and color notes, which you have been awaiting.

KNITTED STRAW!—Truly, there is no end to the Parisian's ingenuity. We think that perhaps the smartest of the new group are two little models that employ this fascinating new fabric—in net effects, for bob-haired misses.

STRAW FABRICS—Also of appealing newness, appear in larger headsizes, with quite the prettiest of ribbon trimmings. And in some especially lovely pokes and high front models. A visit to the department will reveal others not mentioned—but of equal charm.

New Light Browns Bronze Wheat Purple Old Blue
Many Others And, of course, Black!

Macy's—Second Floor, 34th Street, Front.

Macy's Macy's

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS

TODAY
FINAL JANUARY REDUCTION

Hand Tailored Suits
For Men and Young Men

$35.00

Reduced from $50.00 and $55.00

Taken from regular stock and reduced from actual former figures, not from so-called "values."

Including blues in unfinished worsteds.
Grays, browns or mixtures in tweeds.
All of which at their regular price were under the market.

A small charge for alterations—and small occasion for them.

100 Winter Overcoats
for Immediate Clearance
Reduced to $25.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Men's Shops—West 38th and 37th Streets—Street Level

W. & J. SLOANE

FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-SEVENTH STREET NEW YORK

FURNITURE AT MODERATE PRICES

At this season of the year the public interest is aroused and attention strongly directed to the purchase of this very essential item of home furnishing, by reason of the many special discount and closing out sales generally conducted and advertised. It is the time when the careful and thrifty person gives unusual consideration to the matter of price and endeavors to secure, by comparison of the article, the price asked and the reputation of the establishment, the

Greatest Value for the Desired Expenditure

The discriminating purchaser is welcomed by all establishments conducted on the principle of selling sound and desirable merchandise at the lowest prices consistent with dependable quality, and we do not hesitate to direct your attention at this time to

Our New and Important Display of Moderately Priced Furniture

THIS IS NOT A SPECIAL SALE
But it is Quite as Important to You

For comparison with other opportunities will but still further emphasize the very moderate and attractive prices at which it is sold, and the quantity, quality and desirability of the selection offered.

WE CALL ATTENTION TO THE PRICES OF A FEW EXAMPLES LISTED BELOW:—

Bed Room Suites

Mahogany Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, bureau, chiffonier, dressing table, toilet mirror, two side chairs (9 pieces) $350
Hand-Decorated Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, commode, two mirrors, chiffonier, dressing table, toilet mirror, bench, side chair (11 pieces) . 395
Mahogany Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, bureau, dressing table, bench, chifforobe, mirror, side chair (9 pieces) 410
Hand-Decorated Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, commode, two wall mirrors, dressing table, bench, chest of drawers, toilet mirror, side chair, (11 pieces) 450
Hand-Decorated Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, commode, three mirrors, chest of drawers, dressing table, bench, chair (11 pieces) 500
Mahogany Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, bureau, chifforobe, dressing table, bench, writing table, side chair (8 pieces) 520
Walnut Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, dressing table, bureau, chifforobe, side chair, bench (8 pieces) 525
Mahogany Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, commode, wall mirror, chiffonier, dressing table, two side chairs (9 pieces) 625
Mahogany and Maple Bed Room Suite, comprising two beds, night table, bureau, chiffonier, toilet mirror, dressing table, side chair (8 pieces) 625

Dining Room Suites

Walnut Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, draw-top table, china cabinet, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 455
Walnut Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, dining table, china cabinet, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 500
Mahogany Inlaid Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, dining table, china cabinet, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 525
Mahogany Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, china cabinet, dining table, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 575
Mahogany Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, china cabinet, dining table, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 600
Walnut Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, china cabinet, dining table, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 600
Walnut Dining Room Suite, comprising a draw-top table, side-board, china cabinet, one armchair, five side chairs (9 pieces) 625
Caspanea Dining Room Suite, comprising side-board, serving table, dining table, china cabinet, one armchair, five side chairs (10 pieces) 985

We invite a comparison of these prices, and ask that special note be made of the number of pieces in each suite. All pieces are priced separately and may be ordered individually.

OCCASIONAL PIECES

Centre Tables	$25 up	Reading Tables	$10 up	Windsor Chairs	$15 up
Nests of Tables	25 up	Desks	40 up	Book Tables	18 up
Console Tables	18 up	Day Beds	55 up	Book Cases	60 up
Sewing Tables	15 up	Sofa Tables	45 up	Colonial Mirrors	15 up
Upholstered Chairs	55 up	End Tables	14 up	Prints	18 up
				Tea Wagons	42 up

also

A large selection of Odd Bed Room and Dining Room Pieces

The store will remain open until 5.30 P. M. Opens 9 A. M.

Purchases made now will be held for later shipment if desired

CABINET MEMBERS GOING OUT ON TOUR

Vacation and Inspection Trips Will Not Lose Sight of Political Advantages.

HARDING ALSO MAY TRAVEL

Last Chance, This Summer, Say Party Friends, Before the 1924 Canvass Begins.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—After the adjournment of Congress many Administration officials will turn traveling men and go before the country through the media of vacation trips, tours of inspection and appearances at conventions, historical celebrations and other observances. It is apparent that political advantages will not be overlooked.

Secretary Weeks is hopeful of leaving early in March on an inspection tour of virtually every important military post in the country and possibly the Canal Zone and Hawaii. He is desirous of a more intimate touch with insular affairs, and this may result in a stop in Porto Rico, where there has been a political tempest over Governor E. Mont Reily.

Secretary Denby, if he can, will go to observe the manoeuvres of the combined Atlantic and Pacific fleets in the Pacific. These will be the most ambitious peace-time operations ever planned by the Navy Department.

Secretary Hughes has not yet given up his plan to go to Chile to attend the Pan American Conference.

President Harding's movements depend almost entirely upon Mrs. Harding's health. For two Summers Mr. and Mrs. Harding have been disappointed by having to give up plans for a trip to Alaska. The President is convinced that changes must be made in the administration of that territory, and he wants to familiarize himself with Alaskan conditions before making recommendations to Congress.

This Summer will be virtually the President's last opportunity to make a tour of the country before the 1924 pre-convention campaign and a prospective lively session of Congress next Winter. In view of this he has been urged by Republican leaders that he visit as many parts of the country as possible and present the Administration's case in answer to the attacks made upon it. This plan has been urged upon him regardless of whether he decides eventually to become a candidate for re-election, for whether or not he is a candidate in 1924 he has been told that the party cannot escape going before the country on the record of his Administration.

Since it has been announced that the President would visit Florida in March there has been considerable activity by residents of that State to get him to visit their localities. Offers of houses and houseboats have showered upon the White House. But the President is going to Florida for a rest and to give Mrs. Harding an opportunity for quiet in which to recuperate her health. The indications are that if any invitations are accepted outside their itinerary it will be because more seclusion will be assured.

PRAYER REVISIONISTS TO WAIT UNTIL JULY

Church of England Assembly Defers Consideration After Lively Debate.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The National Assembly of the Church of England decided today to postpone until next July consideration of the proposal to revise the Book of Common Prayer.

This decision was reached after a lively debate, in which the Deans of Westminster and York suggested that consideration be deferred at least a year.

The Bishop of Durham declared that the rest of England should fulfill the historic rôle of rescuing the Church from London influence.

AMERICAN TOURISTS ROBBED

Women Lose Jewels and Furs in the Custom House at Cherbourg.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30. — Several American passengers landing from the Olympic at Cherbourg last Friday were victims of a series of thefts in the Custom House.

While the inspectors were examining the baggage of Mr. and Mrs. Fred MacNear of New York, Mrs. MacNear laid down a handbag containing jewelry worth $10,000. When she turned to pick up the handbag it had disappeared.

Miss Helen Reig of New York laid her fur coat on a railing in the Custom House while she wrote a telegram. It was snatched while she wasn't looking.

The Cherbourg police suspect a gang of roobbers who committed similar thefts several months ago, afterhaving traveled as passengers on transatlantic liners.

MISSING PERSONS.

The following missing persons were reported to the police yesterday:

NATHAN ROSENHEIM, 15 years, 42 Boerum Street; Jan. 14 at 7 P. M.; height 5 feet 6 inches, weight 125 pounds, blue eyes, brown hair, fair complexion; dark gray overcoat, light brown suit, cream colored shirt, green striped tie, black lace shoes, blue socks, blue cap.

TIMOTHY MORIARITY, 17 years, 488 Fifth Avenue; 7 A. M., Jan. 17; height 5 feet 6 inches, weight 145 pounds, blue eyes, blond hair, fair complexion, blu esuit, brown shirt, black lace shoes, brown fedora hat.

ANGELINA PETRIOCCO, 20 years, 576 East 136th Street; noon, Jan. 27; height 5 feet 2 inches, weight 119 pounds, brown eyes, black hair, dark complexion; black overcoat, black dress, black satin slippers, black stockings.

LILLIAN MOSKOWITZ, 25 years, 1,914 Bedford Avenue; 9:30 A. M., Jan. 23; height 5 feet 2 inches, weight 133 pounds, blue eyes, brown hair, light complexion; blac ofercoat with beaver collar and cuffs, brown sweater, tan low shoes, black kid gloves, blue suit, black stockings.

Missing Persons Found.

CHARLOTTE TINN, 16 years, 558 Greenwich Street. Reported missing Jan. 8; located at 24 Hancock Street Jan. 24.

DOROTHY WISE, 17 years, 1,483 Pacific Street, Brooklyn. Reported missing Jan. 12; located at 569 Baltic Street Jan. 26.

ABRAHAM SCHULTZ, 60 years, 1 Glenmore Avenue. Reported missing Jan. 15; returned Jan. 26.

JOSEPH ROSENSTEIN, 16 years, 387 Williams Avenue. Reported missing Jan. 18; located in United States Army at Fort Jay, New York, Jan. 26.

FRANCIS HORN, 16 years, 76 Ludlow Street. Reported missing Jan. 20; returned Jan. 24.

JOHN H. ROSS, 24 years, 1,135 Fulton Street. Reported missing Jan. 22; located in hospital at Philadelphia Jan. 25.

ISADORE REAR, 16 years, 443 Alabama Avenue. Disappeared Jan. 24; returned Jan. 25.

FLOSSIE CHANIKIN, 17 years, 25 St. Nicholas Avenue. Disappeared Jan. 23. Married and mother notified of whereabouts.

JOHN LEMLEIN, 18 years, 85 Woodward Avenue. Disappeared Jan. 26; located at Fort Jay, New York, Jan. 28.

ALICE SCHNAPSCH, 8 years, 558 Grand View Avenue. Disappeared Jan. 28; located same day.

WILL STORE GRAIN TO RELEASE CARS

Railroads Allowed to Put 1,000,000 Bushels in Brooklyn Barge Canal Elevator.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 30.—More than 1,000,000 bushels of grain will be placed for temporary storage in the Barge Canal elevator at Gowanus Bay, Brooklyn, in order to release for use in transportation of commodities 1,000 grain-laden cars now in New Jersey railroad yards, it was announced today by Edward S. Walsh, Superintendent of Public Works.

Decision to permit grain storage by the railroads in the Barge Canal elevator, Mr. Walsh said, came after a telegraphic appeal from F. D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad, to Governor Smith, asking that the nearly empty elevator be used in order to release cars "badly need to move commodities in this time of scarcity of cars and transportation."

Governor Smith referred the matter to Superintendent Walsh, who gave authority for use of the elevator, as it was a public facility and the public interest demanded its use by the railroads in time of emergency when such use did not interfere with canal commerce.

Mr. Walsh announced today the appointment as Superintendents of Canal Repairs of John McLane of Rexford for Section 2, eastern division, and Henry M. Little of Macedon for Section 8, western division.

NO TRACE OF LAUTMAN DISCOVERED BY POLICE

Wife of Pittsburgh Buyer Who Disappeared Last Week With $50,000 Returns Home.

Although police all over the country had been directed to be on the lookout for Mortimer E. Lautman, the missing general merchandise manager of Kaufmann Brothers of Pittsburgh, no trace of him was found yesterday. His wife, who came here to aid in the search, returned to her home in Pittsburgh during the day. Members of his family insisted that he was innocent of any wrongdoing.

Word was received here that Sol Michaels, a lace manufacturer of 906 Broadway, who charges that Lautman never accounted for $20,000 he gave him to buy stock in Kaufmann Brothers, had decided to remain in Pittsburgh for a few days in an effort to determine whether he could not recover some of this money from property left by Lautman. Benjamin A. Hartstein of 217 Broadway, Michaels's attorney, is expected to return to New York today.

TOO HAPPY TO LIVE LONGER.

Reason Given by a Paris Bride Who Killed Herself and Husband.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Because she was so happy she was afraid her happiness could not last, a woman killed her husband and then herself, after only three days of married life.

M. and Mme. Liebaut, who lived in a Paris suburb, were found dead in bed this morning. It was apparent from an examination of the bodies that the wife had shot the husband through the head and then shot herself. The suicide seemed inexplicable. Their wedding was celebrated only three days ago, and the couple were known to be devoted to each other. Financial difficulties could not supply the reason, either, for Liebaut was comfortably off.

The tragedy, therefore, appeared to be thoroughly mysterious until a letter was found in the wife's handwriting, in which she announced her intention to act as she did, saying that her happiness was so great that it was impossible that it could continue, and, therefore, the best thing was to end their lives before it ceased.

GREET JAPANESE SILK MEN.

Mission to Exposition Is Entertained at Luncheon.

The members of the Japanese Silk Mission, which has come to attend the Silk Exposition opening at the Grand Central Palace on Feb. 5, were guests at a luncheon at the Hotel Commodore yesterday given by the Managing Director of the exposition. In a speech to the visitors James A. Goldsmith, President of the Silk Association of America, urged co-operation between the two countries in distributing the raw materials and the finished product.

Zensuke Kudo, who heads the mission, declared that Japan furnished 80 per cent. of the silk fabrics in the world today, and that 80 per cent. of their production is sent to that country. He said that Japan owed much of its success in the industry to the co-operation of America.

The foreign delegates to the exposition will be guests at a dinner this evening at the Hotel Biltmore, and tomorrow a luncheon will be given for the Chinese delegation at the Hotel Commodore.

WITHDRAWS RESIGNATION.

Rube R. Fogel Assured Canadian Club Will Not Exclude Jews.

Rube R. Fogel of R. R. Fogel & Co., manufacturing jewelers of 173 Broadway, yesterday withdrew his letter of resignation from the Canadian Club of New York. The letter was written to the club, an organization of 1,400 members, following a meeting of thirty-seven members at which Mr. Fogel understood the club had decided upon the exclusion of Jews. President Albert Oliver of the Canadian Club denied such a policy had been adopted and wrote Mr. Fogel, asking that the letter of resignation be withdrawn. Mr. Fogel's reply to President Oliver follows:

"Your kind letter of the 29th inst. received. In accordance with your suggestion, I am perfectly willing to forget what has occurred, and, therefore, ask that my letter, addressed to the club members, be returned to me."

Mr. Fogel said that he now regarded the incident closed.

Packers Give $150,000 for Institute.

Approximately $150,000 has been subscribed by the meat packers of America to begin development of the Institute Plan, according to an announcement yesterday by Thomas E. Wilson, Chairman of the Plan Commission of the Institute of American Meat Packers. The plan, he said, would provide for "the ultimate development at Chicago of a combined educational institution, research institute, trade association and industrial museum."

Wrong Mrs. Valentino Named.

It was erroneously stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday that it was "Mrs. Rodolph Valentino No. 2" who had failed to appear in Traffic Court to pay a fine for a taxicab chauffeur for speeding. In reality it was "Mrs. Rodolph Valentino No. 1." The taxicab driver in question said that he was driving Mrs. Valentino to a Mount Vernon theatre when he was arrested for speeding. When Mrs. Valentino failed to pay his fine of $50 the driver was sent to the Tombs for three days.

Edward Kasner Freed.

Edward Kasner, a taxicab chauffeur, of 515 East Seventy-seventh Street, was discharged for lack of evidence when he was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Max S. Levine in the Tombs Court on an assault charge, growing out of the injury to Edward Lapin, 28, of 204 East Broadway, who was struck by Kasner's machine at Broadway and Chambers Street on Jan. 11.

PALM BEACH PARIS

Jay-Thorpe Inc.

24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST

SPRING HATS

Original models and copies
From the leading French Milliners
also
Distinctive original creations
By our own designers

25.00 *upward*

French Salon—Third Floor

J. M. Gidding & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 56TH AND 57TH STS.

Groups of Winter Fashions priced for prompt selling before Inventory

Day Coats — Formerly to $150 — $65
Fur-lined Capes — Formerly to $295 — $125 up
Dresses — Formerly to $195 — $55—$68

In the Misses Salon
(14 and 16 sizes only)
Odd Evening Gowns.....$35
Formerly $75 to $95
Sport and Top Coats.....$35
Formerly to $75
Afternoon Dresses.....$55
Formerly to $125

OVERCOATS
ULSTERS

—Saks'-Tailored or "Paddington" London-Made—

EVERY type of coat for mid-winter wear. Almost unlimited selection, in a wide range of prices, each group representing the very best values in overcoats of distinction that New York has seen for years.

Your model, your cloth, your favored color is here — and it will take you but two seconds to satisfy your choice

"Paddington" Models . $38 to $50
Saks'-Tailored . . . . $43 to $88

FIFTH FLOOR

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

Franklin Simon & Co. Boys' Shops

TODAY
Final January Sale

Boys' Shoes

3.50

Former Prices 4.50 to 7.50

Taken from our regular stock and radically reduced

Tan or Black — Sizes 11 to 6

Individual Shops for Boys—*Fifth Floor*

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

CHILDREN'S HAIRCUTTING SHOP—*Fifth Floor*

STETSON

SMART SHOES
for ACTIVE MEN

The problem of attractive footwear for the busy man is solved by STETSONS with the

STETSON
Healdarch
The INVISIBLE FEATURE *that* ALLOWS *the* FOOT MUSCLES *to* EXERCISE

Moderate in price for quality—as is usual with STETSON *Shoes*

STETSON SHOPS, *Inc.*
5 E. 42nd St. *at* Fifth Ave.
143 Broadway *at* Liberty St.
Broadway *at* 45th Street, Hotel Astor

SHOES

China and Table Crystal of rare charm at 10% to 50% discount.

Excellent China and Crystal
at very unusual prices

EVERY year Ovington's provides New York hostesses the opportunity of getting the most charming china and table crystal at very attractive prices.

It's an old Ovington custom, this January sale. This year the discounts are from 10% to 50%—and nothing in the entire Ovington collection of china and table crystal is exempt.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

BAYER Genuine ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.
Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Macy's

Continuing the January Clearance of

MEN'S SUITS

$27.50

Formerly $34.75

Also including a special purchase of suits of the same quality.

The average man's style and favorite fabric are included in this offering. There are herringbones, stripes, unfinished worsteds, pencil stripes and worsteds. Sizes for regularly built fellows and those of unusual proportions.

Every suit is all wool and is tailored to our specifications.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

Herald Square New York

The Mid-Winter Sale of a Dependable Specialist

Flint's Fine Furniture

A Walnut Bedroom Suite—$297

Was $350—now one of fifty suites under $400

AS PROOF POSITIVE that the way to get value in furniture is to come to a dependable specialist, consider the case of this beautifully grained walnut bedroom suite. It has full width bow-end bed, dresser and vanity table, both with plate glass tops, and a chifforobe. Its price now $297, was, before the Sale, $350, and it was good value then.

Bedroom Suites - - - - - - $199 to $3937
10-piece Dining Room Suites - $289 to $3456
Upholstered Living Room Sets - - - - $189 up

FLINT & HORNER CO., INC.
20-26 WEST 36TH STREET
A few yards from Fifth Avenue

Pictures Throughout the World

IT is possible to see what is going on in the remotest corners of the habitable globe without leaving the comfort of your own fireside.

SUBSCRIBE for MID-WEEK PICTORIAL and enjoy each week 100 etchings, portraying the activities of peoples of all nations in their political, social, scientific and sporting aspects.

UNUSUAL incidents, beautiful natural scenes, dramatic productions in New York, fashions for women from Paris, are among the many subjects appearing from week to week.

Printed Throughout in Rotogravure
The Only Magazine of its Kind in America

Mid-Week Pictorial

Published Thursdays by The New York Times Company.
Times Square, New York

10 cents a copy. *$5.00 a year.*

LINCOLN MOTOR CASE SETTLED IN COURT

Company Will Pay the Government $1,550,000 and Receives Clean Bill of Health.

NO FRAUD, SAYS OFFICIAL

Merchandise Creditors Will Get Payments of 47 Per Cent. of Their Claims.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Jan. 30.—War contract claims of the Government against the Lincoln Motor Car Company will be settled for $1,550,000, according to an agreement presented today before Judge Tuttle, of the Federal District Court. This settlement will leave the company enough to pay its creditors 47 cents on the dollar, according to James O. Murfi, attorney for the Detroit Trust Company, receiver.

Representatives of the Government, the company and several creditors told the court that they believed the proposed settlement was fair. U. A. Tellier, special Assistant Attorney General, in charge of the Lincoln Company case, said the company had received a clean bill of health and no further action was contemplated.

The Government originally demanded $6,159,561 from the company, alleging overpayments for the manufacture of munitions. It was asserted that the concern built a great automobile factory at Government expense, raised the profits on each Liberty motor from $625, as calculated in the contract, $1,276, and made 70g per cent. on the money it invested.

In court today Mr. Tellier said to Judge Tuttle:

"After an audit of the company's books the Government realized that there was no juggling of figures. We were given every freedom to investigate the books by officials of the company and the receivers.

"We have found no fraud in the procuring of contracts and we found no inducements offered by officials of the Lincoln Motor Car Company to representatives of the Government. We investigated the character of the men representing the Government in making the contracts, and found them to be honorable, conscientious and trying to do their duty to the Government they served."

The Lincoln plant was bought at bankruptcy sale last spring by Henry Ford for $3,000,000, but since that time the Government has received about $600,000 for taxes and other secured claims have been paid, reducing the amount available to pay off creditors to about $2,400,000. Payment to the Government of $1,550,000 will leave about $3,000,000 to be paid to the 800 merchandise creditors of the Lincoln Company. Other claims, when the last receiver's report was filed, amounted to $5,835,177, with $1,515,337 more under consideration. The stockholders' claims were wiped out at the bankruptcy sale.

DAUGHERTY ATTACKS SALE OF COAL STOCK

Raises Question of Good Faith in Transfer of Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Attorney General Daugherty filed in the Federal District Court today a petition raising the question whether the proposed sale of the stock of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company to the Jackson E. Reynolds Syndicate of New York was made in good faith.

The stock of the coal company, which is owned by the Central Railroad Company of New Jersey, was ordered sold under the United States Supreme Court decree for the dissolution of the Reading's interests. The Jersey Central is controlled by the Reading company. The petition asks that any and all evidence bearing on the proposed sale be heard in court.

When the Federal Court was asked to confirm the sale to the Reynolds syndicate objections were raised by various parties on the ground that a bid by the Franklin Securities Corporation of Philadelphia was a better one. All objections were withdrawn, with the exception of that entered by Isaac T. and Mary T. W. Starr, minority stockholders in the Jersey Central.

One of the principal objections of the Starrs has been that Jackson E. Reynolds, head of the syndicate, who was officially connected with the Jersey Central and the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company, received "inside information," and that many members of his syndicate were disqualified from purchasing the coal stock.

Hearings on the Starr objections were postponed several times.

DEFY COURT, FREE SLAYER.

Jurors, Told to Convict Husband of Manslaughter, Acquit Him.

FREEHOLD, N. J., Jan. 30.—Contrary to instructions from the Court to bring in a verdict of manslaughter, the jury acquitted Ralph Eovino, on trial charged with the murder of his wife in their home last August.

"I am sorry to say, gentlemen, that I do not agree with you. You are discharged until Thursday," said Justice Samuel Kalisch upon hearing the verdict. In his charge to the jury, the Court said:

"There is no such thing as the unwritten law. In my judgment the ends of justice will be met if a verdict for manslaughter is returned."

CLUE TO MISSING GROSS.

Police Seek Youth and Kidnappers in Newark.

Newark police, aided by Philadelphia authorities, are following several clues that are expected to locate Joseph Gross, 24, of 567 Kenilworth Avenue, Philadelphia, son of Nathan Gross, a wealthy merchant, and lead to the arrest of his captors, who, police believe, are holding him for ransom.

Gross disappeared Dec. 1. He drove his fiancée to her home in his automobile, but did not return to his own home. His automobile was found abandoned the following day in Michigan Avenue, Philadelphia. Evidence recently turned over to the police by the Gross family accounts for the activity of detectives in Newark.

FOR NEW MOTOR SPEEDWAY.

Capitalists Buy 800 Acres for the Project Near Richmond, Va.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 30.—Sale of 800 acres of land at Glen Allen, Va., on which will be constructed a two-mile motor speedway and grandstands accommodating 60,000 to 75,000 persons, was announced today by a firm of local attorneys. The lawyers refused to say who was behind the movement, but it was reported the project was being financed by New York and Indianapolis capitalists.

Glen Allen is about ten miles north of Richmond. Tentative plans call for completion of the track and stands within twelve months.

Broadway at Ninth, New York — John Wanamaker — Store Hours 9 to 5:30

How Little It Costs Here to Furnish a Home!

From the Founder's Writings

Pressed on All Sides by the Enemy

one of the Austrian generals in an early war sent a message to the Commanding Officer asking whether he should retire. With a pencil, the General addressed wrote as the reply—

the one word "FORWARD"

That word is almost an immortal. It spells courage and duty. Whatever opposition or however strong the conditions to be faced, Forward, always and ever Forward, begets confidence and overcomes all obstacles.

It is a fine word to engrave upon the memory.

Fling it out every day, and keep step.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

The Wanamaker February Sale bristles with examples of fine furniture at low prices. Pieces of reed, willow or maple furniture may be had for as little as $4.50; mission furniture pieces start at $8; there are dressers at $21.50, chiffoniers at $18, tea wagons at $21.50.

Matched suites have a corresponding price range. There is a living-room suite at $158; a bedroom suite of $130 grade costs but $97.50; dining-room suites begin at $150.

Worthy of Special Mention

$225 for a $300 Dining-room Suite

There are 10 pieces, of the Queen Anne type in finely figured veneers. The table is of the favored oblong type; the sideboard is 60 inches; the chairs are gum wood and walnut finish.

$375 for a $500 Dining-room Suite

Here also there are 10 pieces, Sheraton in color and finish. The sideboard is 66 inches; the chair seats are upholstered in blue figured damask. The dignified proportions of this suite are well brought out by the use of inlaid lines on all pieces.

These suites are among the best offerings in the furniture sale. Of the permanent type in design and construction, they are offered at extremely moderate prices.

Fourth to Eighth Galleries, New Building

Today is the Last Day of

Our January Linen Sale

Soiled and rumpled linens, such as tablecloths, napkins, remnants of table damask, odd dozens of towels, remnants of toweling and decorative linens. All in a great sale.

Tablecloths

Mostly standard sizes. A few of the larger sizes, also.

At $3.75, $4.75 and $6.75 ea.
2x2 yards, were $7.50 to $10.75 each.

At $7.50 and $9.75
2x2½ yds., were $12 and $15 each.

At $11.50 and $14
2x3 yards, were $18 to $28 each.

Napkins

Half dozen lots, $1.45 to $4.75 half dozen. Were $4.75 to $12.50 dozen.

Towels

Odd dozen at $4.20, $5.40, $6.75 and $9 dozen. Were $6.60, $7.80, $10.80 and $18.80 dozen.

And about $7,000 worth of decorative linens. Madeira, Porto Rican, Chinese and Italian linens. At almost half price.

* * *

As the quantity is limited we can take no mail or phone orders. No linens sent C. O. D.

First Floor, Old Building

The Music Box

In the Auditorium
Today at 2:30 p. m.

Organ Recital

By Marcel Dupre

Admission by complimentary ticket. Apply Auditorium.

First Gallery, New Building.

Exclusive New Fashions in Lingerie

of Crepe de Chine

Special at $2.95 to $5.75

Smart simplicity is the keynote of this collection of lovely underthings, neatly tailored or attractively finished with touches of hand-made lace, which are featured in delicate pastel tints—apple blossom pink, mountain haze, peach.

NIGHTGOWNS, $3.75 for $4.95 grade; $4.75 for $5.95 grade; $5.75 for $6.95 grade.

ENVELOPE CHEMISES, $2.75 for $3.95 grade; $3.75 for $4.95 grade; $4.75 for $5.95 grade.

TWO-PIECE SETS—vest chemises and step-in drawers—$3.50 each for $4.95 grade.

BLOOMERS—$2.50 for $3.50 grade.

Third Floor, Old Building

Today—The Last Day to Buy

Everything for the Baby at Greatly Lowered Prices

and when this sale closes, because of the greatly increased cost of materials and labor, we will not, in many instances, be able to duplicate the prices for which many of these garments were sold last December.

50-piece layettes, machine-made, $17
56-piece layettes, hand-made, $45.20

Every essential garment which the young baby may require from the time he arrives until he is several months old is included in these lovely layettes, which we have carefully arranged for the convenience of young mothers.

Cotton and wool shirts, 75c.

Long flannel Gertrudes, machine or hand-scalloped, 95c to $2.50.

Long slips, painstakingly hand-made of soft nainsook, $1.

Adorable hand-made dresses of fine nainsook, $1, $1.75 and $2.50.

Sacques of white cassimere, with finishing touches of pink or blue, $1.25 to $3.95.

Full length wrappers of flannelette, 45c; of white cassimere, trimmed with pink or blue, $3.95 to $6.95.

Flannelette nightgowns, 45c.

Arnold knit nightgowns, 85c.

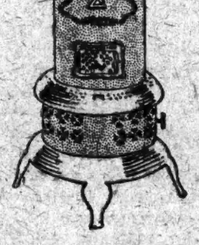
Third Floor, Old Building

To Meet the Coal Shortage

1000 Perfection Oil Heaters at $5.50

Delivered in your home wherever the Wanamaker motors run.

Phone and mail orders filled while the quantity lasts.



Gas and Electric Heaters

Cylinder heaters	$3.25 to $6.25
Radiators, high and low type	$3.75 to $8.75
Heaters with reflector backs	$9.75
Heaters with asbestos backs	$9.75
Lawson gas heaters	$5 to $8
Electric heaters, reflector type	$7.50 to $12

Seventh Gallery, New Building.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Eat Kellogg's Bran regularly to get permanent relief from constipation!

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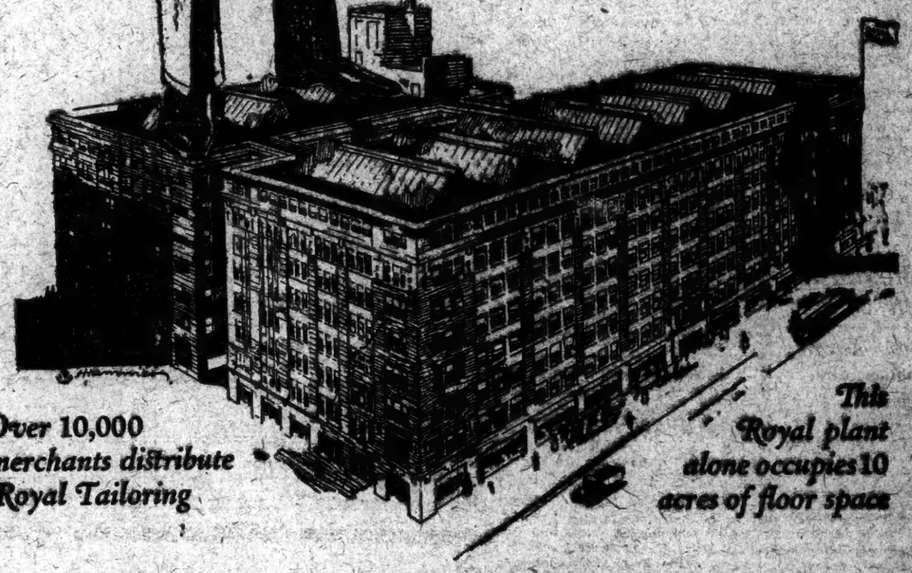

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Pictured News

AUSTRIA AS FEW TOURISTS SEE IT—Summit of the Kleinglockner, reached by a party of adventurous climbers who risked death on the treacherous snow crests.

WAR DOG SPEAKS—United States Army 240, in target practice at Fort Bragg, N. C., destroys a target eight miles away.

CARUSO COMES BACK—Bust of the famous singer, by his countryman Filippo Cifariello of Palermo, which is to be placed in a niche of the Metropolitan Opera House as a permanent memorial.

LUXOR GOWN—Inspired by the discoveries in Egypt, displayed at Spring fashion show of the National Retail Garment Association.

The New York Times Rotagravure-Picture Section
Next Sunday

Reserve a copy of The New York Times at your news stand.

MISS SHUSTER WEDS DESPITE OBJECTION

Daughter of Century Company President Becomes the Bride of William Morris.

MOTORED TO ROCKVILLE, MD.

Couple Had Met in Washington—Elopers Were Once Sought in Three States.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 30.—Miss Carolyne Shuster, 19-year-old daughter of W. Morgan Shuster, President of the Century Publishing Company of New York, and William Morris, son of a Glasgow (Ky.) merchant, whose attempted elopement last September was frustrated, were married yesterday in Rockville, Md. This was made known today by the couple, who are registered at a hotel here.

They announced their intention of leaving soon for Florida, where they will spend several weeks of their honeymoon.

Morris, who is 21 years old, came from Florida last Friday and met Miss Shuster in Washington yesterday. Thence they motored to Rockville, where they were married. After the ceremony they registerd at a hotel here and later left, according to the clerk, with an elderly man for another hotel.

The young couple attempted to elope from Glasgow Sept. 7 last. At that time Miss Shuster, with her mother, was visiting Mrs. H. C. Trigg, her grandmother. They had intended to be married at Jeffersonville, Ind., but an accident to their automobile at Goodnight, Ky., prevented this. Then they decided to be married in Tennessee, and while waiting for a machine to take them there Vernon Black, a resident of Glasgow, persuaded Miss Shuster to return to that place.

Miss Shuster said today that Black had received an offer of $1,000 from her parents if he would bring back the couple unmarried.

Mr. Shuster, the bride's father, was Treasurer General of Persia during President Taft's Administration.

GLASGOW, Ky., Jan. 30.—At the time of the attempted elopement from this place last September of Miss Carolyne Shuster and William Morris Miss Shuster was reported to have been kidnapped. Later it developed that she had eloped and the aid of police in Kentucky, Indiana and Tennessee was sought by her relatives to find the couple.

The elopers, accompanied by a boy friend of Morris, were successful in eluding searchers from Wednesday night until Saturday morning, but finally were found in a village eight miles from Glasgow.

HORNE FOR BETTER TERMS.

Says Britain Spent $1,000,000,000 More Than Debt Total Here.

MONTREAL, Jan. 30.—"Great Britain will pay her debts to the United States, and pay them in full, but we are entitled to a bargain less exacting than that arranged during the war," said Sir Robert Horne, ex-Chancellor of the British Exchequer, at a joint meeting of the Canadian and Rotary Clubs today.

"It must always be remembered," Sir Robert continued, "that Great Britain did not get money for the loan obtained from the United States. This was represented for the most part by goods and war material. Not only did Britain leave the amount of the loan in cash in the United States, but the total amount of money spent there for equipment and the like by her exceeded the British debt to the United States by $1,000,000,000."

Referring to the refunding of the British loan, Sir Robert pointed out that the rate of exchange was not now the same as when the debt was incurred. If a full return of the debt were made now, he said, Great Britain would be paying more than she had originally received.

Lew Dockstader Hurt in Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Jan. 30.—Lew Dockstader, veteran minstrel, was removed from the Hotel Klein to Middlesex Hospital today, suffering from injuries received when he fell on the ice while returning to his hotel last night from Keith's Star Theatre, where he has been playing. It was at first reported that the old theatrical favorite had been seriously injured, but later in the day Dr. E. J. Cronk reported that he was suffering only from shock and back strain. Today it was thought advisable to remove him to the hospital so that he could have constant care and complete rest.

WISH TO HONOR AMERICANS.

Greeks Ask Permission to Decorate 21 Navy Men for Relief Service.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Jan. 29.—The Greek Ministry of Marine today asked the United States Navy to permit the award of the Greek War Cross to the following twenty commanders of American destroyers which assisted in the Near East Relief in the evacuation of refugees from Asia Minor in the last three months:

Halsey Powell of the destroyer Edsall, Byron McCandless of the Parrott, Herbert A. Ellis of the MacLeish, Samuel Bryant of the McCormick, Harrison Knaues of the Simpson, Alfred W. Atkins of the Bulmer, Edwin A. Walleson of the Lawrence, John S. Rhodes of the Litchfield, Charles T. Blackburn of the Hatfield, Rufus F. Zogbaum of the Gelmer, Howard Welbcok of the Fox, John S. Barleon of the Hans, Walter U. Edwards of the Bainbridge, Rufus W. Mathewson of the Hopkins, Harry L. Pence of the McFarlane, D. Bruce U. Ware of the Overton, Carlos A. Bailey of the Sturtevant, Richard S. Field of the Goff, Leslie Jordan of the Barry, Henry G. Fuller of the King.

The request also applies to Captain A. J. Hepburn, Chief of Staff at Constantinople, who directed the movements of the destroyers during the period in question.

Jefferson Caffery, the American Charge d'Affaires, will forward the request to Washington.

FAMINE IN DAGHESTAN.

American Relief Administration Plans to Aid Starving Natives.

MOSCOW, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The Daghestan Republic, a tiny nation of fierce mountain tribes on the northeastern slope of the Caucasus, is starving and without medicine, M. Sumsofsky, its President, has informed Captain Cyril J. Quinn, acting head of the American Relief Administration. As a result of a conference between the two men, the relief organization has agreed to help Daghestan.

The population of this out-of-the-way republic is chiefly Mussulman, and because the women, having practically no clothing, are without veils to hide their faces, the men go about the streets only after dark.

The Relief Administration is arranging to open feeding stations on the western shore of the Caspian Sea, which can be reached only by mule back over the mountain trails.

President Sumzofsky told Captain Quinn that 250,000 cases of tropical malaria existed in his country, while 150,000 persons were starving. He said that sixty-three dialects were spoken in the small area of 30,000 square miles of rough country that make up the nation.

The prospect of adventure in the mountain wilderness has resulted in a flood of applications from administration workers for the relief assignment.

"Y" STARTS $250,000 DRIVE.

Plans Made at Dinner to Get 10 Per Cent. of Budget for Work Here.

Committeemen and leaders, representing 30,000 members of the New York City Y. M. C. A. attended a complimentary dinner at the Hotel Commodore last night, to open the annual financial canvas. The amount sought is $250,000, or 10 per cent. of the annual budget, $2,500,000, which is the operating cost of all the thirty "Y" centres in the city. Participating members provide 87 per cent. of the total, and endowments furnish 3 per cent., it was reported.

Various features of the association's work were described in short addresses. Motion pictures of the association's work were shown.

12 BODIES FOUND IN TANKER

Death List in Tampico Ship Fire Now Totals 22.

TAMPICO, Mexico, Jan. 30.—The bodies of ten more Mexican seamen and two fishermen who lost their lives in the burning of the tank steamer San Leonardo were recovered yesterday. Their burial was made the occasion of a radical demonstration, but there were no disorders.

The San Leonardo, owned by the Mexican Eagle Oil Company, was partly destroyed by the fire, which broke out last Thursday night while she lay at the company's dock in the lower Panuco River. Ten bodies were recovered from the tanker last Saturday.

CARNARVON TELLS OF BEAUTIES FOUND

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

to a dark brown. In spite of its fragility we hope that, between two sheets of glass, it may be preserved to live many years yet. From its size it appears to be a child's glove. Some suggest that it was the property of King Tut-ankh-Amen when a baby and that it had been tenderly preserved, but nobody knows, nor am I expert enough to say how much linen gloves are in the habit of shrinking in the course of three thousand years. Anyhow, I conjecture that it must be the oldest glove of which there is any record.

"For the moment I must content myself with mentioning these few things, but I cannot close without testifying to the magnificent work which Mr. Carter has done in organizing the whole procedure for the salvage of these treasures. All of the staff have given of their best, and I believe the result will be commensurate with all the trouble, thought and thoroughness which they have lavished on the work."

In connection with Lord Carnarvon's tribute to his staff it should be stated that during his absence in England Howard Carter and his able assistants worked most indefatigably to clear the antechamber and prepare the way for opening the sealed wall of the inner chamber. It has been an exceedingly difficult and anxious time for all concerned, especially for Mr. Carter, on whom the responsibility rested.

Most of the objects dealt with were in an exceedingly fragile and friable condition. The manner in which they lay in the chamber made it very difficult to move them, since in many cases they supported each other, and moving one meant propping up several others which it was difficult to get at until the supporting object had been removed. Sometimes, by actual liquefaction of their substances, they were glued together. Further, the narrow passage, low entrance and dilapidated steps to the tomb combined to render their withdrawal to the outside a very delicate process.

Thanks, however, to the infinite care, patience and skill of the little band of workers, everything that so far has been handled has been removed without any damage. The last object, and most cumbersome one to be removed, namely, the "Hathor" ceremonial couch, was brought out on Wednesday last with a skill which commanded the admiration of the large crowd which watched the operation. At the present moment there remain in the ante-chamber only the Lion and Typhon ceremonial couches, four chariots, two statues and one or two smaller objects. It may take some days yet to remove these, as the couches and chariots are in a condition which necessitates a considerable amount of treatment before they can be handled for removal.

Mystery Shrouds Inner Chambers.

Meanwhile, the opening of the next chamber must wait. What occupies every one's mind just now is speculation as to what is in the next chamber. Is there a next, and a next, and a next? Is the very next one the real tomb? Is the mummy there, or have we to look to other rooms beyond. No one knows.

It is impossible not to be impressed here with the extremely friendly, even affectionate, attitude of the native Egyptians of all classes toward Lord Carnarvon. Every one knows him and every one obviously is glad to see him back. It is a refreshing contrast to the attitude of some of the Egyptian newspapers elsewhere which have been assailing him for political purposes with the greatest bitterness. The fact is that here the people are well acquainted with Lord Carnarvon and know especially that he likes them. He likes Egypt and the Egyptians and is their stanch friend.

Mr. Carter has also spent the greater part of his life in Egypt, understands the people and likes them and, as always, liking begets liking.

Legends in the Weaving.

Already in this land of superstition myths are beginning to grow up. All sorts of supernatural explanations are given as to how Lord Carnarvon was directed where to dig to find Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb, and there is a myth of Mr. Carter's canary and the cobra. It is a fact that Mr. Carter had a canary, and that sometime about the date of the discovery of the tomb a cobra got into his house, climbed on the table where the cage was and killed the canary, being later found in the cage and killed in its turn. Out of this, the most fantastic stories are being manufactured.

The cobra is an ancient symbol of Egyptian royalty, and as such the statues of King Tut-ankh-Amen in the tomb wear cobras in their headdress, so it has been easy to weave a legend that brought in the little bird, which in some way symbolized the modern spirit of civilization, and the cobra, which stood for the powers of the old dynasties, the wrath of the ancient gods sending the snake to destroy Mr. Carter's pretty pet. Already there is an inclination to speak of the tomb as "the tomb of the bird."

Today all is quiet in the Valley of the Kings. Nothing is being done at the tomb or in the laboratories, Tuesday, according to time honored local custom, being the diggers' weekly holiday to enable the laborers to attend the general market which is held on that day in Luxor.

NEW DISCOVERIES RUMORED

London Hears, but Cannot Confirm, Reports of Finds at Asslut.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Daily Mail says that rumors have been circulating freely in Egypt during the last few days concerning a great discovery which, if the reports should prove to be well founded, may rival in importance those in the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen.

The centre whence these reports proceed is in the neighborhood of Asslut, where a party is working for Professor Flinders Petrie, Egyptologist in the University College of London.

The report cannot at present be confirmed by Professor Petrie, who said yesterday to a Daily Mail reporter:

"The latest letter I have had from my people in Egypt reports quite satisfactory progress, but nothing of a sensational character."

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36 in.	Marmot Coats Plain	$50.
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40 in.	Alaska Seal Wraps Some Plain. Also with Skunk Collar and Cuffs	$225.
45 in.	Hudson Seal Coats (Dyed Muskrat) Plain or Squirrel Trimmed	$225.
40 in.	Dark Raccoon Coats	$225.
45 in.	Mole Coats & Capes	$250.
48 in.	Brown Caracul Capes With Fox Collar and Border	$295.
45 in.	Alaska Seal Coats Plain	$395.
30 in.	Mink Coats	$395.
48 in.	Amer. Ermine Coats	$495.

SPRING casts its Fashion Shadows in the costumes that Gidding suggests for the *South, Ocean Travel, European Resorts* and the *Orient.*

For Links, Tennis Court or Motor Parkway are striped flannels, kasha, embroidered eponge and bright shades of homespuns.

Luncheon and Tea frocks are fashioned of crisp organdie, imported Swiss, printed silk and gay colored crepe.

As Evening approaches—simple gowns of pastel chiffon—crepes printed in Oriental tones and design and sheer lace appear.

Travel Coats and Suits—Summer Furs—Dainty Hats and Bathing Necessities are ready to be selected from Gidding.

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The Tailored Woman INC.
622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

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LIGHT and incredibly soft is this coat of Burlap Camel's Hair in natural or platinum. It is lined throughout with fine crêpe-de-chine and is the ideal coat for travel, seeming but a feather's weight. The lines are strictly those of *The Tailored Woman.*

110.50

Skirts of pleated crêpe-de-chine, skirt of homespun, flannel, wool jersey and eponge, 22.50 to 28.50.

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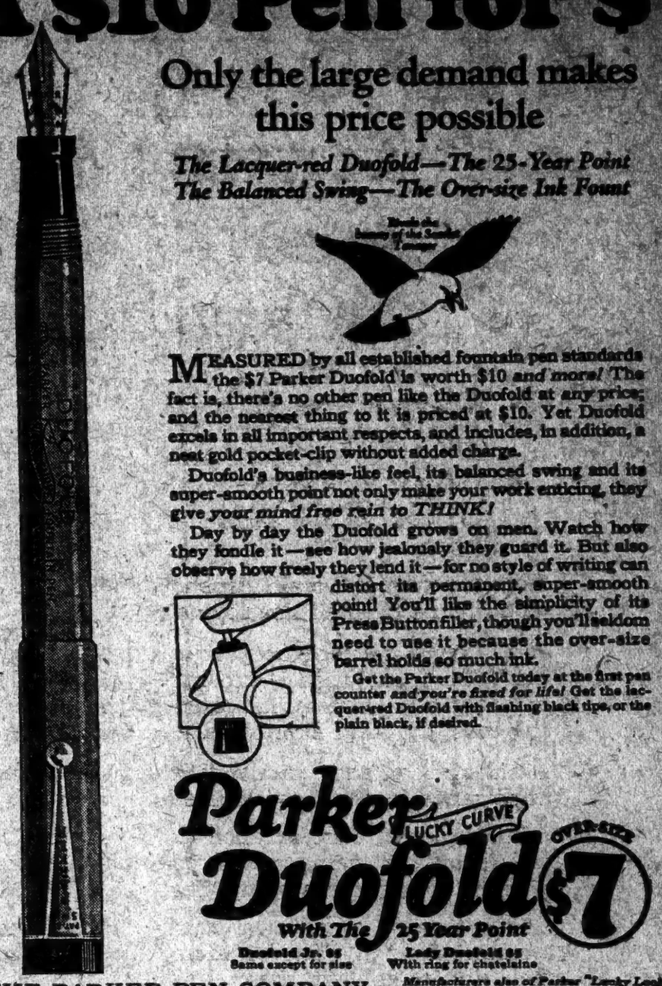

MEASURED by all established fountain pen standards the $7 Parker Duofold is worth $10 *and more!* The fact is, there's no other pen like the Duofold at any price, and the nearest thing to it is priced at $10. Yet Duofold excels in all important respects, and includes, in addition, a neat gold pocket-clip without added charge.

Duofold's business-like feel, its balanced swing and its super-smooth point not only make your work enticing, they give *your mind free rein to THINK!*

Day by day the Duofold grows on men. Watch how they fondle it—see how jealously they guard it. But also observe how freely they lend it—for no style of writing can distort its permanent, super-smooth point! You'll like the simplicity of its Press Button filler, though you'll seldom need to use it because the over-size barrel holds so much ink.

Get the Parker Duofold today at the first pen counter *and you're fixed for life!* Get the lacquer-red Duofold with flashing black tips, or the plain black, if desired.

Parker Duofold LUCKY CURVE OVER-SIZE **$7**
With The 25 Year Point
Duofold Jr. $5 Same except for size
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FINAL DAY—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD

	WERE	NOW
SILK PAJAMAS	$16.50	$11.15
WOOL HALF HOSE	2.00	.95
IMPORTED GOLF HOSE	4.00 to 5.00	2.95
IMPORTED FRENCH LISLE HALF HOSE	3.50	2.65
ANGORA MUFFLERS	3.00	1.35
FRENCH SILK CUT TIES	2.00 to 3.00	.95
WOVEN MADRAS SHIRTS	3.00 to 5.00	1.95

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Sale of Hosiery—Sweaters—Scarfs
20% DISCOUNT

THE announcement of our Half Yearly Sale with its discount of 20% is an event to our old friends and a revelation to those learning of it for the first time. Stockings and socks of silk or wool, sport sweaters of unusual design and scarfs of filmiest silk or softest wool—all are offered at the discount of 20% as long as the sale lasts.

Two of many unusual values

Women's silk and wool stockings, with hand embroidered clocks and in many colors. Formerly $4.50 to $5.50 a pair, now $3.45.

Pure silk sweaters, in the Tuxedo model or in slip-on, with high or V neck; many colors. Formerly $35 and $37.50, now $22.50.

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Your Brain Power

Is your brain running on high gear or low gear? Have you the pep, fire and fervor to enable you to dominate every situation

MANY imagine that the brain is all spirit. That it is entirely separate from one's physical life. That muscular power has nothing whatever to do with it. But such reasoning is false to the core. The brain depends upon the muscular activities of the heart, stomach, etc., for "fire," fervor and ambition.

The muscles of the arms, legs, etc., secure their power from the same sources.

Both muscles and brain depend equally upon these important vital organs for their development.

An EDITORIAL by Bernarr Macfadden

If you build a strong body your blood-making organs function perfectly. Your blood is superior in quality. It gives the brain a throbbing aliveness, indicated by the piercing brightness of the eyes, the vivid expressiveness of the features.

A strong body adds tremendously to the nervous energies—a factor of great importance in brain development.

Intense mental concentration draws heavily upon the nervous forces. If you are "short" on nerve power, your brain may overbalance your body, bringing physical ruin and premature death.

The possession of physical courage insures mental courage. Your conclusions are more definite. You feel them more strongly. You are then more willing and more able to fight for them.

When your spine and brain are surcharged with the power that comes with a strong physique, you are ready for every emergency.

When you build strength from physical exercise you store up nervous energy that can be used for mental or physical activities.

Clear thinking demands this physical background as it insures the pure blood that comes from strong vital organs. Dependable reasoning is impossible without this physical capital.

And enthusiasm, the very soul of one's mentality, is largely a physical characteristic. Its possession requires that one must be surcharged with surplus physical energy. For that is the driving force back of every great achievement.

Do not make the tragical mistake of thinking that the brain can stand alone and work alone. It must have the support of a vigorous body. And the stronger, the more vital and dependable you make your bodily organism, the more you will be able to accomplish with your brain.

A strong, well-muscled body will insure the possession of great nervous energies.

It will give you courage and self-confidence. It will give you commanding self-reliance. It will enable you to fight for your convictions as well as for what you might term your "rights."

It will make you a young man when others are doddering with age. It will enable you to retain the spirit of youth mentally and physically a generation beyond the usual period of becoming old.

Therefore, to bring about the very best brain development, maintain your health at high water mark. Make your body throb with superlative energy.

Every issue of Physical Culture contains authoritative, vital information for your physical well-being. It shows how the weak have become strong—how those with pains, aches and many dangerous diseases have mastered their ill health through safe, sane, clean living, through correct diet and exercise. It shows, through photographic illustrations, the methods by which puny, sickly, anemic bodies are made robust, strong and vigorous by living according to nature's laws.

Every article in Physical Culture bears the stamp of truth. And whether you are now living the healthy, normal life, or are unconsciously treading the path to sickness and death, every issue of Physical Culture can be of wonderful help and guidance to your mental and physical condition.

Physical Culture

February 1923

CONTENTS

"A Better Staff of Life"

By Milo Hastings

Director of Physical Culture Food Research Laboratory

There were sixteen cages each containing three baby rats. The rats in each cage were fed exclusively upon a single white bread combination. In one cage all of the baby rats died; in others they lived but failed to develop; in others they developed fairly well, and in a few they grew into superb healthy hearty adult rats.

In which cage do you keep your babies? Science has shown that the foods that kill baby rats kill baby humans and that the foods upon which baby rats grow strong, make healthy, happy, beautifully developed human babies. It is almost certain that your babies are being fed one of Mr. Hasting's sixteen bread combinations. Which one is it? Read his absorbingly interesting article in Physical Culture for February.

"Why Exercise Means Health"

By D. E. Eubanks

Every man will profit by the remarkable system of exercises illustrated and described by Mr. Eubanks in this illuminating article

Entirely too many people associate exercise with big muscles instead of with a strong heart, strong lungs, a clear mind and a clean blood stream. Because they are not especially keen to have over-developed muscles they give little or no attention to the matter of physical exercise. Proper exercise means strong and efficient functional activity, perfect elimination, a clear eye, a ruddy complexion—in other words, abounding health. Incidently it means muscles symmetrically developed but not over-developed.

"Gilda Gray's Beauty Exercises"

By Dorothea B. Herzog

"Any woman who will actually put into practice and faithfully follow the many exercises used by Miss Gilda Gray not only may hope for physical betterment but simply could not possibly help acquiring the symmetry and sculptural quality of feminine beauty which is manifested in any perfect body. Miss Gray is regarded as 'the world's champion shimmy dancer' because she has acquired a phenomenal quality of muscular co-ordination. In respect to her bodily control and perfection of development from toes to finger tips, she is comparable only to such muscular geniuses as Fred Stone and Douglas Fairbanks." Her beauty building exercises are so elaborately pictured and thoroughly described that every woman wishing to take advantage of her wide experience can do so with the utmost facility. Be sure and do not miss them.

Vigorous Valentino—Man of Muscle

By T. Howard Kelly

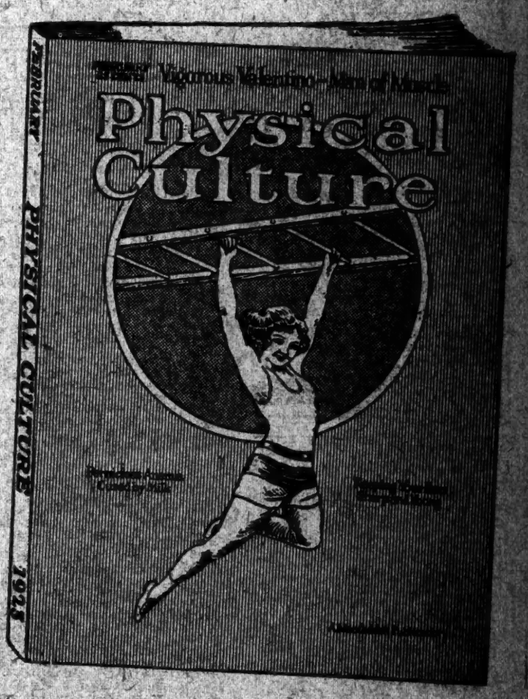
Rodolph Valentino has just completed a series of poses made exclusively for Physical Culture which we believe are different from anything he has ever done before. You know Valentino, the actor, Valentino the dancer, Valentino "the glass of fashion and the mould of form," but we doubt if you know Valentino, the man. Are you aware that under the immaculate clothes upon the seemingly slight built form there is a play of muscles and a chest development that would put many a stevedore to shame? See Valentino as he really is on pages 27, 28 and 29 of Physical Culture for February. The accompanying article, "Red Blood and Plenty of Sand" tells how he comes to possess the physique of a Roman gladiator.

"Are You, Dad, as Good a Man as Your Son"

Every man who has a son must ultimately answer this question. Almost any man under sixty should be able to say "Yes" off hand and make good on it if necessary. Yet most men of forty-five or over would think twice before tackling a husky son of twenty-one. The father in this article was lucky. He saw what was coming early enough to be prepared and he held his son's respect. But how about you? Are you prepared? Suppose that today you should be called upon to test your strength against your son's? Are you, Dad, as good a man as your son? We ask you in all seriousness? If you admit to yourself that it is doubtful, you admit that you are growing old before your time. You can still recover lost ground. Learn how one man did it. Page 57—Physical Culture for February.

Other articles that will interest and help you

One in Two Physically Fit
I'm Cured of Pernicious Anemia.
Will Prohibition Last? —Look At Kansas
Keep Your Ears Sharp And Young
The Body Beautiful
Hello, Here's Posterity
Glint of Wings (serial)
What It Means To Be a Physical Culture Girl
Are Our Hospitals Places of Healing?
The Autobiography of a Prize-Fighter (serial)
Germany Is Learning How to Eat
Allopathic Magic
What Would You Do in This Case?
Questions From Health Seekers
A Forum For Physical Culture Girls
Editorials By Our Readers
Bad Breath And Its Correction
Can a Housewife Lead a Physical Culture Life?



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IRON ORE PUT IN COAL AS SUBSTITUTE FUEL

Investigations Show Slate and Non-Combustibles Also Are Being Sold in Brooklyn.

100-LB. NUT SHELLS, 5 CENTS

One Firm Makes Low Rate for Poor People—Trench Hat Used as a Heater.

Iron ore is the newest substance to be sold as coal in Brooklyn, according to reports received yesterday by Albert Lauf, investigator of the Brooklyn Fuel Administrator's office. Samples of this new "substitute" were taken to the administration offices by Stephen Moore of 382 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, and investigation disclosed that of two tons of stove coal and two tons of buckwheat delivered to Moore, 30 per cent. was slate, and a quantity of iron ore thrown in for good measure.

Five tons of fuel delivered to Mrs. L. Smith of 227 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, proved to be almost entirely non-combustible. An apartment house at 698 Lexington Avenue also reported receiving a ton of "coal" that would not burn.

Edward J. Kennedy of 207 South Portland Avenue, Brooklyn, reported that he had found a new solution for the heating problem. He took a trench hat, bored a hole in the top, wired a tin hat inside and attached the hat to a rack over an oil lamp. The metal soon became hot and threw off enough heat to warm an entire room.

Representatives of the firm of F. E. Cadelburg of 147 Forty-first Street, Brooklyn, told the Fuel Administrator yesterday that poor people who were unable to get fuel might call at their plant and obtain nut shells in 100-pound sacks for 5 cents a sack. These, it was said, made a satisfactory substitute.

The following statement concerning British coal exports was made public yesterday by the Bankers Trust Company:

"British Board of Trade figures showing the distribution of Great Britain's coal exports in the year 1922, indicate that more British coal was shipped to France, Belgium and the Netherlands in that year than was exported to these countries in 1913. British coal exports to Germany in 1922 were almost equal to the 1913 shipments, and were ten times as large as the shipments in 1921.

"Great Britain's coal exports to all European countries in 1922 amounted to 48,281,462 tons, or only about 8,000,000 tons less than her exports to Europe in 1913, notwithstanding that the extensive pre-war Russian coal trade was non-existent last year.

"On the other hand, the official figures as received by the Bankers Trust Company of New York from its English Information Service disclose that Great Britain's 1922 coal trade with South America was only slightly above one-half of its proportions in 1913.

"A large gain was made in 1922, compared to 1913 in British coal exports under the classification 'other countries,' which includes the United States. The exports for 1913 under the above classification amounted to 1,749,877 tons, while in 1922 they were 6,168,825 tons. That increase was principally due to the demand for British coal in the United States because of the mine disputes."

KEYPORT, N. J., Jan. 30.—Dr. Walker B. Allen is expecting the arrival today or tomorrow of the coal which Federal Fuel Administrator Wadleigh telegraphed last Friday would be sent to relieve the discomfort of his invalid wife. Up to yesterday afternoon Dr. Allen had not learned anything of the arrangements by which the coal is to be shipped and delivered.

"I need coal for my sick wife just as President Harding does for his," Dr. Allen said today. He expressed the opinion that the acuteness of the coal situation is due to profiteering. "I have been able to buy coal only in half and quarter ton lots," he said, "and ha! of this I have not been able to burn."

KANSAS SENATE URGES RECOGNIZING MEXICO

Adopts Resolution Passed in Five Other States and Lauds Friendliness of Obregon.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—The Kansas Senate today unanimously adopted a resolution recommending to the "authorized authorities of the United States Government that they do all in their power to bring about more friendly and cordial relations to the end that the Republic of Mexico will again take her place among the foremost nations of the world."

The resolution was adopted upon request of State Senator Schielmer of Arizona, who has been visiting the Legislatures of the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, where the resolution already has been adopted.

It was explained on the floor today that the action was a courtesy to the Senate of Arizona and other border States, to which President Alvaro Obregon of Mexico has shown his friendship by permitting hundreds of thousands of cattle from the drought-stricken districts of those States to enter the ranges of northern Mexico under the most favorable conditions.

The resolution expresses the sentiment that "through him and his able administration a new era of happiness, prosperity and freedom is dawning for our sister republic."

DIES IN CABIN OF LINER.

Martin F. Culbert, Retired Business Man, Stricken at Sea.

When the Comanche of the Clyde Line arrived yesterday at Pier 37, North River, from Jacksonville, Fla., the purser reported that Martin F. Culbert, 70 years old, of 875 South Huntington Street, Jamaica Plain, Mass., had died that morning when the ship was passing Barnegat. About 3 A. M. the steward found Mr. Culbert sitting in his cabin in a semi-conscious condition. Restoratives were administered without effect.

James J. Culbert of Roxbury, Mass., a nephew, was notified by wireless of the death of his uncle and met the Comanche on arrival. He said that Mr. Culbert had retired from business some time ago. The body will be sent to Jamaica Plain today for interment.

VANDALS DEFACE MONUMENT

Scatter Tar on Centennial Gift of French to Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 29.—Vandals have disfigured the marble centennial monument presented to Argentina by the French colony. The female figures adorning it were bombarded with electric light bulbs filled with liquid tar.

Some of the newspapers attribute the desecration to German sympathizers, recalling the recent protest against the Ruhr occupation and the subsequent appearance of posters denouncing the French, which the police tore down on complaint of the French Legation.

ENGLISHWOMAN CLAIMS BIG SLICE OF NEW YORK

Believes She Is Heir of Owner Who Leased the Property to George III.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—If her claim is admitted, Mrs. Mary Jane Samina Harrison, wife of a town laborer of Cootham, Sussex, will, according to the Daily Chronicle, become entitled to share in a fortune said to amount to something like £100,000,000. Solicitors who are dealing with Mrs. Harrison's claim are said to think favorably of it.

According to American law, says the Chronicle, the money reverts to the United States if no successful claimant appears within 100 years of the death of the legatee. Mrs. Harrison, believing herself to be entitled to share in the fortune of a long-deceased Scottish-American millionaire hopes to be able to prove her claim within a short period.

At the end of the eighteenth century a certain Robert Edwards of Perth emigrated to America, made money and purchased leased land. This land which he obtained for a comparative trifle on account of its marshy nature, he afterward leased to George III. for ninety-nine years and after the war of independence it passed to the United States. It is now part of the site of New York City.

Robert Edwards was drowned while returning to Scotland from America and efforts to trace his brother and sisters failed. It is known that the eldest brother of the Edwards family was called John, and Mrs. Harrison claims to be the eldest child of Samuel Richard Edwards, himself son of John Edwards, who was the eldest son of John Edwards, brother of Robert. Since the expiration of the lease of the land various unsuccessful claims have been made.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Thomas F. Curley said last night that he could not recall any claim put forth by a family named Edwards or Harrison, although he explained this claim might be identified with the old Symes title, over which litigation is now pending. Major Symes, Queen Anne's financial agent in this city, acquired considerable property on the site of the present City of New York, notably on Staten Island, but nearly all the land handed down to his heirs passed into the hands of others.

Later one of Major Symes's descendants brought a suit to recover the property, much of which, it was said, had in the ordinary course escheated to the State or was held by others. The litigation, was predicated on a grant by Queen Anne, it was said last night the Court of Appeals had already negatived this claim.

SEA TO ENGULF PARK BENJAMIN'S ASHES

Step-Daughter Heiress to Carry Out Dying Wish From Deck of Presidente Wilson.

The ashes of the late Park Benjamin, father-in-law of Enrico Caruso, are to be scattered to the tides in midocean as he requested. This was disclosed yesterday when Miss Anna Bolchi Benjamin, adopted daughter and who inherited his estate, booked passage on the steamship Presidente Wilson of the Cosulich Line, which sails for Italy on March 17.

Miss Benjamin, accompanied by her attorney, Arthur L. Fullman of 302 Broadway, visited the agents for the line and told Harold Feistal, traffic manager, that two days before he died Mr. Benjamin asked her to go to Italy as soon as possible, aboard the Presidente Wilson, his favorite ship. In midocean, she said, his ashes were to be scattered.

Romayn Park Benjamin of 18 East Ninth Street, a son, denied reports that the Benjamin family, including Mrs. Dorothy Benjamin Caruso, widow of the famous singer, planned to raise objection to the adopted daughter's plans. He said that he had heard his father mention this wish and that no barrier would be raised to prevent it from being carried out.

"If she is going to be in a position to do so," he said, in regard to Miss Benjamin's announcement, "I do not think there will be any disposition to oppose it."

When Mr. Benjamin died he left his estate, estimated at about $500,000, to his adopted daughter. Several days ago opposition to the will was settled through a compromise.

SEEK TO EXTRADITE EDITOR.

John H. Roberts, in Quebec Prison, Charged With Fraud Here.

QUEBEC, Jan. 30.—Detectives Hastings and Kilrey arrived today from New York with a warrant charging John H. Roberts of Montreal, editor, now serving a year in prison for violating the privileges of the Legislative Assembly, with having stolen $415 from the British and Colonial Press, Inc., of New York by means of a check.

The Attorney General's office was advised last week that Roberts had been indicted in New York and that detectives were coming here for him. The New Yorkers were advised to bring extradition proceedings and a hearing is scheduled for tomorrow.

Roberts has indicated that he will fight extradition.

BULL AFTER LLOYD GEORGE.

Charges British Visitors Watching Fighters at Algeciras.

GIBRALTAR, Jan. 30.—David Lloyd George and his family, with Lord Birkenhead and other notables, witnessed yesterday a display of fighting bulls at the Algeciras ranch of the Gallardo Brothers.

The entertainment was not an actual bull fight, but it had a rather sensational ending. A herd of young bulls bred for the ring was turned loose on a broad plain. The animals were baited with capes by men mounted and afoot, and while the action was at its height one bull escaped. He charged the spectators and a general stampede followed. Every one succeeded in reaching the line of automobiles bordering the field, and the bull was captured.

Mr. Lloyd George was photographed later in the midst of a group of Spanish beauties who wore their national costumes.

KILLED ON AIR JOYRIDE.

Julian and Benson on Pleasure Trip When Plane Fell.

HONOLULU, T. H., Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—First Lieut. Rupert Julian and Private Charles Benson, victims of yesterday's airplane accident near Schofield Barracks, were "joy riding" when the plane slipped into its fatal tail spin, it developed at the inquiry held today.

Lieutenant Julian, who coached the Schofield basket ball team, was giving members of the team air rides to console them for a trip which they had been promised and had been prevented from taking. Benson was the third member of the team taken aloft by Lieutenant Julian.

The dead Lieutenant's home was in Williamsport, Ind. Benson came from Indianapolis.

SEE YIELD CUT TO 7% BY NEW PHONE RATE

New York Company Issues Statement Protesting Public Service Order.

DISPUTES SET VALUATION

Declares Estimate Is $53,000,000 Below Amount Called Fair by Federal Court.

A statement issued late yesterday by the New York Telephone Company says that the new telephone rates fixed by the Public Service Commission last week, which become effective March 1, will yield only 7 per cent. dividends on the capital invested, and that the new schedules fall short, therefore, of the return to which the company is justly entitled. An injunction proceeding instituted in the Federal Court to enjoin the commission from enforcing a reduction in the rates ordered last March is now awaiting final decision in the United States Supreme Court.

"We are giving serious consideration to the action we should take in reference to this final order of the commission," says the statement, "so that we may fulfill properly our obligation to the public to provide and maintain service that is adequate in quality and quantity and also to protect the rights of investors in our securities."

At the office of the company it was said that the statement just issued should be considered only as preliminary to another that would deal with the matter with more detail. The statement, prepared by J. S. McCulloh, the company's Commercial Vice President, reads:

"In its order the commission fixes the value of our entire property used in furnishing service in New York State at $246,182,491. Last April, when the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York enjoined the commission's temporary rate orders of March 3, 1922, on the ground of confiscation, the court said that in its opinion the computation can reduce the basis for return much below $300,000,000. The valuation used by the commission in its recent order is $53,000,000, below that stated by the Federal Court in its opinion last year, and since then new plant costing more than $50,000,000 has been added to the system.

"Upon this reduced and unfair valuation the commission estimates that the new rates will provide a return of 7 per cent, although 8 per cent. and more has been regarded as a reasonable return under similar circumstances and has been allowed by this and other commissions and by the courts to many public utilities. Moreover, this 7 per cent. return is to be secured only if several millions of dollars are saved by a slashing cut in expenses. There is nothing in the evidence before the commission which justifies either such a reduction of expense or such a cut in the valuation of the company's property.

"It is in the public interest that the telephone property should be fairly valued and the rate of return sufficient to enable the company to attract a continued flow of new capital which otherwise will seek other lines of investment. At least $250,000,000 will be required in the next five years for the construction of new facilities in New York City alone. During the last two years we have been before the commission seeking to secure adequate rates and at the same time we have been confronted with an unprecedented demand for new service. Such a demand can only be met by continued additions to our plant provided by new capital."

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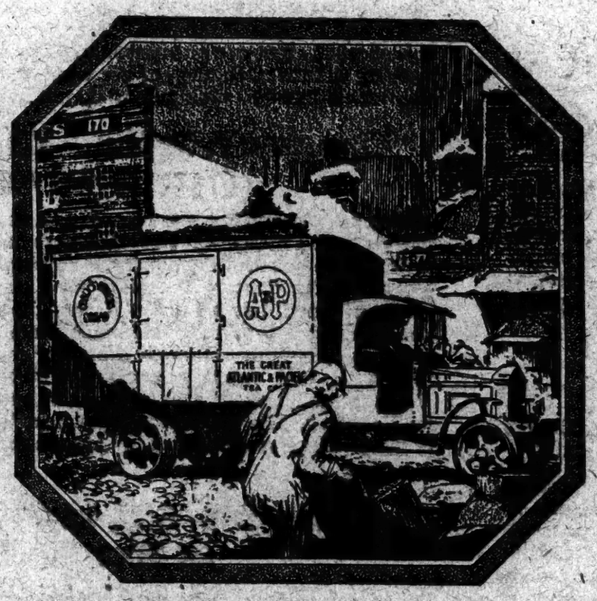

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What Has Germany Paid?

NO agreement has yet been reached on the amount that Germany has paid in reparations. The German Government claims that in money and property the stupendous value of 41,000,000,000 gold marks has been turned over, besides an added German treasury bond, due in June, 1923, for 52,987,564 gold marks paid in Belgium on reparations account.

THE figures are disputed by the Allies. The French declare the German total is too great by 33,000,000,000 gold marks.

IT is interesting to go into the matter from both sides to form a personal judgment, guided by the statement of the Reparations Commission. The entire situation is laid plainly before the reader in the February CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE.

THE designs of France in the occupation of the Ruhr district form an attractive and informative complement.

ANOTHER interesting feature is the brief but comprehensive review of all the important events in 55 countries during the last 30 days and a signed exposition by Secretary Hughes of the United States foreign policy.

On news stands 25 cents. By the year $3.00.

CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE
Times Building, New York.
Published by The New York Times Co.

The Only Authorized Service of News and Pictures Of the Tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen

(King of Egypt 3,000 Years Ago)

From The London Times, January 10, 1923

THE TOMB OF THE KING.

CONTRACT GIVEN TO "THE TIMES."

EXCLUSIVE SERVICE OF NEWS

LORD CARNARVON'S PLANS

We are able to announce that Lord Carnarvon, with the cordial concurrence of Mr. Howard Carter, has entered into an exclusive agreement with *The Times* for the distribution throughout the Press of the world of all news and photographs of his discoveries in the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen. Both Lord Carnarvon, since his return to London, and Mr. Howard Carter, at Luxor, have found it an impossible task to supply the Press individually with news and illustrations of their discoveries. Accordingly they have agreed for the future to employ a single agency for this purpose.

The Times was enabled, by the courtesy of Lord Carnarvon, to publish the first account of the discoveries in the Valley of the Tombs of the Kings, which have aroused a world-wide interest never before approached in the annals of excavation in Egypt or in any other land. Lord Carnarvon has now accepted the offer of *The Times* to place its organization at his disposal for the purpose of supplying a service of news and illustrations of the discoveries to every newspaper, magazine, or other periodical publication in the world which wishes to have it. He has therefore placed in our hands the whole of the serial publication rights of his expedition, and these rights include all news of discoveries, special articles, interviews, and photographs relating to the several chambers of the tomb of King Tut-ankh-Amen, opened and yet to be opened. Neither Lord Carnarvon nor any member of his party will supply news, articles, or photographs to any other individual, newspaper, or agency. No other service will be authorized.

The Times will supply the Press of the world with the material obtained under this agreement by means similar to those used in the arrangement which it made last year with the Mount Everest Expedition. Arrangements have already been made in Egypt and in London by which the whole of the material supplied by Lord Carnarvon and Mr. Howard Carter will be dispatched to *The Times* Office in London for simultaneous release to the Press of the world. *The Times* will make its own arrangements for this service direct with other newspapers, not only in this country, but throughout the world. All news matter and photographs published under this agreement will bear the following acknowledgment: "*The Times* world's copyright by arrangement with the Earl of Carnarvon." Both *The Times* and Lord Carnarvon will take every precaution to prevent any infringement of this copyright.

Lord Carnarvon will leave London at the end of next week for Luxor. During his absence Mr. Howard Carter has been engaged in removing and preserving the objects found in the first chamber. Soon after Lord Carnarvon's arrival at Luxor the most important task of all will be undertaken. The mystery of the north wall of the outer chamber, guarded by gigantic statues of King Tut-ankh-Amen, will be solved. Nobody can yet say what will be discovered behind that wall, but Lord Carnarvon has made public his conjecture in the special article which he contributed to *The Times* on December 11. He then said:

"There is little doubt that behind this wall there exists a chamber or chambers, and in one of these probably reposes, in his coffins and sarcophagus, the body of King Tut-ankh-Amen. Should this Royal burial-place prove to be untouched, then the sight to be revealed will prove to be absolutely unique in the experience of any living archaeologist, and, as far as I know, in the history of archaeology."

It is possible that there may be a further chamber or chambers beyond this central one. In any event it is certain that the excavations will by no means be completed at the end of the present season. The work will have to be discontinued some time in April because of the heat. It will be resumed in the middle of October, and will probably be continued through the whole of next winter. It should be emphasized that *The Times* scheme embraces the work not only of the present season but of such future seasons as may be used for the completion of the exploration of all the chambers of the tomb of King Tut-ankh-Amen.

As it is desirable in the general interest that the scheme should be put into operation without delay, all who are interested in *The Times* service are asked to communicate immediately with the Manager at Printing House-square.

¶ The discovery of the tomb a few weeks ago aroused world-wide interest. People from all parts of Europe and America are already flocking to the scene. Only the ante-chamber has been opened, but it was found to contain treasures unrivalled in the annals of Archaeology. The inner chambers, containing presumably the mummies of Tut-ankh-Amen and his queen, and probably also many further examples of the art and handicraft of one of the oldest civilizations, are now about to be opened.

¶ It is proposed by the Earl of Carnarvon, under whose concession for exploration the tomb was discovered, to permit henceforward only authorized news, articles, and pictures relating to the discovery.

¶ These will appear at frequent intervals in the daily and Sunday editions of

The New York Times

¶ The pictures will appear chiefly in the Sunday rotogravure sections, where full justice can be done them. The articles will be prepared by competent writers and Egyptologists. Many pictures are on the way to New York and hundreds more will be taken. The service will probably run through several months.

☛ *The New York Times is always sold out early. Order of your newsdealer in advance*

Notice to Editors and Publishers

¶ The New York Times, by arrangement with The London Times, has undertaken to distribute to the newspapers and periodicals of the United States and Canada the service of news, articles, and pictures relating to the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen, prepared under the sanction of the Earl of Carnarvon.

¶ Newspapers and periodicals desiring all or any branch of this service are requested to apply at once to The New York Times, Egyptian Service Department.

BAPTISTS LAUNCH ANTI-HERESY DRIVE

Clergymen and Laymen for Fundamental Association of Metropolitan Area.

DR. STRATON IS PRESIDENT

Pastor of Calvary Church Takes Dr. Fosdick and Dr. Grant to Task for Views.

Several hundred Baptist clergymen and laymen who met in the Calvary Baptist Church, of which the Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton is pastor, last night formed the Baptist Fundamental Association of the Metropolitan Area to wage a fight against "the increasing boldness of radicals and religious rationalists" in the Baptist denomination. Dr. Straton was elected President of the organization.

Dr. Straton said the pulpit utterances of the Rev. Raymond B. Fosdick regarding the Virgin birth, and lately those of the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant had crystallized into a movement long gathering force in the Baptist Church, "to crush this rejection of the old faith."

The barbs of the newly formed body, he said, would be directed chiefly at the seminaries and pulpits, where there is an unsprinpaing of heretical views as there is on the Metropolitan Area and elsewhere in the country. We will combat this departure from the faith."

He added that the great majority of the people of the church, first in their traditional beliefs, were being misguided by the radical leaders of the church.

"I venture to predict that many sincere movements will spring up in other churches," Dr. Straton went on. "The statements of Dr. Fosdick and those of Dr. Grant, have aroused laymen to a new degree of determination to wipe out untruth. We wish also to rid the Baptist seminaries of teachers who do not believe the Baptist faith.

"It would seem that all Protestant denominations are having the same trouble. Many of these teachers deny the divinity of Christ and reject the inspiration of the Scriptures; they either reject the divinity or they so dilute it that it is not recognizable. It is the doctrinal teaching that is objected to by the rank and file of Baptists. In time we expect this organization to have units throughout the State."

Edward C. Miller, a manufacturer, of Brooklyn, prominent in Baptist Church affairs, was elected Treasurer, and Dr. A. C. Bruckman, pastor of the First East New York Baptist Church, was elected Secretary. The Rev. Charles D. McKoy, pastor of the Greene Avenue Baptist Church of Brooklyn, presided. Addresses were made by the Rev. George Rittenhouse, pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, Brooklyn; the Rev. Floyd Adams, pastor of the Strong Place Baptist Church, Brooklyn, by Dr. Brueckman and laymen and other pastors present.

Miss Ruth Paxon a missionary lately returned from China, told of the results of religious radicalism in the Far East. She reported that churches were divided and schools were perverted by radical teaching, and that there was "wreck and ruin" in all Protestant denominations in China on that account.

ART SESSION BRINGS $16,136

Total Receipts for Henry Symons Sale Is Now $49,267.

Decorated coffers, needle work pictures, porcelains and potteries at the Henry Symons collection sale at the Anderson Galleries yesterday afternoon brought returns for the day of $16,136, making a total to date of $49,267. An old English Worcester tea and coffee service of the Dr. Wall period, Queen Charlotte pattern, No. 361, went to V. G. Simkovitch for $410. A very unusual eighteenth century Oriental Lowestoft dinner service, No. 371, blue and gold decorations, went to Lenygon & Morant for $690. No. 390, a pair of unusual Lowestoft jardinières, on stands went to A. J. Riddle, Jr., for $330.

For No. 395, a pair of Lowestoft vases with covers, Miss H. Counihan, agent, paid $900. No. 398, a pair of fine eighteenth century jardinières, each two handled, went to Riddle for $310. Lenygon & Morant paid some of the other higher prices of the afternoon pairs of amphoræ. The uncommonly large eighteenth century Oriental Lowestoft, coveted, No. 209, twenty inches high, went to them for $450, and for three other pairs, varying in shape and height, Nos. 417, 418, 419 they paid, respectively, $560, $600 and $540. R. W. Lehne paid $380 for No. 440, two unusual purple lustre vases with covers. The sale will be continued today.

SEVEN MEN HUNT DOG.

They Fail to Find Wounded Mongrel, So Force May Be Enlarged.

A black and white mongrel dog named "Gunboat," once the favorite of the Marines at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, has been the object of a persistent search by the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals and the Humane Society of New York, for the past two days. Seven men of the S. P. C. A., and two of the Humane Society saw the dog emerging from under a building in the Navy Yard a short distance away from the Flushing Avenue entrance yesterday and a shot was fired at the animal which took effect. The dog, however, despite its wound escaped his hunters and disappeared under another building.

A. G. Haven, Superintendent of the S. P. C. A.'s headquarters at 233 Butler Street, Brooklyn, said last night that for several days the dog would come out from its hiding place only at certain hours in the day for food. His men began a search for the dog at the yard on Monday, and he increased the force yesterday to seven men. The search was suspended at 6 o'clock last evening without success.

"Tomorrow," said Mr. Haven, "I will have two men at the yard at daylight, two at 8 o'clock, and the number will be increased to ten men during the day if necessary. In view of the fact that the dog is shot we are determined to get it."

YALE MEN TO AID COLOMBIA.

Two Named on Commission to Reorganize Country's Finances.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 30.—Professor Fred R. Fairchild of the Department of Social and Political Science at Yale has been asked by the Government of Colombia to serve on a commission of five American experts to advise Colombia in reorganizing its financial system. Professor Frederick B. Luquiens, who holds the Colgate Chair of Spanish, will be Secretary of the commission, and Professor E. W. Kemmerer of Princeton is Chairman. The other members are from New York, one being an officer of the Federal Reserve Bank and the other an accountant.

Professor Fairchild's work on the commission will be in connection with taxation and public debts. In 1917-18 he was employed by the military Government of Santo Domingo to draw up a plan for a tax system for that republic.

SIX DIE IN MEXICAN CRASH.

Twenty-Two Others Are Injured When Trains Collide Head On.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 30.—Six persons were killed and twenty-two injured in a head-on collision this afternoon in the outskirts of Mexico City between trains on the National Railway.

Practically all the members of a soldier escort on board the train were slightly injured.

'DONE WITH ACTING,' SAYS 'FATTY' ARBUCKLE

He Signs a Contract as Director With a Comedy Film Corporation.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 30.—Roscoe C. ("Fatty") Arbuckle announced tonight that he had signed a contract to direct motion pictures for a comedy film corporation, and that he was "done with acting."

"My greatest ambition is to make people laugh and make them happy, and I can do it best as a director of comedies," he said in a prepared statement. "This is my chance to make good in the right way and in the profession that I know and love, and in a way that will meet the approval of all. I start work at once, and from now on you will hear from me only through the medium of the comedies that I direct."

When Will Hays, motion picture arbiter, recently removed the ban placed upon Arbuckle pictures, the comedian announced that he would appear in a film being made in a Hollywood studio. Religious and other organizations in various parts of the country protested against the reinstatement of the actor because of the nature of the testimony produced in his trials for manslaughter in connection with the death of Miss Virginia Rappe in San Francisco last year.

Adolph Zukor, head of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, which had a contract with "Fatty" Arbuckle when his trouble came, said last night that Arbuckle was released from his contract at that time. There were three new Arbuckle films ready then, and these would be a total loss, Mr. Zukor said, for no attempt would be made to exhibit them here or abroad. There had been no real attempt to re-introduce Arbuckle films, he said, because public sentiment had been so emphatically against such action.

Arbuckle, he added, had already had experience in directing his own films and he was sure he would make a success in his new work.

Mr. Hays made this brief statement:

"The natural and proper factors operating in a natural way have concluded this matter in a manner that should be satisfactory to all. I am sure that the industry will meet and rightfully settle, as they arise, all of its difficulties incident to its growth and development."

GERMAN SINGERS GET SCENERY OUT OF BOND

File $40,000 With Customs Here, and Baltimore Performances May Now Begin.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 30.—All the scenery and many of the costumes for ten big German operas to be given here this week by the Wagnerian Opera Festival Company were tied up in the Custom House in New York until today, when they were released on the filing of a bond and started for this city.

Last night the first rehearsal of the company and its orchestra moved ahead on the stage at the Lyric. Arias, recitatives, choruses in voices and instruments soared through the empty theatre, and the singers strutted casually about the stage, but "out in front," where the offices are, telephones buzzed and men bustled about straightening out a last-minute crisis.

"Die Meistersinger" goes on tomorrow night. Late last night there was no "Meistersinger" scenery within 200 miles of Baltimore.

"But it will be here," said William A. Albaugh, who is handling the company on its visit to Baltimore. "It will be in this city in time for the opening if we have to put a thousand men to work at it."

Acting Collector H. C. Stuart said here yesterday that the customs officials had done everything in their power to assist the Wagner Opera Festival Company in getting the scenery out of the public stores and shipped to Baltimore in time for the opening performance scheduled there.

Before the scenery and costumes, valued at $40,000, could be cleared a bond for that amount had to be furnished to the customs as a guarantee that the goods would not be sold in this country. The bond was not forthcoming at the time arranged, and thus caused a delay.

Edward Pilcer, ship's broker, who is acting for the opera organization, produced the bond yesterday, and the scenery and costumes were cleared in time to be shipped in eight freight cars over the Pennsylvania Railroad from Jersey City to Baltimore.

Mr. Pilcer tried on Monday to get the costumes and scenery out of the Public Stores and to leave the remainder of the properties here until later, but the Acting Collector of the Port said he could not agree to such an arrangement, and the full bond of $40,000 was put up.

Johnson in 'Faust' Role Next Week.

Gounod's "Faust," with Edward Johnson as hero, will be added to the Metropolitan's current opera on Thursday evening of next week, others in the cast being Alda, Dalossy, Howard, Danise, Rothier and Ananian, with Hasselmans conducting. The thirteenth week will include extra performances of "Tosca" with Jeritza and Scotti on Tuesday night, and "The Barber" with Galli-Curci and Ruffo on Thursday afternoon, the new tenor, Lauri-Volpi, appearing in both. Erika Morini, violinist, will play at Sunday's concert, when the singers are Matzenauer, Mellish, Telva and Johnson. Repetitions of the week are "Cosi Fan Tutte" on Monday, with Easton and the usual ensemble; Wednesday, "Samson," Matzenauer and Martinelli; Friday "Tannhauser," Jeritza and Tauchet; Saturday matinee "William Tell," Ponselle and Martinelli, and Saturday evening, Mario and Johnson in "Romeo et Juliette."

"Wildflower" Next Wednesday.

"Wildflower," a musical comedy with Edith Day as its star, will be produced at the Casino Theatre on Wednesday night of next week by Arhur Hammerstein. "Sally, Irene and Mary," now at the Casino, will be moved on Monday to the Forty-fourth Street Theatre. "Wildflower" is the work of Otto Harbach and Oscar Hammerstein, with music by Herbert Stothart and Vincent Youmans. In addition to Miss Day, the cast will include Charles Judels, Olin Howland, Guy Robertson, Esther Howard, Evelyn Cavanaugh and James Doyle.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"You and I" will open in Stamford on Feb. 8. The cast will include R. B. Warner, Lucile Watson, Frieda Inescourt, Beatrice Miles, Geoffrey Kerr, Ferdinand Gottschalk and Reginald Mason.

"Caroline," with Tessa Kosta as its star, will open at the Ambassador tonight.

Harry Green will play the Louis Mann role in a forthcoming London production of "Give and Take."

"The Chastening" is the name of Charles Rann Kennedy's new play, soon to be produced by Equity Players for special matinees. Edith Wynne Matthison, Margaret Gage and Mr. Kennedy will be in the cast.

Bertha Broad has been engaged for The Theatre Guild's production of "Peer Gynt."

The members of the Moscow Art Theatre company and of the Chauve-Souris company will attend John Barrymore's matinee of "Hamlet" tomorrow as the guests of Arthur Hopkins.

Olive Tell will play her sister Alma's role in "It Is the Law" at the Bayes Theatre at the matinee today. At tomorrow's matinee of "Whispering Wires," at the Broadhurst, Alma Tell will play her sister's part.

The ninth annual benefit performance of the Catholic Actors' Guild will take place at the Casino Theatre next Sunday night.

MUSIC

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

Fritz Kreisler's Recital.

Fritz Kreisler returned to New York after another tour that has taken him far into the European field, and gave a recital last evening in Carnegie Hall. There was a vast audience there—one that filled all the seats, including as many as the stage would hold and that occupied all available standing room. Its welcome to the violinist was most warm and most enthusiastic; and he was made to feel the esteem in which this public holds him.

Then he proceeded to confirm his title to it. In justice it is the fullest measure. Mr. Kreisler was in his finest vein last evening and exercised an unceasing fascination upon his listeners. His program comprised Beethoven's sonata for piano and violin in C minor, Bach's partita for violin alone in G minor, and a group of shorter places made up of Cyril Scott's "Lotos Land," a Spanish Dance by Granados, an arrangement of the Londonderry Air, Farwell's Cuchullan," and two "sketches" as they were called, extracted from Rimsky Korsakoff's symphonic poem, "Scheherazade." As they were played, they were sketches.

There is nothing new to say about Mr. Kreisler's playing, except that it seemed to set a more poignantly musical quality, a more compelling charm into it than ever. It was in his tone, its beautiful searching intensity and subtle variations of color; in his bowing and the consequent significance of phrase, accent, rhythm; in his intensely musical conception of all that he played; his delineation of the melodic time, the eloquent and seizing turn of expression. And it was all communicated with an ardent simplicity and complete repose, with the art that conceals art, leaving only the senses beguiled, the spirit taken captive.

Mr. Kreisler's interpretation of the sonata by Beethoven was wholly persuasive, wholly in the spirit of the music, conceived for the violin as a virtuoso's display. So was Bach's solo partita. These solo partitas are rugged compositions, inclined to a bleak grandeur, so far as most violinists are able to present them. It is extraordinary how Mr. Kreisler's treatment of them, an exemplified in his playing of this one in G minor, bathes them in sunlight, penetrates to their poetic marrow, exposes their genuinity and essential beauty, and makes them things to love rather than to admire, alone.

The lesser pieces that came at the end of programs were more substantial than they sometimes are on Mr. Kreisler's programs. The lovely "Londonderry Air," though presented with a sophisticated accompaniment ill asserted in its chromatics and dissonances with the exquisite simplicity of the air itself, gave so much pleasure that Mr. Kreisler yielded to the pressure to repeat it. The two "sketches" from Rimsky Korsakoff's "Scheherazade" show a capricious appropriation of the composer's material; but they were delightfully played. And after the printed list was finished there was a rush from the rear to the front, enthusiasm, applause and more encores.

Mr. Kreisler was efficiently assisted by Carl Lamson, pianist, whose name was strangely omitted from the program.

Piano Concertos by Ernest Schelling.

Ernest Schelling gave yesterday afternoon in the Town Hall the second of his series of three concerts devoted to the performance of piano concertos with orchestra. As before, the accompaniments were played by the New York Symphony Orchestra, somewhat reduced in number of suit the acoustics of the hall, under the direction of René Polain.

Mr. Schelling's program was varied by the inclusion of two compositions with orchestra that were yet not piano concertos. It was made up of Schumann's concerto in A minor, César Franck's "Symphonic Variations," Paderewski's concerto in A minor, and Busoni's arrangement with orchestral accompaniment of Liszt's "Rhapsodie Espagnole." These were all welcome, and have not been heard lately with much frequency. Mr. Schelling rescued Paderewski's concerto from neglect a few weeks ago when he was soloist at one of the New York Symphony Orchestra's own concerts; and its repetition was heard with genuine pleasure. It had been a number of years since the concerto had been heard in New York before Mr. Schelling then played it, and his attention to it is in a way an act of homage to his master and friend, as well as the revival of a work well suited to freshen and enliven the pianist's repertory.

It is an early work of Mr. Paderewski's, written before he began to think musically on the austere lines of his symphony, his sonata, his last operatic attempt, and even some foreshadowings of his opera "Manru," produced at the Metropolitan some twenty-two years ago. It is rife with melody, and the melodies have marked characteristics of the Polish writing, as in the opening theme, and in the sustained song of the oboe in the slow movement and the impetuous theme of the last movement. The solo part is written with great brilliancy, and a consummate command of pianistic effects of all sorts, making severe demands upon the technique of its executant.

Mr. Schelling played it with splendid vigor and coruscating brilliancy; at the same time with a true feeling in the solider musical qualities that underly the work.

Nor are César Franck's variations often played by pianists. Yet they are filled with most characteristic beauties of melody—the theme has the sincere and heart-felt quality of a folk ballad—and of Franck's rich harmonic sense. The poetic feeling with which Mr. Schelling played this work was akin to that which he put into Schumann's concerto, in a finely balanced and deeply felt performance. He was much applauded and frequently recalled.

Wagner Festival Opens Feb. 12.

Three weeks Wagner festival by Berlin artists at the Manhattan Opera House, will open Feb. 12 with "Die Meistersinger," sung by Mmes. Roesler and Kootrik, Messrs. Hutt, Schwartz, Zador and Schorr, conducted by Leo Blech. A matinee cycle of "The Nibelungen Ring" will start with a Tuesday "Rheingold," sung by Alsen, Wuehler, Metzger, Plaschke, Bollmann and others, and a Thursday "Walkuere," with Alsen, Roeseler, Metzger, Lussmann, Plaschke and Kipnis. Jacques Urlus, formerly of the Metropolitan, will sing on Wednesday, Feb. 14, in "Lohengrin," with Meta Reinmeyer, and Feb. 16 in "Tristan," with Miss Alsen. Besides a Tuesday evening Wagner concert and Saturday matinee "Meistersinger," the company will give a Thursday evening of Johann Strauss's "Die Fledermaus," with Schaurig, Roeseler, Koetric and Lattermann, and Saturday night, Feb. 17, Beethoven's "Fidelio," with Alsen and Robert Hutt.

GREET DUTCH CONDUCTOR.

Mengelberg Rejoins Philharmonic at Metropolitan Concert.

Willem Mengelberg was warmly greeted by subscribers of the Philharmonic Society in its series at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. It was the Dutch conductor's first appearance of the season with New York's veteran orchestra, with which he will remain until the closing concerts in March. He entered at once into the proceedings with all the energy and enthusiasm which had led to his retention as guest conductor for a similar half-season last year, and which for a generation have kept his own orchestra of the Amsterdam Concertgebouw among important and permanent institutions of the kind in Europe.

Mr. Mengelberg chose for his return a program of three men and three nations. The symphony, Beethoven's "Eroica," was followed after intermission by Tchaikowsky's overture-fantasy, "Romeo and Juliet," and this by the wisps' minuet, the dance of sylphs and "Rakoczy" march, from Berlioz's "Damnation of Faust." Impetuous with classic temper, dynamic in the more dramatic numbers, the conductor stirred his hearers to many outbursts of applause. There was a rising ovation after the symphony and there were further recalls at the evening's close.

Anton Bilotti in Recital.

Anton Bolotti, pianist, whose recent début marked him as an artist of serious promise, gave a second recital in the Town Hall last evening. A New Yorker throughout boyhood, his Italian heritage is evident, while he has been fortunate in student years spent both here and in Italy. He gave last evening a special prominence to the "Sonati Quasi Fantasia" of Signor Busoni, four neat pieces of his own—"The Brook," two etudes and a nocturne—and a final "Tarantella" by his master, Martucci. There was deft contrast of poise and power in an opening "Overture," in A minor, of Philip Emmanuel Bach, as well as some Chopin and the "Hunting" and "Spinning" songs—without words—of Mendelssohn.

People's Chorus Concert Crowded.

As large an audience as the hall would hold greeted the People's Chorus of New York in their seventh anniversary concert at Aeolian Hall last evening. The organization, which took a prominent part in many public exercises and benefit concerts during the war, was warmly applauded for the increasingly harmonious blending of voices that it is attaining with the practice of years under Lorenzo Camilleri, who directed the concert last evening from a piano. The program included religious, operatic, classic and popular songs. Cecil Arden of the Metropolitan Opera Company sang a number of solos and there was an address by Mrs. John Henry Hammond in the chorus anniversary.

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'y & 47 St. Bryant 4300. Vincent Lopez & Orch., Mosconi Family, Gus Edwards Revue, Johnny Burke, Madeline Collins, Kane & Gant.

B. F. Keith's COLONIAL B'y & 63d St. Columbus 4457. FANNY BRICE, Ona Munson & Co., Walton & Brandt, Frank Dixon & Co., Southland Entertainers, Others.

B. F. Keith's 81 STREET B'y & 81 St. Schuy.er 2050. HARRY STODDARD & Orchestra, Leavitt & Lockwood, Will Mahoney, "Cupid's Close-Ups," Jean Moore & Co., others and Photo-dramatisation. "THE FLIRT"

B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE B'y & 96 St. TRIXIE FRIGANZA, Mabel Ford, Rockwell & Fox, Vaughn Comfort, Richard Kean & others.

STEINWAY HALL Fri. Aft., Feb. 2nd, at 3 P. M.
MADAME MARIA IVOGUN
Soprano
Admission free to Public by Invitation. Apply to Steinway & Sons for Tickets. STEINWAY PIANO.

AEOLIAN HALL, 29 W. 42d St. Friday, Feb. 2nd, at 12 o'clock
NOON DAY MUSICALE
Direction Frank La Forge and Ernesto Berumen
Gutia Casini, Russian 'Cellist. Ernesto Berumen, Pianist.
Esther Malmrose, Soprano; Verna Rabey, Soprano; Lawrence Tibbett, Baritone.
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SONG RECITAL (Baldwin Piano)
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RICHARD HALE
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COLUMBIA Burlesque, 47th & B'way Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15 Pop. Prices
Step Lively Girls with Geo. P. Murphy and Geo. Douglas

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PRICES NIGHTS 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50. MATS. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.
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LAST 5 DAYS
The Third Alarm
Pathos — Power — Laughter — Fears

CAPITOL "DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in ROBIN HOOD" B'way at 51st. Capitol Grand Orchestra

PLAZA Madison Ave. & 59th St. "The Sin Flood" also VIOLA DANA in "Love in the Dark"

CRITERION THEATRE (Twice Daily B'way & 44th St. 2:30—8:30.
B. P. SCHULBERG presents
Poor Men's Wives
Directed by GASNIER.
Seats on Sale 2 Weeks in Advance.

RIVOLI B'WAY 49th St. WILLIAM DE MILLE pres. "The World's Applause" Rivoli Concert Orchestra.
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With WILDA BENNETT and WALTER WOOLF
500 Seats at 50c. 500 Seats at $1.00. 700 Seats at $1.50
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F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest present
POLLY PREFERRED
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SPECIAL MATINEE NEXT FRIDAY, FEB. 2.

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PASSIONS for MEN 2ND BIG HEGGIE SMARTEST COMEDY IN TOWN

Maxine Elliott's 39 St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:15.
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JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN"
Staged by John D. Williams.

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in the LOVE and LAUGHTER hit MIKE ANGELO

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LEW GANTOR Presents
SUN SHOWERS
A NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
SEATS ON SALE TOMORROW.

44TH ST. Theatre, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
LAST 6 TIMES—SEE IT AGAIN!
THE WORLD WE LIVE IN
(THE INSECT PLAY)
"SALLY, IRENE and MARY" Moves Here from the Casino, Next Monday.

PLAYHOUSE 48th E. of B'y. Bry. 2412. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15.
UP SHE GOES
Gayest Musical Hit in New York.

REPUBLIC 42 St., W. of B'y. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., at 2:30.
ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS
'ABIE'S IRISH ROSE'
THE PLAY THAT PUT U IN HUMOR

BOOTH 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY FRIDAY & SAT. at 2:30.
JOHN GOLDEN presents
7TH HEAVEN

LONGACRE 48 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & Sat., 2:30.
EXTRA! A COMEDY OF NEWSPAPER LIFE

SHUBERT-RIVIERA 97 & B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Sat.
"To the Ladies!" with Helen Hayes

AMBASSADOR 49th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15. Tonight at 8:15
TESSA KOSTA in CAROLINE
"In the MUSICAL ROMANCE"

SHUBERT VAUDEVILLE CENTRAL 47th & B'way. Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15.
HERMAN TIMBERG (Himself) AND FROLICS OF 1922
AND ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE BILL
Shubert Vaudeville | HARLEM Opera House 125 St. & 7 Av. | Manhattan Opera House
"GAIETIES OF 1923"
Vaudeville Premiere and Beauty Chorus.

39TH ST. Tel. E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. LAST 6 Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15. TIMES
Ditrichstein in THE EGOTIST."
BEGIN MONDAY, FEB. 5 SEATS TOM'W.
RACHEL CROTHERS' NEW PLAY
MARY THE 3rd
with Louis Hall, May Galvez, George Howard, Beatrice Terry, Morgan Farley, Ben Lyon

COMEDY Thea., 41 St., o'p 6th Ave. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
BERTHA "Miss New Yorker" in Jitta's KALICH Atonement"

IT IS THE LAW
BAYES 44th St., W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:30. Mats TODAY & SATURDAY, 2:30
At the Matinee Today Olive Tell will play the leading part in exchange with her sister Alma

49TH ST. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. POPULAR MATINEE TODAY
Louis MANN and SIDNEY Conway in "GIVE and TAKE"
Greatest Laughing Hit in New York!

SHUBERT Thea. 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15.
GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES
Fourth Annual Production
POP. PRICE MAT. TODAY

MAYOR HYLAN KNOWS NOTHING about dreams
BECAUSE HE HAS NOT SEEN
LISTENING IN
by CARLYLE MOORE
There's a lot you'll know about creaks in your room—and peculiar sounds—and spirit whispers after seeing it.

BIJOU—NOW
West 45th St., Evenings at 8:30
POP. MAT. TODAY
REGULAR MAT. SATURDAY

SELWYN 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY & SAT., 2:30.
NAZIMOVA (IN PERSON)
DAGMAR

APOLLO THEA., W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, SAT. 2:30.
BEN-AMI in THE MARVELOUS
MUSICAL ROMANCE
JOHANNES KREISLER

Times Sq. 42 Sts., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TOMORROW, SAT. & TUES., 2:30.
THE FOOL

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES & SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today & Sat. BILLIE BURKE in Booth-Tarkington's "ROSE BRIAR" POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY

DR PERCY STICKNEY GRANT
SPEAKING FROM THE PULPIT, SAID:
"Here is this matter of marriage and divorce. If you want to know how people look at those things today, go no and see MR. JESSE LYNCH WILLIAMS' play called 'WHY NOT?' Mr. Williams is a very witty man, and for two or three hours he keeps his audience laughing at the very inconsistency of this whole situation.
"Do you think the church is going to be able to stand that laughter indefinitely? This expose of the nonsense of this 'whole matter? Go up and see it. You will have a very interesting evening, and you will want to go again, because it appeals to your mind, not merely to your emotions—to your mind."
"WHY NOT?"
EQUITY, 48TH ST., THEATRE
SPECIAL BENEFIT MATINEE TODAY

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Sat., 2:30.
49th Performance Tonight
LENORE ULRIC AS KIKI
DAVID BELASCO Presents

Klaw Theo., W. 45, 8:30. Pop. Mat. Today
THE LAST WARNING With William Courtleigh

LIZA DALY'S, 63D ST. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Sat., 2:30. Midnight Perf. Tonite 11:45
A BIG SUCCESS

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE B'WAY & 43D ST.
MATS. TODAY & SAT. at 2:30.
THE LOVE CHILD

Fulton 46th St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATS. TODAY & SAT. at 2:30.
MARGARET LAWRENCE SECRETS
Staged by SAM FORREST
Seats at Box Office $1, $1.50, $2 & $2.50.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30.
GEORGE M. COHAN Presents
THE HIT OF THE TOWN
"SO THIS IS LONDON!"
A HOWLING SUCCESS—Eve. Post.

SAM H. HARRIS 42 St., W. of B'y. Evs. 8:10. Mts. Tm'w, Sat. & Tues., 2:10
ARTHUR HOPKINS presents
JOHN BARRYMORE in "HAMLET" LAST TWO WEEKS
TOMORROW'S MATINEE will be given in honor of Moscow Art Theatre Players and the Ballett Chauve-Souris Company, all of whom will be present.

MERTON OF THE MOVIES with Glenn Hunter—Florence Nash
CORT 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:15.

LYCEUM 45th St., Near B'way. Evs. at 8. Matinees Tomor'w & Sat. at 2.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DAVID WARFIELD
as SHYLOCK in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Pop. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:15
GEORGE M. COHAN'S COMEDIANS in The New American Song and Dance Show
"LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, AT 8:10
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TODAY
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38, Evs. 8:30. NIGHTS 50c to $2.50. BUY IN ADVANCE. POP. MAT. TODAY. Entire 1st Balcony $1. Entire 2d Balcony 50c. Entire Orchestra, $2.
HENRY W. SAVAGE offers
"Best of current Musical Comedies."—World.
THE CLINGING VINE with PEGGY WOOD
"BRILLIANT AND MEMORABLE PERFORMANCE."—Jas. Craig, Mail.

COWL As Juliet
Henry Miller's THEATRE, 124 W. 43 ST. Mats. Tomor'w & Sat. Nights & Sat. Mat., $1.50 $2.50. Popular Mat. Tomorrow, 75c to $2. Evs. 8:30. Mats. 2:30.

6th MONTH AT THE EARL CARROLL Thea., 7 Av.-50 St. Mts. Tu'w. & Sat.
THE GINGHAM GIRL with Eddie Buzzell and Star Cast
"Best Musical Comedy in Town."—Alan Dale.
EVERY NIGHT Except Sat. $1. to $2.50
Punch & Judy 49th, E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat., 2:30.
GUTHRIE McCLINTIC Presents
A SQUARE PEG
A New Play by LEWIS BEACH
VANDERBILT 48th St., E. of B'way. Bryant 0134. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. at 2:30.
EAT RIGHT, THINK RIGHT, LIVE RIGHT AND BACK IT UP BY SEEING A GLORIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY.
GLORY
SEE THE YOUNG LOVERS BILL AND COUE

POPULAR PRICES TODAY MAT., ORCHESTRA $2.00, BAL. $1.50 & $1.00

FACTS about PAPER

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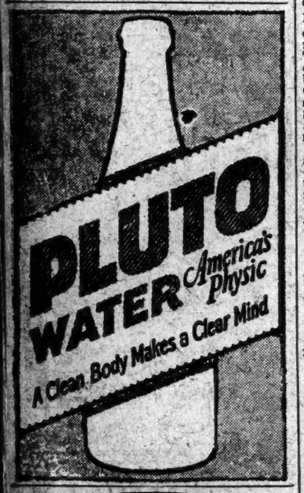
Cuticura Quickly Relieves Irritated Skins

Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water to free the pores of impurities, dry lightly, and apply Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal. Cuticura Talcum is ideal for powdering and perfuming.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Potter Laboratories, Dept. 6M, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.



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ROTAREX WASHER

WILL PERMIT KLAN TO HOLD MEETINGS

Unless They Conspire to Commit Crime, Prosecutor Dodd Won't Interfere.

HE DEFINES HIS POSITION

Replies to a Manufacturer Who Protests Against War on the Society.

District Attorney Charles J. Dodd, of Brooklyn, made it clear yesterday that the right of peaceable assemblage would not be denied to the Ku Klux Klan, unless evidence showed that it had conspired to commit a crime or take the law into its own hands.

Mr. Dodd's explanation of his position was contained in a reply to a letter from John H. Barker, of 466 East Seventh Street, a manufacturer of electrical and railroad equipment, and followed the recent arrest of eight alleged Klansmen after a meeting at 182 Clermont Avenue and the flight of seventy-two supposed Klansmen from Young's Hall, 2,129 Fulton Street, upon the approach of the police Monday night.

Magistrate Harry Howard Dale, before whom the eight alleged Klansmen were originally arraigned, declared at the time that actual and prospective members of the Klan must get out of Brooklyn, and Mr. Barker's letter was written apparently for the purpose of learning how far the District Attorney intended to go in the fight against the Brooklyn Klansmen.

"I note in the papers a report of the arrest of several men for belonging to the Ku Klux Klan," Mr. Barker wrote the District Attorney, "and a report in today's World saying that Magistrate Dale, after a talk in your office, held them because they belonged to the Ku Klux Klan.

"I do not belong to the Klan, and I understand that I am not eligible. But as a plain matter of common sense and respect for the rights of citizens I am writing to protest against any citizen being arrested because he belong to a certain society. If a man violates a law, all well and good; but it is certainly dangerous to allow any vote-seeking Magistrate to curry favor by sending men to jail because they belong to a society which is unpopular with a certain class of citizens.

"The course being pursued by certain papers and officials in this city is doing more to boost the Klan than any other thing which could be devised. I certainly think that you should make a public statement disclaiming any attempt to punish people for belonging to a society and, if these men have committed a crime, make it plain that they are after them for the crime and not because they belong to the Ku Klux Klan."

Mr. Dodd, who did not mention the Klan by name, made the following reply:

"The right of peaceable assemblage cannot be denied, nor should any attempt be made to prevent the meeting of any organization for a lawful purpose. If, however, any organization or body of men shall meet in this county for the purpose of conspiring to commit a crime or take the law into their own hands, upon evidence of that being brought to this office, a vigorous prosecution will be instituted. The principal work of this office is to prosecute persons charged with the commission of crime, and while I am in charge it will be kept within its legal bounds."

Arthur Young, one of the owners of Young's Hall, said the police made a mistake in assuming that there was a Klan meeting there on Monday night. Mr. Young said that two meetings were in progress, one of the Brooklyn Council of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the other of the Foresters of America. He added that he thought there should be some method of redress.

Attendants at the Gates avenue police court denied yesterday the charge that they had intimidated or played pranks on the eight alleged Klansmen while they were awaiting arraignment last Friday morning. It was said that the alleged Klansmen received all possible privileges and were treated no differently from other prisoners.

Captain D. A. Cooper, head of the Yonkers Detective Bureau, continued yesterday his investigation of Klan activities in that city and questioned Charles Klein of 411 Bellevue Avenue, who is employed by an elevator manufacturing firm. Klein said that he had applied for membership in the Klan, but had not been admitted. He promised that if he did join and learned of anything illegal he would resign and inform the police. Klein added that he believed stories printed and told about the Klan had been exaggerated.

TO START QUEENS BUS LINE.

Three Civic Organizations Believe They Are Safe From Courts.

Three civic organizations on the north side of Queens, the Elmhurst Manor and Corona Community Councils and the East Elmhurst Civic Association, have combined to operate a bus line for members, it was announced yesterday. These associations, since the operation of several Queens bus lines was stopped by injunction and the New York and Queens County surface line system was split in two by the receivership of the Steinway lines, have been trying to get some action which would eliminate the necessity for changing cars at Woodside.

The plan is to make a contract with a private bus owner to operate buses exclusively for the use of members of the three associations. By this method, it is believed, the bus line will not fall under the ban of previous court injunctions.

FIGHTS ARREST IN SUBWAY.

Waiter Battles Ten Minutes Before He Gives In—Held as Pickpocket.

While the rush hour crowd was at its height last night on the downtown platform of the Canal Street station on the B. R. T. subway, Meyer Lewis, a waiter, of 128 Stuyvesant Street, fought for ten minutes resisting arrest by Detective Michael Gorevan on a charge of attempting to pick pockets.

"You're not a detective," Lewis said to Gorevan, as the latter placed his hand on Lewis's shoulder and told him he was under arrest for putting his hand into the pocket of a man on the platform. Lewis, according to the police, attempted to strike the detective and a struggle followed. Women in the crowd began to scream and rush for the exits. Gorevan finally subdued Lewis and took him to the Oak Street station.

ADMIT JEWEL ROBBERY.

German Sisters Tell Judge Their Family Lost Its Money.

Judge Collins yesterday in General Sessions remanded Mrs. Josephine Von Marees, 33, a widow, of 610 West 110th Street, and her sister, Miss Emily Bach, 26, of 285 Central Park West, to the Tombs for sentence on Feb. 5 after they pleaded guilty to the theft of $1,540 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Sallie Asch of 3,637 Broadway, last September.

The prisoners told the Court that they came to this country from Germany eighteen months ago, and obtained employment as governesses. They added that their father and mother had lost all their money through the war. Mrs. Asch said that she was visiting the home of Mrs. Fannie Wyler, at 204 West 110th Street, when the women robbed her. All of the jewelry was recovered by Detective Sergeant Morrison of the West 100th Street Station.

400,000,000 BAD TEETH REPORTED IN NATION

Columbia School of Dentistry Puts Average at Four for Each Inhabitant.

The Columbia University School of Dentistry, in an announcement issued yesterday, estimated that the number of defective teeth in the United States was more than 400,000,000 or about four to every person. Members of the school's department of oral hygiene have been working among the school children, last year a total of 11,300 having been cared for by the dental students, many of them women.

"Oral hygiene teaching is particularly valuable among the youngest children, whose habits have not been formed," said Dr. Anna Hughes, Director of the Columbia Oral Hygiene Department. "Songs and rhymes are used to impress the lesson, and they are taught how to use the toothbrush in a toothbrush drill. In the clinical work units of fifteen students, under trained supervisors, go from room to room systematically, leaving each room 100 per cent. dentally clean. When defective teeth are found which need the attention of a dentist, word is sent to the child's parents, and if they are unable to pay the dentist fee the child is sent to the nearest dental clinic.

Good mouth habits acquired at this age will forestall many teeth troubles, and given an understanding of the penalties of their neglect. It helps eradicate the idea that it isn't necessary to go to a dentist unless one has a toothache."

BRIDE OF THREE WEEKS KILLED BY AUTO TRUCK

Identified by Husband—Twins, 36 Years Old, Hurt in Brooklyn Taxicab Smash.

A well dressed young woman alighted from a Southern Boulevard car at 174th Street, the Bronx, at noon yesterday, and became confused as a five-ton truck driven by William B. Harrison of New Haven bore down on her. She slipped on the pavement and was run down and crushed to death. The driver was arrested, and the police listed the victim as unidentified.

When David Pike, dress manufacturer, returned to his home at 2,074 Mapes Avenue, the Bronx, last night, he expected to find his bride of three weeks engaged as usual in preparing dinner. Instead, she was absent. Pike thought she had been delayed on a shopping tour. Finally he inquired at the Bathgate Avenue Station where later he identified his wife as the victim of the motor truck.

Andrew and John McGovern, 36-year-old twins, of 1,085 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, were taken to Swedish Hospital, suffering from contusions, when the taxis carrying them and three other brothers crashed into another at Prospect Place and Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn.

Four automobiles and a fire hydrant were damaged, but no one was injured in a compound collision at Bedford Avenue and Taylor Street, Brooklyn.

TO PAY $400,000 BONUSES.

Alexander Smith & Sons Company Total $4,400,000 in 12 Years.

Special to The New York Times.

Employes of the Alexander Smith & Sons Carpet Company's mills in Yonkers, numbering about 6,000, are to receive a semi-annual bonus tomorrow which will involve the distribution of about $400,000.

It will be the twenty-fourth semi-annual bonus given by the company and will bring the total the company has distributed under the bonus reward system to approximately $4,400,000 in twelve years. Under the bonus plan, inaugurated by Alexander Smith Cochran, principal owner of the works, employes receive from 5 to 15 per cent. of their wages earned for the previous six months, the exact percentage depending on the number of years an employe has worked for the firm.

GOVERNMENT REFUNDS TAX.

Pays Back Total of $265,997.99 to the Public Service Corporation.

The Public Service Corporation announced yesterday at Newark that it had received a check for $70,000 from the Secretary of the Treasury as reimbursement for taxes illegally levied and collected. Litigation has been pending since 1913. The check was for about $70,000, and the company has received back from the Government a total of $265,997.99, including interest and cost of litigation.

The Government in 1909 assessed certain leased utility companies in the public service system, which were not actually operating. The assessments were repeated in 1910, 1911 and 1912. The Supreme Court of the United States held that the law did not apply to non-operating leased companies.

FRENCH FENCER WINS PRIZE.

Academy of Sports Awards 1,000 Francs to Lucien Gaudin.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Lucien Gaudin, a left-handed fencer and for many years champion of France, received today the 1922 one thousand franc prize by the Academy of Sports, in recognition of his sportsmanship and high moral value.

Gaudin has been considered by the French as the world's foils champion since he won a sensational bout against Aldo Nadi, the Italian amateur champion, in Paris last year. For this victory the French Government decorated him with the Legion of Honor.

Gaudin recently won an unofficial decision over M. Beneton, champion of the fencing masters, but refused to meet Beneton in a bout for an official decision before judges.

SAVE ONE DOG IN BIG FIRE.

Poughkeepsie Has a $300,000 Factory Blaze.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 30—Fire unknown origin tonight destroyed the six-story factory building of A. W. Haight & Co., printers, and caused a loss estimated at $300,000. Nothing was saved from the structure except a dog, "Chum," who was rescued from the fourth floor by two firemen as the flames swept up to the second story.

The first three floors of the building were occupied by the Haight Company and the fourth and fifth floors by the Empire Skirt Company.

Late tonight firemen were battling the flames as they reached the sixth floor, which was used as a storage room and carpet factory by Luckey, Platt & Co.

Policemen tried with revolvers to break the heavy wire glass windows which could not be shattered by the low-pressure streams.

Taxi Drivers Wouldn't Be Robbed.

On a charge of attempting to hold up a number of taxicab chauffeurs in front of 155 Perry Street yesterday, James Munson, 19 years old, of 137 Perry Street, was arraigned in Jefferson Market Court and held for the Grand Jury by Magistrate Norman J. Marah. He also was charged with violation of the Sullivan law and held in $1,000 bail for trial. Munson was arrested by Patrolman Frank J. Smith of the Charles Street Station, whose attention was attracted by a shot Munson is said to have fired in an effort to scare Harry Graves, a chauffeur. Graves had $35 in his pocket and Munson commanded him to hand it over, it was charged. When he fired the shot two of the other chauffeurs grabbed Munson and held him until the arrival of Smith.

MER ROUGE MAYOR GETS DEATH THREAT

Anonymous Writer in Arkansas Orders Him to Leave Town Since He Opposed Klan.

STATE TO GIVE PROTECTION

Federal Authorities Also Will Be Asked to Seek Writer—Martial Law Talked Of.

Special to The New York Times.

MER ROUGE, La., Jan. 30.—Mayor Robert L. Dade, a brother-in-law of Watt Daniel, murdered by a hooded mob, is said to be threatened with death unless he leaves town within ten days.

The warning came today in an anonymous letter, bearing a Hot Springs, Ark., post mark. It was written by some one apparently familiar with Mayor Dade's history and his testimony at the open hearing at Bastrop into the hooded murder mystery. The Mayor, who opposed the withdrawal of troops from the parish, announced that he would ask the Attorney General and Department of Justice agents to try to locate the sender of the death threat. The Mayor once joined he Ku Klux Klan and then renounced it as he opposed its policies.

The letter, written on stationery of the National Park Hotel, at Hot Springs, follows:

"Dear Sir: You are hereby notified to pack up and get out of town within ten days of receipt of this notice. You have never been any good as a man or as a citizen. Use your own judgment and either leave or become a corpse.

"LAW ABIDING."

In view of the threats to clean out Mer Rouge made by Bastrop Klansmen, friends of the Mayor are very anxious tonight and many are bringing out their firearms with a view to preparedness.

In view of Governor Parker's announcement that he will proclaim martial law at the first indication of trouble in Morehouse Parish, and that he is determined to protect witnesses at all costs, friends of the Mayor have urged him to formally notify the Chief Executive of the incident.

A number of Arkansas residents are said to have been members of the masked mob which killed Daniel and Richards, and handwriting experts, it is believed, may be able to trace the origin of the letter.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 30.—Prompt action will be taken by the Attorney General's office in connection with the threatening letter received by R. L. Dade, Mayor of Mer Rouge and an important witness for the State during the recent open hearing at Bastrop, Assistant Attorney General Guion said tonight.

Since the letter was sent from another State the Federal authorities will be asked to act and to run down the writer of the letter.

Mayor Dade, at the open hearing, testified to being a member of a masked mob of Klansmen who held up Harry Neelis, W. C. Andrews and Watt Daniel on the Gallion Road after the three men had followed the Klansmen on one of their mysterious errands. When on the stand the Mayor revealed the names of a number of men in the mob, including Captain J. K. Skipwith, Exalted Ruler of the Klan in Morehouse Parish, who, he testified, lectured the three men after they had been threatened with other punishment.

By long distance telephone from Mer Rouge last night Mayor Dade attributed the warning to the Klan. "Let 'em out in the open and make a clean fight of it," he said.

Attorney General Coco will go to Baton Rouge tomorrow to confer with Governor Parker on the Ku Klux Klan outrages in Morehouse Parish.

JAIL FOR WELL-TO-DO WOMAN

Sentenced as Shoplifter — Drug Addict, Says Her Counsel.

A sentence of four months in the workhouse was imposed in Special Sessions yesterday on Mrs. Palmo Blanc, wife of a Cuban plantation owner, who lives at 340 West Eighty-ninth Street, when she pleaded guilty to a shoplifting charge. She was arrested on Jan. 2 last for the theft of a pair of silk gloves and a silk remnant worth $14.12 at R. H. Macy & Co.'s. She had previously been arrested and released on bail pending trial on a charge of stealing seven bottles of perfume, worth $15, from Gimbel's.

Miss May Mangan, a probation officer, told the Court that the young woman was a drug addict, and the Court ordered that she be treated in an effort to rid her of the habit. The probation officer said that investigation revealed that her husband had provided a luxurious home for Mrs. Blanc and counsel for the woman explained that she acquired the drug habit after an accident. The Court would not suspend sentence so that her husband could send her to a private institution for treatment.

ROB TROLLEY PASSENGERS.

Two Bandits Hold Up a Car Outside of Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 30. — Two armed bandits held up tonight and robbed passengers of a traction car, on its way from here to Martinsville, seven miles south, according to a report to local police from the conductor in charge of the car.

Automobile police squads were sent out from here to the scene of the holdup.

The Morning Dish

Here's a morning dish that's luscious and effective. A food that doctors in great sanitariums prescribe for anemic, tired people.

Stewed Raisins

Try them prepared like this for ten days if you need regularity and note results.

One package Sun-Maid Seedless Raisins, 1 slice orange or lemon rind, 2 cups cold water. Put raisins and water in saucepan and bring to boiling point. Add slice of orange or lemon and cook for thirty minutes.

Sun-Maid Raisins should cost you no more than the following prices:

Seeded (in 15 oz. blue pkge.)—20c
Seedless (in 15 oz. red pkge.)—15c
Seeded or Seedless (15 oz.)—12c
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Sun-Maid Raisins

Had *Your* Iron Today?

Come and see the New Corona

IT'S the very latest development in portable typewriters, and when you see it, you will agree that it is a wonder of compactness and convenience!

In this New Corona you get something you cannot get in any other portable typewriter—a design and construction that have stood the test of time and of actual use in the hands of half a million owners. There are more Coronas in use than all other makes of portable typewriters combined.

An office typewriter in portable form

When you have examined the New Corona, you will see why it has created such a stir in typewriter circles. For instead of being "just a portable typewriter," it is really an office typewriter in portable form.

Four new features

The four improvements listed below are new in this model.

1. Automatic Ribbon Reverse.
2. 10-inch Carriage—wider than any other portable typewriter.
3. Standard Portable Keyboard. The simplest of all typewriter keyboards, and the easiest to memorize and use.
4. Improved Line Spacer—one motion returns carriage and spaces for next line.

The advantage of Corona's folding carriage

When you see the New Corona, your biggest wonder will be that a machine so light and so compact not only has all the conveniences of a large typewriter, but looks like one as well.

The secret is Corona's Folding Carriage, a feature largely responsible for Corona's wonderful success.

Look at Corona's long type-bars. They operate just like those of a big, standard machine. This would not be possible in so light a machine, were it not for the folding feature. Now compare Corona's type-bar action with that of any other portable machine and you will see the difference.

Another great advantage of the folding carriage is that it increases the life of the machine because when it is folded, it is proof against knocks and jars which always occur in traveling.

No increase in price

$50 buys the New Corona, complete with the carrying case.

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BUSINESS SUITS & OVERCOATS

SUITS

Formerly $50 and $60 NOW $39

Formerly $65 and $80 NOW $53.50

THERE IS STILL A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SMALL SIZES. IN THE $39 GROUP 3-PIECE LONG TROUSER NORFOLK SUITS WILL BE FOUND.

OVERCOATS

Formerly $45 to $60 NOW $35

Formerly $65 to $80 NOW $53.50

THESE GARMENTS HAVE BEEN CHOSEN FROM REGULAR STOCK AND ADHERE TO THE ESTABLISHED STANDARDS OF DESIGN, CHARACTER AND WORTH. THEY REPRESENT FINCHLEY DEVELOPMENT AT ITS BEST.

OWING TO THE DRASTIC REDUCTIONS THERE WILL BE A SLIGHT CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS.

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5 West 46th. Street

NEW YORK

GREB RETAINS TITLE IN BOUT AT GARDEN

American Light-Heavyweight Champion Defeats Loughran in 15-Round Match.

LOSER STRONG AT START

Outpoints Rival in First Three Sessions, but Latter Rallies and Wins Easily.

CROWD DENOUNCES VERDICT

Small Gathering of 7,000 Shows Hostility to Pittsburgh Boxer for Rough Tactics.

Harry Greb of Pittsburgh retained his American light-heavyweight championship title against Tommy Loughran, Philadelphia contender, last night in Madison Square Garden. After fifteen rounds of boxing, which fluctuated from the satisfactory to the mediocre as the bout progressed, Judges Tommy Shortell and George Burden and Referee Billy (Kid) McPartland rendered their decision in favor of Greb.

The decision did not meet with the approval of the crowd of about 7,000. There was a demonstration of disapproval from the small gathering, which had paid $19,090.25 in net receipts to witness the the scrap. But in the opinion of the majority of ring critics this disapproving outburst was unwarranted. Greb easily won ten of the fifteen rounds by a margin which gave the champion a commanding lead on points at the final bell.

Undoubtedly a late rally by Loughran swayed a majority of the fans who favored the Philadelphian from the start. Loughran fought with his last ounce of strength in the closing rounds and won the honors for this part of the bout. This and the fact that the crowd was hostile to Greb throughout probably were responsible for the outburst of disapproval when the decision was announced. As is typical of him, Greb was not particular in his choice of the methods he employed to score the victory.

The champion, as usual, was a tireless machine in action, well-oiled and regulated for the forty-five minutes of action. But Greb employed rough tactics as he battled his way to victory and drew the censure of the crowd repeatedly as he held with one hand and hit with the other, and used his head, shoulders and elbows in the clinches.

Greb Makes Strong Rally.

It was Greb's perpetual-motion style which won him the battle, this and a manifest timidity on the part of Loughran when initiative and recklessness would have brought greater results to the Quaker City lad. Outpointed in the first three rounds because his rival was a better boxer and a cleaner and more accurate hitter, Greb, tearing and slashing without a let-up, carried off the succeeding ten rounds in a manner which left no room for doubt. He was after Loughran relentlessly with an incessant two-fisted attack that, while wild and inaccurate, nevertheless was enough to accumulate points for the champion. Loughran was in full retreat from the fourth to the fourteenth, save for the spasmodic rallies which the Philadelphian made as Greb tore in wide open.

In the fourteenth and fifteenth rounds Loughran discarded his timidity and exchanged blows with the champion in spirited rallies. The greatest action of the bout was contained in the two closing rounds and the crowd yelled its approval as Loughran met Greb's rushes with powerful rights and lefts to the body, and at the close quarters pumped hight to the body with discouraging effect on Greb. The champion continued driving during the final bell, but was ineffective and outpointed in the last two rounds.

Loughran survived his most precarious situation in the tenth round. In this session the Quaker City lad was manifestly weak and in distress as Greb piled him with a stinging fire to the face and body. A right to the ribs, a full arm swing, which carried the weight of Greb's body back of it, almost dropped Loughran in this session. Greb tore after his rival and for a time it appeared that the weak hitting champion would score a knockout. He drove Loughran into the latter's corner with a powerful right to the jaw and made the Philadelphian gasp with a vicious left dig to the stomach. But Loughran survived the storm in this round as he did in the three succeeding sessions and then surprised everybody with his closing two-round rally.

Loughran Sets Fast Pace.

Loughran's boxing in the opening three rounds gained him the honors for this part of the bout. He met Greb's rushes coolly and with well-directed lefts and rights to the face and body, upsetting the champion's assault. In the third round Loughran twice almost turned Greb around with jolting rights to the jaw and had the champion bleeding from the mouth as a result of left jabs.

With the fourth round the tide of battle swung to Greb. Loughran exhibited his timidity for the first time and seldom ever took the initiative thereafter until the fourteenth. Greb was warned repeatedly for using his head as a battering ram in the clinches and the crowd frequently yelled its disapproval.

But Greb toiled along tirelessly and added to his points through the fourth, fifth and sixth rounds. A wild right uppercut to the chin sent Loughran's head back in the seventh and drew the blood from the Philadelphian's mouth. Another right started a crimson trickle from Loughran's left eye. In the eighth and again in the ninth round Greb was warned for his roughness in using his head while at close quarters, but the Pittsburgh boxer kept on with his two-fisted battering.

Through the tenth, eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth rounds Greb continued to add to his lead on points, and when Loughran started his spectacular closing rally the champion was in front by a one-sided margin.

Red Cap Wilson of the west side knocked out Dave Hennessy, Greenwich Village welterweight, after 29 seconds of the first round in the opening bout, scheduled for four rounds. In the six-round bout Frankie Mack of Hartford and Johnny Brown, Bronx featherweight, fought a draw. Paul Doyle, east side welterweight, knocked out Frankie Murphy of Denver in the fifth round of the semi-final, scheduled for twelve rounds. A special six-round bout then was put on. In this encounter Charlie Nashert, Oklahoma City light-heavyweight, won the decision over Leo Gates of Harlem.

STORY OF THE FIGHT TOLD ROUND BY ROUND

Loughran Sets Fast Pace in Early Sessions, but Greb Makes Strong Rally.

Greb and Loughran were pelted with a flurry of applause as they entered the ring at Madison Square Garden last night. Gene Tunney, Larry Goldberg and Johnny Dundee were introduced before the bout started. Kid McPartland was the referee. It was announced that both Loughran and Greb weighed 166 pounds.

The story of the fight by rounds follows:

First Round.

Greb opened with a typical rush. He lashed out with rights and lefts for the face without direction. The champion's rush flustered Loughran for a time but the Quaker City boxer quickly started pecking with a left jab which had Greb's head bobbing. Greb was kept at bay with Loughran's stiff left jabs. The champion kept tearing in, but was wild while Loughran countered cleverly. At close quarters Loughran worked both hands to the body. Greb sought to work in the clinches, but his attack was checked by Loughran.

Second Round.

Greb rushed and was met with a left jab to the face. They clinched. Greb was short with a right for the face and took a stiff left jab in return. In the clinches Loughran held against attack. A left jab drew the blood from Greb's mouth. Greb rushed and landed a right to the face and body. Loughran hooked a left to the face just before the bell.

Third Round.

They exchanged left jabs. Greb rushed wildly about the ring in an effort to drive in a good punch. Greb landed a right to the jaw but missed repeatedly as he continued his furious assault. After sparring for a while Greb landed a right to the jaw and Loughran shot a right uppercut to the chin. Loughran turned Greb half way round with a right to the jaw. Loughran landed to the jaw and followed with left and rights to the jaw.

Fourth Round.

Loughran hooked a left to the jaw and then drove a left and right to the body. Greb started roughing Loughran at close quarters. In the clinches Loughran pumped his right to the body. The crowd booed Greb for using his head in the clinches. Greb opened a cut over Loughran's left eye with a wild right. They exchanged rights and lefts to the body in a mix-up near the bell.

Fifth Round.

Loughran landed several light lefts and they clinched. Greb rushed continually, but was wild. Greb was warned for using his head in close quarters. Greb landed a left hook to the face. Greb hooked a left to the body. Loughran drove a right to the head as Greb came in. After sparring for a while Loughran drove another right to the heart. They were clinched at the bell.

Sixth Round.

Loughran landed several light lefts to the face and then drove a right to the jaw. Loughran jabbed a left to the face and drove a right to the body. Greb repeatedly rushed Loughran to the ropes, but did not land a clean punch. Loughran made no effort to take the offensive. They were clinched at the bell and the crowd was voicing its disapproval.

Seventh Round.

Greb rushed, landing a left to the stomach and face. They exchanged rights to the body. Greb uppercut with a wild right to the chin which drew the blood from Loughran's mouth. At close quarters Greb did all the work. Loughran drove a left and right to the body. Both missed with rights for the jaw. They were sparring at the bell.

Eighth Round.

Greb rushed his rival and they clinched without either striking a damaging blow. Greb was warned for using his head at close quarters. They exchanged rights to the stomach. Greb drove Loughran to the ropes under a shower of rights and lefts to the face. Greb hooked a left to the stomach. Loughran drove a right and left to Greb's jaw and took a left to the stomach in return just before the bell.

Ninth Round.

Greb pounded the face and body with a right at close quarters. Loughran landed several jabs and then drove a right to the jaw. They exchanged rights to the body. Greb roughed Loughran in the clinches. The champion was warned again for using his head. Loughran drove a hard right to the body. They exchanged lefts to the face at the bell.

Tenth Round.

Greb drove Loughran about the ring with lefts and rights to the body and face. A right to the ribs almost floored Loughran. Greb carried a furious pace in driving home lefts and rights to the body and jaw which made Loughran hold. Loughran drove a right to the jaw as Greb rushed in. In a clinch they exchanged blows to the body. Greb hooked a left to the body which made Loughran gasp. Greb forced Loughran around the ring at the bell.

Eleventh Round.

Greb rushed his rival about the ring and landed two solid rights to the jaw. They exchanged rights to the body. Greb worked his right to the body and face at close quarters. Loughran uppercut a right to the face, but took three solid lefts to the stomach in return. They were clinched at the bell.

Twelfth Round.

The boxers clinched repeatedly at the start of this round. Greb drove his right to the face and body at close quarters. Greb twice hooked his left to the stomach and then drove his left and right to the jaw. Greb drove a left and right to the face and Loughran pounded the body with rights and lefts. Loughran drove a right to the heart at the bell.

Thirteenth Round.

Greb sent Loughran's head back with a left in a clinch. At close quarters Greb worked lefts and rights to the stomach. Greb twice hooked his left to the wind. Greb leaped in with another left hook that made Loughran gasp. Loughran bombarded the body with lefts and rights as Greb tore in. Greb missed with a left and right for the face and took a right to the body. Greb rushed his rival to the ropes and landed a left to the face at the bell.

Fourteenth Round.

Loughran was warned for hitting low with the right, but the crowd hissed the warning. The boxers fought furiously, exchanging rights and lefts to the body in spirited mix-ups. Loughran drove his left and right to the body, while Greb swung with both hands to the face or body. Greb almost doubled Loughran up with a left hook to the body. Greb drove a left and right to the jaw. Loughran opened up a two-handed attack to the body at the bell.

Fifteenth Round.

The men shook hands. Greb drove a left hook to the wind and they clinched. Loughran drove a right to the body. As Greb tore in Loughran landed lefts and rights to the body. They exchanged left hooks to the wind. Greb drove a left and right to the jaw but took a left and right to the body in return. Loughran tore in and landed several hard left and rights to the body. Loughran caught Greb coming in with a left and right to the jaw. Loughran drove a right to the jaw just before the final bell.

BOXING CLUB LICENSED.

New Organization Will Operate at the Manhattan Casino.

A license was issued yesterday by the State Athletic Commission to the Melba Boxing Club, which will operate at the Manhattan Casino, 156th Street and Eighth Avenue. Efforts to learn who were back of the new club were unsuccessful. The Commission also announced it had lifted the suspensions of Dan Rodgers, manager of Rocky Kansas, and boxers Roy Moore, Frankie Eagle and Ray Campbell.

Carpentier to Fight Beckett May 14—Will Then Visit U.S.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—Georges Carpentier will meet Joe Beckett, the English heavyweight, May 14, in London, according to Francois Descamps, Carpentier's manager. Afterward, according to L'Auto, Carpentier and Descamps will sail for the United States to witness the Johnny Kilbane-Eugene Criqui bout. While in the United States Descamps will try to arrange a fight for Carpentier with Harry Greb to take place probably July 2. According to Descamps, Carpentier is ready to meet Battling Siki, the big Senegalese black, as soon as the Boxing Federation lifts its disqualification against him.

YANKS GET PENNOCK FROM THE RED SOX

Give Murray, McMillan and Skinner for Veteran Boston Left-Handed Pitcher.

COLLINS DEAL NOW LIKELY

Ward, Meusel and Hoyt Will Probably Be Traded for Star Second Baseman, Falk and Robertson.

The Yankees got Pitcher Herb Pennock from the Red Sox yesterday in one of the most one-sided trades in the history of the American League.

In return for the veteran Boston southpaw the Yanks handed over George Murray, right-handed pitcher; Norman McMillan, third baseman and outfielder, and Camp Skinner, outfielder. Needless to say, no money was passed over to Harry Frazee. Either Murray or McMillan is as valuable as the aging Pennock, and Skinner is not far behind.

In other words, the Yanks gave nearly three times as much as they got and did not find it necessary to cross Frazee's palm with silver. They gave a good right-hander for a good southpaw and tossed in two promising youngsters to boot. Frazee is still the David Harum of baseball traders.

The Pennock trade is the first in a general reorganization of the Yanks. With five veteran right-handers and one tried and true southpaw on their staff the Colonels are now ready to proceed with that trade for Eddie Collins. They have balked at including Waite Hoyt in the deal, but there is a good chance now that the youthful Flatbusher will be shipped to Chicago and Columbia Eddie brought to the new Yankee Stadium in a New York uniform.

Collins Deal Still Pending.

As part of this deal Aaron Ward, Bob Meusel and Hoyt will be traded for Collins, Outfielder Bob Falk and Pitcher Charley Robertson of "perfect game" fame. Negotiations are still very much alive, and Colonel Jacob Ruppert said yesterday that the two clubs will get together again at the February American League meeting in Philadelphia. The Yanks now feel that Hoyt can be spared. With a pitching staff consisting of Bush, Shawkey, Mays, Jones, Robertson and Pennock, with Collins at second base and Falk in left field, Hugginsmay would have the best team that he has ever had in New York.

The Yanks were the first to admit yesterday that the Pennock trade was a trifle lopsided, but they justified their action by pointing out that Pennock will be of more immediate value than the three youngsters.

"The worst trade the Yanks ever made," said one of the club officials. "That is, if you take it by and large, in its broader aspects. But we are figuring on the coming season. The Yanks need a left-hander badly if they are to win another pennant. Murray, Skinner and McMillan would not be of much use to us this year, for the simple reason that there is no room in the line-up for them. So we are sacrificing future prospects for the immediate season."

"Huggins was consulted about the trade. I talked with him over the long-distance phone, and he approved the trade. He said that Pennock ought to win fifteen games for the Yanks next season, and he repeated what I have said about our three players—that none of them would be of much use next season.

"Murray is a first-rate pitcher," Huggins told me. "But he would only sit on the bench next year. We have enough right handers now—all I need. The staff needs a left hander of experience."

Take Leaf From McGraw's Book.

So the Yankees decided to take a leaf from John McGraw's book and become baseball opportunists. The Giants' manager has never hesitated to sacrifice future prospects for the needs of the moment. He gave away Eddie Roush and Heinie Groh and Milton Stock and Curtis Walker and a raft of others because he needed a certain player to win a certain pennant. The Yanks want to win that championship next season, and if Pennock is the man who will win it for them they want him at any cost.

Colonels Ruppert and Huston jointly announced the deal in the Yankee offices yesterday after they had held a long and profound conference behind closed doors. Harry Frazee is now in Chicago, and the supposition is that the dicker was closed some time ago and waited only Huggins's approval. The announcement was no surprise to local baseball men, for the Yankees had intimated weeks ago that Frazee was for sale all but closed and lacked only a few finishing touches.

The only surprise lay in the players that the Yanks shipped to the Hub. McMillan, for example, figured in the original trade developed, and it was never imagined that the Yanks would toss in Murray and another player for good measure.

With the exception of two brief trips to the minors Pennock has been in the major leagues ten years. He is 29 years old and first broke in with the Athletics in April of 1913. In June, 1915, he was released on waivers to the Red Sox, who sent him under option to Providence in August and then recalled him in the same month. The southpaw was released again to Buffalo on option in July, 1916, and recalled by Boston in August. He has been with the Red Sox ever since.

Last season, with an eighth place club, Pennock pitched in thirty-two games, won ten and lost seventeen—a record nowhere near as good as Joe Bush and Sam Jones made at Boston the year before. In 1921 the left hander pitched in thirty-two games, won twelve and lost fourteen. He was near the bottom in earned runs per game in the 1922 records, with a mark of 4.32 runs for each nine innings.

Pennock a Steady Pitcher.

Pennock is a half inch over six feet but is slight in build, weighing only about 160 pounds. He has always been known as a steady-going pitcher but never was one of the top-notchers.

Now for the players that go to the Yankee colony in Boston. Murray, one of the best young pitchers in the big leagues, has been hailed by all good judges as a sure comer. He is tall and brawny, with a great curve, plenty of speed and a good head on his shoulders, although he is still green. He worked in twenty-two games last season, but pitched only five complete contests, winning three and losing two. Under the Miller Huggins system he spent most of his Summer afternoons on the bench watching Jones and Mays lose ball games.

Murray came to the Yanks at the end of the 1920 season from North Carolina State College. He was farmed out to Rochester in 1921 and recalled at the end of the season. All of last season he spent with the Yanks.

McMillan is another North Carolina and Rochester product. He was picked up by Scout Bob Gilks while Norman was third baseman on the Charlotte Club of the South Atlantic Association in 1920. He was farmed out to Rochester along with Murray in 1921 and recalled in September of that year. Huggins converted him from a third baseman into an outfielder and used "Silent Mac" as centrefielder against left-handers, whom he could hit with zest and abandon. McMillan is one of the best fielding third baseman in the big leagues and showed signs of being a hard hitter.

Camp Skinner was with Cedartown, Ga., in the Georgia State League when the Yanks annexed him in 1920. He was sent to Dallas under option, recalled at the end of 1921 and used for pinch hitting purposes last season.

Brocco and Egg to Team Again.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Maurice Brocco and Oscar Egg, famous bike racers, will be teamed in the six-day races starting here Feb. 10, Paddy Harmon, manager, announced today.

Giant Raises 530 Pounds To Level of His Chest

MONTREAL, Jan. 30.—Arthur Giroux, giant provincial constable, is believed to have broken all world's weight-lifting records here tonight when he raised from the ground to the level of his chest four iron dumbbells, whose combined weight was 530 pounds. The strong man also raised from the ground to above his head weights of 231½, 241 and 250½ pounds, and elevated another bar weighing 203¾ pounds.

RICKARD AND HUSTON DISCUSS TITLE BOUT

Confer on Possibility of Staging Dempsey-Wills Match at Yankees' Stadium.

Tex Rickard, Madison Square Garden promoter, was in conference yesterday with Colonel T. L. Huston, part owner of the New York Yankees, on a proposition which was said to involve the leasing of the new Yankee Stadium to Rickard for a world's heavyweight championship bout between Jack Dempsey, the title-holder, and Harry Wills of New Orleans, who is regarded as Dempsey's foremost challenger. Rickard and Huston met by appointment at the Engineers' Club for a conference which was supposed to have been a strictly private session. News of the meeting leaked out, however, together with the information that the session directly involved a world's heavyweight title bout in the new home of New York's American League Club.

Neither Rickard nor Huston would confirm the reports of the relation of the meeting to a heavyweight title bout. Rickard emphatically denied that he discussed a lease of the park with the half owner of the Yanks. Huston was less emphatic but none the less noncommittal.

It is understood, however, regardless of the denials of Rickard and Huston, that the subject matter of the discussion was Rickard's association with the Yankee Stadium in the capacity of boxing promoter there. This supports an announcement made some time ago by Rickard that if any boxing bouts were held in the new Yankee ball yard he would be the promoter.

No Lease Yet Signed.

No lease of the park has been signed with any of the men seeking such a document. The Yankee owners, Huston and Colonel Jacob Ruppert, have repeatedly announced their opposition to the idea of throwing the park open to weekly or ordinary boxing shows. It is the intention of the ball club owners to reserve their new park for important bouts in which championships are involved. Rickard has repeatedly stated these conditions together with the information that he has received assurances that if any bout is held in the Yankee park he will be the promoter. The Yankee authorities, however, have steadfastly refused to commit themselves positively on the subject.

The situation with regard to a bout for Dempsey remained unchanged yesterday. Jack Kearns, Dempsey's manager, and Promoter Tex Rickard were together for a time in Madison Square Garden, but it was announced that nothing had transpired at the meeting which could be construed as new or definite in the attempt to arrange a world's title struggle. Rickard insisted that he had not signed Dempsey, and Kearns was equally insistent that he has not yet affixed his signature to a contract.

Rickard's agreement, binding Kearns not to tie up to any rival promoter for a period of six days expires tomorrow. Whether this agreement will be extended was not divulged. Rickard repeated his previous declaration that he expects to sign Dempsey to a contract before the end of the week, but in the document the promoter plans to submit to the titleholder, the name of Dempsey's opponent together with the date and place of the bout will be vacant.

Tom O'Rourke, Polo Grounds boxing matchmaker, visited Kearns's offices again yesterday, but found the manager absent. O'Rourke plans to submit a sealed bid to Kearns tomorrow afternoon for Dempsey's services in one, two or three bouts to be held by the Republic A. C.

Still Waiting to Sign.

Kearns was emphatic in declaring that he had not signed a contract with any promoter. He added that he had not even tentatively accepted any bid.

"As far as I am concerned a Dempsey-Wills or Dempsey-Willard match is no nearer completion now than it was a year ago," said Kearns. "Unless some promoter comes along with a bonafide offer and a guarantee that Dempsey can box who ever is selected as his opponent without any interference, no Dempsey bout will be signed, either. All these offers that have been reported mean nothing to me. I want some promoter to come to the front with a proposition which is bound by a cash deposit of $100,000 and we'll sign. This deposit must be placed with a reputable stake-holder, too. No bank deposits, where it would be necessary to go through endless litigation and possibly receive an adverse decision from a jury, for me. I want the deposit posted with a man of recognized integrity, who possesses the initiative to dispose of the deposit as conditions would justify in case of an emergency.

"I can tie up right this minute to any number of promoters who are seeking Dempsey's services. They all want a Dempsey-Wills bout. We want that bout, too, for it is the most attractive one available right now. But you've got to show me a guarantee of $100,000 against official interference before I'll sign. I'm not taking any chances on some authority coming along at the last minute and prohibiting the bout. Where would the champion be nder such a condition?

"As far as I can see there is nothing exorbitant in my demand for a deposit of $100,000 as a guarantee of good faith. The champion, as I see the situation, is entitled to that much at least, for if one State barred a Dempsey-Wills bout every State in the country would come out against it and then where would Dempsey be?

"As I said upon my arrival here there will be no difficulty in signing Dempsey for Wills or for Willard or for anybody else. Get the opponent, the promoter and the guarantee against official interference and I'll sign without delay. The financial return from any bout in which the champion takes part is a secondary consideration. Particularly in a Dempsey-Wills bout is the guarantee a secondary consideration for in that match Dempsey's share would take care of itself. I have no worry on that score."

GUARANTEE NOBLE A BOUT.

Dundee and Flores Ordered to Sign Contract by Muldoon.

Johnny Dundee, 130-pound championship belt holder, and Elino Flores of the Philippines, who will clash in a fifteen-round bout at Madison Square Garden Friday night, were ordered yesterday by the State Athletic Commission to sign a contract in which each boxer guarantees Tommy Noble, English boxer, a bout on Feb. 23 in Madison Square Garden.

Chairman William Muldoon announced that this order had been issued to Dundee and Flores to protect Noble's interests in so far as they relate to the 130-pound title. Noble has had a challenge filed against Dundee for several months, and, according to Muldoon, is entitled to first consideration as a championship contender.

Chairman Muldoon, however, did not want to interfere with the preparations for Friday night's bout, he said, and so ordered the agreement between Dundee and Flores as a way of protecting Noble's interest without upsetting the extensive plans which have been made for Friday night's scrap.

MISS MACDONALD LOSES TO MRS. COLE

Seattle Girl Puts Up Stubborn Battle Against Bostonian at Heights Casino.

Miss Mae MacDonald of Seattle, who made so promising a début in metropolitan tennis in the initial round of the Heights Casino invitation tournament in Brooklyn, sustained the high quality of her performance in her play yesterday afternoon against Mrs. Benjamin E. Cole of Boston, former women's national clay court champion. Miss MacDonald lost to Mrs. Cole by scores of 6-2, 5-7, 10-8 in the second round, but the play of the loser, a newcomer from the Pacific Northwest, was the real feature not only of this match but of the whole day's play. This is the first indoor tennis tournament in which Miss MacDonald has ever played, while Mrs. Cole has long been accustomed to the covered courts of the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston.

Mrs. Cole was the more accurate of the two, and gradually accustomed herself to handling the Westerner's chop drives. The first set was easy for the Boston girl, Miss MacDonald had not yet found herself. In the second session, Mrs. Cole ran into a lead of 5-love. Miss MacDonald till this time had been playing too far inside her backcourt lines to take Mrs. Cole's drives successfully. Mrs. Cole's shots were all deeply placed. But when the second set seemed half over, Miss MacDonald began to play well back and handled the ball so severely in her returns that she tied the count at 3-all. From that point on the Westerner had the advantage and a single break through service gave her the set.

In the third set, Mrs. Cole accumulated a lead of 4—1. Miss MacDonald tied it up at 4-all and from that point on it was a battle royal, with both many times in sight of victory. In the fourteenth game, Miss MacDonald had the match point up no less than three times on her own service, leading at 40—15, 40—30 and on 'vantage. She placed the ball well on all three occasions but met with hard luck, hitting outside the lines on one occasion by a mere two inches. Mrs. Cole, playing splendidly when everything seemed to be going against her, won in the end by refusing to admit the possibility of defeat and keeping after the ball when it seemed hopelessly out of her reach.

Another player to come within a point of victory and to meet defeat in the end was Mrs. Barger-Wallach, former national champion. Mrs. Barger-Wallach was four times within a point of taking her match with Mrs. DeForrest Candee, but lost in the end by scores of 3—6, 6—2, 7—5.

Takes Three From Champion.

Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory, the national champion, encountered Miss Ceres Baker of Orange in the second round. Miss Baker did extremely well to take three games from the champion in the second set. Miss Baker's service was her principal asset and it bothered Mrs. Mallory considerably. An index of how well Miss Baker played, it may be recorded that the opening game went twenty times to deuce before Mrs. Mallory won it. In the fifth game of the opening set, which was called no less than twelve times, yet, Mrs. Mallory won the set at love.

In the second set, Miss Baker won the first and third games and lost the fifth after deuce had been called several times. She won the seventh also, but could go no further. Mrs. Mallory's relentlessly swift and accurat driving could not be denied their natural result. But it was remarkable through a large part of the match, however, to see the Orange youngster matching the champion in both the speed and the direction of her strokes off the floor.

Miss Marie Wagner won in straight sets from Mrs. D. Mills, and Mrs. Carl V. Hitchins, former Mexican champion, did likewise in her match with Mrs. Samuel H. Waring. Yet Mrs. Waring put up a splendid struggle, especially in the second set. Miss Lillian Scharman was an easy victor over Mrs. Albert Humphries, and Miss Caroma Winn took two 6—3 sets from Mrs. Percy Wilbourn.

The results of the play were to leave eight survivors in the singles. The schedule for today calls for Miss Wagner and Miss Hitchins to meet at 10:30 o'clock, Mrs. Mallory and Mrs. Candee at 11:15, Miss Leslie Bancroft and Miss Winn at noon, and Miss Scharman and Mrs. Cole at 12:45. From that point on place will be given to the doubles.

Favorites Do Not Play.

In yesterday's doubles competition Miss Bancroft and Mrs. Cole, the favorite team, were not required to play. They will meet Mrs. Waring and Mrs. Humphries at 2:15 this afternoon. Mrs. Adam and Miss MacDonald will play Mrs. S. Fullerton Weaver and Mrs. Candee at 3 o'clock. There were no surprises in the opening round of the doubles. Miss Scharman and Miss Baker, metropolitan indoor champions, were somewhat unexpectedly extended by Miss Beagle Holden and Miss Jessie Gott, the scores being 8—6, 6—2. All the other matches were decided in straight sets by one-sided scores.

The summaries:

Heights Casino Invitation Singles, Women's Invitation Singles.

Second Round—Miss Caroma Winn defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourne, 6—3, 6—3; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Mrs. David C. Mills, 6—3, 6—4; Mrs. Carl V. Hitchins defeated Mrs. Samuel H. Waring, 6—2, 7—5; Mrs. Molla Bjurstedt Mallory defeated Miss Ceres Baker, 6—0, 6—3; Mrs. DeForrest Candee defeated Mrs. Barger-Wallach, 3—6, 6—2, 7—5; Miss Lillian Scharman defeated Mrs. Albert Humphries, 6—1, 6—2; Mrs. Benjamin E. Cole defeated Miss Mae MacDonald, 6—2, 5—7, 10—8.

Heights Casino Invitation Doubles, First Round—Mrs. Samuel H. Waring and Mrs. Albert Humphries defeated Mrs. Ingo F. Hartmann and Mrs. Percy Wilbourne, 6—4, 6—1; Mrs. Barger-Wallach and Mrs. Benjamin Briggs defeated Mrs. Bernard F. Stens and Mrs. W. H. Pritchard, 6—1, 6—4; Miss Lillian Scharman and Miss Ceres Baker defeated Miss Bessie Holden and Miss Jessie Gott, 8—6, 6—2; Mrs. Ralph Wood and Mrs. D. C. Mills defeated Mrs. H. V. Kaltenborn and Mrs. John E. Bailey, 6—2, 6—4; Mrs. Caroma Winn and Mrs. Frederick E. Schmitt defeated Miss Adele Cragin and Mrs. E. H. Thompson, 6—1, 6—2.

BRIGGS'S SCHEME IS CALLED A UTOPIA

Yale News Says Harvard Dean's Athletic Code Is Excellent, but Impracticable Now.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 30.—Yale disapproves of the scheme of Dean Briggs of Harvard for giving up the Princeton-Harvard-Yale athletic league and substitute for it personal pledges and agreements on eligibility. The Yale Daily News today declared that the scheme is a Utopia, too far distant.

The News says:

"Flurries of excitement have attended the suggestion of athletes on the honor system made by Dean Briggs of Harvard. The idea is excellent, as are all schemes for uplift. Would dissolution of the present agreement, however, bring Harvard, Princeton and Yale closer together?

"Undoubtedly it would, were not the agreement based fundamentally on a gentleman's word. Why should an athlete in making a financial affidavit be expected to perjure himself any more than a student signing a pledge to an examination? Furthermore, the very fact that a statement is required from every player takes away the stigma which accompanies individual inquiry.

"Dean Briggs says: 'I look for the time when Harvard, Yale and Princeton shall say to one another: I need know nothing more about the legitimacy of your players than is implied by your willingness that they should represent you.' So does every one. If the three universities could carry on their athletic relations without an agreement and keep free from innuendos and groundless suspicions, the committee would cease functioning tomorrow. Such a Utopia, alas, appears far distant.

"Since, therefore, the present arrangement rests ultimately on individual honor, and since a controlling committee is desirable as a tangible pledge of good faith, why destroy what has been built? Open and cordial sportsmanship, for the modern generation, at least, is amply assured by the status quo."

University Golf Course Suggested for Harvard

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 30.—A university golf course is suggested in the annual report of W. H. Geer, Director of Physical Education at Harvard, which was made public today. "A university golf association," the report says, "was recently organized to stimulate further interest in golf and to raise money for the supervision and construction of a university golf links. Such facilities, made available to students, members of the Faculties and officials of the university, would make an important addition to the outdoor exercise equipment."

D. K. E. SQUASH TEAM HAS FIRST SETBACK

Loses to Princeton Club, 5-2, in League Match—Harvard Defeats Yale by 4-3.

METROPOLITAN SQUASH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP, CLASS B.
Final Round Standing.

Team.	Won.	Lost.
Princeton Club	3	0
D. K. E.	2	1
Harvard Club	1	2
Yale Club	0	3

The D. K. E. Club met with its first reverse of the season yesterday afternoon in the squash tennis team tournament of the Metropolitan League and yielded first place in the final round robin to the Princeton Club. Princeton won by the unexpectedly decisive score of 5 to 2. In the other match of the day the Harvard Club defeated the Yale Club by a score of 4 to 3.

John C. Neely, J. C. McKibbin and George A. Walker Jr. won their matches for the Princeton Club in straight games, all three maintaining their superiority without great difficulty. The match that really decided the series was captured by J. M. Denison, captain of the Princeton Club forces, playing No. 1, from R. H. George. Denison won by scores of 15—7, 18—16, and it looked many times through the second game as though the result might be reversed. The summaries:

Harvard Club, 4; Yale Club, 3.

Gurney L. Smith, Yale, defeated R. C. Rand, Harvard, 15—7, 15—9; H. F. Davison, Yale, defeated Geoffrey Taylor, Harvard, 15—11, 15—4; D. McK. Blodgett, Yale, defeated Grover O'Neill, Harvard, 15—10, 15—8; Mott M. Carson Jr., Harvard, defeated R. S. Walker, Yale, 15—5, 15—13; A. Musgrave Hyde, Harvard, defeated C. F. Goodhue, Yale, 15—12, 15—9; J. Mitholland, Harvard, defeated K. J. Smith, Yale, 17—14, 15—6; Gerald Henderson, Harvard, defeated G. M. Bidenberg Jr., 15—4, 15—7.

Princeton Club, 5; D. K. E. Club, 2.

J. M. Denison, Princeton, defeated R. H. George, D. K. E., 15—7, 18—16; R. B. Thorne, D. K. E., defeated O. S. Greene, Princeton, 15—10, 15—17, 15—11; Jarvis Cromwell, Princeton, defeated G. C. Davidson, D. K. E., 7—15, 15—17, 15—7; John C. Neely, Princeton, defeated E. C. Huntington, D. K. E., 15—9, 15—10; J. C. McKibbin, Princeton, defeated W. W. Taylor, D. K. E., 15—7, 15—13; W. C. Becker, D. K. E., defeated H. L. Farrally, Princeton, 15—18, 15—10, 15—10; George A. Walker Jr., Princeton, defeated C. B. Stuart, D. K. E., 15—1, 15—10.

M'ILWAINE WINS AFTER HARD BATTLE

His Victory Over Lockett Is Surprise of Tournament for Met. Squash Racquets Title.

Three semi-finalists were decided yesterday afternoon at the University Club in the squash racquets tournament for the metropolitan championship. They were Henry Harper of the Rockaway Hunting Club, H. E. Mills of the University Club and Archibald McIlwaine of the Racquet and Tennis Club. The fourth match in the round before the semi-finals, between Beals C. Wright of the Rockaway Hunting Club and L. M. Bass of the University Club, was left undecided until today. The two contestants in this match were both engaged somewhere and agreed to meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The surprise of the tournament to date was occasioned by the defeat of A. H. Lockett, champion of the University Club, by McIlwaine. Lockett was expected to win the tournament and the title. He yielded to the superiority of the Racquet and Tennis Club contender only after the bitterest struggle of his career. The scores in favor of McIlwaine were 17—15, 12—15, 18—16. If Lockett had been able to maintain his steady, paceful hitting along the side walls such as had won the second game for him he might have won the match. But he weakened when the crisis was most acute, while the Racquet and Tennis Club star played his best squash racquets at all times, paying no attention, apparently, to the quality of the opposition. McIlwaine depended upon his usual form to carry him through, and that was plenty good enough.

Aside from the Wright-Bass match there will be no play in this tournament this afternoon. The semi-final round matches are scheduled for tomorrow afternoon and the final for Saturday afternoon.

The summaries:

Metropolitan Squash Racquets Championship—Third Round—Henry Harper, Rockaway Hunting Club, 18—14, 15—12; H. E. Mills, University Club, defeated L. McC. Miller, Rockaway Hunting Club, 15—5, 15—18, 15—12; Archibald McIlwaine, Racquet and Tennis Club, defeated A. H. Lockett, University Club, 17—15, 13—18, 18—16.

N. Y. A. C. TEAM WINS.

Beats Montclair A.C. In Met. Squash Tennis Consolation Match.

In the series of consolation matches played by squash tennis teams that were eliminated from the final round robin tournament of the Metropolitan Squash Tennis Association's Class B tournament, the New York A. C. yesterday defeated the Montclair A. C. by a score of 4 to 3.

The summaries:

Frank M. Loughman, N. Y. A. C., defeated R. E. Thomas, Montclair, 15—17, 17—16, 17—15; A. Birdsell, N. Y. A. C., defeated Frank Seller, Montclair, 15—8, 14—16; C. A. Hipkins, Montclair, defeated M. M. Sterling, N. Y. A. C., 15—4, 15—17, 15—7; Graham Waldron, Montclair, defeated J. S. Casey, N. Y. A. C., 15—3, 15—3; J. L. Egan, N. Y. A. C., defeated W. B. Spencer, Montclair, 15—0, 15—11; H. F. Wolf, Montclair, defeated Chapman Ropes, N. Y. A. C., 15—7, 15—12; W. A. Dalton, N. Y. A. C., defeated C. L. Winnepeny, Montclair, 15—2, 15—4.

SERVICE BOUTS TONIGHT.

Army and Navy Boxers Will Compete at 69th Regiment Armory.

The question of boxing supremacy in Uncle Sam's fighting service will be determined tonight in the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, where four ten-round bouts will be conducted between leading boxers of the Army and Navy. The contests are being conducted under the auspices of the Murray Hill Post of the National Disabled Soldiers' League, and it has been announced the proceeds from the show will go to the disabled veterans' organization.

Boston Sextet Beats Milwaukee.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—The Boston Athletic Association, leaders of the Eastern section of the United States Amateur Hockey Association, defeated Milwaukee of the Western wheel of the league, 4 to 2, here tonight.

CHAMPION ATHLETES HONORED AT DINNER

Princeton Eleven Awarded the Jolley Trophy by Philadelphia Veteran.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—Champion athletes from many branches of sport were guests of honor tonight at the annual banquet of the Veteran Athletes of Philadelphia.

Among them were the members of Prince

GORMAN AND KASKY LEADING AT SARANAC

Score 30 Points Each on First Day of Adirondack Gold Cup Skating Races.

JEWTRAW'S FALL IS COSTLY

Lake Placid Star Beaten in the 220 When He Crashes Into Sideboards at Final Turn.

Special to The New York Times.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Harry Kasky of Chicago and Charles Gorman of St. John, N. B., neither of whom was regarded as the favorite, are leading the field at the end of the first day of the Saranac Lake tournament of the Adirondack Gold Cup circuit skating races, with 30 points each. Paul Foreman, of New York and William Steinmetz of Chicago are tied for second place, with 20 points. Third honors are shared between Pat Cochrane of Johnson City and E. Gloster of Toronto, each with 10 points.

The 220-yard dash went to Gorman, with Forsman second and Gloster third. His time was 19 4-5 seconds. Charles Jewtraw of Lake Placid, regarded as the favorite on the strength of his early season showing, finished strong in the trial heats and the semi-finals. He led the field until the last turn in the final event. Then he was forced to the outside of the pack as he made the turning and went crashing into the sideboards—out of the running.

Mile Race Spectacular.

The mile event was the most spectacular of the afternoon. Kasky won in a close finish, with W. Steinmetz, the second man, pressing him throughout every foot of the home stretch. Cochrane had no difficulty in landing third place.

The pack lined up at the start minus Jewtraw, who was skated off his feet in the trial heat. Frank Garnett of St. John, N. B., jumped into the lead at the start and held that position for four of the eight laps, winning the lap prize.

Valentine Bialis of Lake Placid headed the field for a lap, but the pace was too fast. The pack moved past him and B. Foley of Chicago took the lead for the next lap.

When the sprint came in the last lap it was anybody's race. Just a few feet from the finish Kasky forged to the front and broke the tape. Steinmetz and Cochrane fought it out for second position, with the former victorious. Despite the fast ice, it was comparatively a slow mile, the watches showing 2:50.

The prettiest skating exhibition of the afternoon came when Bobby McLean of Chicago, former American professional champion, skated an exhibition 100-yard dash. Five watches caught the time at 12 seconds, which equals the world's record for this distance.

The junior events furnished the spectators with real thrills. The 18-year-old class skated as pretty a mile race as could be demanded from the seniors. W. Smith of Montreal, the winner, was hard pressed every foot of the distance.

Two Features Today.

On the card for tomorrow afternoon are the 440-yard dash and the half-mile event, which will leave the two and three mile events to be run off on the final day.

The Adirondack gold cup point score now stands as follows:

Charles Jewtraw, Lake Placid	330
Charles Gorman, St. John, N. B.	130
Richard Donovan, Johnson City	110
Pat Cochrane, Johnson City	70
Valentine Bialis, Lake Placid	60
Paul Forsman, New York	30
Harry Kasky, Chicago	30
Alfred Nuehfer, Johnson City	20
William Steinmetz, Chicago	20
E. Stephenson, Toronto	10
Frank Garnett, St. John, N. B.	10
E. Gloster, Toronto	10

The summaries:

Junior 220-Yard Dash—Won by Charles Gorman, St. John's, N. B.; Paul Forsman, New York, second; E. Gloster, Toronto, third. Time—0:19 4-5.

Junior One Mile Race—Won by Harry Kasky, Chicago; William Steinmetz, Chicago, second; Pat Cochrane, Johnson City, third. Time—2:45 4-5.

Fifteen-Year-Old Class, One Mile Race—Won by W. Smith of Montreal; J. Darrah, Lake Placid, second; F. Brookline, Saranac Lake, third. Time—3:15 2-5.

Fifteen-Year-Old Class, 440-Yard Dash—Won by Harold Bloomfield, Montreal; D. Van Derwick, Saranac Lake, second; H. Rosace, Malone, third. Time—0:48 2-5.

Fourteen-Year-Old Class, 440-Yard Dash—Won by J. Shea, Lake Placid; A. Bryant, Lake Placid, second; F. McKeown, Lake Placid, third. Time—0:46 3-5.

Twelve-Year-Old Class, 440-Yard Dash—Won by J. Shea, Lake Placid; R. Biecum, Lake Placid, second; T. Robinson, Saranac Lake, third. Time—0:49 3-5.

Ten-Year-Old Class, 220-Yard Dash—Won by D. Tobin, Lake Placid; E. Shea, Lake Placid, second; J. Buehler Jr., Lake Placid, third. Time—0:39.

NEW HAVEN HOCKEY TEAM REORGANIZED

New Sextet Will Play Out Westminster Schedule in United States League.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 30.—Reorganization of the Westminster hockey team has been practically completed and permission from the United States Hockey Association is expected tomorrow to allow the six to continue the season which was begun by the players as members of the Westminster team. The New Havens expect to met the Milwaukee sextette here Thursday evening and to play the game scheduled by Westminster in New York City Saturday night with St. Nicholas.

The players have elected F. A. Fillman, a prominent Canadian hockey manager, as their head. Several prominent New Haven sportsmen have agreed to back the team, and it is expected that the officers of the New Haven Hockey Club will be Dr. Raynham Townsend, President; Ezekiel Bronson, Secretary and Treasurer, and Frederick J. Kingsbury, Vice President. Dr. Townsend, a former Yale halfback, has been a member of the Yale Hockey Graduate Advisory Committee since the sport was organized.

Mr. Kingsbury is a prominent manufacturer of Bridgeport, and Mr. Bronson, who is the President of the Hotel Craft Association, was Chairman of the Yale Graduate Baseball Advisory Committee for several years.

Only Reaume, goal tender, and Billy Church, former star and defense of the disbanded Westminster team, have left town. It is expected that they will return for the St. Nicholas game on Saturday.

Expects to Have New Club.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 30.—The United States Amateur Hockey Association hopes to have a new club under a new name with a new management which will take up the schedule of the Westminster Club, installed in New Haven before the end of the week, said President Haddock today to-night.

"There is nothing to prevent Francis X. Sullivan from calling a meeting of the league to take up Westminster's grievances," said Mr. Haddock, "but I cannot see what he expects to gain since three clubs have already voted on the expulsion of Westminster. We hope to have a new club installed at New Haven by the end of this week to take up the old Westminster schedule, but this, of course, will depend on whether the Intercollegiate players were blameless in failing to report for a scheduled game with Boston last week."

St. Nicks Omit Number Six In Honor of Hobey Baker

In looking over the numerals which the members of the St. Nicholas Club hockey sextet wear on the backs of their jerseys, one fails to find a No. 6. According to Captain Jack Bierwirth, former Yale star, none of the St. Nick players will wear the number out of respect for the late Hobey Baker, former Princeton University and St. Nicholas hockey star, who lost his life in an airplane accident in France. "Number 6 used to be Baker's number," the St. Nicholas Captain said, "and we feel that although he is no longer with us as a playing member he is always with us in spirit. The boys, therefore, decided to reserve this number as a symbol of the esteem in which we always held this great player. Undoubtedly he did more to make our team popular, and for that matter hockey also, than any other man I know of." Baker was one of the best known players that the game has ever had and, as a drawing card, he will probably never have an equal.

HORSE SHOW DATES FOR YEAR AWARDED

U. S. Army Given Representation on Board of National Body at Annual Meeting.

For the first time in the history of The American Horse shows, Inc., the United States army was given representation on the board of directors at the annual meeting of the association at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday. Colonel Henry C. Whitehead, Chief of the Remount Division of the army, stationed at Washington, was elected a director to succeed Windsor White. The election of Colonel Whitehead to the board was in recognition of the prominent part played in horse shows during the last year by military horsemen.

About fifty delegates attended the meeting. It was announced that the membership of the association now comprises 61 horse shows held in different parts of the country. The 50 delegates present represented practically the total membership, some of those attending representing more than one show association.

Only one other change was made in the board of directors, this being the election of William H. Wanamaker to succeed W. Plunket Stewart. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, President of the association, presided. Following the meeting the delegates attended a luncheon at the hotel.

At the meeting of the new board of directors, which was held following the business session, all of the officers were re-elected. Reginald C. Vanderbilt again heads the association, the other officers being as follows: Vice President, Thomas G. Ashton; Secretary and Treasurer, Macy Wilets, and Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, Cecil F. Colton.

The directors who were re-elected were as follows: Thomas G. Ashton, John McE. Bowman, G. Howard Davison, J. K. Dering, William Du Pont, Robert Fairbairn, Fred F. Field, A. Henry Higginson, Pierre Lorrilard Jr., Alfred B. Maclay, Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Norman Van Voorhis and J. Macy Wilets.

There were no speeches at the luncheon, but a toast was offered in memory of the late Judge William H. Moore, a member and director of the association since its formation in 1917. Toasts were also proposed to Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Bowman, the latter being absent on a business trip.

The following are the dates for 1923 on which various shows are to be held:

Albany Horse Show Association.
American Royal Horse Show.
Babylon Horse Show, June 29-30.
Brockton Fair Horse Show, Oct. 2-6.
Brooklyn Horse Show, April 17-21.
Bryn Mawr Horse Show Association, Sept. 26-29.
Canadian National Exhibition Association.
Charlestown Horse Show Association.
Cincinnati Riding Club Horse Show Association.
Delaware State Fair, Inc., Aug. 27-31.
Devon Horse Show and County Fair, Inc., May 29-31 and June 1-2.
Far Hills Horse Show, Sept. 13-15.
Genesee County Fair Horse Show, Sept. 18-22.
Greenwich (Conn.) Horse Show, Sept. 15.
Huntington Bay Club, June 22-23.
International Live Stock Exposition Horse Show.
Islip Polo Club Horse Show.
Lackawanna County Fair Association.
Lake Forest Horse Show Association, July 27-28.
Lake Villa Horse Show.
Mineola Horse Show, Sept. 26-28.
Monmouth County Colt Show, Aug. 25 or Oct. 20.
Monmouth County Horse Show Association.
Monmouth County Hunt Horse Show, July 26-28.
Montpelier Horse Show, Morris County Fair Association, Sept. 20-22.
National Capital Horse Show and Military and Amateur Racing Association, May 15-19.
National Dairy Association, Oct. 6-18.
National Horse Show Association of America, Ltd., Nov. 12-17.
National Polo Pony Society, National Saddle Horse Club in Lackawanna County, Pa., New England Fair (Worcester Agricultural Society), Sept. 3-6.
New Jersey Cavalry Horse Show Association, May 4-5.
Newport Horse Show.
New York Spring Horse Show, April 24-27.
New York State Fair Horse Show.
Nordiz Club Horse Show.
Orange Lawn Tennis Club Horse Show, Oct. 20.
Philadelphia Indoor Horse Show, May 3-5.
Pinehurst Jockey Club Horse Show.
Piping Rock Horse Show Association.
The Riding Club, April 5.
Rochester Exposition Horse Show Association, Sept. 3-8.
Royal Agricultural Winter Fair.
Saratoga County Agricultural Society.
Smithtown Horse Show, Sept. 15.
South Shore Country Club Horse Show, June 8-9.
Springfield Horse Show (Eastern States Exposition), Sept. 17-22.
Stamford Horse Show Association, Aug. 2-4.
St. Louis Horse Show Association.
Toronto Horse Show.
Troy Horse Show Association.
Tuxedo Horse Show, June 8-9.
Warrenton Horse Show Association.
Westchester County Horse Show Association.
West Chester (Pa.) Horse Show, Oct. 5-6.
West Point Horse Show, June 6-8.
White Plains Agricultural Fair Horse Show Association.
Wilmington Horse Show Association.
Wynnewood Pony Show, May 17 or May 19.
One Hundred and Tenth Cavalry Horse Show.

Dates not given are to be selected later.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $500; claiming; two-year-olds; maidens; three furlongs. Sleigh Bells, Hetty W. 107 pounds each, Guajire, Liborte, Solomon's Kilts 110 each, Auntie Mills 114.

SECOND RACE—Purse $500; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Canny Lady 96 pounds, *Lotta Speed, *Perfect Lady 99 each, *Montperri, *Twenty-Seven, *T. F. McMahon 104 each, Foy, Top Rung 109 each, Short Change, Arrah Go On 112 each.

THIRD RACE—Purse $500; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Redmon, *Approval, *Salamander 101 pounds each, The Wag 103, *Runnan 106, Black Top, San Diego 109 each.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $600; claiming; three-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. *Miss Maxie 100 pounds, Eastern Star 101, Soliana 106, *Prudential, *Armados 109 each, Winnipeg 109, *Chile 111, Mountain Lassie 115.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $500; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; one mile and fifty yards. *Petite 92 pounds, *Pretty Baby 100, Moorsequo 101, *Drapery, *Joe Thayer, *Sir Jack, Le Balafre 105 each, Dairyman 110.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $560; claiming; four-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. *Zoie 100 pounds, King B., Roseate, *Roman 105 each, *Grandson 106, *Brymah, Ollie Palmer 108 each, *Montilla 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather cloudy; track fast.

JOE MOORE WINS TWO SKATING RACES

Ice Palace Representative Takes Mile and Half-Mile Events at Notlek Rink.

Joe Moore was the winner of the one-mile handicap in the annual races of the Notlek Skating Association, held at the Notlek Rink, 143d Street and Convent Avenue, last night under the auspices of the Middle Atlantic States Ice Skating Association. Moore, representing the 181st Street Ice Palace, starting from scratch, overcame 25-yard and 15-yard handicaps allowed Horace Potter of the Notlek Skating Club and S. Goldberg, representing the Tremont Skating Club. Moore's time for the distance was 3:04.

Elsie Mueller of the 181st Street Ice Palace, holder of the metropolitan women's championship, captured the half-mile handicap event, her time for the distance being 2:15⅘. Moore also won the half-mile event for men, skating the distance in 1:31 2-5. J. Tully of the Van Kelton Skating Club won the novice event, his time for the half-mile being 1:45.

The summaries:

One-Mile Handicap—Won by Joe Moore, 181st Street Ice Palace; Horace Potter, Notlek Skating Club, second; S. Goldberg, Tremont Athletic Club, third. Time—3:04.

Half-Mile Handicap for Women—Won by Elsie Mueller, 181st Street Ice Palace; Martha Dose, Tremont Skating Club, second; Peggy Conaty, Notlek Skating Club, third. Time—2:15⅘.

Half-Mile Handicap—Won by Joe Moore, 181st Street Ice Palace; L. Morris, Peerless Skating Club, second; S. Goldberg, Tremont Skating Club, third. Time—1:31 2-5.

Novice Race—Won by J. Tully, Kelton Skating Club; J. Savage, Princeton University, second; W. Mathews, unattached, third. Time—1:45.

NEW YORK GUNNERS WIN.

A. T. Palmer and B. H. Scott Are Prize Winners at Pinehurst.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 30.—A. T. Palmer of Brooklyn and B. H. Scott of New York carried off the major honors in today's hundred-target trapshooting handicap at the Pinehurst Gun Club. Palmer won the handicap prize with 85—12—97, and Scott annexed the high gun prize with 86 actual breaks to his credit.

The leading scores:

A. T. Palmer, Brooklyn, 85—12—97; B. H. Scott, New York, 86—8—94; D. D. Sutphen, New York, 78—15—93; John Ebberts, Buffalo, 75—12—87; H. J. Thomas, Baltimore, 75—12—87; F. C. Garibaldi, Brooklyn, 72—13—85.

HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $500; five and a half furlongs. Turbulent, 110 pounds (Burns), 3 to 5, 1 to 5, 1 to 10, first; Sparling, 103 (Brothers), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Havana Electric, 115 (Pickens), 7 to 5, third. Time 1:07⅘. Nellida, Forewarm, Faithful Girl and Proceeds also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse; $500; six furlongs. Chow, 111 pounds (Orr), 20 to 1, 8 to 1, 4 to 1, first; First Pullet, 101 (Brothers), 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; Deertrail, 111 (N. J. Barnes), 4 to 5, third. Time—1:14⅘. Whispering, May Rose, Chincotague, Carldom, Refrain, Ray Adele, Felix M. Ike Mills and Kentmere also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Lady Frakes, 98 pounds (Stutts), 9 to 2, 2 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Barrure, 106 (Kaiser), 8 to 5, 4 to 1, second; Assumption, 116 (Connors), 7 to 5, third. Time—1:14. Bobbed Hair, Big Son, War Idol, Scurry, Panaman and Element also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Wedgewood, 101 pounds (Grace) 6 to 1, 2 of 1, 4 to 5, first; Ballynew, 109 (Brothers), 1 to 2, 1 to 4, second; Spoda, 103 (Stutts), 5 to 2, third. Time—1:12⅘. Kitty Cheatham, No Time, Applejack II., Rab and McLane also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; one mile and a sixteenth. Medusa, 99 pounds (Brothers), 7 to 2, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, first; Abe Sablotsky, 92 (J. Callahan), 6 to 5, 2 to 5, second; Bierman, 111 (Stutts), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:46⅘. Landslide, Lady Freemeen, Harold K and Pollu also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Mallocco Mot, 108 pounds (Stutts), 5 to 2, 1 to 2, 1 to 3, first; Fincastle, 106 (Brothers), 1 to 4, 1 to 6, second; Blasonry, 104 (Burns), even, third. Time—1:39⅘. Randel and Alameda Girl also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

TIJUANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Jack Ledi, 107 pounds (Ralls), $5.80, $4, $2.80, first; Plurality, 107 (E. Fator), $7.20, $4, second; Hanover's Topaz, 107 (Flynn), $4, third. Time—1:17 4-5. You Bet, Mistake, Au Revoir, Victory Won, Ethel Kismet and Malzavona also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Shelbyville, 107 pounds (Stevens), $4, $3.40, $2.40, first; Charlotta Smith, 105 (Flynn), $6.80, $3.60, second; Thrills, 105 (Rose), $2.40, third. Time—1:19 1-5. Rocky Pearl, Little Link, Clare Frances and French Nurse also ran.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Fonso Ray, 110 pounds (Burns), $11, $6.40, $4.20, first; Lewis L., 112 (Rose) $4.20, $3.60, second; Railbird, 112 (Millerick), $3.60, third. Time—2:02 3-5. Al Wick, I. W. Harper, Evelyn Harrigan, Montona and Adelina L. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five furlongs. Full Moon, 108 pounds (Millerick), $24.20, $5, $5.40, first; Count Boris, 115 (Anderson), $8.40, $4.80, second; Mimic, 108 (Stevens), $3.20, third. Time—1:03 3-5. Eye Bright, Stanley H., Nebraska Lad, Modiste and Dublin Annie also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and an eighth. Dorius, 103 pounds (E. Fator), $4.20, $3, $3.60, first; Hyanpom, 108 (Slaughter), $4, $6.40, second; Louisiana, 108 (Studer), $3.60, third. Time—1:46. Duc de Morny, Scotland Yat and Wild Flower also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; five furlongs. Harry D., 112 pounds (Hurn), $5.40, $3, $3.40, first; Coca Cola, 107 (Stevens), $4, $2.80, second; Dr. Corbett, 109 (Flynn), $4.60, third. Time—1:00 2-5. Moonbeam, Dr. Johnson and Red Wingfield also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Little Florence, 113 pounds (Thompson), $10, $4.40, $4.60, first; Honest George, 109 (Flynn), $3, $4.80, second; Bill Blackburn, 117 (Hurn), $3.40, third. Time—1:16 4-5. Cafeteria, War God, Florence Deen, Chief Barthelt, Flea and Tom Craven also ran.

Eighth race declared off.

Weather cloudy; track muddy.

TIJUANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $600; three and a half furlongs. Norwood 117 pounds, Al Fortool 123, Battle Shot 107, Josephine Newell 107, Wiki Jack 110, Miss Leggo 107, Over Shot 107, Seth's Flower 107, Bardalid 110.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; five furlongs. Ermitana 114, Pelican 107, Squash 103, Bacchus 100, Mae Seth 98, *Omwa 105, *Rag Doll 97, *Three X 105, Yorkshire Maid 105, *Victor P 105, Lana's Boy 110, *Operator 110, *Oklahoma Kid 106.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; five furlongs. Review 116 pounds, *Zaitnes 111, Canvasback 110, L. Gentry 116, *Valmonte Lady 103, Hunters Point 116, Victory Won 110, *Tabloid 106, *Lady Betty 103, American Maid 108, Helen Hayes 104, Southern Gentleman 110.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a quarter. *Tawasentha 108 pounds, *Pretender 107, Dehra 113, Little Bear 114, Lane Pine 115, *El Rio 115, *Veteran 119, *Lava 110, *High Olympus 116.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Silk Sox 114 pounds, Four Fues 85, Miss Emma G. 108, *Tickle Fancy 102, Veiled Colleen 104, Icon 107, Figuration 118.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and seventy yards. Frank Fogarty 100 pounds, Cavalcadour 11, 108, Little Florence 103, Van Patrick 96, *Marcella Boy 106, *Wild Flower 109.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Yermak 113 pounds, San Rodrun 108, *Lariat 103, *Mistress Polly 103, Gold Bryan 111, *North Shore 106, Halfpour 118, Doctor Tubbs 106, *Charley Boy 108, *N. K. Beal 103, Emma Williams 103.

EIGHTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Pueblo 118 pounds; Hazel Dale 113, Duc de Guise 112, *Pond Hope 103, Yukon 113, *Rose Aiste 106, Pinaquana 92, Ella Waide 113, Double Eye 115, Tom Roach 113, Billy Joe 113, Elmer W. 99.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather raining; track muddy.

FANTOCHE SPRINGS UPSET IN FEATURE

Beats Wynnewood, the Favorite, in Blue Ridge Purse on New Orleans Track.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.—Fantoche, the chestnut racer owned and trained by R. T. Watts, overturned the dope in the Blue Ridge Purse, the featured event of this afternoon's card at the Fair Grounds, when he administered a beating to Mrs. T. O. Webber's Wynnewood, which was so highly fancied a favorite that 17 to 20 was eagerly accepted on the gelding. J. B. Sweeney's colt Cap Rock finished a distant third.

It was a rapid trip that the half dozen platers made over the route of a mile and seventy yards, with old Wynnewood careening out in front from the very start almost to the end. Lang had the mount and he hustled the Webber entrant for six furlongs in the apparent effort to make a runaway race of it and kept it up for the remainder of the way in a futile attempt to save the day. Owens kept Fantoche under pressure throughout, also, and never let the pacemaker get more than three lengths to the good.

Passing the three-quarter pole Fantoche began to creep closer to Wynnewood and turned into the stretch only about a length and a half back of the wearying leader. Lang went to the whip on the favorite, but Fantoche drew up even entering the final fifty yards and went on to win going away by half a length. Cap Rock, which kept well up for seven furlongs, showed fatigue thereafter, but saved the show money handily enough five lengths behind Wynnewood.

This was the fifth victory registered by Fantoche in this Winter's racing here, and it was also the third successive time that Wynnewood has run a close second when favored to win. The winner covered the mile and seventy yards in the fast time of 1:43 2-5.

There was an even closer finish in the fourth race, a six-furlong sprint, but in this case Elmer K., which set a rapid pace from start to finish, managed to last to win by a neck from the onrushing Royal Charlie. Mavourneen carried off the short end of the purse.

Smallwood, who had the leg up on Elmer K., handled the Bernhardt gelding into a good lead at once and was at work on him for most of the trip. The consequence was that although the horse wearied in the last sixteenth he lasted long enough to repel the determined charge of Royal Charlie and ran the three-quarters in 1:12 4-5.

This outcome completed a double for Smallwood and gave him the primacy among the jockeys for the afternoon. His other victory was gained with R. C. Troxler's four-year-old Louis Lichtenheim in the second race.

The veteran plater Valor, which, although nine years of age, is still a formidable figure in his class, galloped off with the sixth number, a test at a mile and a sixteenth. At the close the old son of Ballot was only breezing five lengths ahead of Fannie Beam, which beat Normal by a head for the place.

Valor was one of two successful favorites, the other being Kennmare, which won the opening event.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For maidens three-year-olds; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Kennmare, 103 pounds (H. Thomas), 13 to 5, 6 to 5, 3 to 5, first; Rupee, 109½ (E. Fool), 9 to 1, even, second; All American, 105 (McDermott), 6 to 1, third. Time—1:45 2-5. Lucidus, Yorick, Forestiere, Temptress, Sweet and Pretty, Henry Dattner, Reel Foot, Juno and Rochambeau also ran.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; six furlongs. Louis Lichtenheim, 116 pounds (Smallwood), 3 to 1, 8 to 5, 4 to 5, first; Ins Kay, 104 (Mein), 8 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Tom Cassidy, 108 (McCoy), 6 to 1, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Clarkson, Promising Tom, Silence, Quality, Hysteria, Dr. Little, Bayonne, Bess's Wing and Lively also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; six furlongs. Feodor, 110 pounds (E. Pool), 5 to 1, 2 to 1, even, first; Adventure, 106 (Roehm), 7 to 5, 6 to 5, second; Black Hachie, 110 (Lang), 8 to 1, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Stamp, Wireless, Skooter, Pitter Patter, Babylonian, Marse Jimmy, Bumpety Bumps, Compliments and Villa K. also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; six furlongs. Elmer K., 119 pounds (Smallwood), 7 to 1, 5 to 2, 6 to 5, first; Royal Charlie, 117 (Mein), 6 to 5, 4 to 5, second; Mavourneen, 109 (E. Pool), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:12 4-5. Archie Alexander, Spugs, Tulane, Guv'nor and Copyright also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Blue Ridge Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, allowances, purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Fantoche, 110 pounds (Owens), 18 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 4, first; Wynnewood, 110 (Lang), 1 to 6, out, second; Cap Rock, 100 (Corcoran), 2 to 5, third. Time—1:43 2-5. The Archer, Billy Barton and Lady Lillian also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Valor, 108 pounds (Mein), 8 to 5, 7 to 10, 1 to 3, first; Fannie Bean, 112 (Lang), 6 to 5, 8 to 5, second; Norcal, 108 (Corcoran), 9 to 5, third. Time—1:46. Marino Queen, Magician, Quesada and Dantzic also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $1,000; one mile and an eighth. Sam Eyre, 108 pounds (Corcoran), 16 to 5, 6 to 5, 8 to 5, first; Tom McTaggart, 112 (E. Pool), 4 to 5, 1 to 3, second; Attorney, 107 (Smallwood), 7 to 5, third. Freezy Sneezy, Wadsworth's Last, Topmast, War Prize, The Wit and Scourgeman also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

BAY STATE DATES FIXED.

Three New Tracks Join Trotting Circuit—One Drops Out.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—The annual roundup of the followers of the turf in New England drew more than 700 horsemen to this city today to attend various meetings under the auspices of the Bay State Circuit. At the meeting of the Stewards of the circuit three tracks came into the organization and one dropped out. The new members were Readville, Marshfield and Worcester, while Norwich surrendered its date.

Combination Park, Medford, accepted Norwich's date and will have two meets this year. Readville's meet will be run as part of the Grand Circuit program. Worcester, nominally a member, did not have a meeting last year, but will carry on this year.

The dates announced follow:

Week of June 11, Combination Park; 18, Woonsocket, R. I.; 25, Avon.

July 2, Windsor; 9, Springfield; 16, Northampton; 23, Greenfield; 30, Worcester.

Aug. 6, Woonsocket; 13, Combination Park; 20, Marshfield; 27, Readville.

NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; two-year-olds; maidens; three furlongs. Jim Sanda 115 pounds, Ace Jewel 115, Bessie Hope 112, Kiwanis 112, Ruth L. 115, Gladys V. 112, Homer 115, Rachel Fisher 112, Bells Isle 112, Frances Sharpe 112, A. J. Buie 115, Fehrah 112, Nettie May 112, Sasis 112.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and up; six furlongs. Last Girl 107 pounds, Burgoyne 115, Rutchelson 104, Oraleggo 106, Colonel Livingston 108, Josephine C. 95, *Granny Lee 96, The Nephew 111, *Silver Springs 101, Tickiah 106, Harry Maxim 104, *Jacobina 104, Kinsman 104, Two Pair 111.

THIRD RACE—Purse $1,000; Olympus Purse; allowances; three-year-olds; six furlongs. The Colonel 100 pounds, Bosh 99, Major Chilton 106, Kent L. 104, Miss Claire 96, Fermerco 105, Admirer 104, Fleeting 95, Pelion 100, Better Times 113, Jupiter 104, Chiva 104, Thessaly 90.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $1,200; Valiant Handicap; three-year-olds and up; one mile. Best Pal 122 pounds, Comic Song 117, Parader 107, Blarney Stone 103, Shamrock 98.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,000; Evergreen Purse; allowances; four-year-olds and up; mile and seventy yards. Nose Dive 104 pounds, Rep 110, Richelieu 106, Crack o' Dawn 110, Runquol 106, Louis A. 110, Copper Demon 110, Servitor 110, Rama 110, Pierce 105, Royce Rock 108, Knight of the Heather 110, Banker Brown 103.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; three-year-olds and up; mile and seventy yards. *Buckdugzie 101, *Manicure Maid 96, *Goldenerest 107, *Marjorie Wood 100, Irish Fat 108, Shadever 104, *Winner Take All 102, Glabella 104, *Al Stabler 107, *Superburn 108, Wrangler 102.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse $1,000; claiming; four-year-olds and up; mile and three-sixteenths. Sama 108 pounds, *Buxom 102, Bolster 108, Plenty 106, Regal Lodge 105, Bengali 111, *Radical 114, Anne Gallup 98, *Pirate McGee 108, Homeward Bound 102, Fit, Germain 106, *Tricks 98, Waiopa 98, Ace 109.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

Sally's Alley Is Declared to Win Classic Kentucky Derby

William Shields, who will train a second string of the Willis Sharpe Kilmer thoroughbreds during the coming season, is expected at Sun Briar Court, Binghamton, N. Y., today. He came up from New Orleans to take over some additional racers from Eugene Wayland, who will have charge of the main division of the Kilmer establishment. Wayland declares to win the Kentucky Derby with Mr. Kilmer's Sally's Alley, the winner of last year's Futurity, and expects to keep busy getting this filly ready for the Kentucky classic, which will be run on May 19, and toward which all the leading stables of the East are pointing their best three-year-olds.

VAUGHAN DEFEATS FOSS BY 125 TO 96

Chicago Player's Victory Gives Him Lead in National Pocket Billiard Tourney.

Carl A. Vaughan of Chicago, former holder of the Illinois title, yesterday went into the lead in the national pocket billiard championship tournament that is being played at the Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn, when he took the measure of Humboldt Foss of Syracuse. The final score was 125 to 96 and it marked Vaughan's second victory, for on the opening day of the tournament he defeated William J. Haworth of the Cleveland Athletic Club, the Buckeye State champion. The Vaughan-Foss match was played yesterday afternoon. It was the Syracuse player's second defeat. J. Howard Shoemaker winning from him on Monday. In the evening match Edward F. Raynolds, representing the Amateur Billiard Club of New York, former State titleholder, defeated Haworth, 125 balls to 91.

Throughout the seventeen frames of the evening match Raynolds gave frequent displays of the prowess that made him twice runner-up to Shoemaker in previous championship tournaments. Twice he cleared the table and on two other occasions he permitted Haworth only a single ball.

Raynolds's best showing came in the eighth, ninth, tenth and eleventh frames. During this period he accumulated a total of 53 balls. It was between the tenth and eleventh frames that he counted his high run of 20 balls. Haworth's best run was a cluster of 12. It was his position work, his control of the cue ball and fine breaks that enabled him to maintain his lead throughout.

The score:

Edward F. Raynolds—12 8 3 3 5 14 7 13 11 13 14 0 2 9 8 6 2. Total, 130 balls; scratches, 5; net total, 125 balls; high run, 20 balls; frames, 16.

William J. Haworth—2 6 11 11 9 6 7 1 3 1 0 14 13 5 6 8. Total, 98 balls; scratches, 7; net total, 91 balls; high run, 12 balls; frames, 16.

Referee—W. J. Ryan.

The Vaughan-Foss match in the afternoon was characterized by a great deal of position play, in which the former Illinois champion upheld the reputation he has made in other national tournaments. Throughout the match Vaughan had complete control over his cue ball and on only comparatively few occasions did he find himself sewed up. Foss, on the other hand, was not dexterous, for on several occasions, with runs in sight, his cue ball would leave him without a shot and several times frozen.

The strength of Vaughan's game was best shown in the closing innings, when Foss began making up lost ground. It was in this emergency that Vaughan proved himself a master billiard player and an artist in cutting the balls into side pockets. He also demonstrated a keener and more certain eye for the possibilities of combinations on the table, his best exhibition coming in the fourth, fifth and sixth frames, in which he linked together his high runs of 17 and 15 balls.

In the games today Raynolds will meet Foss in the afternoon and J. Howard Shoemaker, the national champion, will meet Haworth in the evening.

The score:

Carl A. Vaughan—10 4 9 11 10 11 8 4 9 3 13 11 10 3 5 6. Total, 130 balls; scratches, 5; net total, 125 balls; high run, 17 balls; 17 frames.

Humboldt Foss—4 10 5 2 4 3 6 10 5 11 1 3 4 11 11 9 8. Total, 106 balls; scratches, 9; net total, 94 balls; high run, 10 balls; 17 frames.

Referee—W. J. Ryan.

Billiard Results.

The Eldert A. C. defeated the Brooklyn Home K. C. in an interclub pocket billiards championship tournament at Lawler Brothers' Academy, Brooklyn, last night by the score of 75 to 28. In another game the Brooklyn A. A. defeated the Rival A. C. 75 to 20. S. and H. Ashley represented the Eldert A. C. and J. Hickey and J. Mulcahy the Brooklyn Home K. C. L. Suydam and E. Moore represented the Brooklyn A. A. and S. Gates and C. Weber the Rival A. C. In the senior pocket billiard handicap seven frames were played, the winners being F. Knowles, E. Fawcett and G. Frank. Knowles defeated R. Meyers, 80 to 46. Knowles having an unfinished run of 20. Frank won from A. De Smaller, 80 to 71, while Fawcett defeated M. Buchsbaum, 80 to 78. Four games were played by the juniors in the handicap event. S. Woods defeated T. Olberter, 75 to 40; C. Bryan defeated W. Speth, 75 to 70; R. Kromberg defeated H. Speth, 75 to 52, and J. Finnigan defeated Charles Boyan, 75 to 71. As a result of their defeats Olberter and W. Speth were eliminated from the tournament.

In the wind-up games of the preliminary round of the national Class C amateur balkline championship tournament played at the Recreation Billiard Academy, Brooklyn, yesterday, L. W. Fisher was a double victor and met with one defeat

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 31, 1923.

PLUNKETT'S HOUSE.

The dynamiting of Sir HORACE PLUNKETT'S house near Dublin adds a new touch of insanity to the work of the Irish rebels. They apparently could not endure the thought or spectacle of a really sane Irishman. Sir HORACE during the past twenty years has probably done more for the actual prosperity and well-being of Ireland than any other living Irishman. In his house have been devised plans for agricultural banks, co-operative dairies, and so on, to the immense benefit of the Irish people. From their political quarrels he has long stood aloof, though he was the indicated and natural President for the Irish convention which came so near bringing about peace in Ireland. Latterly, he has been an outspoken supporter of the Irish Free State, which had come to be in his mind the sole bulwark of law and order in Ireland, and the one hope for the future. That was enough for the mad Irishmen in rebellion. To them the house of such a man was fit for nothing but to be blown to pieces, as one more proof of the mania for destruction and for murder which has seized upon so many irresponsible and crack-brained marauders in the south of Ireland.

THE FRENCH OCCUPATION.

The French Prime Minister has endeavored to set at rest the suspicion that France intends a political or military occupation of the Ruhr indefinitely. As her economic aims have not thus far been attained to any appreciable extent, the feeling has sprung up that she means to keep the occupied territory in her hands, and perhaps finally to annex it. It should not be forgotten, however, that M. POINCARE distinctly warned the Chamber, at the time of the advance into the Ruhr, that it might be necessary to wait two or three months before payments on the reparation account could be extracted. He now makes the official declaration that the French Government has no thought of staying permanently in the Ruhr. As soon as the payments due to France are made, and satisfactory agreements, with sufficient guarantees, reached to secure further instalments of the German debt to France, the French troops will be withdrawn. This, it must be said, is more a nice legal distinction than a moral assurance. If the troops stay till France is paid, they may stay a long time.

In the matter of legal warrant for what has been done, the French Government has proceeded carefully and apparently on sure ground. The German Minister of Foreign Affairs, Herr ROSENBERG, to be sure, addressed a solemn note to the Powers protesting that the Versailles Treaty never contemplated territorial occupation in case of German default. On this point the French reply is, first, that the German Foreign Minister had better look into his own archives. He would find there a note sent to the French Government by BISMARCK on May 25, 1872, declaring that he desired France formally to understand that "if we "are not paid by the Spring of 1874, "we shall take under our own ad- "ministration, at the very least, the "departments now occupied." It was not necessary to carry out this threat, because the French paid up. The same course is open to Germany if she really wants to free the Ruhr.

On the question of separate action by France, the French contention is that there has really been a joint action. Italy and Belgium have united with her in principle. But even if this had not been done, the Treaty of Versailles left it to "the respective Governments" to decide what measures should be taken if Germany defaulted. Now, this phrase has been officially defined by a member of the British Government, Mr. AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN, as reserving to each Government the liberty of doing whatever it saw fit. This assertion was made in the House of Commons on Oct. 28, 1920. At that time Germany made no objection. On the contrary, she hailed the statement, since then Great Britain, in the exercise of her liberty under the Treaty, was refusing to approve the measures which France proposed.

Legally, therefore, it is hard to deny that the position of the French Government is strong. It is also strong in hearty support by the French people, and in the assured superiority of the French over the Germans, not only from the military point of view but in financial and agricultural resources. Yet all this is frankly not to affirm that the great French experiment in the Ruhr was wise in itself or calculated to force a just and lasting settlement with Germany. France is now securely in a position to say "J'y suis, J'y reste." But whether her stay in the Ruhr, be it long or short, is to work out as she hopes, we must still await the event to decide.

STANDARDIZING THE COAL TRADE.

A Director of the Pennsylvania Fuel Commission writes to The Herald to explain why the variation in the prices of anthracite coal to the consumer is so much greater than the variation in cost of production. Mr. PARKER asserts that 91 per cent. of all anthracite is sold at the mines within a variation of $8 to $9.25. That variation may be thought wide, yet is within tolerance at a time of such disturbed conditions. But consumers pay from $15 a ton upward, for reasons which can apply only to less than a tenth of the total. The excessive cost to the consumer can be charged to costs of distribution only, since there is but one labor cost of production. That makes labor cost an inadequate explanation, and shows that the trouble is in market conditions.

Nearly all conditions are standardized, either by contract or law, except prices and profits. There cannot be two prices in the same market. Since the anthracite shortage is stated by the Geological Survey at 41,000,000 tons, it is plain that those who have money and want anthracite will pay the price asked by those who have the coal and want money. There can be no algebraic solution of a problem with so many variable factors.

The Federal Fact Finding Commission was charged to report by the middle of the current month for the bituminous trade, and by next July for anthracite. It was set the task of standardizing the mines, the wages of the mine workers and the cost of producing and distributing coal, and also to recommend laws for the regulation of the industry. The Fact Finding Commission may disclose something not known about the industry, and it is best to keep an open mind on the subject. But it may be said with confidence that standardization of human nature is too large an order.

In reply to the Fact Finding Commission's questionnaire coal miners and operators with one accord rejected standardization. The miners favored competition for the operators. The operators favored competition for the miners. But standardization was anathema to both. The United Mine Workers would put out of business all but low-cost mines. The operators would employ only the most productive labor. The problem is sufficiently stated. What is lacking is the solution. The standardization of living costs is impossible, because of market variations in innumerable localities. The standardization of wages is impossible for the same reason.

Nationalization is the labor formula. The variables of the formula would disappear under a method which should hide them in taxes. Capital's formula is the inviolability of contracts with free labor and protection of its right to work in safety. But that is pure idealism, under present assumptions. Yet even those who have no plan warranted to work will object to no settlement which settles.

COLLECTOR ELTING.

After much warring among the Republican brethren, Mr. PHILIP ELTING of Kingston, for some twenty years Chairman of the Ulster County Republican Committee, oracle and master of West Shore Republicanism from Rockland to Albany, has been nominated as Collector of Customs for the Port of New York. This is in accordance with a holy and beautiful tradition. Residents of a sparsely settled agricultural community like this town are obviously unqualified to deal with matters of those that go down to the sea in ships. Long was the catalogue of up-State candidates for this up-State post. If Mr. KRACKE and Mr. KOENIG and others of the disqualified were "mentioned," that was the mere formal compliment to local Republican talent.

Those amiable "progressives," Representative FISH and Representative MOTT, always lavish with valuable advice and directions which nobody follows, nominated Senator CALDER for the office, apparently for the purpose of smiting Senator WADSWORTH. The Old Guard is sometimes licked, but seldom by amateurs. Mr. ELTING'S credentials were perfect. Time-honored WARD of Westchester, Republican State Chairman MORRIS, Republican National Committeeman HILLES, all the great Republican nominators, approved the Ulsterman. In form and substance his nomination was unexceptional and inevitable.

Last December, in the winter of his discontent, a since somewhat shaky sovereign, the chief of the New York Anti-Saloon League, emitted in a telegram to Mr. HARDING an exceeding bitter cry against Mr. ELTING, "a "notorious political Wet backed by "Wets." The Ulsterites, Democrats as well as Republicans, boiled with wrath. Mr. ELTING is a popular man, quiet, sensible, capable. The officers of St. James's Methodist Church of Kingston, of which he is not a member, gave this neighborhood testimonial:

Mr. ELTING is a man of the highest personal character. During his entire life he has occupied a lofty personal and professional position in this community. Few citizens of Ulster County are more highly regarded, and no member of the Ulster County bar has a finer reputation for integrity than he.

So we may expect that Mr. ELTING will be as competent a Collector as his unfamiliarity with the duties of his place and the demands of his more majestic rank as a Republican politician permit. Presumably Mr. MELLON would have preferred the appointment of Mr. HENRY C. STUART, who has been acting as Collector since Mr. ALDRICH'S death, and has been in practical charge of the office for many years. The Collector gets $12,000 a year, $6,000 additional as Custodian of the Custom House, and $2,000 or so, we believe, for other duties. Obviously, it would be a shame to pay a fat salary to the man who best knows the business. Indeed, the Collector's cardinal business is not business, but politics.

CURTAILING COLLEGE SPORTS.

College life is getting harder and harder. Only a day after the Chairman of the Harvard Athletic Committee proposes to put athletics on an honor basis, Yale opens up one of its major sports, "prom week," with the poorest outlook in years. Prohibition is said to have lowered the efficiency of the training table. Faculty interference with the schedule has kept promising candidates for the squad away from college. In the true spirit of the old Connecticut blue laws, whether they were authentic or not, the Faculty now requires that dancing stop at dawn, unlike the merry old days when a dance that began at 10 o'clock at night would still be going strong at 5 o'clock the next afternoon.

Obviously, this takes a good deal of the satisfaction out of the festive week. Yet, like restrictions on other branches of college athletics, it may work for good. It is a familiar complaint that our college sports are so organized that a few persons of superhuman strength and skill do all the work and get all the physical development, while the mass of the student body looks on. It must be so with prom week. To dance all night and keep on without interruption all the next day is beyond the power of most of us, even at 20. The benefit of such sports must be confined largely to the exceptional few.

If Yale's example is generally followed, and other colleges deflate undergraduate social life, we shall probably hear no more of that well-known tramp athlete, the "prom girl." But the benefits of recreational dancing will be spread among a larger number. Six hours of dancing once a week all Winter is healthier than eighteen hours of dancing every night for a single week, even if less amusing.

ONE CONVALESCENT PATIENT.

The most desperate case in Europe was for a long time that of Austria. She was reported financially dead so often as to recall MARK TWAIN'S "greatly exaggerated" comment. As a last resort, the League of Nations was called in. And now the bulletin of the physician who has charge of the case for the League, Dr. ALFRED ZIMMERMAN of Rotterdam, announces favorable symptoms. In the first place, the printing press has been stopped and the crown has been virtually stabilized. (It has been for four or five months at somewhere near 70,000 crowns to the dollar with slight recent appreciation.) In the second place, the cost of living has somewhat decreased. In the third place, the savings have grown in the three months at the close of the year from 11,000,000,000 paper crowns to 86,000,000,000—not a great sum when reckoned in dollars, but a substantial and significant gain measured by local standards. Another symptom which seems at first sinister—the great increase in unemployment—has an explanation that is partly of healthful import. Twenty-five thousand Government officials have been dismissed, and of these many, if not all, have gone to swell the number of the unemployed. This housecleaning ought in itself to be beneficial for the State.

If now the loan which has been sought from the international financiers of other countries, 84 per cent. of which has been guaranteed by Great Britain, France, Italy and Czechoslovakia, is secured, it is confidently expected that Austria will again be leading a life of hope. It is surprising, on the whole, that the patient has kept such a cheerful countenance through it all. The prophecy which an English writer made before the war concerning Austria—then the Dual Monarchy—that change and convulsion might come, but if so not as a herald of the approach of death, but rather as the entrance into a new and stronger life, has some chance of fulfillment.

This much is to be said, that whatever progress Austria has made from death's door is due to the League of Nations. Its Council sitting in Paris has just received this gratifying report. If only the Ruhr case could have been put into its hands—or better, if the League doctors could have inoculated the populations on both sides of the Rhine with an attenuation of the virus of hate, just sufficient to make them appreciate the consequences of the disease itself, they might have made both peoples immune. HUXLEY said that PASTEUR'S discoveries alone would suffice to cover the war indemnity of 5,000,000,000 francs paid by France to Germany in 1871. A political Pasteur who could discover, segregate and exterminate the bacillus of hate, suspicion and distrust that is creating such ravage in the minds of Europe would make the payment of even the present vast reparations and debts seem secondary.

CATS IN RUSSIA.

Russian villages are sending up a cry for cats. During the recent famine all the local cats, or at any rate all that could be caught, were eaten. As one of the late FRANK BACON'S characters used to say, "somehow it seemed best at the time"; but the consequences were disastrous. This year multitudes of mice, formerly kept down by the pussies, are eating up the grain. Ten million rubles is offered for a cat, five million for a young kitten; but the supply is far behind the demand. There may be another famine next year, because the mice ate the wheat after the mujiks ate the cats who ought to have eaten the mice.

Perhaps kind-hearted Americans will ship cats to Russia. It would be a kindness to the cats as well as to the Russians, for many a back-fence prowler and burglar of the garbage can would be delighted to be sent to a country where he would be valued at ten million rubles and could stuff himself to death on mice. But the incident suggests a curious analogy. As the peasants killed off the cats, the Bolsheviki killed off or drove out the intellectuals, except for the small number of them who professed the new State religion. Now sloth, stupidity, incompetence, procrastination, those well-known mice, are eating up the crops of beauty, wealth and freedom that the Bolshevist oligarchy hoped to harvest. The exiled Russian intellectuals lead about as perilous and lean a life as the New York alley cats, but there is no sign that the Government wants to bring them back.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Criticism Comes Too Late.

Quite unfairly, somebody has suggested that Senator POINDEXTER'S wife is or is going to be the American Mrs. ASQUITH—that is, the somebody thinks that Mrs. POINDEXTER is going to create excitement and give pain as did she who is called "MARGOT."

Judging from Mrs. POINDEXTER'S first production as the correspondent of a paper out in her own State of Washington, her methods and motives are entirely different from those of the British statesman's helpmeet. The latter put on paper a good many of her own little secrets and a few that belonged to other people, but there was in her revelations no hint of an inclination to avenge either her husband's political mishaps or her own loss of social and other eminence by calling attention to the long permitted exploitation of official opportunities by persons whose political fall was still to come.

If Mrs. POINDEXTER seriously thinks that it is wrong for Cabinet Secretaries to have automobiles at their service—for one of them to use Government boats for his pleasure as well as his business, and for another to have his table decorated with departmental flowers—she should have said so long ago, not waited till now, when her accusations can be explained in other ways than as the product of superior virtue.

When Mr. ASQUITH heard of the price paid for Mrs. ASQUITH'S memoirs, he is said to have expressed the pious hope that they were not worth it. Senator POINDEXTER may have the same feeling in regard to the compensation received by Mrs. POINDEXTER for her journalistic contributions—may, if she is getting a lot for them. He may have, also, emotions of which the Englishman showed no signs, for Mrs. POINDEXTER'S disclosures of things everybody knew and everybody else passed over in polite silence as innocent—or trivial may create resentments likely to interfere with his getting by appointment what he failed to get by re-election—a position and salary under the Government.

More Than Salary in Office.

Of course every office carries with it certain emoluments or perquisites in addition to its pay—certain privileges, big or little, not enjoyed by common folk. The view taken of them depends on whether the commentator is friendly or hostile and on whether the utilization of these supernumerary benefits has been reasonable or unreasonable. The customary is not as open to adverse criticism as is something new, and yet it is the latest beneficiary of an indefensible privilege that usually has to pay the penalty for all his predecessors in case some trouble-maker or some reformer comes along calling attention to what long has escaped notice.

None of the things mentioned by Mrs. POINDEXTER seems likely to disturb anybody except herself, and until now she has preserved her equanimity with no apparent difficulty. Senators and Representatives no less than Secretaries have had their ways of spending public moneys for the saving of their own. The maintenance of the so-called stationery account has been one of them, and as for free travel to scenes of interest, has there not been many a journey by committees for all the expenses of which no ingenuity could find justification in service to the Government?

It is well enough that these matters should have a periodical overhauling, but the incitement to them should not be envy of others or disappointment at losses sustained.

They Want a Hill for Gliding.

A committee of the National Aeronautic Association, with ORVILLE WRIGHT as Chairman, is planning to hold in this country a contest of gliders or sailplanes, such as have been frequent of late in Europe. The first task undertaken by the committee has been the finding of a suitable place for holding the competition, and it asks the help of anybody who knows where the required conditions exist. With the request goes a detailed description of what the conditions are, and this is the best of commentaries on the nonsense that has been talked and written by the people who have imagined and tried to prove that there is more to "gliding" than the utilization of an ascending air current.

What is needed, it appears, is a long ridge, not a detached or conical hill. The slope must be in the direction of the prevailing wind, with an inclination not less than 1 in 6. An ideal terrain would be a sloping valley, wide open at one end and contracting gradually between hills until closed off by the hill from which the "flights" could be started. At such a place, however, flying could be done only on wind from one direction, and that would be disadvantageous.

The drop from the top of the hill to the plain should be 1,000 feet and must not be less than 100. The surface of the hill should be smooth, and at its top it is desirable that there should be a plateau, also smooth, for landing. What is desired is a place where there is likely to be during several hours each day a wind of from fifteen to twenty-five miles an hour, and it should be easily accessible by roads and car lines for spectators and contestants.

Evidently this sort of "flying" cannot be done anywhere except from a few hillsides of rather unusual form, where the wind blows as it does not blow anywhere else. Yet we have been told with solemnity about doing it on currents moving horisontally, and some of the more mystical-minded of the glider expositors almost claim that it is possible even in a dead calm!

He Was Saved by His Subconscious.

Lieutenant J. D. SUMMERS, who lost consciousness when his plane was 19,000 feet in the air above Selfridge Field, out in Michigan, this week, fell in that condition, until he was within 400 feet of the ground, and all who saw him descend expected to see him dashed to pieces when the seemingly inevitable crash came. At almost the last second, however, he "recovered his senses" just enough to get control of his machine, and made a safe landing.

Questioned later, he said that he hardly knew how he did it. Yet he did exactly the right things, though still dazed. A psychologist would explain his escape as due to the fact that through long practice he had been able to adapt the manipulation of his levers to his subconscious—the part of the brain that does perfectly what it does at all and is not at all dependent on conscious thinking about what should be done.

SAMUEL BUTLER, the "Erewhon" man, was among the first to observe and describe these powers of the subconscious, and he did it so long ago that the same powers have been "discovered" several times since by men who thereby gained much more glory than he did. That probably is because they didn't write anything anywhere near as interesting as "Life and Habit," and did not ascribe the authorship of the Odyssey to NAUSICAA—which was apt to interfere with the gaining of a reputation as a man of science. He was one, none the less.

Picture of Mussolini.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Italy is blessed by having three strong men in power, the King, the Pope and the Premier, and all three are working harmoniously for Italy's uplift. It was my privilege to meet these three powers while in Rome. At the Grand Hotel, where Mussolini lives, I saw him frequently under the most trying circumstances. He would return after a day's work and in the lobby of the hotel people would be waiting for "just a word." Instead of walking past these waylayers he would pause and listen to their pleas, and although he has been called "the man without a smile," I have seen him smile as he spoke encouragingly to a suppliant, tapping him on the shoulder with his left hand while he seized the suppliant's chin in his right hand and shook it in a jocular way.

Photographers have slandered this man of the hour. In reality Mussolini has a keen, kindly face that fascinates all who meet him. The United States needs just such a leader, who will give a helping hand to the sufferers in Europe, who will be as Fascisti, binding together the best thinkers of all nations to work for constructive thought.

WINIFRED SACKVILLE STONER.
New York, Jan. 26, 1923.

Regular and Reserve Officers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I noted with regret the headline, "Reserves May Split From Regular Army," in this morning's issue of your paper. I believe that it was unwarranted by the facts of the meeting described, involving only a controversy between a limited number of individuals of a single component of the army, and tended to give a wrong impression to one not reading the article in full.

During the last year I have had exceptional opportunities to note the relations existing between the regular and reserve officers not only of the air service, but of other branches as well, and I can say without reservation that there has been an exceptionally fine spirit of mutual understanding and co-operation. It would be unfortunate to create the impression that such has not been the case. If Congress will only see fit to carry into effect the program laid down by it in the Army Reorganization act of 1920, which has so far been largely disregarded, there is no reason why this cordial relationship may not be developed to an even higher degree.

HOWARD A. SCHOLLE,
Captain, Air Service, Officers' Reserve Corps.
New York, Jan. 25, 1923.

Population in Layers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was in the subway jam the other evening, and while endeavoring to keep breathing I asked myself: What is the cause of this? The answer came easily: Congestion of population. Then I asked myself: How has that congestion come about? The answer came with equal ease: Through skyscrapers.

We have been in the habit of taking a vast pride in the latter, and no doubt as feats of engineering they are wonderful; but how about their effect on the health and happiness of the community? I think there cannot be any two opinions about this except among real estate men. F. M.
New York, Jan. 26, 1923.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Difficulty of Achieving a Reform Without Federal Action.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I quite agree with your criticism of the excess of detail in the bill introduced by Senator Capper on marriage and divorce. The final bill must be drawn on broader lines, giving as much freedom of procedure as possible to the several States, so long as the general principles necessary to securing justice throughout the nation at large are observed. In regard to this particular bill, however, it is to be remembered that it is only a draft subject to endless amendments. In fact, it may be said to be only a sort of trial balloon to find out what kind of law, in strictness or its opposite, might have a chance of being adopted whenever an enabling amendment to the Constitution should be approved by the required three-fourths of the States.

As a student of this problem, which is second to none today in its bearings on not merely the well-being but the very life, moral, social and political, of America, I cannot agree with your prophecy that "there is next to no hope of amending the Constitution for this purpose," though we have had an average of one such amendment in less than every seven years since 1789. Nor can I accept the belief that the only chance of reform in "marriage and divorce scandals is by working for such changes in the laws of the several States as will in time bring them into harmony" with each other.

The history of this attempt has shown in a very definite way the hopelessness of such a course. Here we have fact and not prophecy. Following the example of the Legislature of New York in 1889, every State in the Union had appointed commissions for this purpose by the year 1917, Nevada being the last to join. The national conference of these State commissions in 1912 drafted an act for uniform legislation, based on one drawn with the aid of the American Bar Association and adopted by a national congress called by the Governor of Pennsylvania in 1906. This latter law and that adopted by New Jersey in 1907, "conforming very closely" to it, were considered of such importance as to be printed in full in the United States Report on Marriage and Divorce in 1909.

Yet in spite of all these efforts through thirty-three long years, up to the present only three solitary States have agreed to accept the statute of the joint commissions in 1912; namely, New Jersey, Delaware and Wisconsin. Even though this method of attaining uniformity should at some time be successful, any State could change its law at any time, and immediately a new Reno would be established which, under Article IV. of the Constitution, would neutralize the law of every other State by making the standard of the lowest the law of all the rest.

WALKER GWYNNE,
General Secretary of the Sanctity of Marriage Association.
Summit, N. J., Jan. 25, 1923.

The Battle of Long Island.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Over 146 years ago, or just after the Declaration of Independence was signed, General Washington and his first American Army gave battle to the British forces on Long Island. The main fight was in Gowanus, around the old stone or Cortelyou house. As yet it has not been marked with an imposing monument. There are tablets in and around the borough and one or two small monuments erected by patriotic societies or private individuals. It is proposed to have the city acquire and set aside the vacant land at the site of the old stone house, on the block Fourth to Fifth Avenue and Third to Fourth Street. The neighborhood needs a small park. The matter has been up before the Board of Estimate and referred back to the local board for matter of assessment. Some objectors to this plan want a large memorial erected in Prospect Park. As a champion of the parks for park purposes, won't you lend your aid to stop a raid on Prospect Park?

PHILIP L. WATKINS.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 25, 1923.

THE PHA-RA-OH OF THE MYSTERY.

Tut-ankh-Amen, as you know, lived three
thousand years ago.
Great and powerful was he; proud with
kingly vanity.
He built temples vast and high that his
fame might never die,
And a safe and wond'rous tomb deep
within a mountain's womb.

One day Tut-ankh-Amen died, so they
laid him safe inside,
Wrapped in linen, fold on fold, cased in
ebony and gold,
Placed his treasures in the room—sealed
him there in pomp and gloom;
Slaves to guard him, priests to pray for
his soul till Judgment Day.

There he lay while ages passed. O'er
the Earth came changes vast.
Egypt's glories waxed and waned; of
its rulers none remained.
Mounds of dust marked cities great,
temples crumbled desolate;
Desert winds had buried deep Tut-ankh-
Amen's peaceful sleep.

Then new peoples roamed that land—
dug for treasures in the sand.
They restored with methods brisk pyra-
mid and obelisk;
Ciphering that language dead, Egypt's
history they read,
Marveled at its wond'rous things, named
its gods and Queens and Kings.

Yet not all, for in between many years
of lapse were seen.
In that strange historic line, one reign
showed a single sign
Carved in stone; a kingly seal, thwart-
ing all their research zeal.
Him they named, regretfully, "Pha-
ra-oh of Mystery."

Comes to us today a thrill wireleased
from that desert hill.
Hidden in a mighty cave they have found
a royal grave.
Reverent, they carefully, daily dig new
treasures free
Till with awe they face a shrine sealed
with Egypt's sacred sign.

On its walls are carved in stone valiant
deeds, fierce battles won,
And those symbols give the key to the
"King of Mystery."
There is writ the missing page of a dead
and glorious age.
There they see him live again, Pha-ra-oh
Tut-ankh-Amen.

None who ever graced a throne is today
more widely known—
Everywhere you read his name, scan the
stories of his fame.
"Movie" men will film him there in the
arc light's blinding glare—
In all countries on the screen Tut-ankh-
Amen will be seen.

Thus of all the Pha-ra-ohs, Tut-ankh-
Amen clearly shows
Practical psychology, for from curiosity
Springs the keenest interest; mystery
lends added zest.
Tut-ankh-Amen, old and wise, knew it
paid to advertise.

W. W. MACK.

SENATORS TO GO TO CHILE.

Washington Representatives to the Pan-American Congress Announced.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—President Harding today announced that, in addition to Henry Prather Fletcher, American Ambassador to Belgium, whose selection as Chairman has already been announced, the personnel of the American delegation to the Fifth Pan-American Congress which will open at Santiago, Chile, on March 25, will include Senator Kellogg of Michigan, Senator Pomerene of Ohio, ex-Senator J. W. Salisbury of Delaware, George E. Vincent of the Rockefeller Foundation of New York, Frank C. Partridge of Vermont, Wm. E. Fowler of Washington and Dr. L. S. Rowe, Director General of the Pan American Union.

Ambassador Fletcher will soon arrive from Brussels to take his place at the head of the American delegation.

At the White House it was explained that the selection of this delegation was wholly independent of the proposed visit of Secretary Hughes to the Chilean capital. Mr. Hughes has accepted conditionally an invitation from Chile to be the special guest of that Government at the opening session of the conference, if his official duties will permit him to be absent from Washington at that time.

Mr. Hughes expects to be absent from Washington about six weeks, it was learned today at the State Department. He plans to go first to Montevideo and then to Buenos Aires, having already accepted invitations from the Uruguayan and Argentine Governments. From Argentina he will travel over the Transandean Railway to Santiago, to be present at the opening of the Pan-American Congress, and probably will remain there a few days. From Santiago he will go to Lima for a brief visit.

The decision to visit Lima is in response to an unusually cordial invitation from the Peruvian Government. Though Mr. Hughes would have liked to accept the invitation to Ecuador, which came later, he was unable to do so because of the difficulty of remaining away from Washington too long.

The head of the State Department has given no thought to the selection of naval and military aids for the trip, and doubts were expressed as to whether he would take more of an official party than a secretary and a typewriter.

HARDING TO ARBITRATE.

President Formally Accepts Task in Tacna-Arica Dispute.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Announcement was made tonight of President Harding's acceptance of the office of arbitrator in the dispute between Chile and Peru over the territorial status of Tacna and Arica.

Identic notes have been sent by Secretary Hughes to Señors Mathieu and Perez, the Chilean and Peruvian Ambassadors at Washington, informing them of the willingness of Mr. Harding to act. In these notes Mr. Hughes said:

Excellency:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of Jan. 16, 1923 (Jan. 20, in the case of Peru), in which, on behalf of your Government, you apply, through me, to the President of the United States to accept the office of arbitrator for the purpose of the arbitration agreement signed at Washington on July 20 last by the plenipotentiaries of Chile and Peru, the exchange of ratifications of which took place in this city on Jan. 15.

It affords me much pleasure to inform you that the President, deeply appreciating the trust and confidence thus reposed in him by the Governments of Chile and Peru, and highly gratified that this long-standing difference between the two Governments is to be composed by the honorable means of arbitration, is most happy to accept the office of arbitrator.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration.

CHARLES E. HUGHES.

The invitation to Mr. Harding to act as arbitrator was extended to him as a result of protocols signed by delegates representing Chile and Peru in Washington last Summer.

SAYS SHORT DAY AIDS OIL.

Standard of California Has Paid $103,120,000 Dividends.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Inauguration of the eight-hour day by the Standard Oil Company of California has proved an economic benefit, K. B. Kingsbury, President of the company, asserted today at the Senate oil inquiry. He described his company as the pioneer in establishment of the eight-hour day in the oil industry, having abandoned the twelve-hour shift in 1917.

"The change has been eminently beneficial," the witness said. "It has added to the efficiency, the esprit de corps and the morale of the men."

The Standard of California, since the Standard Oil Company dissolution in 1911, Mr. Kingsbury testified, has paid cash dividends of $103,120,000, or at an average rate of about 11 per cent. on its capital stock. Three stock dividends, totaling 143 per cent., also have been paid.

Mr. Kingsbury said that on last June 30 his company had an estimated surplus of $137,108,000. He estimated the net earnings for the first six months of 1922 at $14,465,000 and gave the net earnings for 1921 as $34,268,000.

Stockholders of the Standard of California owning 1 per cent. or more of stock were given by Mr. Kingsbury, with the percentage of their holdings, as follows:

John D. Rockefeller Jr., 22.75 per cent.; Northern Finance Corporation, 3.62; Edward S. Harkness, 3.02; K. R. Kingsbury and others as trustees, 2.02; and Anna M. Harkness, 2.12.

Thirteen per cent., or about 80,000 barrels of the potential production of existing oil wells in California, Mr. Kingsbury said, was shut in. Stocks of crude oil held by his company last Nov. 30 totaled 14,475,300 barrels, as compared with 13,257,340 barrels on last June 30.

The flush of production in California, with the falling off of Mexican production, within the last year has enabled his company, the witness said, to sell California oil for transshipment through the Panama Canal to the Eastern seaboard of the United States in competition with oil produced further East.

WILSON GIFTS NOW EXEMPT.

Contributions Since Foundation Was Incorporated Pay No Income Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Contribution to the Woodrow Wilson Foundation after Dec. 26, 1922, the date of its incorporation, are exempted from the income tax laws, by a ruling of Commissioner Blair of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

This ruling supplements the one of last year that contributions to the Foundation were not exempt because the organization was not incorporated like the Roosevelt and McKinley memorial associations.

The organization's campaign for contributions ended on the date of its incorporation, when about $900,000 of the $1,000,000 sought had been received. The Foundation still receives subscriptions and it is these that are exempt from tax.

BUY QUEBEC TIMBER.

Chicago Newspaper Interests Acquire Rights on 2,000 Square Miles.

QUEBEC, Jan. 30.—The Ontario Paper Company of Thorold, Ont., understood to be acting for Chicago newspaper interests, contracted today to purchase timber covering 2,000 square miles of Government land in the River Manicouagan district.

The company, which outbid the Industrial Development and Service Corporation and the Gulf Pulp and Paper Company, got the timber for $3.35 per square mile, plus the cutting tax, which is now $2.70 per 1,000 feet of timber.

The contract calls for development of waterpower on the property. Company engineers will at once study the territory preparatory to erection of a pulp mill.

STRIKES AT ABUSES IN FOREIGN SERVICE

House Committee Reports Bill to Consolidated Consular and Diplomatic Branches.

PROVIDES PROPER SALARIES

Measure Aims to Remove Present Necessity of Appointing Only Wealthy Men as Diplomats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The report on the Rogers bill to consolidate and improve the diplomatic and consular service of the United States and remove many of the existing inequalities was presented to the House today by the Foreign Affairs Committee. The bill, approved by President Harding, attempts to make the foreign service of the United States one which will furnish the United States with trained men.

The measure strikes at one of the great abuses of the present diplomatic service—failure to provide sufficient salary for American representatives, which makes it impossible for men without private means to accept appointment to Ministers and diplomats. In addition to paying salaries commensurate with the importance of the work, the bill seeks to provide homes and authorizes proper allowances for necessary expenses.

John W. Davis, former Ambassador to England, who favors the bill, said it had cost him between $50,000 and $60,000 to live as Ambassador in London. His salary was $17,500.

Important Changes Sought.

The report sets forth these important changes in the present system as contemplated by the bill:

"Amalgamation of the diplomatic and consular services into a single foreign service, with diplomatic and consular branches and complete interchangeability of personnel.

"The adoption of a single revised salary scale applicable to offices in the combined service, making unification and interchangeability possible.

"Authorization when necessary of allowances to our representatives at foreign capitals, thus eliminating the necessity of large private means as an essential qualification for appointment.

"Extension of the Civil Service retirement act to officers in the foreign service."

The bill authorizes increases in salaries chiefly for secretaries and lower officers. The salaries of Ambassadors and Ministers remain as at present, $17,500 and $12,000, respectively. Secretaries and lower officers get increases of approximately $1,000 a year. The salary of a Secretary of an Embassy is fixed at $9,000, while the lowest salary in Class 9 of Consuls and Assistants in Embassies and Legations is $3,000.

Call Conditions "Deplorable."

"It is deplorable," says the report, "that by denial of adequate compensation the United States, the greatest democracy, now restricts the admission to the office of Secretary in the Diplomatic Service to the members of a small circle of society who are willing to provide from their private fortunes for the support of their positions abroad.

"However much ability the appointee may possess, and without detracting in any degree from the excellent service many of them have rendered, the fact remains that the mode of selection is undemocratic and unworthy of this country. Not only does it make unavailable to the Government the large body of capable young men of education and culture but without private fortunes, but it results in the two branches of the service being kept rigidly apart and discourages sympathetic co-operation."

Discussing the failure of this Government to provide money for entertainment by its foreign representatives, the report points out that only men of means can accept diplomatic posts, and that this is another undemocratic situation.

"It is notorious," says the report, "that the United States has never paid its Ambassadors and Ministers at the larger capitals salaries on which it was possible for them to live as much less than the expense of carrying on routine activities that are indispensable to these positions. The failure to make reasonable allowances for entertainment leaves a choice of two evils, the sacrifice of the public interest or the restriction of appointment to men of wealth willing to provide from their own fortunes for the support of their positions."

Provision for Expenses.

The amount of allowance is left to the Department of State,

DEBUTANTES SHINE IN MUSICAL REVUE

Fascinating in Song and Dance Skits in Junior League's "The Gay Pretender."

MARCH OF DOLLS IS A HIT

Revereible Scenery In "Back From the Front" Turns Heroine Into Messenger Boy.

There was a touch of the Orient in "The Gay Pretenders," the musical melange in three acts and twelve scenes, presented last night at the Waldorf-Astoria by the Junior League, for the benefit of one of its charitable enterprises, the Prospect Hill Shelter and nursing home for babies. The entertainment will be repeated this evening and tomorrow night.

The affair was really a dance and song revue and the Oriental touches to the spectacle in the matter of lights and costumes, oftentimes wierd and mystic, were made by Roshanara, who devised and staged the entire production. It was also splashed with ultra-modernist colors and ideas.

One of the hits of the evening was the "March of the Golden Dolls," with resplendent exhibit costumes, and the surprise bit of the program was "Back from the Front," in which all the characters, as well as the scenery, were reversible. The leading lady, front view, was the heroine, and when she turned around she became a messenger boy. In like manner boxwood hedges were turned into bird fountains, rose bushes and sun dials.

Mosquito in Leading Role.

Some of the features reflected recent Broadway offerings, and the design for the program cover was evidently intended for a burlesque show. In the "Inspect Comedy" the mosquito played the leading rôle, while many arms made up the weirdness of a mystery playlet, in which shrieks and groans rent the darkness.

A large and brilliant assembly crowded the grand ballroom, and big houses, in the vernacular of Broadway, are expected for the subsequent performances. The special musical numbers in the show were by Miss Elizabeth Thorne Boutelle and G. Frederick Berandee, the latter being responsible for the dialogue, some of which came at the rise of the curtain, when a glimpse behind the scenes was shown. In this Mrs. Henry Potter Russell did a clever bit as a scrublady.

The various features were announced after the manner of Ballieff of Chauve-Souris by the supposed producer and manager of the production, W. Herbert Adams and Henry G. Bartol, respectively. H. Clapp Smith also had a bit to do, but the debutantes who made their bows as amateur actresses far outshone the men in stage presence and cleverness.

The debutants recruited for this year's entertainment were visions of loveliness, and the ballet dancers in the "Danse Divertissement," were fascinating to behold. In a fairy tale, at the very start, fantasy in pantomime, Mrs. S. Theodore Roosevelt appeared as the Princess, and Miss Florence Kimberley, the Princess. The lovely maids in waiting, who looked as though they had stepped from the pages of a juvenile story book, were the Misses Sybil Billas, Elizabeth Condon, Olivia Johnson, Adele Kelley, Muriel Vanderbilt and Katherine White.

Legend of India.

Miss Nancy Yuille scored in a newsboy's dance, and Miss Helen Hoadley was stately and charming in the song of "Grandmama," in which the characters appeared as silhouettes against an illuminated background. Mrs. George P. Brett Jr. and the Misses Elise Schreiber, Rita Roker and Tracy Lyon appeared in this feature.

The mystery playlet brought Part I. to a successful conclusion. "The Moon Flower," a dainty fairy legend of India, opened the second part of the program, in which the lotus buds, impersonated by the graceful Misses Catherine Okie, Frances Norton, Olivia Sterner, Mrs. Fenton Taylor and Mrs. Edmund Twining, guarded the cradle of the Moon Flower, a part created by the clever dancer, Miss Olivia Johnson.

In "The Modern Pit Reply," there was a biting satire on censorship. Mrs. Henry Seabury Parker was the soloist in this feature, and she sang and danced like a real musical comedy star. The pogo girls made their appearance in this number, also the gold girls.

The modern pogo girls were the Misses Audry Ulman, Carolyn Prentice, May Yeomans and Betty Price, and their old-fashioned sisters were the Misses Sybil Judd Cheney and Sarah Schuyler.

Mrs. George P. Brett Jr., and Miss Mary Spencer took the part of the old-fashioned golf girls, in crinoline, and the Misses Constance Nash and Betty Grosvenor, in black velvet breeches, were the caddies. Miss Frances Woodbury appeared as the old-time bathing girl, and Miss Dora Hotchkiss was the modern bathing girl.

In the "Insect Comedy" Miss Dorothy Sharpe supplied the comedy touches quite cleverly, and Frederick Cheeswright was the pianist. The pupils who danced were the Misses Raymonde Almirall, Julia Brokaw, Charlotte Church, Betty Graham, Dorothy Rose, Barbara Whitmore and Mary Wooley.

The Surprise Feature.

The "March of the Golden Dolls" had music reminiscent of the Parade of the Wooden Soldiers, and was very tuneful. The Misses Glory Thomas and Adeline Hatch took the leading parts in this feature, and the dolls, who wore stiff skirts of gold, in which they could never, never sit down, were the Misses Barbara Brown, Constance Delaney, Grace Hendricks, Clarissa Hurd, Martha Ottley, Marie Thayer and Mrs. S. T. Hodgman Jr. and Mrs. Rodney Williams.

The surprise feature, "Back from the Front," opened part third, with Miss Dorothy Sharpe as Fair Evangeline, the heroine; Henry C. Smith, as Archibald, the hero, and Mrs. H. P. Russell, as Cleo, the Vamp. They also supplied the characters of Richard Bobbie and Nana Jaston, by turning their backs.

Mrs. H. S. Parker sang in the feature, "American Beauties," with Mrs. E. Roland Harriman and Miss Beatrice G. Reid appearing as the dancers, an act that brought much applause. In the "Danse Divertissement," first came "In Days Gone By," with the Misses Betty Marchant and Constance Nash, as the lute players, and Miss Frances Norton as "My Lady." "In the Moonlight," Mrs. Thomas Robins Jr. sang, and others in this number were the Misses Elizabeth Cawthra, Sybil Hyde, Florence Kimberley, Lispenard Seabury, Muriel Smith and Mrs. Wilde C. Rickerson.

Mrs. Irving Pardee and Miss Rita Roker appeared in a Russian dance, and in the country dance were the Misses Julia Brokaw, Rosemary Hollister, Dora Hotchkiss, Katherine Kelley, Emeline Starr, Elise Schreiber, Mary Spencer, Audrey Ulman, Marain Willard and May Yeomans. Miss Nancy Yuille as "A Skirt of 1925" filled the stage at the close.

"Our Good Ship" brought the entertainment to a close with a song by W. E. Adams, while the characters in the play made up the passengers and ship crew.

The press work for the entertainment was done by Miss Marjorie Cleveland.

Among the boxholders were Mrs. W. Goadby Loew, Mrs. Edward S. Harkness, Mrs. Walter P. Bliss, Mrs. Robert S. Brewster, Mrs. Charles H. Coster, Mrs. Henry White, Mrs. Walter E. James, Mrs. Charles G. Ayres, Mrs. Edward R. Bacon, Mrs. W. Church Osborne, Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. W. Watts Sherman, Mrs. Henry P. Davison, Mrs. W. Thorn Kissel, Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt, and Mrs. George D. Widener.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Willard D. Straight is entertaining at her home, 130 Fifth Avenue, the Rev. T. W. Pym, head of Cambridge House, London, and honorary chaplain to the King.

Miss Josephine C. Kelly entertained at dinner for twelve guests at Pierre's last evening, among them being Major General and Mrs. James G. Harbord, Colonel and Mrs. Samuel Allen and Mr. and Mrs. William R. Wilcox.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Richard Davis of 260 Park Avenue are planning to go to Havana on Feb. 8.

Mrs. Theodore M. Pomeroy and Mrs. Clinton R. Wyckoff have come from Buffalo, N. Y., and are staying at the Lorraine for a few days.

Mrs. Lucy Work Hewitt is recovering from an attack of bronchitis at her country home, Woodburn Hall, New Windsor-on-Hudson.

Mrs. R. de G Cameron and her daughter, Miss Rhoda Cameron, are at the Plaza. Mrs. Frederick Thompson, who has been at the hotel, has gone to Egypt for a month or two.

Lady Tichbourne and Countess Grasorint-Bingham, who have been staying at the Ritz-Carlton, were among those sailing for Europe yesterday on the Berengaria.

Lord Glentanar left the Ambassador yesterday for Newport, where he will spend the rest of the week.

Those who will receive at the Mid-Year Dance at the Ritz on Saturday include Mrs. Rudolph H. Kissel, Mrs. Philip Golden Bartlett, Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley and Mrs. George C. Fraser, Jr.

Mrs. George Emlen Starr has arrived from Philadelphia, to spend a week with her mother, Mrs. Charles T. Ayres, of 55 West Fifty-fifth Street.

The British Consul General and Mrs. Gloster Armstrong have left for Washington, D. C., where they will be guests at the British Embassy.

Mrs. W. Winans Freeman of Cincinnati, who is spending the Winter at the Plaza, is giving the second of a series of dinners next Sunday evening for thirty guests.

Gert Holm, who has been the guest of his brother, Dr. Frits Holm, and Mrs. Holm of 37 Madison Avenue, has sailed for Buenos Aires, where he has been commercial editor of The Standard for eight years.

Among those who will entertain this evening at the third dance of the Wednesday Evening Supper Club at the Lorraine are Mrs. M. Taylor Campbell, Mrs. Morin Hare, Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken, Mrs. Richard Stevens, Mrs. J. Lorimer Worden and Mrs. R. T. Wilson.

Mrs. Schuyler Harbeson, who has been at the Plaza during her stay in New York, sailed yesterday on the Berengaria, and will open her apartment at 3 Pare Monceau on reaching Paris.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Among the passengers booked to sail today for Hamburg via Cherbourg and Southampton on the Royal Mail steamship Orbita are Captain B. J. Samuels, Winthrop Chanler, Mrs. Elinor Pratt, Lionel Braham, Mrs. E. M. Worth, Miss Katherine Hollister, Brig. Gen. W. C. Douglas, Miss Dorothea Hermann, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Leary, Gordon Hobie, Mrs. and Miss M. Douglas, Alan Harvey, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Andre, Miss S. Van Loo, Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Landau, Mr. M. Pomeroy, G. L. Munn, Mrs. Matilda Huber.

Some of the passengers leaving today for Bremen on the Yorck of the North German Lloyd Company are Mr. and Mrs. Adolf Bode, Miss Junita Bode, Misses Olga E. and Hilda F. Bode, A. W. Brinck, August Bruns, Ferdinand M. Meysing, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ornstein, Joseph Weiss, Miss Martha Schulz, Mrs. D. M. Tiemann, Mr. and Mrs. John Trute, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Moller.

More than 1,000 winter tourists sailed today for Bermuda aboard the Furness Bermuda liner Fort Victoria. Among them is a large number from Canada. Among the Canadians are: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sloan and family of Hamilton; Mr. and Mrs. H. P. MacDonnell and son of Ottawa, and Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Graham and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Graham of Toronto.

Others aboard the Fort Victoria are Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Albert, Mrs. F. C. Walker and family, Mr. and Mrs. William Hers and Mrs. Carolyn M. Ely, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Wanning of Derby, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Elliott of Boston and R. M. Appleton of Ipswich, Mass.

Some of the first-cabin passengers who arrived yesterday from Liverpool and Queenstown on the Cunarder Tyrrhenia were Bryan G. Hardy, W. H. Batchelder, Mrs. M. Duncan, Miss Nan M. Duncan, Colonel R. T. Kendy of the British Army, retired; H. J. Cape and J. H. Crocket.

Among the passengers arriving from Havre on the French liner Bourdonnais were Professor Henri Mauser of the Sorbonne University, Paris; Eugene Baldwin and Mrs. Baldwin, and R. Lucien Callay.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Mrs. John W. Charlton, of 119 East Fifty-fifth Street, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mabel Charlton, to James Wentz, a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Wentz of this city and Quogue, L. I. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Mrs. Theodore Kilimer of Minneapolis, Minn., and Hollywood, Cal., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Mary Virginia Kilimer, to Oliver Leslie Simmons of this city, a son of Mrs. Albert Robinson Spivey of Los Angeles. Miss Kilimer is a daughter of the late Theodore Kilimer of this city and a niece of the late Quest Kilimer. Mr. Simmons is a nephew of Mrs. Albert Laflin of Oyster Bay, L. I.

Mrs. M. Crystal of 819 West Eighty-ninth Street, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Annette Crystal, to Carl Lang, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jean Lang of this city. Miss Crystal, who is a daughter of the late Moses Crystal, is a graduate of Smith College, Class of '19, and has been interested in philanthropic work since leaving college.

Mrs. Gardiner Greene Hammond of Boston and Vineyard Haven, Mass., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Rosemary Lang, to Alexander Hay, Jr., of Detroit. Miss Lang is a graduate of the Ursuline Academy in Middletown, N. Y. Mr. Hay, who is a graduate of Manlius, is a nephew of Mrs Anna T. Dodge, widow of Horace Dodge, founder of the Dodge Motor Company. The wedding will take place this Summer.

Miss Tyson Wed to G. W. Jarman Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Laban Tyson of Montgomery, Ala., have announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Virginia Tyson, to George Wallace Jarman Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. George W. Jarman, in St. Bartholomew's Church on Jan. 17. The Rev. F. W. Clayton officiated. Mr. Jarman and his bride, who is a graduate of Wellesley, class of '19, have gone to Brazil to live. Mr. Jarman is a graduate of Princeton, class of '15, and served overseas during the war as a Lieutenant with the 306th Field Artillery, Seventy-seventh Division.

Miss Earl to Wed Rev. Mr. Moody.

Mrs. Edward Earl of Montclair, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Margery Earl, to the Rev. J. Reginald Moody of St. Luke's Church, Montclair. Miss Earl is a member of the Junior League and was graduated from the Kimberley School. The Rev. Mr. Moody is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Moody of Morristown, N. J., and is a graduate of Hobart College and of the Episcopal Theological School at Cambridge, Mass.

A. Lewisohn a Great-Grandfather.

Adolph Lewisohn became a great-grandfather yesterday morning, when a son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Staunton Mack Jr. of 820 Park Avenue. Mrs. Mack was formerly Miss Marion Reckford, daughter of Samuel J. Reckford and eldest granddaughter of Adolph Lewisohn. The baby will be christened Walter S. Mack 3d.

Embrees Have a Son.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Marvin Embree of 230 Boulevard Raspail, Paris, are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son born on Jan. 26 in Paris. Mrs. Embree was Miss Margaret Adams Train, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Train of New York and Bar Harbor.

BERENGARIA SAILS WITH LARGE QUOTA

Cunarder Delayed 30 Minutes by Tide—Albert Sarraut Among Notables.

FRIENDS SPEED ROTHAFEL

Capitol Impresario Will Hear Own Theatre Program by Private Wireless While at Sea.

The Cunarder Berengaria sailed at 3:30 P. M. yesterday with 587 first-cabin passengers after being delayed thirty minutes on account of the strong tide in the North River. Captain W. R. D. Irvine, R. D., R. N. R., master of the liner, said that he expected to reach Southampton late Monday afternoon with moderate weather.

Among the notables on board was Albert Sarraut, Minister for the Colonies in the French Government, who paid a visit of inspection to St. Pierre, Island of Miquelon, off the coast of Newfoundland. He said that he found the French colony in good condition and many improvements had been effected in the harbor of St. Pierre. Fishing, and not "bootlegging," is the chief occupation of the inhabitants of the island, the Minister said. Gaston Liebert, the Consul General for France in New York, went to the pier to see M. Sarraut off, along with other members of the French colony in New York.

Another diplomat on the liner was Count D. V. Constantini, Attaché of the Italian Embassy at Washington, who sailed with the Countess for a four months' visit to Rome.

Mrs. William E. Corey, wife of the steel magnate, sailed for Cherbourg on her way to Paris, where she will re-open her villa in the country outside the city. The weather there is pleasanter than it is in New York, she said.

Henry Mason Day, President of the International Barnsdall Corporation, left on the Berengaria on his way to the oil fields of the corporation at Baku, in Asia Minor. The oil concessions were obtained from the Soviet Government at Moscow recently. Mr. Day said he would stop off at Lausanne to attend the Conference meetings. He expects to remain in Russia some months.

Mrs. Goelet Sails With Child.

Mrs. Robert Goelet sailed with her baby for Italy to visit her father and expects to be abroad several months. Mr. Goelet went to the pier to see her away.

Another passenger on the ship was George Blumenthal, banker of Lazard Frères, Paris, who said that he was going through Paris to Egypt where Mrs. Blumenthal was spending the Winter. When asked by the reporters if he would visit the tomb of Tutankhamen at Thebes, the banker laughed and said, "I suppose I'll have to."

John Willard Krueger, who held a commission as Colonel in the United States Army during the war and was chief statistician on the staff of Brig. Gen. Dawes, sailed to join the staff of Colonel William N. Haskell, Director of the American Relief Administration at Moscow.

S. P. Rothafel, in charge of the presentations at the Capitol Theatre, was a passenger, taking his first vacation in nine years. The entire staff, including the orchestra from the Capitol, came to the ship and bade him good-bye with "I Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here," and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Installed in Mr. Rothafel's stateroom by arrangement with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company is a complete long distance wireless receiving set from which he will get the music of his own orchestra each night played at the theatre and broadcast from the W. E. A. F. wireless station of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Mr. Rothafel will return on the Berengaria from Southampton on February 10 to keep some important engagements in this country.

A radio receiving set of high power was presented to the ship, through Captain Irvine, her commander, by A. B. McDonald, President of the Chicago Radio Laboratories. Mr. McDonald and her daughter, Florence, are keen followers on the ship. Through this set all the passengers will hear the Chicago station, WBA, as it broadcasts each night.

Miss Montague a Passenger.

Miss Genevieve Montague of Chattanooga, Tenn., sailed for Florence, Italy, to spend several weeks.

Jack Dempsey, the world's champion heavyweight boxer, went to the ship to say good-bye to Miss Muriel Spring, the moving picture actress, who is going to Germany to take part in three pictures for Carl Laemmle.

Another passenger was George Baraky, the proprietor of the Hotel Fenehy, Jerusalem, who is hurrying home to look after the rush of tourists to the Holy City after completing his financial arrangements for the construction of a new hotel on American lines outside the Jaffa Gate. Now that the big reservoirs built by King Solomon nine miles from Jerusalem have been put into working order, he said, there would be plenty of water for baths and laundry work, as well as for drinking purposes, in the new hotel.

Miss Gladys Cooper, the English actress, also sailed, saying she liked America very much and expected to return shortly to appear in a play in New York. Mrs. Fred Thompson, wife of the composer of "The Bing Boys" and other musical plays, who was sent to Ellis Island suffering from seasickness when she arrived on the Olympic two weeks ago, sailed with Miss Cooper and her friend, Lady Tichborne. They were seen off by Gilbert Miller, the theatrical manager, who was their host during the visit here.

The Dolly sisters, Yansci and Rosika, sailed with their brother, Eddy Dolly, on their way to Cannes, where they are booked for a four weeks' engagement at the Casino. They will go to the Casino at Monte Carlo for another four weeks before going to London to play in one of Charles B. Cochran's productions.

MISS ANNE COPLEY ENGAGED

Her Marriage to A. C. Travis Will Take Place in February.

Mrs. M. A. Copley of the Hotel Langdon has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Anne Copley, to Albert Chester Travis of 50 West Fifty-eighth Street. Miss Copley is a descendant of John Singleton Copley, noted American painter, and is a niece of the late Major Ernestus Gulick.

Mr. Travis is a son of the late Ezra Johnson Travis. He is a graduate of Harvard, class of '05, and was graduated from the Columbia Law School, class of '08. Among his clubs are the Harvard, Squadron A and Lawyers, and he is a member of the Bar Association of New York and of the law firm of Rearick, Dorr, Travis & Marshall, with offices at 61 Broadway. The wedding is expected to take place in February.

K. C. Chaplain Sails for Rome.

The Rev. Patrick J. McGivney of Bridgeport, Conn., Supreme Chaplain of the Knights of Columbus, sailed yesterday on the Cunarder Scythia for Rome and the Holy Land. He will have an audience with the Pope.

Editors Guest of Admiral Jones.

Admiral Hilary P. Jones, commanding the Atlantic Fleet, was host to a score of newspaper editors and publishers at a luncheon yesterday on board his flagship the Maryland. The Maryland sails for Panama next Saturday.

Y. W. C. A. ELECTS OFFICERS.

Mrs. Howard G. Myers Becomes New President of Organization.

Mrs. Howard Gillespie Myers was elected President of the New York Y. W. C. A. at the annual meeting last evening. Mrs. William Fellowes Morgan, the retiring President, and Mrs. William W. Rossiter received a vote of thanks for their services.

Miss Helen Clarkson Miller, Secretary, announced in her speech the gift of 750 acres of land to the Y. W. C. A. from Mr. and Mrs. William Sloane Coffin, to be used as a girls' Summer camp. The land is near Pine Bush, N. Y.

The following officers were elected: Mrs. Howard Gillespie Myers, President; Mrs. Jonathan Bulkley, First Vice President; Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow, Second Vice President; Mrs. William Henry Hays, Treasurer; Mrs. William Sloane Coffin, Secretary.

HONOR DUTCH MINISTER.

Holland-American Groups Entertain Dr. de Graeff and Wife.

Dr. A. C. D. de Graeff, the new Minister from Holland, and Mrs. de Graeff were guests last night of the Netherlands-American Foundation and the Netherlands Chamber of Commerce at a dinner in the Hotel Astor. William C. Redfield welcomed them and spoke of Hollanders as people who possess courage and a love of freedom.

"I hardly believe that in the world two other countries can be found which by history and by nature are in the same degree assigned to be each other's true friends as the United States and Holland," said Dr. de Graeff. "The citizens of the United States and of Holland have always stood unflinchingly for the same ideals, for religious and civic liberty, for true human culture and for democracy in the highest sense of the word. In your country the characteristics of our nation are perhaps better understood than anywhere else."

FOX LEFT $3,000,000.

Two Blocks in Brooklyn Included in Publisher's Estate.

The estate of the late Richard K. Fox, publisher of the Police Gazette and other publications, probably is worth more than $3,000,000, according to Attorney I. Ross McCombe who, with Attorney James J. Lillis, is making an inventory.

The attorneys have found that Mr. Fox owned practically all of two city blocks in Sixth Street, Brooklyn, and $180,000 has been offered for one apartment building on this land. Mr. Fox died December 14, in Red Bank, N. J. He left $180,000 outright to his widow Mrs. Emma Fox, and directed that the residuary estate be divided among her and their four children, Charles, Richard, Jr., Frederick, and a daughter in California.

FRENCH HANDIWORK SHOWN

On View at Reception Given by the Countess de Bramond d'Ars.

The Countess de Bramond d'Ars gave a reception and tea yesterday at Allerton House, 130 East Fifty-seventh Street, at which an exhibition was held of the work of French widows. The Countess spoke of the work of these French women who are obliged to make jewelry, paper dresses, and fancy articles, at their homes on account of having children to look after.

Living models were used to show the dresses, and among those who attended the affair were Mrs. Henry P. Loomis, Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mme. Groultch, Mme. de Charnace, Mrs. Chester Boynton, Mrs. Hamilton F. Armstrong, Miss May Moulton and Mrs. John P. MacArthur.

BRIDGE TO AID ANIMALS.

Women's League to Hold Tournament for Hospital.

New York Women's League for Animals will give a bridge tournament for the benefit of the Ellin Prince Speyer Hospital for Animals at 350 Lafayette Street on Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 7, in the Ritz-Carlton ball room. There will be handsome prizes for each table.

The committee in charge includes Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur, Morris, Mrs. W. B. Ketchum, Mrs. Phillips Allen Clark; Mrs. Ernesto T. Simondetti, Mrs. David Wagstaff, Mrs. Edward M. Weld and the Misses F. De B. Allen, Jean Simpson and Fiorilla Niles. Tickets are $2.30 each, and tables are $10, and may be had from Mrs. E. T. Simondetti, Gallingwood Hotel, or at the league, 350 Lafayette Street.

To Give Ball for Russians.

A special Russian program has been arranged for the Russian ball to be given tomorrow evening at the Plaza by the Russian Charity Society, the proceeds to go to help the Russian refugees arriving in this country, many of whom are of the educated class. A part will also go to the Russian orphanage at St. Canaan, Pa. There are to be Russian folksongs and dances. Prominent artists have promised their aid. The society's headquarters is the Russian Cathedral, 15 East Ninety-seventh Street. On the Executive Committee are Mrs. V. V. Golokhvastoff, President; Mrs. A. P. Poral-Koshits, Vice President; Mrs. P. J. Popoff, Treasurer, and Mrs. B. L. Brasol, Secretary.

K. of C. Charity Ball Box Sale.

The sale of boxes for the Knights of Columbus Charity Ball to be held tomorrow night at the Astor took place yesterday at the hotel. The sale was conducted by Major William Kennally, and among those purchasing boxes were Nicholas F. Brady, Charles F. Murphy, George McDonald and Charles Thorley. All the councils in the New York chapter also purchased boxes, of which there were eighty in all, ranging in price from $25 to $65. Mr. Brady purchased the first box, paying $650 for it.

Dinner to Copeland Feb. 12.

Owing to the great demand for tables for the dinner to United States Senator-elect Royal S. Copeland at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 12, it has been necessary to engage the grand ballroom, it was announced yesterday by Otto H. Kahn, Treasurer of the Dinner Committee. Among the speakers will be Bainbridge Colby, Senator Walsh of Massachusetts, Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Martin Littleton.

Saturday Evening Supper Dance.

The fifth of the Saturday evening supper dances will be held at the Plaza on the evening of Feb. 3 in the Rose Room. The committee includes many of this year's debutantes, among them being the Misses Mary Moore, Leona Hurd, Estelle Manville, Dolores Carrillo and Catherine Hall. As an added attraction the committee has planned for a special entertainment during supper.

Author Gets Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Robert Roe, an author living at 46 Washington Square, and Miss Julie Stehr, artist, of Lovell, Me. The wedding is to take place today in Grace Church. Mr. Roe is a widower, his wife having died last November.

BAKST GIVES LECTURE ON WOMEN'S DRESS

Declares Soft, Fluffy Materials Are Suited to the Thin and Large Person Alike.

M. Leon Bakst, the Russian artist, gave his first lecture in this country at the Hotel Plaza yesterday afternoon on the "Art of Dress." M. Bakst has been ill and his lecture was read from manuscript with the reader sitting. The lecture was illustrated. Two of the pictures cast on the screen were received with applause. One was a famous work by the artist, the portrait of a French singer, in black and white, a costume of his own designing. The other was a picture of Sara Bernhardt in her earlier days, and was used to illustrate the method of dress for the femme maigre, the woman who is too thin. Soft, fluffy materials encircled the throat of the divine Sara and embellished with its folds other parts of the gown.

But gauze effects are also for the large women, the femme trop forte, the artist told the women. She must never dress herself in clothes fitting too closely, and if she too has a soft veiling of gauze it will soften the too hard outlines.

Mr. Bakst showed two figures in what looked like prison garb, one the broad stripe running around and the other up and down. The horizontal stripes make for slenderness and the other give an effect of roundness. He then showed two actual gowns with modified striped effects, to produce the two effects, and which were charming.

Another costume for the "femme maigre" was a dancing costume, the loose upper part being of a very large figured fabric. Other figured designs in materials were for the decoration of the home. This should be made to form a suitable background for the women to whom it belonged. He described the house or reception gown which should have a certain intimacy for a woman in her own home. He spoke of the American woman liking among other things color in her gowns; the large placid English woman requires certain simple effects suitable to her style. In speaking of the Russian styles he showed examples of Russian embroidery, with which he said at the present time the French women were dressing from head to foot.

M. Bakst was politic when he discussed the corset. He did not speak for or against it, but said that whether a woman should encase her figure in one or leave it free he thought she had better leave for the mode of the time to decide.

The lecture was under the auspices of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. John W. Garrett, Mrs. Benjamin Moore, Mrs. Cole Porter and Miss Elsie de Wolfe. Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Benjamin Price, Mrs. William Randolph Hearst and Mrs. George Leary were among the box holders. Tickets were $10 and the lecture was for the benefit of the Brooklyn Music Settlement.

JOHN S. TARKINGTON DIES.

Father of the Author, 90 Years, Is Pneumonia Victim.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 30.—John Stevenson Tarkington, 90 years old, for many years an attorney and in later years a writer, died early today at his home, here, of pneumonia. He was the father of Booth Tarkington, the author, and of Haute Tarkington Jameson, who recently has become a writer. He served for a time as Judge of the Circuit Court of Marion and Hancock Counties.

Mr. Tarkington had been in declining health several months. He became ill with pneumonia only a few weeks ago, however. In his weakened condition he was not able to fight the disease. Booth Tarkington has been at his home in this city since late in the Fall and has given much of his time since then to the care of his father. Private funeral services will be held at the home Thursday afternoon.

LORD ARTHUR KINNAIRD DIES

Passes Away in England a Few Days After His Wife.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Lord Arthur Fitz-Gerald Kinnaird, a prominent figure in the work of the Young Men's Christian Association, died today. He had been ill for some time, but the end is believed to have been hastened by the sudden death of Lady Kinnaird a few days ago.

Lord Kinnaird, a former President of the Evangelical Council, was Lord High Commissioner to the Church of Scotland in 1907 to 1909, inclusive. He was elected Vice President of the Young Men's Christian Association at the World Convention in Paris in 1905, and for four years presided at the opening of a similar congress at Barmen-Elberfeld. He was in his seventy-sixth year.

Million for Non-Sectarian School.

DETROIT, Jan. 30.—Pledges totaling approximately $1,000,000 have been given for the establishment of a non-sectarian school of religion for the University of Michigan, it was unofficially reported here today. A site adjacent to the university has been selected, it was said. Subscriptions were said to have been made by several hundred prominent persons representing numerous denominations.

Oscar Flood, at Cairo.

News was received yesterday at the Ritz-Carlton Hotel of the death in Cairo, Egypt, of Oscar Flood, the manager of Shepheard's Hotel and brother-in-law of the proprietor, Charles A. Baehler. Mr. Flood had been at Shepheard's for twenty years and was known to thousands of Americans who had visited Egypt. Mr. Flood was born in Sweden about forty-five years ago.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE EDWIN STEEL, a contractor of Greenwich, Conn., died at his home in that city yesterday in his fifty-ninth year.

The Very Rev. FELIX SCULLIN, rector of St. Mary's Catholic Church at Niagara Falls, died of pneumonia in that city yesterday in his sixtieth year.

Mrs. ROSALIE BEHR MEANY of Morristown, N. J., wife of General Edward P. Meany, for many years counsel for the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, died yesterday at Palm Beach.

WILLIAM JAMES METCALF, 40 years old, assistant to the President of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, died at his home in Stamford, Conn., on Monday.

Mrs. KATHERINE I. CARROLL, wife of State Senator Daniel J. Carroll, died of pneumonia at their home, 135 North Third Street, Brooklyn, yesterday.

GEORGE T. BOUTON, formerly on the State Board of Taxation of New Jersey, died at his home in Montclair, N. J., on Monday. He was 68 years old.

DOLLY THORNTON, actress, died at Brunswick Sanitarium, Amityville, L. I., yesterday.

ROBERT H. THARP, 75 years old, a retired accountant of 484 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, died in the Kings County Hospital on Saturday.

TERENCE McKENNA, a Civil War veteran and for many years in the office of the B. R. T., died on Saturday at his home, 79 Montauk Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 75 years old.

Mrs. REBECCA FLORENCE KOCH, wife of William Koch, a former Deputy Assistant District Attorney, died on Sunday in the Bethany Deaconesses Hospital.

Mrs. JULIA STEVENS BRADFORD, the widow of the Rev. Amory H. Bradford, who was for forty years the pastor of the First Congregational Church of Montclair, N. J., died in that city yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. Allyn Oakley.

MAYOR OF NEWPORT DEAD.

Mr. Boyle Passes Away in His Seventeenth Term in Office.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 30.—Mayor Patrick J. Boyle of this city died late this afternoon. He had been Mayor of the city more times than any other man, his election last December being the seventeenth. He was first elected in 1895, when he took the place of Mayor John B. Waters, who died in office. His last term previous to the present one was ended in 1916.

Last Fall his friends urged him to run again and, though he was not in good health, he consented, waged a vigorous campaign and won out by a large plurality in a three-cornered fight. The strain was too great, and he was ill for some time, getting up with a great deal of effort on New Year's Day to go to the City Hall to be inaugurated. Since then he had been at the City Hall only infrequently.

Daniel J. Hegeman Dies.

Daniel J. Hegeman, a banker, died yesterday at his home in Sea Cliff, L. I. He was Vice President of the Glen Cove Bank, President of the Glen Cove Mutual Insurance Company, Trustee of the Roslyn Savings Bank, a Director of the Nassau-Suffolk Bond and Mortgage Company, and Treasurer of the Nassau County Farm Bureau. He was a member of Glen Cove Lodge 880, F. and A. M., and Suwanhaka Council, R. A. Mr. Hegeman was for six years Treasurer of Nassau County and for eighteen years Assessor of Oyster Bay.

Charles M. Armitage.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 30.—Charles M. Armitage, Past Grand Commander Knights Templar, State of New York, and recognized throughout the State as an authority on Masonic law and history, died at his home here today, his seventy-third birthday. Mr. Armitage was City Registrar of Vital Statistics and previously held other city offices.

Born

LEVINE—Mr. and Mrs. Harry I. Levine (nee Rebecca Berman) of 1,209 Avenue I, Flatbush, Brooklyn, wish to announce the birth of a son at the Lying-In Hospital Saturday, Jan. 27, 1923.

Married.

ATKIN-MANNING—Jan. 29, 1923, at Hotel Prisement, Mr. Joseph T. Atkin to Alice Manning, by Rev. Dr. B. A. Tintner.

Died.

AGAR—At Cannes, France, on Sunday, Jan. 28, Richard Agar, beloved husband of Bernice E. Agar of Wimbledon, England, and formerly of Staten Island.

AIKLE—Suddenly, on Jan. 30, Louis Aikle, father of Louis, Amanda and Louisa. Funeral from the James E. Winterbottom Undertaking Chapel, 307 Lexington Av., on Thursday at 2 P. M.

ANTHONY—On Monday, Jan. 29, at her residence, 288 Dariton Av., Grace Virginia Anthony, daughter of the late Robert E. and Ellen G. Anthony. Funeral private.

BAILEY—Jan. 29, Felix Bailey. Funeral Wednesday at 10 o'clock from Maclaren's Funeral Parlors, Lexington Av. and 63th St.

BATES—Josephine C., on Monday evening at her residence, th this city, daughter of the late Joseph and Abbie Carleton Bates. Funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest Wednesday afternoon at 2:30. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery, at convenience of the family.

BEETZ—On Monday, Jan. 29, 1923, Augusta W. Beetz, in her 70th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 68 East 133d St., Bronx, on Wednesday, Jan. 31, at 8 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

BEGLEY—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Jan. 30, at his residence, 1,297 Lexington Av., Thomas F., dearly beloved husband of Lillian C. (nee Willis) and son of the late Mary A. Begley. Notice of funeral hereafter.

BOTHMER—Suddenly, Jan. 29, Emma Bothmer; remains at funeral chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St. Notice of funeral later.

BOUTON—At Montclair, N. J., on Jan. 28, 1923, George T. Bouton, husband of Mary P. Bouton, in the 69th year of his age. Funeral services to be held at Grace Episcopal Church, corner of Pearsall and Ocean Ave., Jersey City, on Thursday, Feb. 1, at 3 o'clock.

BRADFORD—On Jan. 30, Julia Stevens, widow of Amory H. Bradford, D. D. Services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. Allyn Oakley, 117 Gates Av., Montclair, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 1, 3:30 P. M.

BRADY—Margaret Ryan, beloved wife of Edward Brady, in 58th year. Funeral from the Gerdenia Sanctuary parlor, 1,144 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn, on Jan. 31, at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

BROOKS—On Monday, Jan. 29, 1923, Frank Homer Brooks. Funeral services at 63 West 45th

LOST AND FOUND

Rate 45 cents an agate line.
Advertisements for insertion received up to 10 P. M. today, Telephone Bryant 1000

LOST.

BAG, beaded, lost Saturday evening, taxi or at Nora Bayes Theatre or en route from theatre; liberal reward. Mrs. A. Wemitzer, 175 Washington Av., Nutley, N. J.

BANK BOOK No. 267908 the New York Savings Bank; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

BEADED PURSE lost in taxi Saturday afternoon, event, containing small sum money and child's handkerchiefs. Reward by calling Rhinelander 5823.

BEADED BAG—Lost, white and gold; reward. Phone Lenox 7176.

BOND—STOLEN AND DESTROYED: Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio Railway Company, Mexican & Pacific Extension, second mortgage 6s, reduced to 5%, Bond No. 307. Notice is hereby given to show cause to the company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why payment thereof should not be made.—S. Fish.

CERTIFICATE No. 57508 for one share of stock of the Michigan Central Railroad Company in the name of John H. Scott, dated March 30, 1907, has been lost. Finder will please communicate with Dwight Hall, Attorney, at Dover, N. H.

CHECKBOOK, Corn Exchange Bank, University branch; initialed J. H.; lost Saturday; $5 reward. Return to bank.

COIN PURSE, brown, Wednesday, Macy's or Broadway. Reward. Baxter, 215 West 101st.

ENVELOPE—Brown paper, containing $ bonds, lost Monday above 165th St. or in 8th Av. bus; can identify; reward. U. M., Room 3312, 61 Broadway. Bowling Green 7094.

EYEGLASSES—Lost, ladies' gold-rimmed pince-nez, vicinity 28th St. and 7th Av., subway. Finder please communicate Louis Kaufman Co., 236 5th Av.

EYE GLASSES, gold rimmed, with chain, on Long Island Railroad. Notify W. E. Hamilton, Rockville Centre, L. I.

GLASSES—Lost, case containing glasses. Unger, 122-01 Liberty Av., Richmond Hill, L. I.

PORTFOLIO, black leather, afternoon, Jan. 26, containing papers of value only to owner; reward. Helen Good, 4 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 9463.

PURSE, lady's brown duvetyn, jewel fastener, contents small sum of money, toilet accessories, lost Lexington Av. subway, between Grand Central and Atlantic Av.; liberal reward. K 182 Times.

PURSE—Lost, between 135th St. 9th Av. L., and Equitable Building, small brown purse containing change and gold rosary; reward. B 770 Times Downtown.

RED ENVELOPE—Lost, containing several notes and checks; finder please return; reward. Berdy Bros., 512 Broadway.

TRAVELING BAG—Pigskin, initialed F. M. G., containing man's apparel; reward. A. L. Grant, 18 East 18th. Stuyvesant 6857.

NOTICE of lost certificate—On or about Nov. 1, 1922, certificate No. B269626, representing thirty-five shares of Canadian Pacific Railway common stock, registered in the name of Mrs. Flora Maude Stone, was lost, stolen or destroyed in the City of Chatham, Ont. The trading public will please take notice.

LOST—Southern Pacific Co. Stock Certificate No. H126898 for 100 shares in the name "Elizabeth M. Gilmer"; notice is hereby given to show cause to said company, 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., why a duplicate should not be issued.

Jewelry.

EAR PIN lost Saturday afternoon, diamond and platinum bar pin, Bijou Theatre, Hotel Chatham, Strand Roof or en route. Reward. Auditor, Hotel Chatham, East 48th St.

BRACELET lost Friday, between 34th St. subway and John David's, black onyx and brilliant flexible bracelet; French silver setting; $10 reward. Phone Midwood 3661.

BRACELET, flat, gold, with miniature of woman's head, lost Jan. 29, vicinity Henry Miller Theatre or Vanderbilt Hotel. Reward. Call Rhinelander 6244.

BROOCH — Basket-shape, platinum, with small diamonds and pearls, Jan. 29, between 34th and 66th Sts.; $25 reward. Return Elijah P. Rapelye & Son, 542 5th Av., N. Y. City.

DIAMOND HORSE PIN—Lost, probably in vicinity of Liberty Theatre on 42d St.; liberal reward. Kindly notify Doremus & Co., 44 Broad St.

EARRING—Long green and gold, Metropolitan Opera House or near 39th St. entrance; Saturday afternoon; reward. Riverside 5089.

GOLD CHAIN, buttonhook and handkerchief holder, with two pearls; lost in taxicab; reward. Stokes, 151 Central Park West.

PENDANT—Platinum knot, set with diamonds, with topaz below, lost Saturday evening; reward. Reuter, 128 East 34th St. Tel. Vanderbilt 7693.

PIN—Cameo antique pin, either on 9th Av. southbound express or 6th Av. local, between 6:30-7 A. M., Tuesday; liberal reward, due to sentimental attachment. Maloney, Hotel Endicott. Schuyler 8300.

RING—Lost, two large solitaire diamonds, set diagonally in gold ring, lost in Pullman washroom on 3:15 train from Boston to Stamford, Saturday, Jan. 27. Reward. No questions asked. Murray Hill 0507.

RING—Diamond, square setting, between Park Slope and Bay Ridge, Brooklyn; reward: Please advise Sterling 1660W.

WATCH, gold, 91st and Metropolitan Opera; inscribed Rabbi Jacobs; reward. 302 Central Park West, Kohn. Telephone Riverside 6414.

WATCH—$20 reward; small gold; initialed H. S. C., Sunday evening. Room 3111, 120 Broadway. Rector 7040.

WATCH, gold wrist; monogram V. M.; reward. Cathedral 6396, Apt. 53.

WRIST WATCH—Lady's, Monday evening, between 22d and 42d, east side. Reward. Williams, 381 Madison Av.

$1,000 REWARD

for return of square cut emerald ring, 8 small diamonds on each side, platinum setting; lost Jan. 25 in New York City. Call F. A. Gronau, Bowling Green 2500.

$300 REWARD.

Pendant diamond and pearl cluster, lost last Wednesday between 53d St. and Metropolitan Opera House; no questions asked. Return to Wyler, Jeweler, 661 5th Av.

$300 REWARD

for return of bargain containing 5 large and 47 smaller diamonds; lost Jan. 27 at or between the Eltinge Theatre and West 86th St. Hoeffer & McNulty, 522 5th Av.

$75 REWARD for diamond bar pin, lost Jan. 29, vicinity 5th Av. and 50th St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

DOG, Dalmatian fire, "Rosie," with tan blanket; female, with white-black spots; lost in motor accident Sunday; reward. Williams, 562 Madison Av. Plaza 7081.

DOG, police, gray body, dark saddle; last week; reward. Phone Kingsbridge 3229.

Wearing Apparel.

FUR SCARF—Hudson sable, two-skin scarf, Monday evening, Terminal Building; suitable reward. Address 30 Church St., Room 1975.

FUR, Russian sable, 2-skin, in or between Apollo-Loew's State Theatre, Saturday, Bragg, 166 South St., Beekman 3100.

NECKPIECE—Lost, West 40th St., Hamilton Terrace or yellow taxi, one-skin marten; reward. Rabell, 60 Hamilton Terrace.

Found.

BAG—Found, with money and railroad tickets, 29th St. and 7th Av. Call Chelsea 9546.

DIAMOND RING, Sunday evening; Broadway, B 965 Times Downtown.

DOG—Found Sunday night; Brooklyn Heights; small brown dog. Janitor, 161 Columbia Heights.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—MR. NATHAN MASMITS has this day withdrawn from the copartnership of Joseph Gluck & Co. Joseph Gluck and Abner Gluck are continuing the business under the same firm name and they are assuming all the liabilities of the business.

AMERICAN CITIZEN, ANXIOUS TO spread knowledge of American Ideals Broadly, will give free in Greater New York, before clubs or societies, lecture on United States Constitution. No charge whatever. Answer Citizen, Room 621, 51 Chambers St.

"A CITIZEN OF MANHATTAN"—LETTER received; personal interview necessary; strictly confidential. Please call on George A. Branson, 110 William St., New York City.

CREDITORS TAKE NOTICE—WE HAVE purchased the candy business of Emma Ben at 1,037 Madison Av. Vassil & Demetrio.

DAD, MITCH SAYS ALL FORGIVE; F. desperately ill; please communicate with some of us. Sister NIG.

REFINED COUPLE WANT TO ADOPT baby girl; full release only. Z 2454 Times Annex.

LOST HEIRS AND RELATIVES LOCATED. 11th Gillette Bldg., San Francisco, Cal.

ROAD BOARD SPLITS JERSEY LAWMAKERS

Legislature Adjourns for Week Without Acting on Silzer's Measure.

FIVE-MAN BODY ADVOCATED

Many Republicans Said to Prefer a Larger Body, With Act Naming Members.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 30.—Make-up of the new State Highway Commission to take the place of the one summarily removed by Governor Silzer has split the Republican majority in the Legislature. The questions of how many members shall constitute the new board and their politics were still undecided when adjournment for the week was taken late today. The whole matter has been placed in the hands of the Joint Conference Committee, which will meet Monday afternoon in an effort to reach a decision.

Although ten of the seventeen Republican Senators told the Governor a week ago they would support a bill for a board of three to be named by him—that being his program—it was reported tonight that three of the ten had switched and were ready to go along with the other seven on a bill to set up a board of five, to be named by the Legislature. If one more Senator can be won over the supporters of the five-member body plan will have votes enough to pass such a bill and then repass it, if necessary, over a veto. The Assembly Republicans for the most part want a five-man commission.

If the Three-Man bill should pass, the Governor naming members, two would be Democrats and the third, Republican, this man to be chosen by the Republican legislators from a list of three to be submitted by the executive. If the Five-Man bill should be decided on it is probable that the members would be designated in the act itself and that three, if not four, would be Republicans.

The names of the three Senators reported to have deserted Governor Silzer could not be learned. Senate President Joseph Wallworth, of Camden County, is leading the fight against the Silzer proposal and it looked tonight as if he would win.

So interesting has the highway situation become that not a word is heard of prohibition and its enforcement. Bills for nullification and modification have been introduced, but they are still in committee and will stay there until New Jersey has a new State Road Board.

Now that there is a possibility that the board will be Republican, Democratic Senate leader Alexander Simpson of Hudson County does not want it to have the spending of the $40,000,000 to be raised by the bond issue authorized at the last general election. He introduced a bill today for a referendum on he repeal of the bond issue.

Both houses today adopted the Senate concurrent resolution, introduced by Senator Alexander Simpson of Hudson, providing for an investigation into the published charges of Rev. Frank S. Ritter of Jersey City, over the Simpson Sunday Amusement bill, that six Senators had been "fixed" and that four other Senators had been bought by motion picture interests.

At a joint session of the Senate and Assembly today, State Controller Newton A K. Bugbee of this city, was re-elected, as was the State Director of Railroads, Joshua Borton of Burlington.

LETS POTHIER TAKE APPEAL.

Federal Judge's Action Stays Removal of Alleged Cronkhite Slayer.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 30.—Judge Brown in the Federal Court today permitted counsel for Roland R. Pothier of Central Falls, former army sergeant accused of murdering Major Alexander P. Cronkhite at Camp Lewis, on Oct. 25, 1918 to take an appeal to the Supreme Court. The case goes up on the denial of the Court here to grant Pothier's petition for a writ of habeas corpus.

Pothier was held on Jan. 11 by Judge Brown for removal to Tacoma, for trial before a petit jury there. The appeal automatically stays his removal to Tacoma.

SCENTS A SOVIET TRICK

British Observer Suspects Mischief in Sakhalin Oil Concession.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—"In giving to an American company an oil concession in the Island of Sakhalin," says a correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, "the Soviet Government has really disposed of something which is under the control of another power. The predominant position of the Japanese in the island is well known. The Soviet concession is simply a diplomatic move to create trouble between Tokio and Washington and eventually to force the hand of the United States Government in the question of political recognition."

Miss Gladys Cooper Guest at Dance.

Miss Gladys Cooper, who is sailing today for England, was the guest of honor at a dance and entertainment given Monday night by Ivor Novello, the young English composer who is here visiting his mother, Mme. Novello Davies. The entertainment was held at Mme. Davies' studio, 15 West Sixty-seventh Street. The guests included Lady Tichbourne, Mrs. Lydig Hoyt, Miss Elsie de Wolfe, Mrs. Frederick Thompson, Billie Burke, Laurette Taylor, Irene Bordoni, Jeanne Eagels, Ethel Barrymore, Lenore Ulric, Dorothy Gish, Haidee Wright, Margaret Lawrence, Marie Novello, Doris Keane, Blanche Bates, Gilbert Miller, Harry Greer, McKay Morris, Basil Sydney, Sam H. Harris, Laurence Leonard, Glenn Hunter, Hartley Manners, Clifton Webb, John Charles Thomas, John Murray Anderson, Leslie Howard and Edmund Goulding.

Proposes Battle Monuments.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Erection of a series of monuments to mark the American battle line in France would be undertaken under the terms of a bill introduced today by Chairman Porter of the House Foreign Affairs Committee. The measure provides for a commission of seven members, to serve without compensation, in developing the plan, which must be approved by the National Fine Arts Commission.

Zero Weather Record Broken in Dutchess.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Jan. 30.—All Dutchess County records for low temperature in many years were broken today when thermometers in some sections registered 26 degrees below zero. The record today in this city was 20 below. At Vassar College 22 below zero was the lowest mark.

To Start Anti-Lynching Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America has designated Feb. 11 as "Race Relations Sunday," to mark the start of a campaign against lynching. The organization's Commission on Church and Race Relations, headed by John J. Egan of Atlanta, will attempt to develop good-will by better understanding between the white and negro races throughout the country.

LOST $80,000 AT RACES, GEORGE WHITE SAYS

Theatrical Producer in Court to Explain Non-Payment of Check Given in a Bet.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Jan. 30.—George L. White, producer of "George White's Scandals," told Judge Heady of the Procedure Section of the District Civil Court today that he lost $80,000 betting on horse races at Belmont Park in June, 1921. He visited the Court to explain why he had failed to meet a check for $2,400 held by Russel D. Start of New York and Worcester.

Start began proceedings against White last December. White in his answer to the suit said that the check was illegal in that it purported to pay a gambling obligation, a bet on a horse race at Belmont Park. White said that the check was given to Sandy McNaughton, who, he said, was a somewhat noted character on the tracks of the New York circuit. He added that if the check had been deposited the day or the next after the races it would have been paid, it was not deposited, White said, until several days had passed and at that time there was no money to meet the check because of the heavy losses he had sustained.

Start testified that he obtained the check from McNaughton, to whom the check was payable, in payment of a debt. He held the check for a considerable time and deposited it last December, when White was playing in this city. Payment was refused, Start alleged, because of lack of funds.

John J. Moran of New York, who said he was known as a horseman on every race track in the country, testified that White gave him the check in dispute in connection with a number of other checks, the entire lot being turned over to McNaughton to cover the White bets with him.

Both White and Moran dealt more or less in race track terms which Judge Heady thought, two or three times, might be translated into court English and both witnesses took considerable pains to enlighten the Court on race track procedure, smiling condescendingly on Judge Heady.

Counsel rested to await some deposition from New York.

SAYS CHINA IS ADVANCING.

U. S. Commercial Attache Describes Industrial Development There.

Julean Arnold, Commercial Attaché of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce at Peking, China, was the guest of honor at a luncheon of the American Manufacturers' Export Association held at the Whitehall Club, 17 Battery Place, yesterday. Mr. Arnold, who has spent twenty years in China, spoke on the subject, "What Is Happening in China," and told of the financial solvency of the Far East and the business opportunities open to America there. The factory chimney now vies with the pagoda for a place in China's sun, the speaker said. In spite of political disturbances, China's foreign trade is advancing.

The salient facts regarding China's trade brought out by Mr. Arnold were the following: China is not overpopulated. Shanghai, at the mouth of the Yangtze Valley, has a population of 1,500,000 and will probably become the largest city of the world. West China, with a population of 100,000,000, is without one mile of railway or even a Ford car. Modern reinforced concrete structures, however, are springing up by the scores throughout the industrial centres, which are now being equipped with the latest machinery for silk and cotton mills, flour mills, and other industrial plants. $100,000,000 has been spent in Shanghai the last two years in modern building and factory construction.

American trade with China has increased fourfold during the past twenty years, and now is equivalent to about $200,000,000 in imports and exports. China is financially safe, as the country has never departed from a specie basis and has not, during the period of the war or since, suffered from an inflated currency. Its per capita foreign debt is about $2.50, which, compared with that of other nations, is very low, especially so in light of China's resources in man power and materials.

CHARGES BIG ROAD PLOT.

Silzer Threatens to Name Men in Alleged $16,000,000 Deal.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Governor George S. Silzer of New Jersey, in an address before the League of Municipalities in Newark last night charged that a plot existed to mulct the State of from $6,000,000 to $16,000,000 in connection with the issue of $40,000,000 State road bonds and threatened to expose the persons responsible by name unless this effort was halted immediately.

"The road problem is not one of politics or partisanship but one of honesty and good government," said the Governor, "If partisanship is to be made a cloak for grafters, then the life of the party that permits it must be short. I cannot bring myself to believe that any great party will lend itself to the machinations of those who would rob the public.

"Instead of coming out in the open and discussing the matter, there has been a 'Ku Kluxing' behind closed doors," he went on, attacking Republican State Legislators for holding conference after conference without result.

"It is only fair to say that among those men were certain patriotic and high minded Senators, like Stevens Whitney, Case and others associated with them who promptly averred their willingness to aid the people of New Jersey and relieve them from graft and who offered to co-operate with me to this end.

"Who has been busy during the week to prevent this great saving? I am thoroughly aware of what has been going on and who have been operating. I know the men and their methods and if it becomes necessary I shall tell the people of New Jersey what has been done and what is being done. Are the people going to stand for it? I believe not."

NOW "GRAND ARMY PLAZA."

Plot at 5th Av. and 59th St. So Named Despite Alderman Falconer.

As a result of a resolution passed by the Aldermen yesterday the small square at Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, opposite Central Park, upon which a statue of General Sherman stands henceforth will be known as "The Grand Army Plaza."

Alderman Bruce M. Falconer, Republican, protested that the only logical site to which this name could be applied was Grant's Tomb. He voted against the resolution, but took so long to explain his vote that President Murray Hulbert ordered the Sergeant-at-Arms to see that the Alderman was seated.

"There is no need to do that," said Falconer. "I'll take my seat without his assistance."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Government Trained Tax Expert Available

A man with experience as Internal Revenue Agent and Treasury Department Auditor offers his services to a few New York clients.

He understands thoroughly all that can be done in making tax returns. He knows what cannot be done.

Tax returns correctly made; claims for refund properly prepared and followed up. All questions answered on Capital Gains, Losses, Stock Dividends, Rights, Exchange of Securities, Refunds of Taxes under Second Deficiency Act, Fiscal Year 1923. Warrants of Distraint. Has thorough knowledge of New York Income, Corporation and Inheritance Tax as well as Stamp Taxes.

Highest references. For further information write to P 7 Times.

NO PROOF IS FOUND AGAINST JAMES DALE

Commissioner Tod Examines English Actor on Charges Relating to Young Woman.

HEARING LASTS AN HOUR

"Not Determined That Dale Has Been Guilty of the Slightest Infraction of the Law."

James Dale, English actor playing a leading part in "Loyalties," appeared before the immigration officials at Ellis Island yesterday to answer charges of importing a young woman into this country for improper purposes.

Accompanied by his lawyer, Joseph Levine of 1,451 Broadway, Mr. Dale went into the office of the Commissioner of Immigration shortly after 3 o'clock.

After a hearing lasting more than an hour Commissioner Robert E. Tod said: "It has not yet been determined that Dale has been guilty of the slightest infraction of the law."

Commissioner Tod said that he had not set a definite time for a rehearing of the case.

Dale, when asked by reporters for a statement, said: "I am sorry, but I have nothing to say about the matter."

Miss Ada Gladys Powell, the 17-year-old English girl, who, it was alleged, had come over by this country several weeks ago at the invitation of the actor, was described yesterday by the immigration officials as "tall and graceful, with brown hair and lustrous brown eyes." At the time Miss Powell arrived, she said she was coming here to be with a girl friend. When questioned she admitted that Dale had paid her passage and said that she intended to marry him as soon as he got a divorce. She was prevented from landing by the immigration officials, who had received a cablegram from her mother requesting her return.

Bars Old American Names to New Citizens.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Old-time American names were barred from use by foreigners naturalized here by Federal Judge Morton in forbidding obliteration of racial elements in names to several applicants for citizenship. Adolph Papkovitz was not allowed to call himself Parker, the court compromising on Popkin. Hyman Sorocovech requested that he be allowed to call himself Stone. The Judge thought Soroko sufficiently short.

GIRL SLAIN, PRIEST HELD.

Servant of Parish House in Pennsylvania Found Dead.

ERIE, Pa., Jan. 30.—Sophia Zymanowski, a servant in the parish house of St. Casimir's Polish Catholic Church, was shot and killed as she approached the building in company with Mary Wojewocki, the housekeeper, last midnight. The Rev. John Dambinski is being held, awaiting the result of an investigation. The girl was shot three times through the heart.

Father Dambinski was arrested soon after the shooting. The police say they found him in bed, and that, while he was at first unable to give a clear version of the shooting, he afterward told them the girl had been killed by accident.

According to the housekeeper, she and her assistant, returning to the house soon after midnight, found the front door wide open. They entered the darkened hallway and saw the form of a man moving toward them from the nearest room. She screamed "Burglars!" and ran to the porch. Immediately, she said, three shots were fired.

The police said they found a pistol in a desk near Father Dambinski's bed. Two empty shells were found in the front room on the first floor.

Grief Causes Leap to Death.

Melancholy over the death two weeks ago of a friend, Daniel Skinnell apparently committed suicide early yesterday by jumping out of a third story window of his house at 19 West Thirteenth Street, Whitestone, according to the authorities. A few weeks ago Skinnell and his unmarried sister inherited their father's $200,000 estate.

PERFUME FIGURES IN COURT.

Judge Reserves Decision in Controversy Over Extract of Marjoram.

Federal Judge Learned Hand reserved decision yesterday in an action brought by the Le Blume Import Company, dealers in French perfumes and cosmetics, to restrain Henry C. Stuart, Acting Collector of the Port, and Coty, Inc., perfumer, from interfering with the importation of D'Hersud's origan perfumes. Coty, Inc., has been fighting alleged infringements of the copyrighted word "origan," used to designate a perfume, for a number of years. So far its fights have been successful.

Counsel for the plaintiff contended that the word "origan" is only another name for the marjoram, a flower, and that it could not be copyrighted. But the defendants insist that the only odor that can be extracted from marjoram is most unpleasant and that it smells like liniment and is useless unless used with a secret blend for which the Coty concern is the sole agent.

Senate Confirms Bliss and Elting.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate confirmed today the nominations of Robert Woods Bliss of New York, now Third Assistant Secretary of State, to be Minister to Sweden; J. Butler Wright of Wyoming to be Third Assistant Secretary of State, and Philip Elting of Kingston, N. Y., to be Collector of Customs for the Port of New York.

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It is our aim to give the trucking interests of Greater New York a really adequate tire service. Exceptional resources and long association with truck problems has enabled us to plan and carry out this service to a degree that has not hitherto been approached.

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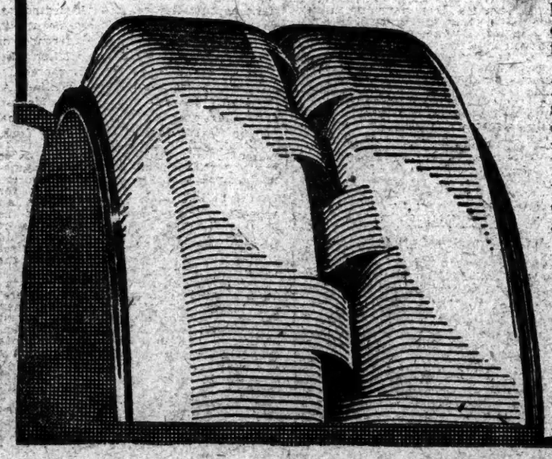

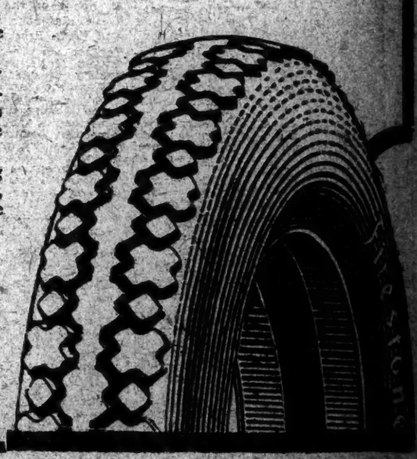

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Most Miles per Dollar
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FARM CREDITS BILL BLOCKS SHIP SUBSIDY

Lenroot Fails in Effort to Get an Early Vote on Farmers' Measure.

'REBELS' TALK OF FILIBUSTER

Brookhart Gives Notice That Subsidy Cannot Be Acted On This Session.

WARN AGAINST 'STRONG ARM'

Anti-Subsidy Senators, Through Harrison, Declare the People Are Tired of Republican Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Senate filibuster against the Ship Subsidy bill is apparently under way. All efforts by the Administration leaders today to get unanimous consent to vote on the Lenroot Farm Credits bill were blocked, and Senator Harrison, acting as spokesman for the anti-subsidy group on both sides of the chamber, served warning that "strong-arm" methods and night sessions would not accomplish the passage of the subsidy measure in the twenty-eight legislative days this Congress still has to live.

Senator Brookhart gave notice that he would do his part to see to it that the ship legislation did not reach a vote between now and March 4, and he was speaking not for himself alone, but for La Follette, Norris, Borah and others of the Republican "rebel" camp.

The whole session today was one continuous wrangle. Senator Lenroot, in charge of the Farm Credits bill, started the talk when he proposed that after 1 o'clock tomorrow speeches on the measure be limited to twenty minutes and on amendments to ten minutes. This move was blocked, as was also a motion by Senator Jones of Washington, in charge of the subsidy bill, that the Senate agree to vote on the Lenroot bill before midnight on Friday.

Senator Harrison suggested that the vote be taken next Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Senator Lenroot and Senator Jones objected to that, the latter informing the minority that he would oppose any motion suggesting a vote later than Friday.

Lenroot Seeks Early Vote.

Senator Lenroot submitted his unanimous agreement proposal soon after the Senate convened. He said the Senate had talked about the bill for four days and he was of the opinion that after one o'clock tomorrow afternoon any Senator could say all he wanted to about the bill in twenty minutes, while ten minutes was ample time to pass judgment on any amendment that might be offered.

"The proposition," said Senator Harrison, "is not exactly reasonable. The time is too short."

"I desire," interrupted Senator Brookhart, "to offer an amendment to the proposed unanimous consent agreement, which is that there also consent that there shall be no further consideration of the Ship Subsidy bill at this session of Congress."

"I make the suggestion," replied Senator Harrison, "that after 4 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon debate on the pending bill close, after which we will proceed to vote on all amendments then pending and then on the bill itself."

Senator Lenroot objected to both the Brookhart and Harrison suggestions, saying he was certain that a final vote would be reached before Tuesday.

"I will say," added Mr. Lenroot, "in view of the failure to reach any agreement as to a time for voting, that, beginning tomorrow night, I will, if the bill is then undisposed of, move night sessions until the bill is passed."

Harrison Warns Against Subsidy.

"Had my proposal been accepted," said Mr. Harrison, "the Lenroot bill would have been out of the Senate and in the House by next Tuesday afternoon. We could then take up the army bill, the only appropriation measure remaining to be considered. That out of the way, we could by unanimous consent take up the various bills which are on the calendar and which ought to be disposed of before March 4. But now, under whip and spur of the majority in this chamber, we are to be compelled to attend night sessions, and to convene at 11 A. M. in the hope that the bill may be passed this week.

"As a matter of fact, the Senator from Wisconsin knows that it cannot be passed by that time, and if anybody thinks that it can he is laboring under an erroneous impression. There are some of us who want every appropriation bill passed, we want farm credit legislation enacted, and we are willing to co-operate to that end. However, we are not going to co-operate with the majority in seeing passed through this Congress a ship subsidy which we believe will increase the tax burdens of the American people through subsidy to a shipping trust $700,000,000 or more. So those on the other side are aware of our plans.

"If Senators on the other side want us to co-operate in passing farm credits appropriation bills and bills now on the calendar we will co-operate, but if they expect to use strong-arm methods and expect to hold night sessions in order to ram this subsidy bill through the Congress, then I tell them there will be a little trouble encountered on this side of the chamber, and I believe also from certain Senators on the majority side of the aisle.

"I am not talking as a Democrat, for if I was viewing this thing from a political standpoint I would want the Republican Party to pass a Ship Subsidy bill. I know of nothing that would inure more to the benefit and advantage of the Democratic Party than would the act of the present Administration imposing something like $700,000,000 or $1,000,000,000 additional taxes on the people. But I am not willing to see this outrage perpetrated if I can prevent it.

Says Lodge Will be Pleased.

"After March 4 I can see the Senator from Massachusetts, Mr. Lodge, the leader of the majority, approaching this side of the chamber. He will approach Senator Fletcher, Senator Brookhart and my friend from Michigan, Senator Cousens. He will pat them on the back, shake their hands and exclaim, 'Boys, I am mighty glad you did it.'

"You on that side know that you are not dealing fairly with the people when you attempt to pass the subsidy bill. Had you told them this during the campaign you know that more of you would have fallen by the wayside. If you want to be fair, call an extra session after March 4, composed of new Senators and Representatives, and let them handle this legislation. I dare you to follow that procedure. There is not a Senator here who believes if that was done that the bill would stand a chance. Even now, if you pass it, it will be by the skin of your teeth, so to speak. The folks in every State and in every part of the country have found you out. They are tired of your do-nothing policy.

"Why don't you go to the White House and talk frankly to the President? Lay aside flattering unctions and tell him he is losing caste, that he has lost the popularity that swept the country like a mighty wave, that the people want to know what is going on. Tell him how he is losing caste with the labor element, with the farmers, that business is halting, and how disgusted they are.

"Be on the square with your President. Tell him to open his eyes to the situation. Tell him if he does not wait until an extra session is called to pass this monstrosity, the American people will lose all faith—and they have mighty near lost all faith now—in the Republican Party. I do not want you to disappear from view entirely.

"If there must be a filibuster," interrupted Senator Lenroot, "will not the Senator postpone the filibuster until after this farm credits bill is passed? Will he not please let us consider this bill that is now before us?"

"I see," replied Mr. Harrison, "that my remarks have had no effect on the Senator from Wisconsin. He is just a hardened political sinner. He is beyond redemption."

Defends the Farm Bloc.

Senator Harrison launched into a defense of the farm bloc, and lauded Senator Brookhart as a worthy successor of Senator Kenyon, the founder of the bloc.

"In enumerating the great benefits the farm bloc have rendered the country I hope the Senator will not forget to mention the excessive duties on raw wool due largely to the activities of the bloc," said Senator Walsh of Massachusetts.

"The crowd that put those duties on wool," replied Senator Harrison, "was known as the tariff bloc and was headed by the Senator from Idaho, Mr. Gooding."

"Do I understand that the Senator from Idaho, Mr. Gooding, the Senator from Oregon, Mr. Stanfield, and the Senator from Wyoming, Mr. Warren, are not members of the farm bloc?" inquired Senator Walsh.

"Yes, some of them are members," replied Mr. Harrison, "but the Senator omitted one name, that of the Senator from Utah, Mr. Smoot. He should not leave out that good shepherd. They certainly are of the wool bloc. All wool and a yard wide."

OBJECTS TO COLLEGE AS 'AMUSEMENT PARK'

Judson, Retiring Chicago President, Is Against Keeping Dullards in Study.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—"Are we to conduct an institution of learning or an amusement park?" asks Dr. Harry Pratt Judson in his last report as President of the University of Chicago. He is to retire on Feb. 20. Dr. Judson says in his report:

"The new century needs a new organization of the college. The only object of college entrance conditions should be to test whether the student can do the college work. Very much of existing red tape should be eliminated. Graduation is too long deferred. The only land in the world where so much time is spent on preliminaries is in the United States.

"Further, the tests of excellence are too low. None should be admitted to college work but those who really want learning. Intellectual trading and are capable of taking it. None should be permitted to continue in it but those who do it well. Learning in homeopathic doses is not of great value. An institution of learning is primarily for those who want learning, without regard to sex, race or social status."

Subsidiary reports suggest that President Judson's theory of "real students only" is being demonstrated in practice. During 1921-22, according to a statement of Dean D. A. Robertson, 774 out of 8,229 students in attendance were put on probation for poor work, and 171 were dismissed.

According to a statement of Marion Talbot, Dean of Women, social life at the university is not extravagant.

GREET CENTRAL AMERICANS.

Members of Pan-American Society Entertain Them at Luncheon.

The Pan-American Society of the United States held a luncheon at the Bankers Club, 120 Broadway, yesterday in honor of the delegations of Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica to the Washington conference on Central American affairs. Severo Mallet-Prevost, President of the society, presided.

Francisco Sanchez La Tour, Minister from Guatemala, spoke for the delegates, expressing their desire that Americans should visit the Central American countries and see for themselves the rich investment opportunities there.

The delegates present included H. E. Emiliano Chamorro, Minister from Nicaragua; Pio Romero Bosque, Consul General from Salvador; Senor La Tour H. E. J. Orcamuno, Minister from Costa Rica; Alberto Ucles, Adolfo Cardenas and Antonio Lardizabel. Among the guests were Otto H. Kahn, John Barrett and William E. Prendergast.

DOCTORS FIND BATTLE CRAZY

Negro Slayer of Orange Woman Is Subjected to Examination.

William E. Battle, negro, who is scheduled to die next month for the murder of Mrs. Eleanor L. Brigham at Orange, N. J., is suffering from a form of insanity, according to physicians who examined him yesterday at the request of his counsel. A formal inquiry into his sanity is expected as the result of the doctors' findings.

The physicians were Dr. Charles A. Rosewater and Dr. Ambrose Dowd of the Newark City Hospital, who reported to County Judge Stickel and Prosecutor Bigelow after they made a five-hour examination of the prisoner at Trenton. The physicians expressed the opinion that Battle did not have physical or mental force enough to have beaten Mrs. Brigham to death. William P. Brandon, Battle's lawyer, indicated that he would request a formal examination of his client.

"Battle is just a poor boob who would sign any confession put before him. The wrong man is in the death house," Brandon said.

Holds Payroll Robber Suspects.

Detectives investigating payroll robberies of east side firms had two prisoners before Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in Essex Market Court yesterday. During 1921-22, according to a statement of Dean D. A. Robertson, 774 out of 8,229 students in attendance were put on probation for poor work, and 171 were dismissed.

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Holds Payroll Robber Suspects.

Detectives investigating payroll robberies of east side firms had two prisoners before Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan in Essex Market Court yesterday. Reuben Dubow, 17 years old; and Frank Deutsch, 17, both of 1,298 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, were held in $2,000 bail each on suspicion of participation in the hold-up of Bella Lindeman of 38 West 116th Street, who was robbed several days ago on Delancey Street of a $250 payroll.

I. R. T. IN DECEMBER NETS CITY $48,837

Result Under Reorganization Plan Achieved Despite High Coal Prices.

TOTAL EARNINGS $4,959,770

New Gates and Multiple-Unit Doors Help the Revenues, Says General Manager Hedley.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company earned enough net in December to entitle the City of New York to a moderate return under its dual subway contract, according to figures made public yesterday by the company. This achievement, made possible through the new Interborough reorganization plan, marked one of the few times since the dual subway contracts took effect in 1919 that any return to the city had been in sight. The fact that it was accomplished under the handicap of inflated coal prices caused officials of the company to express the belief that in 1924 the company again would be on its way toward normal earnings.

The company's report, which covered December and the last quarter ending Dec. 31, afforded no common ground for comparison with the year before because the new plan has been operative only since July 1 last. For December the company's total revenues were $4,959,770. After deducting operating expenses, taxes and rentals to the city, an income available for all purposes was left amounting to $1,556,066. After deducting for fixed charges, interest on the various note and bond issues and the dividend on Manhattan Railway stock at the annual rate of $3, a balance of $344,247 was left, out of which $176,758 was taken for the company's deferred sinking fund, leaving net corporate income of $167,489. Of this sum, $48,837 was applicable on the city's investment. It will stand merely as a credit, however, because some $9,536,000 of accrued preferentials are now due to the Interborough which must be cleared off before the city can share as a partner.

Gross Revenues $14,539,960.

For the quarter the company reported gross revenues of $14,539,960, or an increase of practically $400,000, against gross during the same period of 1921, which amounted to $14,140,049. After deducting operating expenses, taxes and rentals, $4,381,469 was left as income available for all purposes, against $4,677,495 in 1921. Balance, after setting aside $529,895 as deferred sinking fund accruals, amounted to $216,556, against a deficit of $194,603 for the same quarter in 1921.

During the fourth quarter of 1922 there was a fairly substantial increase in passenger revenues due partly to the installation of the new gates which are understood to have worked a hardship on a small percentage of persons who in past years pushed past the ticket boxes without depositing their fares, and also to the gradual growth of the city's population. This increase in fares for the quarter amounted to 7,940,000 passengers, or $397,000 as converted into revenues. Coal costs for the quarter were increased $669,106, the company having paid for coal last quarter $7.50 a ton against $6.25 in 1921, a difference of $1.25 a ton on consumption, amounting to 70,000 tons monthly according to figures given out by Grayson M. P. Murphy, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Frank Hedley, President and General Manager. City taxes during the 1922 period were $36,000 while rentals to the city were $36,000 greater.

In answer to questions, Mr. Hedley stated that great economies had been effected through the installation of the new gates and the new multiple unit doors and cars. There are now 700 multiple unit cars in use in the Interborough's system and 200 more are to be installed. The company also has before the Public Service Commission an application to equip 340 elevated cars with multiple unit doors. In addition the company will install gates in all the elevated stations requiring more than one man to care for them.

Discusses New Equipment.

Speaking of the new equipment in the subways, Mr. Hedley said:

"Through the new featherweight gates, the company will save enough to pay for their installation three or four times over in a year. The people have accepted and approved of them and find them easier and quicker than the old method of buying tickets. Another source of revenue through their installation, too, is the fact that there is no 'beating them,' and I might add, also, that since the equipping of the gates with the bull's-eye detector the company's receipt of slugs of various denominations has fallen off to almost nothing.

"There has been a big saving in the company's pay-roll through means of the new multiple unit door system in use in the subway cars. In addition the system has resulted in a greater degree of safety for the passengers. Through this new system, one man can operate as many as five cars and do it better than he could handle one and one-half cars under the old system.

"Through these economies, the Interborough has been able to keep going. They saved a receivership and the separation of the subway and elevated lines which would have meant a catastrophe for the city's transit system."

Mr. Murphy, in outlining the company's financial report, stated that the Interborough was seeking to reveal its affairs clearly and in detail to the public. For that reason a new system of making reports has been worked out which will account for all receipts and expenditures and not require explanation by an expert accountant. Referring to the December report he said:

"Enough was earned to support the new plan and it is reasonable to assume that the report for the full year 1923 will be equally as gratifying in view of the fact that the period from Jan. 1 to June 30—when the fiscal year ends—is the best point of traffic."

MILAN STATION DESTROYED.

Fire Gets Beyond the Control of Firemen and Fascisti.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Central Railway station at Milan was almost entirely destroyed by fire last night, says a dispatch from that city to The London Times. The fire started from some unknown cause about 11 o'clock, and was still raging long after midnight despite the efforts of a big force of firemen and fifty-five squads of Fascisti militia and troops.

The Central station at Milan was built in 1864 and is used by all the State lines.

Bill to Send Armenians to Russia.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—An appropriation of $25,000,000 to be spent under the supervision of the Secretary of State in transporting 250,000 Armenians to Russia is called for in a bill introduced today by Representative Husted, Republican, of New York, who said that the Soviet Government had offered refuge to the Armenians in southwestern Russia, and that they were willing to go there.

Robbers Hold Up Oklahoma Bank.

RIPLEY, Okla., Jan. 30.—Approximately $3,500, mostly in currency, was obtained by two robbers who looted the Farmers' State Bank here late today, looked Harold Straughn, assistant cashier, and P. A. Love, a patron, in the vault, and escaped in a motor car. Not a shot was fired.

Gas Men Can't Find Cut-Off at Big Loft Fire; Firemen Overcome While They Go for Chart

One fireman was overcome last night by gas poisoning and another injured while fighting a two-alarm fire in a ten-story loft building running from 10 Varick Street to 226 West Broadway, occupied by Shuttleworth, Keller & Co., dealers in paper goods. The blaze started in the basement and was confined to the first two floors. The damage was estimated at $12,000.

The fire presented a difficult problem. Illuminating gas fixtures in the basement were melted and a heavy volume of gas was added to the dense smoke that filled the building. Representatives of the gas company tried to find the gas cut-off in the street, but, unable to locate it, had to return to their office for a chart. Chief Kenlon declared it was a good example of the need for an automatic gas cut-off valve.

Patrick Powers of Engine Company 30 was overcome by the gas and carried out unconscious. He was later revived. John Reilly of Engine Company 29 fell over a hose while he was backing up the basement steps and his right foot was fractured.

HYLAN AND CRAIG AT PARTING OF WAYS

Mayor Forces Acting Controller to Vote at Sinking Fund Session.

REPRISALS ARE PREDICTED

Controller, Ill at Lakewood, N. J., Quickly Gets Into Touch With His Office.

A definite break between Mayor Hylan and Controller Charles L. Craig came about yesterday, following a stormy meeting of the Sinking Fund Commission, when the Mayor ordered Deputy Controller Henry H. Smith, who is Acting Controller in the absence of Mr. Craig, now ill at Lakewood, N. J., to vote on certain items which Mr. Smith maintained were not on the regular calendar. When the Mayor threatened to have an aldermanic resolution giving the Controller a vote in the Sinking Fund Commission repealed, the Deputy Controller voted against the items.

Later Mr. Craig was in communication with his office, and when he learned what had taken place he severely criticised the Mayor, and is said to have threatened reprisals. These, it was stated, will take the form of opposition to all the Hylan measures now before the Legislature, one of them being a bill to increase the Mayor's salary. The Controller is expected to return to the city next week, and interesting developments in the Board of Estimate are looked for, although the Mayor will not be in the city. He will leave today for a long vacation at Palm Beach.

Objects to Supplemental Calendar.

The trouble in the Sinking Fund Commission did not take place until the printed calendar had been disposed of. A supplemental calendar in typewritten form, on which were matters relating to dock leases, then was taken up. Mr. Smith protested that the items should be laid over until the Controller had had a chance to examine them. He insisted they were not on the regular calendar, anyway, and that no harm would be done if they were laid over. The Mayor declared the typewritten calendar as good as the printed one, explaining that the items had been passed upon in the Committee of the Whole, but not in time to get them on the printed calendar.

In the meantime Mr. Smith had started to leave the chamber. He had put on his hat and overcoat and was striding toward the door when the Mayor shouted:

"I am going to request the Acting Controller to stay until our work is finished. Unless he does so I am going to ask that the resolution of the Board of Aldermen making it impossible to hold a meeting without the presence of the Controller be rescinded. I am going to insist that the Acting Controller stay until the matter is over. He can vote as he likes."

Mr. Smith hesitated a moment, apparently thinking the matter over, and again moved toward the door.

"Come here a minute," again shouted the Mayor. "I must request you to stay at this meeting. These matters can't be put off, and they need the Controller's vote, one way or the other."

"If you personally ask me to stay, Mr. Mayor, I will gladly do so," responded Mr. Smith as he turned about and faced the Mayor.

Gets Protest Into Record.

"I do ask you," replied the Mayor, and Mr. Smith resumed his seat. He still protested that the Controller should have time to scrutinize the items, but the Mayor quickly rushed them through, Mr. Smith voting each time in the negative. He got into the record the statement that "the Controller contends that matters alleged to be added to the calendar are not regularly on the calendar."

One of the items which the Controller was especially anxious to examine but which was passed was a Dock Commissioner John H. Delaney full power to plan a Jamaica Bay development expected ultimately to cost $50,000,000. Solely in Mr. Delaney's hands will rest the development of some 4,000 acres of land to be made into ground suitable for buildings. The plan provides for enormous bulkhead walls encircling two islands and most of which must be filled in. It is estimated that the ground will house 250,000 people. Ultimately streets will be laid out and sewers built. When the matter has been before the Committee of the Whole the Controller always has objected to one man being put in charge of so vast a project.

The Commission authorized the appointment of a committee to make a survey of the space used by the various city departments in the Municipal Building. The committee will be composed of Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structure, Borough President Julius Miller, of Manhattan, and William E. Walsh, chairman of the Board of Standards and Appeals. The Mayor believes that several departments are occupying quarters in the building beyond their requirements.

District Attorney Banton applied to the Commission for the use of the eighth floor of the Excelsior Building, White and Centre Streets. The Board of Aldermen was asked to appropriate funds for the rental. A bridge similar to the Bridge of Sighs, now connecting the Criminal Courts Building with the Tombs prison, will have to be built over White Street.

CROMWELL JURY OUT.

Fail to Reach Verdict in Divorce Case After Eight Hours.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 30.—The Supreme Court jury which has been hearing the evidence in the divorce action of John Howard Cromwell, lawyer and yachtsman, against Mrs. Rose Barker Cromwell failed to agree up to 7 o'clock tonight. After eight hours and thirty minutes it was reported that they stood six to six.

Supreme Court Justice Seeger, who had charged the jury at the opening of the morning session of court, left for his home at Newburgh after the jurors had retired to their room. He gave instructions to Court Clerk Franklin Montross to receive the verdict if an agreement was reached and to discharge them at 9 P. M. tonight whether a verdict was rendered or not. Court Clerk Montross went home at 5:15 P. M. and left instructions for a sealed verdict to be rendered tomorrow morning.

Justice Seeger in his charge explained the law of divorce. He told the jury the burden of proof rested upon the plaintiff.

INVALIDS THRONG TO COUE IN BOSTON

Many From All Parts of New England Come to Seek Cures by Autosuggestion.

MARY GARDEN A CONVERT

Announces That Her Voice Has Improved 100 Per Cent. and She Will Go to Nancy for Treatment.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Blind men and women, helpless cripples and nerve-battered war veterans were among the thousands who heard Emile Coué, the little druggist of Nancy, France, preach his doctrine of health through conscious autosuggestion here today.

After a brief talk, during which he outlined his beliefs and asserted that sickness and pain might be banished through impressing the idea of well-being on the subconscious mind, he gave a demonstration aided by a group of invalids who had made their way to the stage. He told one blind young man to clasp his hands together and repeat to himself that he could not open them. In vain the subject struggled to free his hands until Coué came to his relief.

Those who came in hopes of sudden miraculous cures were disappointed. No clinic was held in connection with the afternoon meeting. Instead M. Coué strove to impress upon his auditors that they must cure themselves. Among those who thronged the auditorium were many who had come from all parts of New England in the hope of finding relief from ailments.

"Every time there is conflict between the imagination and the will, the former wins," asserted M. Coué. "The more we are troubled about doing anything the more we are inclined, despite our determination, to do the opposite. If we are determined to fall asleep, the harder it becomes to do so. The man who is confident he will sleep will do so.

"You can become masters of yourselves, physically and morally. It is our subconscious being that shapes our destinies. When we learn to lead it we learn to lead our lives."

M. Coué explained his formula. "Day by day in every way I am getting better and better," asserting that repetition, especially in the drowsy period after waking and before falling to sleep, has the effect of impressing ideas of health and happiness upon the subconscious mind. He said that pain might be banished or alleviated through rapid repetition of "going, going, gone."

In the meantime Mr. Smith had started to leave the chamber. He had put on his hat and overcoat and was striding toward the door when the Mayor shouted:

Mary Garden of the Chicago Opera Company, who earlier in the day had a private consultation with M. Coué, and who enthusiastically declared that her voice had improved 100 per cent. since she became a disciple of Coué four weeks ago, will preside at a Coué meeting tomorrow morning, she announced. Miss Garden said she intends to spend fifteen days in Nancy taking treatment under M. Coué next Spring. She will sail for Europe on Feb. 20.

The throng that met M. Coué at the station this morning was smaller than the police provisions had anticipated, but the crowds that had called for tickets to his scheduled lectures were so great that a second day had to be added to his visit to provide an extra meeting tomorrow.

All the tickets for both the afternoon and evening lectures by M. Coué at Tremont Temple were taken in advance.

Dr. Elwood Worcester, rector of Emanuel Episcopal Church, and one of the originators of the Emanuel movement of mental aid to healing, was chosen as the presiding officer for the afternoon meeting.

FOES OF GAS CUT-OFF UNDECIDED ON ACTION

More Property Owners to Join Conference—Three Months Before Law Can Be Enforced.

No definite decision was made yesterday as to just what form the legal fight against the gas cut-off ordinance, approved by the Mayor last Saturday, will take, but another conference of those representing the opposition, including Martin W. Littleton, representing the Hearst newspapers; William A. De Ford, general counsel for Hearst, and Alexander C. MacNulty, counsel for the Real Estate Board of New York, probably will be held today.

Opinion was said to be divided as to whether to seek an immediate injunction to restrain city officials from enforcing the ordinance or to wait for action by the city and then take an appeal. The latter method would be favored, it was said, if opponents of the ordinance were sure the city would start a criminal action against the first person to refuse to install one of the automatic cut-off appliances.

Mr. Littleton said that representatives of several large property owners' associations had informed him that they wish to participate in the fight against the ordinance. William E. Walsh, Chairman of the Board of Standards and Appeals, upon which falls the duty of prescribing rules for the installation of the cut-offs, said it would be at least three months before the ordinance could be enforced.

The ordinance, with the Mayor's letter of approval, was received at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen yesterday. It was filed without discussion.

OFFERS STILLS TO McCRAY.

Newark Firm Urges Indiana Governor to Invest in Them.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 30.—Governor Warren T. McCray is wondering if some one is trying to play a joke on him. He received in his mail today an offer from a company in Newark, N. J., to sell one or all of 134 copper and aluminum stills for making moonshine liquor. The capacity of the stills, as advertised, ranged from 40 to 200 gallons and the price varied from $110 to $785.

The letter closed with the expression "trusting that we may have your valued order."

Student Kidnapped by Masked Men.

MISSOULA, Mont., Jan. 30.—Charles Gleeson of Butte, a student in the University of Montana here, was taken from a fraternity house at 11 P. M. last night by a band of masked men. Gleeson, the second university student kidnapped by masked men within the last five days, refused today to make any statement regarding the occurrence.

BIG NEWARK MARKET DESTROYED BY FIRE

Loss of $400,000 to $500,000 by Blaze in Heart of the City.

FOOD STOCKS CONSUMED

St. Antoninus Parochial School Burns, With Loss of $200,000 —Boys March Out.

Losses aggregating probably $700,000 were caused in Newark last night by two fires of three alarms each, which kept the bulk of that city's fire forces continuously in operation.

The heaviest loss, estimated at $400,000 to $500,000, was sustained when Centre Market, near the heart of the city, was burned, with food supplies said to have been sufficient to furnish most of the inhabitants of Newark with one meal. Earlier in the evening St. Antoninus's Parochial School, maintained by the Dominican Fathers at South Ninth Street, was destroyed by a fire which spread with great rapidity.

Firemen were still pouring tons of water upon the burning parochial school when second and third alarms were turned in from boxes in the neighborhood of Centre Market, occupying a whole block front between Broad and Mulberry Streets, Canal Street and Park Place. The scene of the market fire is only a block from Broad and Market Streets, the busiest spot in the City of Newark.

Thousands of persons were attracted by the fire in Centre Market. Traffic on Broad Street was entirely suspended while the firemen were trying to save the building, a one-story structure, with a frontage of 650 feet on Broad Street, which was occupied by 200 dealers.

Starts in Butcher Section.

The fire started apparently in the butcher section of the market, in the centre of the building, and spread rapidly toward either end of the building. Three alarms were signaled in quick succession, but there was never a moment when the firemen had a chance to check the spread of the flames as they leaped from one section to another where they were fed by highly inflammable fixtures and materials.

The building was owned by the City of Newark, which leased quarters to the 200 dealers in the market. Its plans for years has served as the market place for farmers throughout Northern New Jersey, who drove to Newark in the early morning to sell their product. The building was inadequate for the vast business that grew up within it, so the City of Newark recently planned a new municipal market within a short distance of Centre Market. It will be several years before the new structure can be completed.

Parochial School Burns.

St. Antoninus's Parochial School, a three-story brick structure at South Orange and South Ninth Streets, Newark, was destroyed by fire last evening. The boys' bugle and drum corps, at practice when the fire started, had barely time to make their escape because of the rapid spread of the flames from the ground floor to the top of the building.

J. E. McDonald, an instructor, and three boys were on the second floor when the alarm of fire was spread. McDonald sent the boys down ahead of himself, lingered briefly to gather up a few articles and started after the pupils. When he reached the head of the stairs he found his way blocked by smoke and flames. He ran to the rear of the building and made his way down a fire escape.

The Rev. Father Leo Spence, on the ground floor of the building with the bugle and drum corps lads, said he found a brisk blaze in progress under the stairs which spread rapidly as if the building had been saturated with something inflammable.

He marched the boys out to the street and then turned in a fire alarm, but by the time the last contingent of firemen arrived it was apparent that the building was doomed.

The eleven nuns in the adjoining convent of the Sisters of Charity were warned to leave and they found shelter with neighbors.

Close by the school, which was maintained by the Dominican Fathers, is a one-story church and the priory. When it was seen that the school could not be saved, the efforts of the firemen were directed toward saving the latter two buildings.

Only a few minutes before the fire started there was a rosary service in the church, but the church was empty when the alarm was sounded. The structure destroyed was erected in 1898. With the building were lost all the records of the school. All the sacred vessels were removed from the chapel by Father Spence when the fire began to menace the church. The damage was estimated at $200,000.

LOSES SUIT FOR LIQUOR FOR COOKING AT HOME

Staten Island Resident Sought Permit for Supply of Rum and Brandy.

The effort of Walter E. Kohler of 3 Centre Street, New Dorp, Staten Island, to compel the Federal authorities to give him a permit to purchase rum and brandy for cooking purposes in the home met with failure in the United States Court yesterday. Judge Learned Hand, before whom the motion was made, ruled with the Government. The action was brought by Mr. Kohler some time ago. At that time it was announced that it was in the nature of a test case in the interest of householders throughout the country who might want the privilege of using rum and brandy in making pies, &c., in their homes.

Mr. Kohler sought to compel Internal Revenue Commissioner David H. Blair and local Federal prohibition officials to issue him a permit to purchase a half-pint of rum and one pint of brandy to be used for cooking purposes in the home. There is a Treasury regulation which permits certain food manufacturers to use strong liquor for culinary purposes. It was Mr. Kohler's contention that the householder should have the same privilege.

Victor House, Assistant United States District Attorney, urged Judge Hand to deny the motion, pointing out that if such permits were granted to householders they would doubtless lead to a nullification of the Volstead act.

Judge Hand said that he considered the action without merit and dismissed the motion. He agreed with Mr. House, saying that the issuance of such permits would, in his opinion, lead to the wrecking of the whole framework of the prohibition law. Strong liquor obtained for the ostensible purpose of making pies would, Judge Hand said, pour in streams down the throats of thirsty topers.

He ruled that the Treasury regulation allowing manufacturers to use liquor in connection with foodstuffs is fully covered by the Volstead act and wasn't intended to apply to home cooking.

Niewadomski's Sentence Signed.

WARSAW, Jan. 30.—President Wolodichowski has countersigned the death sentence imposed on Niewadomski, assassin of President Narutowicz.

Liquor Pours Into St. John's Bound for Atlantic Seaboard

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Jan. 30.—Large quantities of liquor destined for the "St. Pierre-Nassau" trade, have been landed at this port for transfer to St. Pierre, Miquelon.

The steamer Sachem, which arrived here Sunday from Liverpool, landed 10,200 cases of whisky. This is being taken to the French Islands by the steamer Sable. The consignment was valued at $460,000.

It is understood here that this and other large shipments are intended for reshipment from St. Pierre, which is the recognized distributing point for liquor on the North Atlantic seaboard.

CROWDS BID HIGH AT SALOON AUCTION

Thirty-Six Corner Properties in Brooklyn Bring $610,000 at Spirited Sale.

PRICES ABOVE EXPECTATION

Brewery Sells Real Estate Holdings —Many Buyers in the Liquor Business.

Extraordinary interest in owning saloon property, despite State and national prohibition laws, was manifest last night when thirty-six corner saloons in Brooklyn were sold for $610,900. Many of the bidders either were the present saloon-keeping tenants or persons avowedly interested in the business at present being conducted on the various premises.

The prices, which included both site and structure, were from 6 to 7 per cent. higher than either the auctioneers or the seller had expected. Some authorities on Brooklyn realty values even said that the sale had fetched from $100,000 to $200,000 more than they had anticipated.

So big a crowd turned out to compete for the places that some were unable to fight their way in. The opinion was expressed afterward by the auctioneer that, had a larger hall been used, much higher prices might have been obtained. As it was the auction was described as the most spirited real estate sale ever held in Brooklyn.

The thirty-six saloons were owned until last night by S. Liebmann's Sons, brewers, of Brooklyn. Joseph N. May, sales manager for that concern, said that the sale resulted from the firm's decision to divest itself of its realty holdings. Jere Johnson, Jr., Company conducted the auction. Fred Swan was the auctioneer.

The sale was held at the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange, 189 Montague Street. The large hall in that building was used, but a crowd which began to gather at 6:45 for an auction scheduled to start at 8 o'clock in the evening became so great that many were forced to find place in a side room. Still others choked the steps and finally spilled out into the street. Eventually unable to worm their way in, the overflow would-be buyers went away.

Buyers Had Plenty of Cash.

From the moment the first lot was put up, the contest for ownership was keen. Little exhortation by Swan was needed. The terms of the sale included 15 per cent. cash, and an unlimited number of those present seemed prepared to offer checks or currency to cover the initial payments.

Both seller and auctioneer were admittedly surprised at the keenness displayed by the buyers, who, in turn, made no secret of their confidence that the business now occupying the various premises would continue to make money. Moreover, many were candid in expressing the belief that the return of light wines and beer was in sight and that such return would make saloon properties almost invaluable. In the days of the licensed saloon the number was strictly limited, and many who wanted to sell liquor had to wait months or years before they could find sites.

Men in the sidercom clamored to participate when properties in which they were interested were put on the block from time to time, and Swan's assistants relayed bids to them from the main hall, returning with the offers of the unseen bidders to raise the offers.

"It was the greatest demonstration that ever occurred at an auction in Brooklyn," said the auctioneer when it was all over.

Asked to explain the unusual eagerness of the bidders, he expressed the opinion that many persons wanted to make sure their present rents would not be raised, adding that among the parcels were choice sites for various businesses besides saloons.

Seven Bring High Prices.

Seven pieces of the property disposed of at the sale brought high prices. Their location, sale price and purchaser follows:

150 Rogers Avenue, at St. John's Place, $205,500; Joseph Pierce, 1,086 DeKalb Avenue.

2,301 Catalpa Avenue, at Forest Avenue, $26,750; John Schmidt, 861 Woodward Avenue.

1,270 Nostrand Avenue, at Robinson Street, $27,500; John Mailliex, 1,086 Grand Street.

Flatbush Avenue, northeast corner of East Thirty-second Street, $27,500; J. M. Thompson, 44 Court Street.

650 Prospect Avenue, at Tenth Avenue, $19,500; John Catlin, 711 St. John's Place.

424 Prospect Avenue, $27,500; Anna C. Creighton.

784 Fulton Street, at Adelphi Street, $23,750; William Canning.

CALLS POLICE BOOTLEGGERS.

Magistrate Declares They "Beat Up Rivals in Their Graft."

The police were severely assailed yesterday in Essex Market Court by Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan, who asserted that "half the cops are bootleggers themselves and stealing whisky." He added that they were jealous of any competition, saying that when they found rivals in "their graft they go in and beat them up."

David Rosenthal, 27 years old, owner of a delicatessen store at 108 Mangin Street, was before the court on a charge of violating the Mullan-Gage law. He

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregular Movement of Stocks—Francs and Marks Lower, Sterling Higher.

On the whole, the tradition established by the news from the Ruhr of blowing hot and cold on alternate days was fairly maintained yesterday. On Monday the note was one of immediately impending disaster; on Tuesday the cables became matter-of-fact in tone, with several agitating rumors contradicted. This found moderate reflection in the Wall Street atmosphere and, although the decline in German, French and Belgian exchange continued, sterling advanced more than a cent and the neutral European exchanges moved up moderately. At the same time, while transactions in the French Republic 8 and 7½ per cent. bonds were again exceptionally large, their price did not go below Monday's low point and there was evidence of good support.

In the mark and the French and Belgian franc, however, pressure continued heavy. The franc fell below 6 cents, declining ½ cent for the day to a rate, 5.99⅝ cents, which was little more than ¼ cent above the low-record price of November, 1920. The German mark went to 2-thousandths of a cent at which price, if such comparisons any longer possess interest, an American cent would buy 500 marks and an American dollar 50,000, and at which the depreciation of the German currency from parity is a trifle more than 99.99 per cent.

Possibly yesterday's decline would have excited no extreme surprise, even had there been no "Ruhr incident" in progress; for the Reichsbank's weekly statement as of Jan. 23 shows an increase of 216,704,815,000 marks. The largest previous increase reported in any weekly statement was the 168,707,760,000, covering the third week of December. Although the current statement covers a ten-day period as against only seven for the December maximum and is therefore not a record-breaking daily average, still it appears to foreshadow the addition of a trillion marks or more in the next five weeks, with the geometrical progression prevailing afterward.

The day's strength in sterling did its part in dampening the predictions of some kind of "European war" which had their vogue on Monday; indeed, the tenor both of the markets and of the cable dispatches yesterday suggested the possibility that the Franco-German dispute may settle down into a mere question of immediate economic endurance. Whether the German industrialists and the German Government will or will not, when the pinch is felt, accept the proffer of terms already made by the continental allies, must remain a matter of conjecture. The stock markets moved somewhat more irregularly, both at New York and in Europe, but there was no showing of weakness. Wheat prices recovered; the Chicago Board of Trade operators ascribed it to "the warlike news from Europe." When wheat declines, it is "the destruction of Europe's purchasing power." Any movement, it would seem, is true to the logic of the Ruhr situation.

The United States Steel Corporation's monthly and quarterly earnings always attract interest as a sign of the industrial movement. Yesterday's statement of the December quarter shows that for the sixth consecutive three-months' period, the company has had to draw on accumulated surplus to pay the 7 per cent. annual dividend on the preferred shares and the annual 5 per cent. on the common. It also shows, however, that if the other months of the three had earned as much as November, then the quarter's surplus earnings would have covered the dividend disbursements. What will also be observed is that, although these November earnings were less than those of June, July and August, the fact can probably be explained by the necessary delay in turning out accumulated orders in the immediate aftermath of last Summer's fuel shortage. Except for those three months of 1922, the November net earnings were the largest of any month since February, 1921.

KRESGE DIVIDENDS JUMP.

Common Stock Is Placed on 3 Per Cent. Basis—To Pay March 1.

Directors of the S. S. Kresge Co., at a meeting held yesterday, declared a 35 1-3 per cent. stock dividend on the common stock and increased the cash dividend on the common stock for the first quarter of 1923 from 1¾ to 2 per cent., thus placing the common shares on a 5 per cent. annual basis, as compared with 1 per cent. paid heretofore. The stock dividend is payable March 1 to stockholders of record Feb. 15 and the cash dividend is payable April 2 to stockholders of record March 15. Under this arrangement the common stock received as a stock dividend will participate in the increased cash dividend payable on April 2. The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. was also declared on the preferred stock yesterday. This is payable April 2, to stock of record March 15.

The Butte Copper Company Directors, at their meeting yesterday, declared the first dividend to be paid by the company since July, 1918. This comprises a quarterly payment of 50 cents, a share, payable March 1 as stock of record Feb. 15.

Directors of the Ohio Oil Company declared a dividend of 40 cents quarterly on the company's increased capital stock payable March 24 to stockholders of record Feb. 24. Last October the company declared a 300 per cent. stock dividend. The dividend declared yesterday is equal to $12 a share annually on the old stock on which $10 was paid in 1922 prior to the 300 per cent. stock dividend.

GAS STOCK IS ALLOTTED.

$7,283 Subscribed for $15,000,000 Preferred Offered Recently.

The Consolidated Gas Company of New York yesterday announced that it has made definite allotments to the 37,983 individuals who subscribed for the $15,000,000 cumulative participating preferred stock offered recently. Applications for the proposed subscribed for 52,703 shares, their average allotment being 7.21 shares, representing $7,683,900.

The figures show that 23,377 persons subscribed for from one to six shares, these being allotted in full. A total of 683 persons subscribed for from seven to nine shares and were allotted six shares; 8,391 subscribers for ten to fifteen shares and were allotted seven shares, and 3,130 subscribed for from sixteen to twenty shares and were allotted ten shares. Twenty shares, the maximum number, were allotted to 100, who subscribed for 300 shares and upward. The subscriptions totalled $48,477,500.

Century Machinery May Reorganize

The stockholders of the Century Machinery Corporation at their annual meeting held in Holyoke, Mass., appointed a committee of seven to consider a plan to finance or reorganize the company. The financial statement was discussed at the meeting. Another meeting will be held Feb. 8.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stocks Rose After Early Strength.

The stock market during the early trading yesterday displayed a firm tone. This firmness continued during the greater part of the trading period, but toward the last hour, the volume of selling exceeded the demand for stocks, the result being that on the average the list ended the day below the closing level of Monday. As was the case on the first day of the week, the railroad stocks again led in activity. Recent gains in these stocks were augmented during the morning trading, and several issues sold at new high levels of the year. Both the industrials showed firmness for a time, but weakness was noticeable in certain oil stocks, such as Royal Dutch, General Asphalt and Pacific Oil and before the day had progressed much further this heaviness extended to other petroleum shares.

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Belgian Bonds Under Pressure.

There was very sharp selling of the Belgian external issues in the final hour yesterday sufficient in proportions to carry all three of the bonds down to new low records for the year. The Belgian 7½s at 93 exhibited a loss of 1½, the 8s at 91 were off 1¼ points, and the 6s, although closing unchanged, touched 68⅜, their previous low point. In this connection it was pointed out by international bankers that the support of Belgian bonds in the New York market has apparently been of much more efficient character up to this time, than the support for the French bonds.

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The Foreign News and the Market.

Whatever else may be said of the markets as a whole, particularly about their dullness and indecision, Wall Street has reached the conclusion that extreme nervousness, such as would bring an avalanche of stocks or bonds to market, has not developed. For the most part, the security markets have been dull and uninteresting, but at the same time the outstanding characteristic has been recognized as an undertone that was remarkably steady. One of the sustaining influences in the present market, both in stocks and bonds, is believed to have been the large short interest which had been built up, and which, near the close of each day, has always provided a certain volume of repurchasing strength. One of the oldest axioms of Wall Street is that "the ticker does not lie." Now and then it moves mistakenly for a day, but soon rectifies the error. In view of the rather remarkably calm attitude of the market since the occupation of the Ruhr, the feeling has gained ground that developments in our own economic situation may cut more of a figure in financial opinion at the moment than the unsettling events abroad.

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Steel Earnings Considered Disappointing.

The report of earnings covering the last quarter of 1922, issued by the United States Steel Corporation after the close of business yesterday, were a disappointment to the speculative element in the finahcial district, which had been expecting that the company would more than earn its common dividend requirements in the period mentioned. Coming, as it did, after the close of the market, the statement was not reflected in the stock market yesterday. Although not up to expectations, the report was slightly better than that of the third quarter of the year, despite the fact that the movement of steel, according to trade advices, was much heavier during the last quarter than during the third quarter. Wall Street's miscalculation on what was expected is believed to have been due to the 20 per cent. increase in wages, which was fully reflected in the last quarter's statement, and the increased cost of fuel.

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Drawing Inferences.

The appearance yesterday in Wall Street of several Japanese industrial officials, engaged in a sight-seeing expedition, brought forth the remark from one banker that this was the first time any foreign business men have visited Wall Street for nearly a year without starting the rumor that a large loan was being negotiated for their country.

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Congress and the Carriers.

There will be no extra session of Congress this Summer, according to information which reached the financial district yesterday; the present Congress will adjourn on March 4 and not reconvening until December. As a result, much of the apprehension felt over possible "radical" and "hostile" legislation, aimed particularly at the railroad companies, has been dissipated, and according to opinion in banking circles the carriers can at least proceed for a year now without having to worry over possible changes in existing laws which concern them. Another factor which has helped to encourage sponsors of the rails is the reported rift in the Farm-Labor ranks. This bloc was said yesterday to have disagreed on any further like a concerted platform, and with disunion of their forces a chance was in sight that the more conservative members of Congress will be able to control legislation successfully.

***

The French Bonds.

It was pointed out yesterday by investment bankers that the French Republic 7½s and 8 per cent. bonds have declined to a point where it is possible for investors of large income to pick them up at prices which, even after the payment of taxes, afford a yield comparable with fully tax-payment bonds. In the hands of an individual whose income is subject to the highest rate of surtax, namely 50 per cent. plus the normal tax of 8 per cent., taxable bonds must return a yield of 9.52 per cent to give a net return of 4.25 per cent. after taxes, and of 10.42 per cent. to give a net return of 4.25 per cent. after taxes. The French 7½s at 80 yield approximately 9.08 per cent., the French 8s at 90 yield approximately 9.20 per cent. To yield 9.52 per cent. at which the investor who pays on the surtax and normal tax would receive a net of 4 per cent., the French Republic 7½s would have to sell at approximately 82¾ and the French Republic 8s at 87¼. For a yield of 4¼ per cent. net the French Republic 7½s would have to sell at about 78¼ and the 8s at 82¼. In addition, it was suggested, such an investor would have the speculative possibilities which now lie dormant in these bonds and which, in the opinion of investment bankers, would come into evidence on settlement of the Franco-German dispute.

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Precedent in the Stock Market.

Considerable interest was taken by Wall Street yesterday in the question whether the stock market of 1914 had or had not fully indicated in advance the outbreak of war at the end of July. The statement had been made in several quarters that the market merely hesitated, with occasional show of strength, until just before the outbreak of hostilities, and from this it was argued that the strength of the recent stock market may not be a fair indication of European political conditions. But the record does not bear this out. As every one remembers, neither the markets nor the politicians of 1914 had any reason to expect war until some time after the assassination of the Austrian archduke, which occurred on June 28. On that day THE TIMES's average price of 50 representative stocks worked out 67.59. Under the seeming indications that nothing serious would follow the Sarajevo episode, the average rose to 69.08 on July 7, when reports of an Austrian ultimatum to Serbia became current. From the 69.08 average at the end of that first week in July, the stock market continued to decline rapidly and without interruption, ending at 57.41 on July 30, the last day of business before the Stock Exchange closed down.

MONEY.

TUESDAY, JAN. 30, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money ruled steady all day at 4½ per cent., a fractional concession from Monday's maximum and final. Tone of time market stiffened slightly, though rates remained quotably unchanged at 4¼@4¾ per cent. There were occasional trades on short loans at 4¾ per cent. Both commercial credit markets were quiet, at discounts previously prevailing.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Monday's Last.
	4½	4½	4½	5

Time Loans.

	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	4¾@5	4¾@5				
4, 5 and 6 months	4¾@5	4¾@5				
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	4¾@4¾	4¾@4¾				
4, 5 and 6 months	4¾@4¾	4¾@4¾				

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	4½
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¾
Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.	
Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days	4
Agricultural paper, 90 days to 6 months	4
Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days	4

Bankers' Acceptances.

Call loans against acceptances	4
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.	Bid. Asked.
30 days	4¼ 4
60 days	4¼ 4
90 days	4¼ 4
4 months	4¼ 4
5 months	4¼ 4¼
Non-members and private bankers, 60-90 days	4½ 4¾

London Market.

Money in London up ¼ at 1¼ per cent.; short bills up ¼ at 2⅜ per cent; three months' bills up ⅛ at 2⅝@2¾ per cent.

Gold bullion 1d higher at 90s 1d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 106 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for 1922 was 113⅝ on Jan. 3; highest for this year to date, 106, on Jan. 30. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 104⅜, on Dec. 13, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $700,000,000; balances, $84,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $36,000,000; exchanges a year ago, $839,100,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London unchanged at 31½d; New York price for domestic silver was quoted at 69¾c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅛c higher at 65¼c.

Range for 1923:	—Highest—	—Lowest—
London	32d Jan. 24	31d Jan. 10
New York	67⅛c Jan. 15	65¼c Jan. 10
Range for 1922:	**—Highest—**	**—Lowest—**
London	57⅝d May 23	30¼d Dec. 16
New York	70⅛c May 31	63⅛c Dec. 15

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

TUESDAY, JAN. 30, 1923.

Day's Sales.	Monday.	Saturday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
775,425	759,910	342,600	548,615	398,700

Year to Date.	Same Period 1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
19,468,804	15,336,019	16,874,958	21,184,216	12,420,554

1922. High.	Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.
73½	68	400	Adams Express (4)	70½	70⅝	70	70	— 1	69½	70
35	18	100	Advance Rumley	15	15	15	15	—	14	15½
60¾	57⅛	100	Air Reduction (4)	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅝	58⅜	60
1¾	1¼	400	Alaska Juneau	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛		1⅛	1¼
80	71½	1,600	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	73⅝	74⅛	73¾	74	+ ¼	73¾	74
111⅜	109	1,200	Allied Chem. & D. pf. (7)	109	109	109	109	— 1¼	109⅜	110¼
48½	43	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (2)	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝		46½	46¾
32⅜	29⅜	100	Am. Agricult. Chemical	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	— ¼	30½	31
61⅜	58	100	Am. Agricult. Chem. pf	59	59	59	59		58⅝	59
89	77	900	Am. Bank Note (4)	80	80	80	80	+ 2¼	80	83
37⅝	30⅝	100	Am. Beet Sugar	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅝	36⅝	38
81⅝	70⅝	1,100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy. (4)	75	77	75	77	+ 1½	75⅝	76⅝
80¾	72¾	17,300	Am. Can (5)	83⅜	83⅞	81½	81½	— 1¾	81½	82
112⅝	111⅛	200	Am. Can pf. (7)	112½	112½	112½	112½	—	111½	112
186	178	200	Am. Car & Foundry (12)	178¼	178¼	178	178	— ½	178	182
7¾	5⅝	400	Am. Chicle	6	6	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛	5⅝	
39⅝	35⅞	800	Am. Cotton Oil	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅛	36⅝	
7	6	200	Am. Druggists Syndicate	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛	6⅝	8
70	66½	100	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	68	68	68	68	— ¾	67	69
87⅜	86	100	Am. Ice pf. (6)	86	86	86	86	— 1	85⅜	87
27⅛	24¾	1,100	Am. International	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅝	— ½	24⅜	24⅝
11⅜	11¼	200	Am. La F. Fire Engine (1)	11½	11½	11½	11½		11½	11¾
53	51	200	Am. Linseed pf.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	+ 1½	53	55
129⅜	120⅜	200	Am. Locomotive (6)	123½	123⅝	123⅜	123⅜	— ⅛	123	123⅝
64⅜	61	3,400	Am. Metal (3)	51⅝	52⅜	51⅜	52¼	+ ⅞	51⅜	52⅜
85	70	400	Am. Radiator (4)	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜	80⅜		80½	82
100¾	100	100	Am. Rolling Mill pf. (7)	100	100	100	100		100	
9	6⅞	3,300	Am. Safety Razor (20c)	8⅝	9⅛	8⅝	9⅛	+ ⅝	8⅝	9¼
23⅜	18⅜	700	Am. Ship & Commerce	19¼	19¾	19¼	19¾	+ ⅜	19¾	20
49⅝	43⅝	4,900	Am. Smelting & Refining	58	58⅝	57	57	— 1⅜	57	57⅝
106	99	1,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7)	99⅝	100	99¾	100	+ ⅜	100	101¼
87⅞	35½	700	Am. Steel Foundries (3)	36	36¼	36	36¼	+ ¼	35⅜	36
108⅜	102	100	Am. Steel F. pf. (7)	103¾	103¾	103⅜	103⅜	— ⅜	103	104
80¾	76	100	Am. Sugar Refining	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	— 2¼	76¾	77
106⅜	106¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf. (7)	107	107	107	107	— ¼	107	107½
125	122	2,100	Am. Telephone & Tel. (9)	122¾	123¼	122¾	123⅛	— ⅜	123	123¼
155	152	1,000	Am. Tobacco pf. (6)	153	153	153	153	+ 1	153	155
153⅜	142	1,600	Am. Tob. Class B (12)	150	151	150	151	+ 1	151	152
30⅜	21⅝	200	Am. Water Works & Elec.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼		27¼	27¾
56	48⅝	1,100	Am. W. W. & E. partic. pf.	52	53¼	52	53¼		53¾	54½
97¾	94	5,300	Am. Woolen (7)	95⅜	96⅝	95¾	95¾	+ ⅜	95¾	96
29	26	200	Am. Writing Paper pf.	28	28	28	28		24	28
17⅞	15	700	Am. Zinc, Lead & S.	15⅝	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅜	15	16
50⅝	45⅝	6,400	Anaconda Copper	47¾	47¾	47¼	47⅜		47⅜	47⅝
71	62½	1,400	Associated Dry Goods (3)	68⅜	68⅝	66⅝	67¼	+ 1	67	67½
134	120¼	1,000	Associated Oil (6)	123	123	122¾	122¾	+ 3¼	122½	123
102⅜	100	1,800	Atch., Topeka & S. F. (6)	100⅜	101⅜	100⅜	100⅜		100⅜	101
90	86⅜	800	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. (5)	86⅞	90	86⅞	88½	+ ⅜	88½	90½
116⅜	110⅛	300	Atlanta, Birm. & At. pf.	111	111	111	111		111	112
116⅜	110½	1,800	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	114½	116⅜	114½	115	— ½	114⅜	116½
17	15	100	Atlantic Fruit 1st pf.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝		1⅝	1⅞
22⅝	18⅛	4,300	Atlantic, Gulf & West I.	20⅛	20⅞	18⅝	19¼	— 1⅞	19	19⅜
17	15	200	Atlantic Gulf & W. I. pf.	15½	15½	15	15		14⅜	15½
53¾	51	200	Austin Nichols	51	51	51	51		51½	52
140⅜	120½	15,100	Baldwin Locomotive (7)	132⅛	133¾	131⅛	131⅝	— 1	131⅞	131⅝
49⅝	40⅜	12,900	Baltimore & Ohio	48⅜	48⅞	47¾	47¾	— ⅛	47¾	47⅞
60⅜	57⅜	100	Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4)	59	59	59	59		59	59½
34⅜	29⅜	700	Barnsdall, Class A	29⅜	30½	29⅜	30⅛	+ ⅛	30	30½
25	18⅝	800	Barnsdall, Class B	19	19	19	19		19	20
93⅜	81	4,300	Beech Nut Packing (2.40)	84	86¼	84	84¾	+ ¼	84¾	85
67⅜	60¼	1,200	Bethlehem Steel, Cl. B (5)	61⅝	62	61¼	61¾		61¾	61⅞
110	107⅜	200	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf. (8)	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜		107⅜	108
96	93⅜	300	Bethlehem St., pf. new(7)	94	94	93⅜	93⅜		93⅜	94
8	6	100	Booth Fisheries	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝		6	6¾
113⅝	109	1,400	Skilya Edi. Elec. (6)-x.rts.	110⅛	110⅝	110	110	— ¼	110	110⅝
16⅞	10⅝	1,700	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	12	12	11¼	11½	— ½	11⅜	11¾
13	8¼	100	B. R. T. ctfs. of dep.	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜		9	9¾
121	109¼	1,800	Brooklyn Union Gas (8)	119⅞	121	119½	120⅜	+ 1⅜	120⅜	121
63⅞	60	400	Brown Shoe	60⅞	61⅞	60⅞	61⅞	+ ⅛	61	62½
44	39⅛	300	Burns Brothers, Cl. B (2)	41	41	40	40	— 1	40	41
10⅝	9¼	5,700	Butte & Copper Z. Inc (50c)	10⅛	10⅝	10⅛	10⅜	+ ¼	10⅜	10⅝
33	29½	200	Butte & Superior (60c)	29⅝	29⅞	29⅝	29⅝	— ¼	30	31⅜
78⅜	69	20,700	California Petroleum	76⅞	78	76⅜	76⅜	+ ⅜	76⅜	77
96¼	91⅜	200	California Pet pf. (7)	96¼	96¼	96⅝	96⅝		96½	97
10⅝	9¾	2,000	Callahan Zinc-Lead	9⅞	10	9⅝	9⅝		9⅝	10
144⅞	140⅜	1,700	Canadian Pacific (10)	143⅛	144¼	143⅞	143⅝	— ¼	143⅝	143⅞
30⅜	23⅝	3,300	Case Threshing Machine	29⅜	30	29⅜	30	+ ⅝	30	31
36	32¾	400	Central Leather Co.	34⅜	34⅞	34¼	34¼		34¼	35⅜
73	67⅜	300	Central Leather Co. pf.	71	71	70¼	70½		70	71⅜
220	210¼	100	Central R.R. of N. J. (112)	212	212	212	212		212	215
45⅜	42½	600	Cerro de Pasco Copper	43	43	42⅜	43	+ ¼	42⅜	43¾
68⅜	65⅜	1,700	Chandler Motor (6)	67⅝	67⅝	67⅛	67⅛	— ¼	67	67⅝
79	69	10,400	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	75¼	76⅜	74⅝	74⅝	— ¾	74⅝	74⅞
104⅜	101⅜	400	Chesapeake & Ohio pf. (6½)	102⅜	102⅜	102¼	102¼	— ¼	102	102½
3	2⅜	700	Chicago & Alton	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝		2½	2¾
5	3⅞	100	Chicago & Alton pf.	4	4	4	4		3½	4¼
61⅜	56	100	Chicago & East. Illinois	59	59	59	59		59	60½
54	51	1,300	Chicago & East. Ill. pf.	52½	53	52½	52¾	— ¼	52	53½
5⅜	4	1,200	Chicago Great Western	5⅛	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜		5⅜	5⅝
12⅞	8⅜	2,400	Chicago Great Western pf.	12⅜	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅜	12¼	12½
24½	20⅜	6,700	Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	24¼	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ¼	23⅝	24
37⅝	32⅝	2,100	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	37⅜	38	37⅜	37⅜	— ⅜	37⅜	38
77	69	1,100	Chicago & Northwestern(5)	81	82⅝	80⅜	81½	— ¼	81	81¾
117	115	100	Chicago & N. W. pf. (7)	117	117	117	117	— ¼	117	119
83½	82⅜	900	Chicago Pneu. Tool (4)	86⅝	86⅝	85¾	85¾	— 1	85¼	86
80⅜	81⅜	8,700	Chicago, R. I. & P.	35⅜	35⅝	34⅞	35		34⅞	35
74⅜	71	200	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (7)	94	94	93¼	93¼		93	94
83¼	81⅞	100	Chicago, R. I. & P. pf. (6)	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼		82½	83¼
74½	71	200	C., St. P., M. & O.	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜	+ 2	73	74
80⅝	77⅜	300	C., St. P., M. & O. pf. (7)	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¼	+ 3⅜	101	102¾
27⅝	24⅜	5,900	Chile Copper	29¼	29¾	29	29¼		29¼	29⅝
42⅜	40	400	Chino Copper	25	25	24⅞	24⅞		24⅝	24⅞
111⅜	103⅜	300	Chutt-Peabody (5)	67¼	67¼	67	67½	— ¼	67	69
12⅝	11	2,000	Coca-Cola (1)	74½	75¾	74½	75	+ ¾	73	75½
27⅜	25¼	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	25¾	26	25¾	25¾		25¾	26
42⅝	40	300	Colorado & Southern (3)	42	42⅜	41⅞	41⅞		41⅞	42¼
111⅜	103⅞	4,800	Columbia Gas & Elec. (6)	110	111¼	109⅝	110½	— ½	110⅜	110⅝
2⅜	2	800	Columbia Graphophone	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛		2⅛	2⅜
12⅝	10⅜	100	Columbia Graph. pf.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜		10⅜	10⅝
73⅛	66	400	Comp.-Tab.-Record. (6)	72½	72¾	71⅝	73⅜		71⅝	72
22⅝	18	300	Conley Tin Foil	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾	— ½	19½	20¾
8	8	400	Consolidated Distributors	8	8	8	8		8	8
69⅜	60	8,800	Consol. Gas new (5)	67	67¼	67	67¼	— ¼	67	67¼
12⅜	11	14,200	Consolidated Textile	11⅜	11¾	11	11¼	— ½	11⅜	11¾
129⅛	112	800	Continental Can (3)	129½	129⅝	129¼	129⅜	— 1⅛	129⅞	130
49	42⅜	10,100	Continental Can, w. i.	48⅝	49	48⅜	48⅜	— ⅝	48⅜	48¾
107⅜	106	200	Continental Can pf. (7)	106½	106½	106½	106½		107	107
103	92	400	Continental Insurance (6)	101	103	101	103	+ 2¼	102½	103
12⅜	10⅜	1,400	Continental Motors	10⅜	11	10⅝	10⅞		10⅝	11
128	123⅜	4,100	Corn Prod. Refin. (10)	127	128⅜	127	127⅞	+ ½	127½	128
56	51	1,400	Cosden & Co. (4)	54⅜	54⅜	53⅝	54	— ⅜	53⅝	54
87⅜	80⅜	200	Crucible Steel	73	73	72¾	73	— ¼	72⅝	72⅝
28	23⅜	1,700	Cuban-Am. Sugar	25	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛	24⅞	24⅞
14⅛	12⅜	800	Cuba Cane Sugar	13	13⅛	13	13⅛		13	13⅜
40⅜	37⅜	400	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	38⅜	39⅛	38⅜	39¼	+ ⅛	38¼	38⅝
33	29	1,400	Davison Chemical	30¼	31⅛	30	30	— ¼	30	31
117⅜	112	900	Delaware & Hudson (9)	117	117	115¾	115¾	— 1¼	115⅝	115¾
129⅜	122⅜	700	Del., Lack. & Western	127	127

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 30, 1923.

Day's sales:	1923.	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
U. S. Government bonds	$3,624,550	$6,417,800	$8,904,500	$15,681,200	$7,547,500
Other domestic bonds	6,328,000	5,299,500	3,157,500	2,071,000	1,213,000
Foreign bonds	3,089,000	1,354,000	883,500	1,016,000	1,667,500
Total all bonds	$13,041,550	$13,071,300	$12,945,500	$18,768,200	$10,428,000
Year to date:					
U. S. Government bonds	$73,013,350	$225,402,300	$188,996,600	$315,703,200	$186,912,500
Other domestic bonds	152,551,000	153,592,100	95,610,000	58,065,000	43,508,000
Foreign bonds	50,241,500	37,773,500	24,052,000	27,224,500	74,699,500
Total all bonds	$275,805,850	$416,772,900	$308,658,600	$400,992,700	$305,120,000

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range '23. High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net. Chge.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
103.02	Oct. 19,'22	86.00	June 2,'21	101.90	100.94	705¼	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.06	101.76	101.56	101.62	—.08	101.58	101.64	$3.40
102.70	Oct. 19,'22	86.14	July 11,'21	101.76	100.76	....	Liberty 3½s, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.68	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	98.90	98.64	1	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47	98.70	98.70	98.70	98.70	....	98.60	....	4.09
101.36	July 24,'22	83.80	May 19,'20	....	....	....	Liberty 1st cv. 4s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
100.80	July 23,'22	81.40	May 20,'20	98.44	98.00	1	Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42	98.00	98.00	98.00	98.00	—.06	97.92	98.06	4.15
100.54	July 14,'22	81.56	May 21,'20	97.86	97.60	....	Liberty 2d 4's, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
102.00	July 16,'22	80.00	June 7,'20	99.00	98.10	....	Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, '32-47	....	....	....	....	....	98.00	98.50	....
101.72	July 18,'22	84.00	May 21,'20	98.10	98.42	1114	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	98.58	98.60	98.62	98.42	—.14	98.42	98.54	4.08
101.40	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	98.74	98.50	....	Liberty 1st cv. 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.00	July 24,'22	81.40	May 20,'20	98.80	98.00	691	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	98.10	98.10	98.00	98.04	—.06	98.00	98.06	4.22
100.80	July 21,'22	83.50	Dec. 23,'20	98.70	97.70	3	Liberty 2d cv. 4¼s, reg.	97.70	97.94	97.74	97.94	—.06	....	....	....
101.00	July 20,'22	85.60	Dec. 22,'20	98.98	98.72	2174	Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	98.86	98.86	98.72	98.76	—.08	98.70	98.78	4.48
100.88	July 25,'22	82.40	May 19,'20	98.94	98.66	....	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg.	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....
101.86	July 27,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	99.00	98.28	1815	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.44	98.44	98.28	98.28	—.14	98.26	98.36	4.29
101.02	July 26,'22	82.44	May 20,'20	98.90	98.22	6	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg.	98.26	98.26	98.22	98.22	—.12	....	....	....
100.98	May 10,'22	84.70	May 20,'20	100.22	100.18	514	Victory 4¾s, 1922-23	100.18	100.20	100.18	100.20	....	100.18	100.20	3.97
100.90	Apr. 5,'22	94.66	May 21,'20	100.06	100.00	6	Victory 4¾s, 1923, reg.	100.02	100.02	100.06	100.00	—.04	....	....	....
100.14	Oct. 19,'22	96.90	Oct. 17,'22	100.04	99.80	115	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	99.92	99.94	99.90	99.90	—.06	99.86	99.94	4.35
99.82	Jan. 24,'23	99.64	Dec. 7,'22	99.82	99.82	....	Treasury 4¼s, registered	....	....	....	....	....	....	....	....

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine tem 7s 1927	2 101¾	1 101¾	13 101¾	12 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	1 101¾
2 101¾	13 101¾	12 101¾	10 101¾	1 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90
13 101¾	12 101¾	10 101¾	1 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼
12 101¾	10 101¾	1 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼
10 101¾	1 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼
1 101¾	27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼
27 101¾	2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947
2 101¾	5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾
5 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾
1 101¾	1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90
1 101¾	1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼
1 101¾	14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937
14 90	2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼
2 90¼	1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼
1 90¼	8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102
8 90¼	1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾
1 90¼	new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102
new, 1947	2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼
2 89¾	3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102
3 89¾	14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼
14 90	2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929
2 90¼	Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½
Am Sugar Ref temp 6s 1937	59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼
59 102¼	2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼
2 102¼	4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼
4 102	1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½
1 101¾	3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½
3 102	1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946
1 102¼	3 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾
6 102	1 102¼	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾
3 102¾	Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾
Am Tel & Tel col 4s, 1929	5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾
5 91½	1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾
1 91¼	1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾
1 91¼	2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾
2 91¼	16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945
16 91½	5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾
5 91½	col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾
col tr 5s 1946	2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾
2 98¾	1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,
1 98¾	1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936
1 98¾	21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼
21 98¾	8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼
8 98¾	6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼
6 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼
5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼
7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,
31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942
2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94
17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾
Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾
1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts
1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93
1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾
9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾
9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93
5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾
1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾
1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926
1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾
3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼
2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103
6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾
33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾
18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102
1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾
11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾
1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952
7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾
Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99
5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾
6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾
6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98
5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½
15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99
5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½
14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾
5 100¾	tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91
tem 5s 1952	33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa
33 98¾	10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,
10 99	1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim
1 98¾	5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts
5s10f. 98¾	28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾
28 98	10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾
10s7f. 98½	4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾
4s6f. 99	10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾
10 99½	1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾
1 98¾	12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945
12 91	Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾
Eell Tel of Pa	1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾
1st & ref 5s,	1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾
1948 interim	rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,
rcts	2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936
2 98¾	5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼
5 98¾	2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼
2 98¾	12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼
12 98¾	5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼
5 98¾	7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼
7s, 1945	31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,
31 107¾	2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942
2 107¾	17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94
17 107¾	Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾
Beth Steel pur money Co,	1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾
1936	1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts
1 90¼	1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93
1 90¼	9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾
9 90¼	9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾
9 90¼	5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93
5 90¼	1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾
1st & ref 5s,	1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾
1942	1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926
1 94	3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾
3 93¾	2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼
2 93¾	6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103
6s, 1962, tr rcts	33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾
33 93	18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾
18 92¾	1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102
1s7f. 92¾	11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾
11 93	1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾
1s5f. 92¾	7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5 100¾	tem 5s 1952
7 92¾	Dom of Can a f 5s 1926	5 100¾	6 100¼	6C 103	5 100¾	15 101¾	5 102	14 100¾	5

Missouri, Kansas & Texas
Old and new issues and scrip

Registered Bonds—all issues
Binghamton Lt., Ht. & Pr. 5s, '42
Illinois Central Traction 5s
"New Haven" 3½s, 4s, 6s
Railroad Securities Co. 4s
Central New Eng. 4s
Interboro 5s, 6s, 7s
U. S. Steel 5s

Specialists in
"Baby" Bonds
$100 & $500 pieces
All Issues
Foreign Bonds
Liberty Bonds
Coupon-Registered
All issues and denominations
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Members New York Stock Exchange
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TELEPHONE BROAD 7740.

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Equipment D
Industrial
Public Utility S

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16 Exchange Place, New York
Telephone—Bowling Green 8686

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NEW READING PLAN FILED WITH COURT

Divides Liability Two-Thirds to Holding Company and One-Third to Coal Company.

IRON COMPANY SWITCHED

Goes to Reading Coal and Iron Company for $8,000,000 After Paying $6,000,000 Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 30.—The second modified plan for the dissolution of the combination maintained through the Reading Company, which was declared illegal by the United States Supreme Court in April, 1920, was filed in the United States District Court today.

It provides for dividing the liability of the Reading Company, the holding corporation of all of the Reading's interests, with the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company in the proportion of two-thirds to the holding company and one-third to the coal company.

The stock of the Reading Iron Company is to be transferred from the Reading Company to the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company for $8,000,000, the iron company first to pay $6,000,000 from its surplus assets to the holding company.

The first plan in the long litigation to separate the various Reading companies was made in June, 1921, but it was carried to the United States Supreme Court by dissatisfied interests, and the higher court last May ordered certain modifications to make the dissolution more effective.

The Supreme Court directed the attention of the lower court to the question whether the Federal commodities clause or the Constitution of Pennsylvania would be violated if the Reading Company, when it becomes a railroad company under the first plan, were to retain the stock of the Reading Iron Company. The Reading Company in its second modified plan filed today states that it will not contest the point, and makes provision in the second plan for the disposition of the stock of the iron company.

Judge J. Whitaker Thompson in the Federal Court, after the second plan was filed today, fixed Feb. 20 as the final day on which objections can be filed to the plan.

A statement issued by counsel for the Reading, embodying the changes from those in the first plan, said:

"The plan contemplates dividing the liability of the Reading Company (with which will be merged the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company) and the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company on the $94,627,000 joint general mortgage bonds outstanding, in the proportion of two-thirds to the Reading company and one-third to the coal company.

"In pursuance of an intimation contained in the decision of the Supreme Court, the plan further contemplates transferring the equity in the stock of the Reading Iron Company, subject to the general mortgage, from the Reading Company to the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company for the sum of $8,000,000 to be paid by the latter to the former, the iron company having first paid a dividend of $6,000,000 out of surplus assets to the Reading Company.

"The plan now submitted does not differ in any other material respect from that which was approved by the District Court in June, 1921. The right of both preferred and common stock holders of the Reading Company to purchase certificates of interest in 1,400,000 shares of no-par stock of the new coal company is unchanged. Such 1,400,000 shares will be sold to Reading stockholders for $4 a share. As there are 2,800,000 shares of Reading stock, this means a payment of $2 per share of Reading stock outstanding.

"The plan is accompanied by a supplement offering to the holders of the general mortgage bonds the privilege of receiving in exchange for each $1,000 principal amount of bonds surrendered:

"One hundred dollars cash; $600 4 per cent. seventy-four-year general (or, if and when practicable, first), and refunding mortgage gold bonds, Series A, of the Reading Company; $300 of 4½ per cent. fifty-year refunding mortgage sinking fund gold bonds of the coal company.

"This offer is conditional upon the acceptance by the holders of at least 75 per cent. of the amount of the bonds.

"The 'new coal company' referred to in the third paragraph of the statement is provided for in the original plan.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	82.84	82.09	82.60	+ .34
25 industrials	110.97	110.17	110.33	+ .36
50 stocks	97.40	96.13	96.61	+ .35

DAILY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Jan. 25	87.19	86.37	86.89	+ .56
Jan. 26	87.32	86.53	86.71	+ .71
Jan. 27	86.62	85.71	86.43	+ .71
Jan. 29	86.49	85.58	86.27	+ .71
Jan. 30	86.38	85.16	85.36	+ .07
Jan. 31	86.13	85.16	85.69	+ .40

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1923	87.89 Jan. 5	84.17 Jan. 17	86.61
*1922	70.27 Jan. 30	60.51 Jan. 10	68.47
1921	72.53 Jan. 11	67.09 Jan. 3	70.63
1920	85.12 Jan. 3	67.56 Jan. 19	67.56
1919	84.80 Jan. 21	69.71 Jan. 17	71.16

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1923	87.89 Jan. 5	84.17 Jan. 17	86.61
†1922	70.27 Jan. 30	60.51 Jan. 10	68.47

Full Years.

1922	86.06 Oct. 11	60.51 Jan. 10	86.06
1921	78.13 May 9	63.05 June 21	68.06
1920	94.07 Apr. 3	67.56 Dec. 22	67.56
1919	96.07 Oct. 21	69.71 Jan. 17	71.16
1918	86.16 Nov. 11	74.13 Jan. 12	79.28

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change	Year.
45 issues 78.33	—.03	+2.19

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

Jan. 29	78.41	—.02	Jan. 19	78.70	+.15
Jan. 25	78.62	—.01	Jan. 17	78.86	—.11
Jan. 26	78.45	—.03	Jan. 17	78.44	—.12
Jan. 27	78.45		Jan. 16	78.86	—.30
Jan. 29	78.56	—.11	Jan. 13	78.95	—.08
Jan. 24	78.45	—.10	Jan. 19	78.94	—.07
Jan. 25	78.58	—.01	Jan. 19	78.86	—.08
Jan. 26	78.56	—.11	Jan. 13	78.95	—.08
Jan. 29	78.67	—.03	Jan. 11	79.06	—.03

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1923	78.13	Jan. 3	78.33	Jan. 30	78.33
†1922	77.07	Jan. 28	78.01	Jan. 3	78.22

Full Years.

1922	82.54	Aug. 22	75.01	Jan. 3	79.13
1921	76.81	Nov. 29	67.86	June 20	75.27
1920	78.14	Oct. 21	66.57	May 11	66.57
1919	79.06	June 3	71.09	Mar. 31	72.09
1918	83.26	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	75.78

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

AMERICAN UTILITIES PLAN.

Reorganization Provides for an Exchange of Preferred for New Stock.

The reorganization committee of the American Public Utilities Company has mailed the proposed plan of reorganization to the company's stockholders. This calls for the elimination of the present 6 per cent. preferred stock through the exchange into new prior preferred 7 per cent. stock and 6 per cent. participating preferred on the basis of 3-10 shares of the prior preferred and 6-10 share of the participating preferred for each share of the present 6 per cent. preferred, with its right to accumulate dividends, and the dividend scrip or secured dividend notes.

Where holders of the 6 per cent. preferred are not owners of scrip or dividend notes they will be required to pay $7.50 in addition to surrendering their stock for exchange. The management announces payment of dividends beginning April 1, 1923, on the new issues provided the plan is consummated.

North American Oil's New Officers.

The North American Oil Company yesterday announced the retirement of its Chairman of the Board of Directors and its President. Lawrence Chamberlain was elected Chairman and Milton J. Foster, President. The stock of the North American Oil Company was admitted to trading on the Stock Exchange last November, but following a sharp drop in price, trading was suspended and an investigation started by the Exchange Governors. The stock was stricken from the list as a result of the findings of the investigating committee.

STEEL CORPORATION NET EARNINGS GAIN

Total for Last Year, $101,647,661, Compares With $92,726,058 for 1921.

TO PAY REGULAR DIVIDENDS

Wall Street Is Disappointed Over Report—Increased Wages Cut Into Profits.

The United States Steel Corporation in its statement of earnings covering the last quarter of 1922, issued after the close of business on the Stock Exchange yesterday, reports net earnings of $27,-823,302, against $27,468,339 in the September quarter, and $19,612,033 in the last quarter of 1921. The company again failed to earn the quarterly dividend requirements on the common stock, there being reported a deficit of $1,376,356 after payment of the regular dividends on both the common and preferred stock against a deficit of $1,839,002 after the same deductions in the previous quarter, and $5,280,901 in the last quarter of 1921.

The amount available for dividends in the last quarter of 1922 was $11,283,346 after allowing for a credit adjustment of $982,346. After providing for dividends on the preferred stock the amount available for the common stock was equal to 97 cents a share on the $308,-302,500 common stock of $100 a share par value outstanding. In the third quarter the amount available for the common stock was equal to 98 cents a share, and in the last quarter of 1921 to 21 cents a share.

Net earnings for the full year 1922, as compiled from the quarterly statements, amounted to $101,647,661, against $92,726,058 in the previous year. After payment of all expenses, interests, taxes and provisions for depreciation, the balance available for dividends for the full year amounted to $39,708,031, against $36,617,017 in 1921. After providing for preferred dividends for the year the balance available for the common stock amounted to $14,488,354, equal to $2.85 a share on the total common stock. In the previous year the balance available for the common stock was equal to $2.24 a share. After payment of all dividends a deficit of $10,926,771 is reported for 1922, against $14,017,785 after the same payments in 1921.

Wall Street Disappointed.

Comment in the financial district, after publication of the report, indicated that the report was a decided disappointment to the rank and file in Wall Street. For some time past optimistic statements had been circulated as to the report covering the last quarter of the year. These expectations were based upon the movement of steel from the mills, following settlement of the railway shopmen's strike last Summer and early Fall.

The reason for Wall Street's going wide astray of the mark in the matter of predicting earnings, according to the opinion expressed in the trade, was its miscalculation of the effect that the 20 per cent. increase in wages announced in August and effective Sept. 1, 1922, and the higher prices for fuel and coke had upon the profits of the company. These factors were clearly reflected in the statement of earnings by months, which for September showed the first signs of the effect of the wage increase, but it had been expected that this would be partly overcome by increased operations. The report for the fourth quarter, however, shows not a single month's earnings equaling the total for either August, July or June, when the industry was operating at full capacity following the deflation of 1920 and 1921.

Comparison of Earnings.

The detailed statement of earnings for the fourth quarter of the year compared with the same period in 1921 follows:

	Dec. 31 '22.	Dec. 31 '21.
Net earnings	$27,823,302	$19,612,033
Divs. starting 1% on	16,193,568	8,260,081
Net income	$15,629,839	$11,351,913
Int. U. S. R. Bonds	6,069,405	6,025,766
Balance	$10,230,304	$5,326,246
Adjustments	982,965	1,061,565
Total	$11,283,346	$7,377,901
Pref. dividends	3,304,920	3,304,920
Common dividends	8,982,723	4,853,786
Deficit	$1,275,358	$5,280,901
Net earnings, expenses, &c., for the full year 1922, as compiled from the quarterly statements, compared with the previous year, follow:		
	1922.	1921.
Net earnings	$101,647,661	$92,726,058
Depr. sinking fd. &c.	48,735,323	36,758,206
Net income	$52,965,482	$55,967,852
Int. U. S. R. Bonds	20,107,382	20,497,044
Balance	$32,755,048	$35,520,788
Adjustments	982,965	1,061,565
Balance	$33,708,083	$36,617,017
Preferred dividends	23,219,677	23,219,677
Common dividends	20,415,125	20,415,125
Deficit	$10,926,771	$14,017,785

Earnings by Months.

The following table gives the net earnings by months for the last year as compared with the two preceding years:

	1922.	1921.	1920.
December	$9,922,587	$4,991,227	$12,009,500
November	9,968,351	9,446,889	15,098,919
October	8,556,364	8,204,558	16,778,448
T'l 4th quar.	$27,553,302	$19,612,033	$43,877,867
September	$7,019,560	$7,257,657	$16,174,429
August	10,415,035	8,508,799	16,445,418
July	9,853,664	5,157,885	10,456,805
T'l 3d quar.	$27,488,259	$18,918,058	$43,067,840
June	$10,712,004	$6,325,112	$15,709,741
May	8,837,857	5,711,946	15,357,918
April	7,700,054	7,336,000	12,190,466
T'l 2d quar.	$27,286,915	$21,892,018	$43,158,705
March	$8,505,198	$7,741,403	$10,704,500
February	6,180,686	10,187,996	13,680,919
January	4,654,134	14,387,474	18,563,300
T'l 1st quar.	$19,339,988	$32,296,723	$43,068,019

The Board of Directors yesterday declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. on the common stock and the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock. The common dividend is payable March 30 to stockholders of record Feb. 27 and the preferred on Feb. 27 to stockholders of record Feb. 6.

Victor Co. to Build Big Addition.

The Victor Talking Machine Company has completed arrangements for the erection of a $1,000,000 addition to its plant at Camden, N. J. The next extension will be designed and built by Stone & Webster, Inc. The addition will consist of two structures, the more important being a record manufacturing building, eight stories high, approximately 436 feet long, with a width ranging from 70 to 90 feet.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Antimony	7.12½	7.37½	7.13½	7.37½
Quicksilver	72.00		72.00	
Aluminum	23.00	25.00	23.00	25.00
Iron No. 2X				
silicon		31.25		31.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted at .12½ on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	95	17	6	95	2	6
Copper, futures	98	10	0	98	17	6
Tin, spot	180	5	0	186	0	0
Tin, futures	187	15	0	187	10	0
Spelter, spot	37	5	0	36	12	6
Spelter, futures	35	10	0	34	17	6
Lead, spot	26	17	6	26	5	0
Lead, futures	26	12	6	26	0	0

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	R.C.	Bid.	Ask.	Approx. Yield.
March	1923	5½	99¼	100	5.46
March	1923	4¼	100	100¼	3.45
May	1923	4¼	100.20	100.22	3.67
June	1919	4½	101%	101%	4.30
June	1923	5½	99¾	99¾	5.63
September	1923	5½	99¾	100	5.72
June	1923	4¼	99¾	100¼	4.47
September	1923	4¼	99	99¼	4.60
December	1923	4	98¾	100	5.09
September	1924	5½	101¼	101¾	4.58
March	1924	4¼	100¼	100¾	4.56
March	1925	4¼	100¼	100¾	4.49
December	1925	4½	99¾	100	4.49
December	1927	4½	99¾	100	4.49

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

France Break 6-Cent Point for the First Time in More Than Two Years.

For the first time in two years francs yesterday broke through the 6-cent mark and sold at 5.99½ cents, as compared with 6.12½ cents on the previous day. There was sympathetic weakness throughout the entire list of Continentals, Belgian francs losing approximately 10 points at 5.35 cents and lire selling down to 4.78 cents as compared with 4.74½ cents on the previous day. German marks continue to lose standing and sold down to the new low for all time of .0020 cents as compared with the last price of .0025 cent at the close of the previous day.

Sterling's performances yesterday, although in a dull market, was the outstanding feature. Preliminary trading exhibited an advance of a full cent over the 4.69¾ figure, at which it closed Monday. Some of this gain was lost as the day progressed, but the final price of 4.69 was considerably above Monday's close. The exchanges as a whole continue to mark time awaiting developments in the Ruhr Valley. The Continentals, particularly the exchanges of France, Belgium and Germany, are unsettled to weak, but much of this weakness may be attributed to speculative offerings for the decline. London was reported to be a particularly heavy seller of francs yesterday and some of this liquidation, too, came from Amsterdam.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

TUESDAY, JAN. 30, 1923.

Rates of Sixty Days' Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Year Ago.
LONDON	4.69¾	4.69¾	4.69¾	4.74½
PARIS	6.17½	6.00¾	6.00¾	6.13½
AMSTERDAM	40.15	40.10	40.10	40.19
BERLIN	.0025	.0020	.0020	.0060
MADRID	16.37	15.93	15.94	16.04
STOCKHOLM	26.75	26.62	26.75	26.72

CLOSING RATES.

Sterling.

	Tues. Sight.	Mon. Cables.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.8665 per pound.				
Demand	4.69	4.69¾	4.69¾	$4.74½
Cables	4.69¾	4.70¼	4.69¾	4.74¾
Com'l 60 days	4.61¾	4.62¼	4.62¼	4.70
Com'l 90 days	4.60¾	4.61¼	4.61¼	4.69¾
Com'l 4 months	4.59¾	4.60¼	4.60¼	4.68¾
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	6.00¾	6.14¾	6.46¾	5.17¾
Cables	6.00¾	6.15	6.50	5.18
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.74¾	4.74¾	4.77	4.59¾
Cables	4.75¼	4.75	4.77¼	4.57
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.35	5.40¾	5.73¾	7.89¼
Cables	5.35¼	5.40	5.73	7.89
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.0020	.0025	.0060	.49%
Cables	.0020	.0025	.0060	.49%
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0014	.0014	.0014¾	.00%
Cables	.0014	.0014	.0014¾	.00%
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.88	2.90	2.89	1.34½
Cables	2.88	2.90	2.89	1.34½
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	19.10	19.20	19.30	20.15
Cables	19.15	19.20	19.30	20.18
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	3.40	3.43	3.40	3.02
Cables	3.40	3.43	3.40	3.04
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	1.34	1.37	1.32	4.65
Cables	1.37	1.30	1.35	4.59
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.28	39.28	39.50	36.85
Cables	39.43	39.43	39.50	36.98
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0078	.0078	.0078	.1374
Cables	.0078	.0078	.0078	.1374
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	18.82	18.81	18.82	18.60
Cables	18.82	18.83	18.84	18.62
POLAND—Par 19.3 cents per marka.				
Demand	.0080	.0083	.0086	.0814
Cables	.0080	.0083	.0086	.0814
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.0574	.58	.611	.75
Cables	.584	.58	.61	.75
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	.57	.57	.57	1.34
Cables	.57	.57	.57	1.34

Rates of Sixty Days' Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Final.	Year Ago.
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.54	15.51	15.51	15.92
Cables	15.57	15.54	15.54	15.95
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.75	26.75	26.75	26.72
Cables	26.75	26.75	26.75	26.72
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.67	18.62	18.62	18.72
Cables	18.67	18.62	18.62	18.72

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per unit of silver dollar (Mexican dollar) per tael for Shanghai and Peking, Hongkong, Tientsin and Mukden; per cent premium per tael for Hongkong demand.	68.50	68.42	68.42	68.42
Hongkong, demand	68.33	68.25	68.25	68.25
Peking, demand	70.13	70.13	70.13	70.13
Shanghai, demand	70.25	70.13	70.13	74.75
Shanghai, cables	70.37	70.25	70.25	74.88
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally established at one-thirty-second of a pound sterling.				
Demand	33.13	33.13	33.13	37.69
Cables	33.16	33.16	33.16	37.72
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	49.875	49.875	49.875	49.88
Cables	50.625	50.625	50.625	49.75
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	39.875	39.875	39.88	37.75
Cables	39.94	39.94	39.94	37.88
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	45.25	45.25	45.38	47.25
Cables	45.50	45.50	45.75	47.50

South America.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	36.69	36.88	37.25	35.69
Cables	37.00	37.00	37.38	35.94
BRAZIL—Par 32.4 cents per milreis.				
Demand	11.50	11.40	11.50	13.75
Cables	11.55	11.50	11.59	13.81
CHILE—Par 25 cents per peso.				
Demand	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.94
Cables	11.69	11.69	11.69	11.94
PERU—Par 84.6969 per pound.				
Demand	4.11	4.11	4.12	3.98
Cables	4.12	4.12	4.13	3.98
URUGUAY—Par 81.03426 per peso.				
Demand	78.38	78.13	78.50	78.38
Cables	78.63	78.38	78.75	78.63

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	98.94	98.94	99.0	99.0

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian rubles notes were as follows:

Par, $1.40 cents per rubin.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per rubin	.07	.17
500 ruble notes, per rubin	.07	.17

How will you invest that $700?

There are many things you can do with a sum of money that you don't need for current use. But whatever you do with it, one thing is certain—you want to put it where you can get all of it back again later.

And one other thing is certain—you want your money to *work* for you, to produce as much income as it can safely.

The way of safety is to put your money into substantial property, something more tangible than hopes or promises. This does not mean you have to take a low rate of interest.

The bonds we deal in are first mortgages on necessary American industries and on valuable real estate. They pay 6% to 7% and are backed by actual property worth more than their face value.

These bonds are of companies that we finance direct; hence we have first-hand, expert knowledge of the properties. This intimate knowledge enables us to render you direct and personal service in regard to your investments.

We are here to be useful to you. Experience gained in fifty-eight years of investment banking is at your disposal. Write, or, if you prefer, telephone, and we will supply you with timely information about our bonds and our service.

Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Inc.
ESTABLISHED 1865
366 MADISON AVENUE, NEW YORK CITY
TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 10495
CHICAGO, DETROIT, MILWAUKEE, ST. LOUIS

All bonds having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

$650,000

Philadelphia Suburban Gas & Electric Company

General Mortgage 6% Gold Bonds

Dated December 1, 1919 **Due December 1, 1969**

Redeemable at the option of the company as a whole or in part on any interest date upon 30 days' published notice at 105 and accrued interest. Interest payable June 1 and December 1 in Philadelphia. Coupon bonds in interchangeable denominations of $500 and $1,000 registerable as principal only. Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia, Successor Trustee.

GUARANTEED AS TO PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST BY ENDORSEMENT BY THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY.

The Company will pay interest without deduction of the normal Federal Income Tax payable at the source up to 2%. Free of Pennsylvania Four Mill Tax

From a letter of Mr. M. W. Stroud, President of the Company, we summarize as follows:

Philadelphia Suburban Gas & Electric Company owns and operates electric and gas properties serving the greater part of the suburban territory adjacent to the City of Philadelphia, including one of the greatest industrial centers of the State of Pennsylvania. The Company has electric generating stations with a combined capacity of 30,000 horsepower with 15,000 additional on order and seven gas plants with a daily capacity of 11,075,000 cubic feet of gas, serving over 61,000 customers representing a population estimated at 500,000.

The proceeds of these bonds will be used to reimburse the Company for additions already made.

These bonds, in the opinion of counsel, are secured by a mortgage on all of the property subject only to $9,998,000 (closed) underlying bonds. Additional bonds may be issued for refunding purposes or for 70% of the cost of additions and improvements to the property made subsequent to March 1, 1922, provided net earnings for twelve consecutive months within the preceding fourteen months are equal to 1¼ times the interest charges on all bonds outstanding, including this issue and those about to be issued.

Gross earnings for the year ended November 30, 1922, amounted to $4,101,870 and net earnings amounted to $1,400,912 or equal to nearly twice the annual interest requirements on the total bonded debt outstanding with the public, including this issue.

The value of the properties as of March 30, 1921, as fixed by the Public Service Commission of the State of Pennsylvania is $20,500,000. This valuation has been increased by additions made up to November 30, 1922, and property not covered thereby to $22,199,649, as compared to total bonded debt outstanding with the public of $13,348,000 including this issue.

All legal details pertaining to this issue will be approved by Messrs. Townsend, Elliott & Munson, of Philadelphia

The above bonds are offered when, as and if issued and received by us and subject to the approval of counsel.

Price 96 and accrued interest to yield about 6.25%

Stroud & Company
Incorporated

NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE WASHINGTON

The information contained in this advertisement has been obtained from sources which we consider reliable, and, while not guaranteed, it is accepted by us as correct.

Federal Income Tax Exempt Bonds

Yield	Amount	Issue	Rate	Maturity
3.75%	$200,000	State of Rhode Island.....YMCJ	4%	1960
3.75	200,000	State of Rhode Island.....YMCJ	3½	1939
3.90	60,000	Fairfield, Conn. .....YC*	4	1948
4.15	280,000	Passaic, N. J. .....YJC*	4¼	1925-54
4.25-4.40	335,000	Muscatine, Iowa .....*	4½	1924-42
4.40	385,000	Clifton, N. J. .....J*	4¾	1923
4.50-4.60	150,000	Charleston, S. C.	6	1924-32
4.50	180,000	Summit County, O. (Akron).....	5	1924-36
4.50	85,000	Ocean City, N. J. .....YJ*	5	1924-57
4.70	25,000	Fairview, N. J. .....J*	5½	1928-55
4.70	45,000	Durham, N. C.	5¼	1927-31
4.75	95,000	Perry County, Ky.	5	1928-53
4.80	65,000	Bertie County, N. C.	5½	1924-36
4.85	300,000	Everett, Wash. .....*	5¼	1934-38
4.85	20,000	St. Petersburg, Fla.	5½	1950
4.875	290,000	Concord, N. C.	5¼	1927-43
4.90	260,000	Reidsville, N. C.	5¼	1925-43
5.00	100,000	Seattle, Wash., L. & P. Plant....*	6	1927-41

*Tax Exempt in State of Issue.

Legal Investments for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in (Y) New York, (M) Massachusetts, (C) Connecticut, (J) New Jersey.

Descriptive Circular on any of the above issues will be sent upon request.

R. M. GRANT & CO.
Incorporated
Boston New York Chicago

$1,000,000

GUARANTEED

First Mortgage Certificates

Netting

5½%

For Five Years

Secured by New Apartment Buildings in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Descriptive circular E.C.-190 on request

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.

R. M. HURD, President
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
59 Nassau St., New York
184 Montague St., Brooklyn
161-31 Jamaica Ave., Jamaica
No Loss to Any Investor in our 30 Years of Operation and We Guarantee There Never Shall Be.

We recommend the sale of

C. M. & St. P. 5s, 2014

and the purchase of

B'way & 7 Ave. 5s, 1943

Market on both about 66.
Orders Executed at the Market.

This is No. 45 of the series of exchanges we are recommending. Exchange No. 46 will appear in this space next Saturday. Our Consulting Service can suggest profitable exchanges for you.

Letter on request.

Paul Plunkett & Co.
INCORPORATED
Financial Counsel
National City Building
17 East 42 Street.

EXEMPT FROM FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

MUNICIPAL BONDS

FAIRFAX COUNTY
VIRGINIA

5% Road Bonds
Due Dec. 15, 1942-32

Population 21,943.
Net bonded debt less than 3% of assessed valuation.

Price 4.60% Basis

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RAILROADS' GROSS INCOMES INCREASE

But Annual Reports of Some Systems Show Profits Under 1921 Figures.

SOUTHERN LINES PROSPER

Freight Shipments Prove Cotton Crop Is Not as Important a Factor as Formerly.

Railroad earning reports announced yesterday included those of several large systems and these as a general rule showed increases for December, 1922, in both gross and net incomes over December, 1921. For the full year the preliminary figures showed a substantial gain in gross as compared with 1921 and also compared favorably with the 1920 figures. Net earnings were mixed, some showing an increase and others a decrease as compared with the 1921 net figures, but compared with 1920 the net figures of 1922 were distinctly better, in several cases contrasting with deficits in 1920, which was a year of unusually high operating costs.

The Southern roads as a class reflected the prosperity which has resulted in that section because of higher cotton prices. Shipments of other freight, including manufactured articles, also stood up well, indicating that the South is depending proportionately less each year upon its cotton crop for revenues following the expansion of various industries. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company reported for the twelve-month period gross business of $121,140,207 against $117,158,366 in 1921, and $127,297,582 in 1920. Net operating income was $17,637,714, an increase of $13,763,288 over last year. For the month of December the company reported a gross of $10,370,585, an increase of $1,965,466 over December of 1921, while net was $1,370,119, an increase of $1,606,507.

The report of the Southern Railway Company reflected similar improvement. Gross for 1922 having been $128,489,457 a nominal decrease of $223,303 as compared with 1921, but more than offset through operating economies, which made it possible for the company to report a net operating income of $20,477,778, an increase of $6,500,995 as compared with 1921. December gross was $12,224,292, an increase of $1,720,054 over 1921 and net operating income of $3,402,223, an increase of $550,098.

The Canadian Pacific reported for the full year an increase in net, despite the reduction in rates on grain shipments in that country, which it had been expected would considerably reduce this figure. Gross business was $185,675,035, against $193,021,854 in 1921 and $216,641,849 in 1920. Net after expenses, however, was $36,301,601, against $34,201,740 in 1921 and $33,153,044 in 1920. For December the company reported gross of $17,560,000, an increase of $1,826,710, and net after expenses of $3,484,865, an increase of $1,547,023.

The report of the Union Pacific system showed an improvement in earnings during December, but for the full year there were decreases in both net and gross, this company having been affected chiefly through the strike of shopmen. For the year gross was $102,577,121, a decrease, as compared with 1921, of $8,093,097, while net operating income stood at $23,406,217, a decrease of $1,820,003. For December the system reported gross of $17,156,151, an increase of $1,806,211, and net operating income totaled $4,701,652, an increase of $824,690.

Another road which showed substantial increases in net and gross earnings for both the month of December and for the full year was the New York, Chicago & St. Louis, while gains in December net and gross were shown by the Burlington, Wabash, Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh, St. Louis Southwestern, and the Missouri Pacific, although for the full year gross business was in most cases slightly below the 1921 figures.

PAPER MARKS INCREASE 216 BILLIONS IN WEEK

All Records Broken by German Inflation in Third Week of January.

BERLIN, Jan. 30.—The statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany as of Jan. 23 shows the following changes, in marks:

Total coin and bullion		
Gold	Increased	11,000
Treasury and loan	unchanged.	
association notes	increased	23,229,484,000
Notes of other banks	increased	3,270,000
Bills of exchange and cheque	increased	85,817,007,000
Disc. and Treas.		
ury bills	increased	184,306,998,000
Advances	increased	2,397,276,000
Investments	decreased	22,036,000
Other assets	decreased	406,786,000
Notes in circulation	increased	216,794,815,000
Deposits	increased	84,132,762,000
Other liabilities	increased	6,400,660,000

Total gold holdings as of Jan. 22 were 1,004,842,000 marks, as compared with 1,004,842,000 on Jan. 13, 1,004,843,000 on Jan. 6, 995,249,000 in the same week last year and 1,091,554,000 in 1921.

The following table gives the total of German note circulation over a period of weeks, figures in thousands of marks:

	1923.	1922.	1921.
Jan. 23	1,654,055,840	111,830,569	66,018,450
Jan. 15	1,437,258,534	112,803,900	66,546,702
Jan. 6	1,335,978,278	112,140,238	67,976,386
	1923.	1922.	1921.
Dec. 30	1,279,573,584	112,659,330	68,905,008
Dec. 23	1,136,328,535	108,995,916	67,125,736
Dec. 15	969,620,766	108,387,276	66,147,187
Dec. 7	846,312,638	101,608,050	64,034,355
Nov. 30	755,507,852	100,763,057	64,254,415
Nov. 22	643,168,492	96,283,320	63,583,243
Nov. 15	581,622,808	93,168,123	64,005,288
Nov. 7	516,454,852	92,439,420	63,690,113
Oct. 31	466,878,871	91,347,096	63,206,640
Oct. 23	409,392,054	87,983,020	62,066,107
Oct. 14	373,925,085	87,547,882	62,078,400
Oct. 7	343,930,384	87,254,076	62,075,494
Sep. 30	316,288,852	86,205,711	61,755,480
Sep. 23	29,0008,400	82,178,865	59,263,861
Sep. 15	271,018,010	81,469,115	58,927,995
Sep. 9	251,788,004	80,726,951	58,762,520
Aug. 31	327,542,418	80,073,146	58,063,243
Aug. 23	214,583,515	68,001,101	56,653,231
Aug. 15	204,490,602	68,206,600	56,461,853
Aug. 7	197,878,922	77,256,520	56,000,353
July 30	189,784,624	77,890,858	55,778,640
	1921.	1920.	1919.
Dec. 31	113,450,889	68,895,008	35,698,350
Nov. 30	100,763,507	62,852,500	31,905,820
	1918.	1917.	1913.
Nov. 6	16,959,290	10,103,740	7,246,200
	1914.	1913.	1912.
July 26	1,800,003	1,356,320	1,044,300

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 6s, 1949		
Argentine 7s, 1927		
Belgium 6s, 1925		
Belgium 7½s, 1945		
Belgium 8s, 1941		
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952		
Can. Steamship 7s, 1942		
City of Bergen 6s, 1945		
City of Berne 8s, 1945		
City of Bordeaux 6s, 1934		
City of St. Prague 7½s, '52		
City of P. Alegre 8s		
U. S. of Brazil 5s, 1941		
U. S. of Brazil 7½s, '52		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926		
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931		
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952		
Holland-Am. Line 4s, 1947		
Rep. of Colombia 6½s, '27		
Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926		
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946		
Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952		
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951		
City of Christiania 8s, '45		
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944		
City of Montevideo 7s, '52		
Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51		
Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, '47		
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944		
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949		
Rep. Cuba ext. 5½s, 1952		
Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949		
Denmark 8s, 1945		
Denmark 6s, 1942		
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. '46		
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46		
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947		
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962		
Fran. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42		
French Gov. 7½s, 1941		
French Gov. 8s, 1945		
Italy 6½s, 1925		
Japanese 4s, 1931		
Japanese 4½s, 1925		
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25		
Jurgens U. M. W. 8s, 1947		
City of Lyons 6s, 1934		
City of Marseilles 6s, 1934		
City of Soissons 6s, 1936		
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954		
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945		
Mex. Irrigation 4½s, 1943		
King. of Serbs., C. & S. 8s		
King. of Neth. 6s, 1972		
King. of Norway 8s, 1940		
King. of Nor. cfs. 6s, '52		
Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, 1958		
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947		
State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941		
State of Rio G. do Sul, 8s, 1946		
Cal Pack..	80¾	81
Cal & Ari..	56	56½
Can So..	51	
C'son H G.	7¼	8¼
Case Plow.	3¼	3½
Case (J I) pf.	74	77
C'tain-teed	41¼	47
Do 1st pf	88	93
Do 2d pf	74¾	..
C. C. C. & St. L.	73½	77
Cl & Pitts.	69	80
Do spec.	39	
Clu-P pf.	105	110
Coca-Cola pf.	93	94½
Col F & I	102	
C & S 1st pf.	58½	62
Do 2d pf.	49¾	55
Com'l Al.	40	42
Do B.	29	30½
Con Cigar.	35	36½
Do pf.	79¾	81½
Cons Gas.	134	136
Cosden pf.	107	114¾
Cont C pf.	105	107
Corn P R. pf.	119	121¾
Crex Carp.	25	35
Cruc S pf.	91	92
C-Am Sug pf.	100	101
D P & Lt.	62	..
Do pf.	64	..
De B M.	22½	23¼
D & Co pf.	72	75
D & M pf.	40	..
D, S S & A pf.	5	6
Dur Hosy.	30	..
Do pf.	86	..
E Kod pf.	110	..
Elk H Coal pf.	33½	36½
Em Brantc.	6	8
End-J pf.	..	117¾
Exch B'ld.	25	30
Fair & P pf.	52¾	..
Fam P pf.	95	96½
Fairbanks.	8½	15
F M & S.	9¾	10¾
Fisher Bdy.	159¾	170
G & T Car.	60¼	63¼
Do pf.	100¾	101¾
Gen A pf.	76½	78½
Gen Bak'g pf.	114	116
Gen Cigar pf.	105	109
Do d pf.	107	108
Gimbel Bros pf.	99	99¼
Glidden Co.	10	10¾
Greene-C.	23	25
Gum Sug pf.	98½	101
G S S 1st pf.	..	105¾
Handee M.	19¾	21
Homestake.	78½	79
Hyd S pf.	30	38
Ill C I R.	74	75½
Indiah Ref.	14	14¾
Indian Ref.	5¾	6
Ing-Rand.	104	..
Do pf.	104	..
Int Agrlc.	6	8¼
Do pf.	32	33
Int H pf.	116½	116¾
I & Gt N.	22¼	22¾
Int Shoe pf.	117	120
Int N pf.	70	74
Int Pa pf.	86	110
Int Salt.	90½	..
Iowa Cent.	5	6
Iron Prod pf.	92	100
Jol & Chl.	105	..
K. C. P & L pf.	84¼	100
Kayser (J) 1st pf.	100	102
Kelly Sp T.	..	..
6% pf.	85	88
Do 8% pf.	107	108
Kelsey Wh pf.	98	105
K & D M.	8	10
Do pf.	30	..
Kresge(SS) pf.	111	117¼
Kress(S-H)	96	120
Do pf.	105	120
L P & W pf.	67	70
L & M.	Cl	
B	206	219
Do pf.	115	117¼
L-W Bisc.	56	58
Do 1st pf.	106	115
Do 2d pf.	116	150
Lorill'd Co pf.	113	118½
Mack Tr'ks 1st pf.	92	94
Do 2d pf.	85½	87
Macy pf.	113	114¾
M'key Cos.	114	116
Do pf.	69	69½
Mal'son pf.	90	93½
Met Ed pf.	94	97
Man El.	53	58
Man Elev.	..	45
Do scrip.	..	4¾
Man Shirt pf.	108	120
Monati Sug pf.	78	82
Mkt St Ry	6	8¼
Do pr pf.	66¼	67½
Do 1st pf.	40	41
Do 2d pf.	27¼	28
Martin R.	6¼	15
Martin-P.	28	29
M Dep Sts pf.	116	118
Mex Pet.	270	280
Do pf.	95	105
Mex B'ld'g cfts.	15¼	15¾
Mich Cent.	340	..
Mont Pow.	66	67
Do pf.	111	..
M & B pf.	93	..
Nash Mots.	101	103
Do pf. Cl A	..	99½
Nat B. old.	248¼	..
Do pf.	122	125
Nat C & S.	61¼	62
Do pf.	102½	107
Nat N H, G & E pf.	90	93
Nat Sts pf.	100	101
Nat Ld pf.	112½	113¾
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	6¼	7½
Do 2d pf.	2	3¼
N Y A B.	27	28
N Y C & St L.	82¼	83
Do 1st pf	94	96
Do 2d pf.	85	87
N Y Dock.	21¼	22¾
Do pf.	46¼	48
N Y L & W pf.	97	..
N Y P Power pf.	108	108¾
Norf So.	14	18
N & W pf.	77	80
Nova S S.	25	29¼
Nunnally.	9	10
Ont Min.	5	5¼
Orph Circ pf.	85	87
Otis Elev.	145	149
Owens Bot pf.	107	110
P P & R.	4	4¾
Do pf.	57	60
Par Pa B.	12¼	14
Pat Ed pf.	102	106
Peo & E.	13	14½
Pere M pf.	65	66
Phila Co.	42¼	42½
Phila Co 8% pf.	43	44¼
Phillips-J.	72	78
Pierce O pf	37½	39½
P C C & St L.	80	..
Pitts C pf.	98	99
P Ft W & C.	125	134
Do pf.	139½	142
Pitts S pf.	93¼	100
P R A Tob	64	80
Postum Cer pf.	113	114
Pr Stl Car	65	67
P & R pf.	44	47
P S N J.	..	..
pf.	105	108¾
Pure O pf.	98	99
R R Sec. I C stk cfs.	67¼	70
Ry Stl Spr pf.	115	118
Rand M.	33	34¼
Rem T. Ser S	..	103
Do 2d pf.	80	84
Rens & B.	114	..
Rep & S pf.	80	90¾
Reyn T. A.	90	..
R Refs.	16¼	17
Do 1st pf	80	84
Rutl'd pf.	34	38
Santa C S.	2¼	2¼
Seab A L.	6	6¼
Sears-R pf.	110	111¾
Shat-Ariz.	8¼	9
She'l Trans	35¼	36¼
S-S & I.	47	48¼
So P R S pf.	85	86
So R, M & O	60	70
Stand Mill pf.	94	96
Stern Bros pf.	115	116
Stromb C.	64	66
Studeb Co pf.	112	113
Sup Stl 1st pf.	94	100
T P L Tr.	280	350
Toda W O.	120	128
Tob P pf.	104¼	108
Tr St L W, ex d.	60	70
Do pf, ex div.	52	53
T C R T.	58	59¼
Do pf.	86	..
Und Type.	140	160
Un Dp pf.	115	120
U R & P.	64	65
U T Car.	80¾	82¾
U Alloy S.	33	34
U Cig Sts.	130	135
Do pf.	114	122
U Drug 1st pf.	46¼	46¾
U Ph'board.	16	18¼
U Rys In.	10¾	12
Do pf.	28¾	30
U S C I P pf.	68	69½
U S Ind A	98¼	98¾
U S R & I	90	90¾
Do pf.	103	103½
U S Tob.	14¾	16¼
Do pf.	110	112
Utah Sec.	16½	17¾
Va-Car Ch. B	14¾	16¼
Va I C & Coke	53¼	55
Va R & P.	36	46
Weber & H	12½	12¾
W Pac	17¾	18
W E & M 1st pf.	73	..
Wcstre Stl.	11¾	11¾
Wilson	37	39
Do pf.	86	90
Wor Pump pf. A	24	..
Do pf. B	65	67½
Wright A.	8½	9

U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	102¾	102¾	Pan 2s, c, 1938	102¼	102¾
2s, c, 1930	102¾	102¾	Pan 3s, r, 1961	94	95¼
3s, r, 1946	93½	93½	Pan 3s, c, 1961	95	97
3s, c, 1946	93½	93½	Pan 3s, r, 1961	94	95¼
4s, r, 1925	103	103¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	95	97
4s, c, 1925	103	103¾	Pan 2s, r, 1936	102¼	102¾
Pan 2s, r, 1936	102¼	102¾	Pan 2s, c, 1936	102¼	102¾
Pan 2s, r, 1938	102¼	102¾	Dist of Col 3-65s	98	100

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ad Rumely pf.	48	52	Art Metal.	14½	16¼
Ajax Rub.	13½	13¾	Assets R.	¾	1
Alas G M	¼	⅝	Asso D G 1st pf.	84½	85½
Alb & Sus.	180	..	Do 2d pf.	80	91
All Am C.	105¾	108	A, B & A.	1⅝	2
Alle & W.	100¼	..	Atl Fruit.	2	2¼
Allis-Ch M pf.	93	97	Atl Ref.	133	134
Amal S 1st pf.	90¼	..	Do pf.	118	120
Am Bk N pf.	54½	56	Atlas P'd'r.	160	165
Am B Sug pf.	75	79	Do pf.	85½	90
Am B M.	37¼	38½	Atlas T.	16¼	17½
Am S & Fdy pf.	108	110	Aus N pf.	87	89
Am C & F pf.	123	126	Auto Sales	1¼	3
Am Cot Oil pf.	32	40	Do pf.	12	18
Am Exp.	134¾	138	Bald L pf.	114	116
Am H & L.	11½	12	Bar Loath	46	61
Am Ice pf.	99	100	Do pf.	97	..
Am La & F pf.	92	98	Bayuk Bros	54	58
Am Lin.	30¼	31¾	Do pf.	110	113
Am Lo pf.	121	122	Beech Cr'k.	37	41
Am M & G.	⅛	⅞	Bhut pf.	111	..
Am Metals pf.	115	116½	Beth Steel.	60	61¼
Am Rad.	122	128	Do 7% pf.	92	94
Am Snuff.	141	145	Booth Fish pf.	32	53
Do pf.	95	103	Brit E. 2d pf.	5½	9
Am S Tob.	24	27½	Do 1st pf.	65	70
Do pf.	53¼	59¼	Do 2d pf.	24½	25¼
Am T & C.	56	60	Brown Shoe pf.	97	98
Am Tob pf.	103¼	104	Bruns Ter.	1¾	3
Am W W & F pf.	91⅞	93⅞	B, R & P.	65	70
Am Wat Wks pf.	93	99½	Do pf.	87	90
Am Wl pf.	109	111	B T Bldg pf.	97	98¾
Am Z pf.	43	49½	Butt'k Co.	18	18½
Ann Arbor.	15	18	Caddo Oil.	7¾	8¼
Do pf.	30	37			

DIRECTORS FAVOR SALE.

Plan for Steel and Tube Company's Transfer Now Up to Stockholders.

Directors of the Steel and Tube Company of America have approved the proposed sale of the company's properties to the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company according to advices received in Wall Street from Chicago yesterday. The matter will now be submitted to stockholders at a special meeting to be held Feb. 23.

Two Directors were reported to have voted in opposition to the sale. This report, together with expected opposition from the Federal Trade Commission, is said to have been the cause of the recent decline in the preferred stock of Steel and Tube on the local Exchange.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Twenty-Three.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

1949		30	40½	Phila Co 1st & ref 6s, 1944	3	61	
1st & ref 6s, 1949		ref & imp 6s, 1947		series A	3	60¾	
col tr 5s, 1948		1	108		2	61	
1	96	1	107¾	3	100¼	1	60¾
N Y N H & H 7s, 1925		1	107¾	3	100	adj 5s, 1949	3
2	76½	11	108	6	100¼	10	25¾
25	78	Nor States Pr 1st & ref 5s, 1940		1	100	5	25½
frames		2	91¾	Portland Ry L & Pwr comp 1st & ref 6s, 1947		2	25¾
9	62¾	1	92	10	85	5	25¼
131	62¾	1st & ref 6s, 1940		1	85	Sharn Steel	
10	62¾	1	100¾	Prod & Ref s f 8s, 1931		Hosp s f 8s	
cv deb 6s, 1935		1940		2	108	ser A, 1941	
6	73¼	1	100¾	1	107¾	7	98¼
6	73	N W Bell Tel 7s, 1941		2	107¾	Sinclair Con coll s f 7s, 1938	
5	73¼	10	107¾	5	107	4	100¾
5	73¼	1	107¾	with war		3	100¾
10	73¼	1	107¾	2d	125	1	100¾
1	73	1	107¾	1	125	1	100¾
1	73	1	107¾	1st	125	⅝ sec.	99¾
2	73¼	Oreg & Cal 1st 5s, 1927		Pub Serv Corp s f 6s, 1959		1	100¾
deb 6s, 1931		1	99¼	1	99	3	100¾
1	40¾	1	99¼	1	95	2	100¾
1	40¾	Or R & N con 4s, 1946		2	95¾	1	100¾
hou-ov deb 4s, 1950		1	85¼	Punta Ale Sug 1st s f 7s, 1937		1	100¾
1	50	5	86¾	2	103¼	2	100¾
cv 8½s, 1934		1	86¾	5	103	Sinclair Crude Oil pur 8½s, 1925 ser A temp	
1	95¼	Oreg Sh Line ref 4s, 1929		Rio Jan 4s, 1997		6	98¾
N Y O & West ref 4s, 1992		3	81¾	6	86¾	12	98¾
1	69	2	82	2	85¾	10	98¾
gen 4s, 1955		3	82	3	85¾	1	98¾
2	73¾	Oreg-Wash R & N 1st & ref 4s, 1961		Sam Arms 1st 6s, ser A, 1937, int ctfs		1	98¾
1	62¾	6	79¾	1	94½	2	98¾
N Y & Queens Elec L & P 5s, 1930		2	79¾	Rep Ir & S s f 5s, 1940		10	98¾
1	99	2	80	3	95	Sinclair Pipe Line s f 5s, 1942 Interim ctfs	
NY Rys ref 4s		1	79¾	3	94¾	7	99
1942, c of d		Otis St s f 5s, 1941		Rio Gds W col tr 4s, 1948		1	99¼
2	70	1	95	8	68¼	Tide Water Oil 6½s 1931	
adj 5s, 1942		7	94¾	1	66¾	1	100
ctfs of dep		Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942		St L Ir M & So gen 5s, 1931		Toledo Edison 1st 7s, 1941	
1	4¼	2	92	3	66¾	6	107¾
NY State Rys con 4½s, 1962		1	92	6	66¼	Tol, St L & W 4s, 1950	
1	67¼	1	92¼	10	66¼	2	74
2	67	Pac Pow & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930		un & ref 4s, 1920		Tri-City 5s, 1923	
1	67¼	1	91½	2	95¾	1	93¾
N Y Steam Co 1st 6s, Ser A, 1947		Pac T & T 5s, 1937		10	86¾	Un Bag & P 1st 6s A int ctfs, 1942	
1	97	1	99¾	So Porto Rico Sugar coll s f 6s, 1941		1	83¼
N Y Sus & W ser 5s, 1940		5s, 1952		1	100	1	83¼
2	45	3	91¼	So Pac col 4s, 1949		Un El L & P 5s, 1932	
1st ref 5s, 1937		3	91¼	1	87	1	99¾
1	46¾	1	91¼	Sharn Steel		Un Oil of Cal 6s, A, 1942	
N Y Tel 4½s, 1939		1	91¼	1	83¼	4	101¼
2	93	1	91¼	1	83¼	Union Pacific 1st 4s, 1947	
1	92¾	1	91¼	cv 4s, 1929		5	91¾
6	93	Pad & Ill s f 4½s, 1955		5	91¾	45	91¾
s f deb 6s, 1949		1	90¼	5	91¾	12	91¾
1	106¾	Pan-Am Pet & Tr equip 7s, 1930		15	91¾	2	91¾
1	105¾	1	95¼	ref 5s, 1934		registered	
1	105¾	1st	102¼	1	101¼	1(C)	92
1	105¾	2	103	1st ref 4s, 1925		1st & ref 4s, 2008	
1	105¾	Pack Mot Car 8s, 1931		1	93¾	26	84
2	105¾	1	106	pr lien 6s, ser C	98	conv 4s, 1927	
2	105¾	Penn 4s, 1948		adj 6s, 1958		14	95¼
2	105¾	1	89¼	10	77¾	11	95¾
NY, Westch & Bos 4½s, 1946		Penn R R con 4½s, 1960		1	77¾	1	95¾
2	47	3	98¼	16	77¾	2	95¾
6	47¾	3	97¼	1	77	2	95¾
25	48	3	97¼	1	77	1 yr 4s, 1924	
15	48½	gen 4½s, 1965		10	77¾	1	100¾
2	48	5	90¾	21	77¾	Un Tank Car equip 7s, 1930	
Niagara Falls Pwr Co 1st 5s 1932		2	91	inc 6s, 1960		2	103¾
8	100	2	91¼	2	60¾	United Drug conv 6s 1941	
Nor & Westn con 4s, 1996		2	91¼	2	60¾	1	112¾
9	90¾	2	91¼	47	60¾	Un Rys Inv 5s Pittsb Issue 1926	
div 4s, 1944		gen 5s, 1968		2	60¾	1	88¾
1	85¾	1	100	25	60¾	1(D)	88¼
1	85¾	5	99¾	2	60¾	U S Hoffman M deb 8s, 1923	
cv 4s, 1929		1	100	5	60¾	1	93¾
10	113	14	99¾	5	60¾	U S Rubber 1st & ref 5s, 1947	
1	113¼	3	99¾	6	67¼	3	88¼
5	113¼	6½s, 1936		Penn-Dix 1st con 4s, 1932		3	88¼
Pocah C & S 4s, 1941		1	100¾	3	73	3	88¼
1	88¾	1	100¾	1	74¾	2	88¼
N Amer Edn'n Co s f 6s, A, 1932		1	100¾	2	74¾	5	88¼
3	92½	2	100¾	St Paul M & M ext 4s, 1937		5	88¾
1	94¾	3	100¾	2	103¼	7⅛s, 1930	
3	93½	10	100¾	5	101¾	1

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PASSED DIVIDEND ANGERS INVESTORS

Stockholders Gather at Offices of Metropolitan Finance Corporation.

MIX-UP OVER A MEETING

Secretary Declares It Was Held by Proxies, but Assistant to President Says It Was Put Off.

There was a row in the offices of the Metropolitan Finance Corporation, at 9 East Fortieth Street, yesterday when stockholders who had gathered in response to a call for a meeting to hear why the last dividend on the preferred stock had been passed heard from a girl clerk that the meeting had been postponed until March 17. The stockholders, not having been notified, wanted to know why, and there was no officer of the company there to tell them.

The meeting had been called for noon, and when that hour approached there were about fifty stockholders in the offices and in the corridors outside. The girl said she had been told to notify them of the postponement of the meeting, and when they asked for Leroy Sergeant, President of the company, they were told he was out. The stockholders got more and more angry.

Finally a Mr. Bibb, Secretary of the company, appeared. He told them that a meeting of stockholders by proxy had been held and the meeting adjourned. At that they got angrier than ever, declared such a meeting was illegal and left. They threatened to set up a committee of stockholders and retain counsel to protect their interests and to demand to know why stock which the company had sold to them at $125 per unit of two preferred shares and one of common, was being sold on the open market at $30 a unit.

Mr. Bibb repeated later that a meeting had been held, but refused to give any details. He said the meeting had been postponed to permit the preparation of a financial statement. Howard Acton, assistant of the President, later said no such meeting had been held and that Mr. Bibb had made a misstatement in his desire to get rid of the angry stockholders.

What had happened, Mr. Acton explained, was that it had been decided to postpone the meeting and that to Mr. Bibb had been entrusted the task of calling it off. He apparently had failed to do so, and meanwhile the officers had left in the supposition that the stockholders had been notified. Mr. Acton said he supposed Mr. Bibb sought to pacify the stockholders without explaining that he had made an error.

Mr. Acton maintained that the affairs of the company and its subsidiaries were in good condition, despite the passing of the dividend. He said that no stock of the Metropolitan company had been sold since last Fall, the directors determining to put off further sales until substantial earnings had been shown.

The Metropolitan Company was originally formed to supply credit to automobile dealers, and when that business slumped attention was turned to underwriting other producing companies, for which the Metropolitan acted as a holding company. Among them was the Marlin Fire Arms Corporation. The purchase of the Marlin Company so cramped the Metropolitan that it was forced to sell its building at 9 East Fortieth Street, Mr. Acton said. He added that all the concerns owned by the Metropolitan, with the exception of Marlin, were earning money, and that it would be only a question of time before the income to the Metropolitan from its subsidiaries would permit it to pay dividends. One of them is the New Fiction Publishing Company, which prints Live Stories and Snappy stories.

INLAND STEEL EARNINGS.

Net for 1922 Was $2,434,023, Against $1,728,031 in 1921.

The Inland Steel Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports net earnings of $2,434,023, after reserves for Federal taxes and general expenses. This compares with net earnings of $1,728,031 in the previous year. Depreciation charges amounted to $1,004,336, and bond interest called for an outlay of $288,510 in 1922, leaving net profits of $1,141,177 available for dividends, against $1,013,944 in the previous year. After payment of dividends the company reported a surplus of $127,168 last year, against a deficit of $103,236 after dividends in 1921.

The net profit in 1922 was equal to $1.12 a share earned on the $25,356,475 outstanding capital stock of $25 a share par value. In 1921 the company reported net profits equal to 70 cents a share on the capital stock. The profit and loss surplus at the close of last year amounted to $18,332,613, against $18,205,445 in 1921.

Warns of Counterfeit $10 Note.

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, yesterday issued a statement warning of a new counterfeit $10 Federal Reserve note. The description follows: "On the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; check letter B, face plate 639; A. W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury; Frank White, Treasurer of the United States; portrait of Jackson. This is a very poor note, printed from zinc-etched or electrotype plates, on two pieces of paper between which silk threads have been distributed to imitate the fiber of the genuine. The coloring of the serial number and seal is poor, and the workmanship throughout is so crude that it should not deceive the ordinary careful handler. The number of te specimen at hand is B10656262B."

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Lackawanna Iron & Steel Company 5%.
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COTTON IS SUBDUED, BUT QUIETLY STEADY

Traders Report More Inquiry for New-Crop Positions—Prices 4 to 18 Points Up.

Cotton not only maintained the previous day's sharp recovery, but ended yesterday's session 4 to 18 points higher. More active demand for new-crop positions developed, contracts being covered in both October and December. It was trade buying in March at one end of the list and purchases at the other end that caused a further recovery. Price changes ranged from 10 to 20 points frequently during the day under opposing influences which have appeared the past week. The sale of a single bale of cotton in Bremen for 4,451,000 German marks was reported. Weakness in French exchange furnished an unsettling factor. Trading in contracts continued heavy, but spot sales fell to 3,000 bales, smallest of the month.

From the opening it was apparent that events the past few days had produced a situation where many cross currents of opinion had become operative and fluctuations would continue violent. Continental news injected a disturbing element, but not to an extent that prevented heavy trading, both in new and old crop positions. Execution of large selling orders in both May and March on the call caused an opening loss of about 30 points. Very little interest seemed to be taken in Fall months at the start, doubtless due to general rains in Arkansas. But immediately following the opening, Monday's late buying movement was resumed, orders appearing throughout the list from March to December. In a few moments all loss had been regained, and a feature of the market as the day wore on was activity in the new crop at rising prices. October and December were taken, not in large lots, but a few thousand bales at a time, making a large aggregate. Contracts sold at higher prices last week were bought back, and with an upturn in old-crop months it required rising quotations to bring out enough cotton to fill orders. A large number of contracts for distant delivery changed hands during the day, and at one time October sold 90 points above the opening.

Reports from Liverpool showed a downward revision of 40,000 bales in a recount of stocks there, in which the amount of American was reduced 9,000 bales. As the Liverpool stock, all kinds, is 854,000 bales against 1,043,000 last year, and American 479,000 against 603,000 a year ago, a loss of this amount arrested attention. At the same time, private cable advices stated that full time would be resumed in Manchester Feb. 1 in order to fill business recently booked for India and the Continent. This had a stimulating influence on sentiment, bringing active support both here and in New Orleans. Later in the day, spot news from Southern points operated in favor of the market. The decline in contract levels left a relation between New York and Southern spot prices where difficulty was reported in obtaining cotton. Transactions have decreased sharply the past few days, as asking prices are said to be above buyers' bids. Several large sales have been made recently out of the cotton controlled by marketing associations, raw material going directly to the mills. With dry-goods business still reported along liberal lines, there has been no important change of conditions in that quarter. Every sharp recession in contracts attracts a large volume of new calling, transactions of this nature having reached substantial proportions the past forty-eight hours.

Around 28¼ cents for May, efforts to continue the advance not only met with greater opposition but commission houses failed to take as much cotton from the ring. This left room operators with contracts on their hands and reselling the last few moments left an unsettled closing. New crops made the best showing on the day.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
March	27.75	28.06	27.65	27.95@28.01	27.90
May	27.92	28.29	27.80	28.15@28.18	28.11
July	27.55	27.94	27.51	27.78@27.83	27.70
Oct.	25.00	25.60	25.00	25.48@25.47	25.25
Dec.	24.70	25.29	24.68	25.08	24.90

The local market for spot cotton was steady, 10 points advance, 28.10c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 28.20c, 10 points advance; New Orleans, 27.85c, unchanged; Savannah, 28.10c, 10 points advance; Norfolk, 28.13c, 13 points advance; Memphis, 28.25c, unchanged; Houston, 28c, unchanged; Little Rock, 27.75c, 25 points advance.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last wk.	Last yr.
Port receipts	26,098	18,739	17,731
Exports	4,287	25,722	28,852
Exports, season	3,258,944	3,151,049	3,398,552
N. Y. stocks	89,569	71,266	76,480
Ports stocks	950,907	930,836	1,177,594
N. Y. arrivals	30	67	3,118

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton quiet, 12 points decline, 11.56d for middling; sales, 6,000 bales, 4,000 American; imports, 12,000 bales, 1,000 American. Futures opened steady, 34 to 38 points advance; closed steady, 25 to 30 points advance. Prices: January, 15.55d; March, 13.38d; May, 15.19d; July, 14.94d; October, 13.87. Manchester: Yarns steady; cloths moderate demand.

Closes $1,000,000 Dictaphone Deal.

The dictaphone department of the Columbia Graphophone Company has been purchased by Swartwout & Appenzellar for a consideration of $1,000,000, according to reports in the financial district yesterday. The investment was made, it is understood, for the account of clients.

FINDS SLIGHT DROP IN BASIC PRODUCTION

Federal Reserve Bank of New York Issues Its February Review.

RAIL TRAFFIC IS HEAVIER

Employment in Industries Gained in December, With Increase in Wages.

Production and prices remained relatively constant in December while trade and credit showed the usual increases in the holiday season followed by declines in January, according to the February review of credit and business conditions by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The index of production in basic industries, says the review, showed a slight recession in December after its rapid rise since last August, although production was maintained at a level near the peak of 1920. The review continues:

"The output of pig iron and coal continued to increase, but the production of certain other commodities, particularly of cotton textiles and flour, showed declines. In Southern districts the building industry continued active and in all parts of the country much new construction was projected.

"Railroad traffic continued heavier than a year ago, though the seasonal decline in car loadings and the reduction in bad order cars partially relieved freight congestion.

"Employment at industrial establishments made a further advance in December, accompanied by wage increases in certain industries. Some shortage of labor in the Eastern districts was still reported, but in the Pacific States a subsantial surplus of unskilled labor was indicated.

"Wholesale trade in most reporting lines showed a seasonal decline in December, but was considerably larger than a year ago. Farm implement dealers, however, reported larger sales than in November, and more than doubled their December, 1921, business. Retail sales of reporting stores during December reached the largest volume in the last four years.

"Shipments of gold amounting to $26,440,000 were received in this country during December. Gold exports were $2,710,000 and the excess of imports was $23,730,000. The excess of imports over exports during 1922 was $238,295,000 as compared with $667,357,000 in 1921. The total excess of imports during the past three years has amounted to $1,000,000,000 and since 1914 to $1,700,000,000.

MONTREAL REJECTS BIDS.

City Finance Committee Refuses Offers for Bonds.

The City Finance Committee of Montreal, Canada, yesterday rejected the only two bids received for the $13,000,000 5 per cent. thirty-one year refunding bonds and the $3,000,000 5 per cent. 19½ year improvement bonds which the city is planning to issue. The highest bid was 94.117 from a syndicate composed of Hanson Brothers, Rene T. Leclerc Inc., L. G. Beauhein, Nesbitt Thompson & Co., R. A. Daly & Co., W. A. Mackenzie & Co., all of Montreal; and E. H. Rollins & Sons, The Equitable Trust Company, W. R. Compton & Co., Kountze Brothers, W. A. Harriman & Co. and Blyth, Witter & Co., all of New York City.

The second bid was 93.727 from a syndicate composed of Wood Gundy & Co., Harris, Forbes & Co., The National City Company, A. E. Ames & Co., The Dominion Securities Corporation, The Guaranty Trust Company, The Bankers Trust Company, Dillon, Read & Co., and the Continental & Commercial Trust and Savings Bank Chicago.

BIG PETROLEUM IMPORTS.

Total of 1,213,108,362 Gallons a High Record for Britain.

Petroleum imports into the United Kingdom during 1922 established a new high record for all time. Total receipts amounted to 1,213,108,362 gallons against 1,161,042,403 gallons in 1921. Imports were classified as follows in gallons:

	1922.	1921.
Illuminating Oil	152,537,292	149,346,313
Motor Spirits	311,190,222	251,098,153
Lubricating Oils	89,441,027	50,966,105
Gas Oil	70,153,286	76,826,082
Fuel Oil	293,618,470	531,232,436
Crude Oil	217,183,915	101,438,990
Unclassified	35,178	82,322
Total	1,213,108,362	1,161,042,403

The reduction in fuel oil is understood to be due to the falling off in the demand for ships.

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* * *

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What will be the appraisal of your accomplishments when you are no longer here? Wouldn't you consider it unfortunate if people said of you, "Jones wasn't the success we thought he was?"

You have heard that kind of remark about men who leave their affairs in such a state that their families suffer needlessly. How many times it happens! How often mismanagement, unwise investment, and dishonesty have scattered to the winds an estate carved out by a man's hard work!

Why don't you avoid all criticism and take all the guess out of your family's future? See your lawyer, make your will, and investigate the advantages of having the Trust Department of the old Seaboard act as your executor.

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An Investor's Questionnaire, prepared by the New Jersey Bankers' Association, is being distributed to all depositors of New Jersey banks, with the idea of protecting purchasers of securities from designing stock salesmen. Under the caption, "Get your banker's advice first," the association says:

"Whenever you are solicited to purchase stock or other securities, use this questionnaire before investing any of your funds. The questionnaire was compiled by the New Jersey Bankers' Association to protect the small investor and to emphasize the necessity of investigating thoroughly every investment proposition before placing any money therein. When you have been furnished with the information called for in this questionnaire, take it to any one of the banking institutions in your community and get its opinion of the stock offered. If the stock salesman refuses to fill out this questionnaire, have nothing more to do with his proposition, as it is evident that he is fostering a fraudulent promotion."

The questionnaire follows:

QUESTIONNAIRE.

Date .....
Name of company .....
Name of salesman .....
Kind of stock offered .....
Total issue of stock .....
Stock given for property .....
Stock given for good-will .....
Stock given for patents .....
Are you taking any Liberty bonds? .....
If so, at what price? .....
Amount of cash needed .....
Par value of stock .....
Market price of stock .....
Has the stock a ready market? .....
If so, where is it listed? .....
Is the stock accepted by banks as collateral for loans? .....
If so, what banks have accepted it to your knowledge? .....
What are the present net earnings? .....
Bank references .....
Name of references .....
Former occupation .....

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

London Less Firm, Paris Irregular—Sterling Still Higher at Paris.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Trading was dull and prices were easy on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ⅝ lower at 56; British 5 per cent. war loan, ⅛ lower at 100⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, ¼ lower at 96¾.

Rand Mines, 7½; De Beers Mining, 12⅝, both unchanged.

PARIS, Jan. 30.— Prices moved irregularly on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 40 centimes lower at 58 francs 10 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 65 centimes lower at 75 francs 25 centimes.

Exchange on London, 55 centimes higher at 73 francs 30 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 42½ centimes, against 16 francs 18¼ centimes yesterday.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a Percentage Basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Atl. Coast Line	1923-35	6	5.60	5.25
Do	1923-36	6½	5.25	5.00
Baltimore & Ohio	1923-35	6	5.75	5.35
Do	1923-37	4½, 5	5.35	5.10
Bethlehem Steel	1923-30	7	6.75	6.00
Buff., R. & P.	1923-43	4½, 5, 6	5.25	5.00
Canadian Pacific	1923-43	4½, 6	5.25	5.00
C. R. R. of N. J.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Ches. & Ohio	1923-35	6	5.70	5.35
Do	1923-36	6½	5.30	5.05
Chi. Bur. & Q.	1923-49	4	5.50	5.20
Chi. & Northwest	1923-37	6	5.60	5.25
Do	1923-49	6	5.30	5.03
C., M. & St. P.	1923-35	6	5.80	5.50
Do	1923-37	5	5.45	5.20
Chi., R. I. & P.	1923-34	4½, 5	5.50	5.09
Do	1923-35	6	5.65	5.40
C., C., C. & St. L.	1923-35	6, 6	5.80	5.10
Delaware & Hud.	1923-35	6	5.60	5.45
Erie Railroad	1923-28	4½, 5, 6	5.00	5.25
Great Nor. Rwy.	1923-58	6	5.60	5.25
Illinois Central	1922-27	4½, 5	5.25	4.75
Do	1923-35	6	5.50	5.25
Do	1925-56	6½, 7	5.80	5.10
Louis. & Nash.	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Do	1923-50	6½	5.25	5.00
Mich Cent.	1923-32	6, 6	5.37	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.60	5.25
M., St. P. & S. M.	1923-26	4½, 5	5.50	5.00
Do	1923-35	6, 6½, 7	5.75	5.30
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1923-24	5	5.80	5.20
Missouri Pacific	1923-35	6	5.70	5.50
Nat. Steel Car L.	1923-28	8	7.90	7.00
N. Y. Central	1923-37	4½, 5	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.60	5.30
Do	1923-36	7	5.85	5.75
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-35	4½, 5, 6, 7	6.75	5.80
Norfolk & West.	1923-24	4½	5.10	4.60
Northern Pacific	1923-30	7	5.35	5.00
Penn. Fruit Exp.	1923-35	7	5.35	5.05
Penna. R. R.	1923-35	6	5.45	5.00
Pere Marquette	1923-36	6	5.75	5.35
Pittsb. & L. Erie	1923-28	6½	5.40	5.10
Reading Co.	1923-37	4½, 5	5.10	4.80
Seab. A. Line	1922-37	4½, 5, 6	6.20	5.70
Southern Pacific	1922-26	4½	5.20	4.75
Do	1923-35	6	5.50	5.20
Do	1923-53	7	5.30	5.00
Southern R'way	1923-37	4½, 5, 5½	5.40	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.75	5.60
St. L.-S. Fran.	1923-35	6	5.75	5.40
Do	1923-37	5	5.45	5.15
Union Pacific	1924-35	7	5.20	5.00
Virginian Ry.	1923-34	6	5.75	5.40
Wabash R. R.	1923-35	6	6.00	5.50
Wheel. & L. E.	1923-35	6	6.00	5.80

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alpha	9	9	Gadsden	60	70
Bay St. Gas	8	9	Hecla	2	3
Bohemia	65	75	La Rose	18	24
Boston Ely	63	67	Majestic	4	5
Boston Mont.	2	3	Mutual Div.	22	24
Calaveras	2½	3	Nixon	2	4
Chief Con.	4½	5	Oneco	25	40
Con. Copper	3½	3⅝	Seven Metals	2	3
Crystal, new	1½	1¾	Texas	5	7
Denbigh	8	11	U. V. Ext.	26½	27
Eagle B. B.	2	3	Yukon	75	90
Eureka Croe.	33	34			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCK.		Northwest	.07
Andes	.07	Operator	.02
Best & Belcher	.07	Silver King	.06
Caledonia	.76	Smuggler	.07
Chollar	.05	Sutherland	.05
Concordia	.07	Verde	.02
Con. Virginia	.10	Victory	.02
Gould & Curry	.04	Western	.03
Justice	.15	Zone	.03
Mexican	.07	GOLDFIELD.	
Ophir	.07	Booth	.07
Potosi	.03	Consolidated	.06
Savage	.04	Crackerjack	.04
Scorpion	.01	Development	.13
Sierra Nevada	.08	Florence	.14
Union	.21	Fraction	.03
Utah	.05	Grandma	.05
TONOPAH.		Great Bend	.06
Belmont	1.50	Jumbo Extension	.07
Cash Boy	.11	Kewanaa	.03
Halifax	.33	Lone Star	.04
McNamara	.06	Red Hill	.02
McNamara Cresc.	.03	Sandstorm	.03
Midway	.10	Silver Pick	.03
Monarch	.03	Spearhead	.07
North Star	.04	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	.13	Arrowhead	.03
Tonopah Extension	3.10	Boundary Min.	.26
Tonopah 76	.06	Bullwhacker	.54
West End	.04	Carrie	.06
West Tonopah	.08	Cash Entry	.02
DIVIDE.		Crossus	.30
Annex	.02	Gold Key	.03
Belcher Extension	.04	Hamilton	.03
Ben-Hur	.10	Holly	.46
Ben-Hur Extension	.04	Manhattan Cons.	.03
Divide Extension	.04	Mayflower	.03
Divide Tonopah	.69	Nelle	.03
Dividend	.03	Oatman Combination	.03
Extension	.11	Oatman United	.14
Harmill	.06	Round Mountain	.36
Hasbrouck	.04	Fairview Mtn.	.19
High	.02	San Francisco	.03
Kernick	.06	Simon	.33
Keystone	.04	Simon Extension	.04
Knox	.02	Uncle Sam	.06
Lucky Boy	.03	United Western	.03
Myra	.03	White Caps	.03

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	2⅜	2¾	Mary McK.	2½	
Elkton	1	2	Portland	18¼	20
El Paso	12	15	U. Gold M.	12	15
Golden C.	88	90	Vindicator	2¼	3
Granite	4½	4¾	Rose Nicol	5	8
Isabella	.003				

COMMODITY PRICES.

Butter Goes Lower—Few Other Changes Reported in Local Cash Markets

Price changes in yesterday's markets were again few in number and moderate in size, the noteworthy change of those reported being found in a further drop in high scoring butter to 48¾ cents, a decline of ¼ cent from Monday's price, and a new low point for the year. Grains were irregular, wheat slightly higher, with corn fractionally lower, while cotton and lard both showed small price improvement. Metals held well and without change.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Tuesday, a week before, and a year ago:

	Jan. 30.	Jan. 23.	Jan. 31.
FOODSTUFFS—	1923.	1923.	1922.
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.46¾	$1.45	$1.29
Corn, No. 2 yellow	89¾	89¼	.87¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.55	.55	.47
Flour, Minn., patent	7.25	7.30	7.50
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.13½	.12	.08½
Sugar, granulated	.06¾	.06⅞	.05
Butter, cream, 92 score	.48¾	.51	.39
Eggs, fresh-gathered firsts, per dozen	.41@47	.39@.41	.42
Lard, Mid. W.	11.25	11.25	10.75
Pork, mess	28.50	28.00	22.50
Beef, family	17.50	20.50	16.00
METALS—			
Iron, 2X, Philadelphia	30.25	30.25	21.25
Steel billets, Pittsburgh	38.50	38.50	28.00
Lead	8.37½	8.00	4.70
Copper	14.75	14.50	12.75
Tin	40.25	40.00	32.25
TEXTILES—			
Cotton, mid. upland	28.16	28.75	16.70
Printcloths	.08	.07½	.05¾

Range of prices for year to date:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
Wheat	$1.47	Jan. 2	$1.44½	Jan. 8
Corn	.91⅝	Jan. 11	.89	Jan. 8
Oats	.55	Jan. 31	.51	Jan. 4
Flour	7.60	Jan. 2	7.25	Jan. 24
Coffee	.12¾	Jan. 26	.11⅝	Jan. 3
Sugar	.07	Jan. 2	.06⅛	Jan. 27
Butter	.54½	Jan. 11	.43¾	Jan. 30
Eggs	.47	Jan. 2	.37	Jan. 27
Lard	12.10	Jan. 19	11.60	Jan. 6
Pork	28.50	Jan. 2	26.00	Jan. 19
Beef	20.50	Jan. 19	17.50	Jan. 26
Iron	30.25	Jan. 2	29.00	Jan. 3
Steel	38.50	Jan. 2	36.50	Jan. 3
Lead	8.37½	Jan. 29	7.37½	Jan. 2
Copper	14.75	Jan. 6	14.62½	Jan. 2
Tin	40.25	Jan. 24	39.00	Jan. 4
Cotton	28.75	Jan. 29	26.45	Jan. 2
Printcloths	.08	Jan. 27	.07¾	Jan. 11

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 18,076 packages. Prices lower and unsettled. Creamery, higher than extra, pound, 49@49½c; extras, 92 score, 48½@48¾c; firsts, 46@48c; seconds, 45@46c lower grades, 44@44½c; centralized cars, 90 score, 47@47½c; 88 score, 46¼@46¾c; 85 to 87 score, 45¾@46c; unsalted, higher than extras, 50@51c; extras, 92 score, 49@49½c; firsts, 46½@48c; seconds, 45¾@46c; lower grades, 44@45½c; held creamery, extras, 47¾@48c; firsts, 46¾@47c; seconds, 45@46c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 47¾@48c; good to prime, 46@47c; common to fair, 40@45c; ladles, current make, extras, 40@41c; firsts, 39@39½c; seconds, 38½@39c; lower grades, 34@35c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 34c; lower grades, 30@33c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 22,172 cases. Fresh eggs generally steady except whites, which were lower. Fresh gathered extras, dozen, 39@40c; extra firsts, 37½@38c; firsts, 35@37c; seconds, 33@34c; dirties, No. 1, 30@31c; No. 2, 28@29c; checks, poor to choice, 24@25c; refrigerator seconds, 27½@30c; under grades, 26@27c; fresh, New Jersey, hennery whites, uncandled, extras, 51@53c; nearby hennery whites, extras, locally candled, 53c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 49@50c; extra firsts, 47@48c; firsts, 45@46c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 45@48c; under grades, 41@44c; mediums, 40@44c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2, 37@38c; Pacific Coast whites, extra, 49@50c; extra firsts, 47@48c; firsts, 45@46c; extra creams, firsts, 45@46c; Pacific Coast pullets, No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2, 37@38c; other Western and Southern gathered whites, 40@46c; New Jersey, hennery browns, extra fancy, 49@50c; other nearby hennery browns, extras, 42@44c.

NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
America	220		Fifth Av.	1075	
Am. Exchn.	190	195	Fifth	210	220
Bank of U. S.	163		First	1135	1145
Battery	135	142	Garfield	250	
Bowery	440		Gotham	187	193
Bryant Park	155	165	Greenwich	370	
B'way Cent.	135		Harriman	364	374
Bronx Boro	195		Hanover	675	695
Bronx Nat.	147	157	Imp. & Trad.	615	
Bryant Pk.	155	165	Irving	245	255
Chase	335	340	Manhat Co.	145	150
Chat. & P.	253	258	Mech. & M.	405	410
Chelsea Ex.	46	105	Mutual	360	
Chemical	1100	1115	Nassau	135	145
City	483	487	New Neth.	180	
Coal & Iron	214	224	Pacific	360	
Colonial	350		Park	480	440
Columbia	225	238	Public	205	210
Commerce	295	298	Seaboard	330	240
Com'wealth	250	265	Standard	163	175
Continental	190	140	State	845	355
Corn Exch.	445	455	Sterling	160	
Cosmopolitan	95		Wash. Hts.	215	
East River	175		Yorkville	800	

Trust and Surety Companies.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alliance	94		Kings Co.	400	
Am. Surety	82	89	Lawyers Mtg.	137	142
Bk. N. Y. & T.	250	260	Lawyers Title	250	270
Bankers	374	379	M'facturers	360	
Brooklyn	465	500	Metropolitan	307	317
Cent. Union	439	443	Nat. Surety	149	154
Columbia	315	317	New York	215	225
Commercial	116		N. Y. T. & M.	170	176
Empire	306	310	People's	363	
Equitable	135	150	Realty Assoc.	167	172
Farm. L. & T.	316	320	Title Guar.	839	844
Fid. Intl.	220	230	Title & Trust	1215	125
Fulton	343		U. S. Mtg.	310	320
Guaranty	242	247	Westchester	145	
Hudson	198		West. T. & T.	200	225

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.
4½s, December, 1817	107¼	107⅝	107⅝
4½s, July, 1907	107¼	107⅝	107⅝
4½s, June, 1960	107¼	107⅝	107⅝
4½s, May, 1963	107¼	107⅝	107⅝
4½s, May, 1957	106½	107¼	106⅝
4½s, November, 1957	106½	107¼	106⅝
4½s, April, 1958	102¾	103¼	102⅞
4½s, April, 1972	102¾	103¼	102⅞
4½s, March, 1964	102¾	103¼	102⅞
4½s, March, 1963	102¾	103¼	102⅞
4½s, March, 1960-'63	100¾	101	100⅞
4s, November, 1959	99½	99⅝	99½
4s, November, 1958	99½	100	99½
4s, May, 1959	99½	100	99½
4s, November, 1956	99¾	99¾	99¾
3½s, May, 1954	90¾	91¾	90⅝
3½s, November, 1955	90¾	91¾	90⅝
3½s, November, 1954	90¾	91¼	90⅝

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

3½s, 1940-1949	4.20	4.05	4.20
4½s, 1925-1930	4.50	4.10	4.30
4s, 1940-1953	4.30	4.10	4.30
4s, 1929-1940	4.35	4.15	4.35

CLEVELAND STOCKS.

Stock	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Brier Hill	19	19	19	19
Firestone	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼
Fisher Ohio	105	105	105	105
Goodyear pf.	37	37¼	37	37¼
Peerless	17	17	17	17
Sherwin Williams	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
Stearns	21	21¼	21	21¼

Glidden, bid 10, asked 11.

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
Liggett & M. com. & com. B	3	Q	Mar. 1	Feb. 15
Nat. Supply	.75	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
New Cornelia Cop.	.25	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
U. S. Steel	1¼	Q	Mar. 30	Feb. 27
Do pf	1¾	Q	Feb. 27	Feb. 9

OVERSOLD MARKETS MYSTIFY WHEAT PIT

Disappearance of Offerings Without Lifting Prices a Puzzle in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The wheat market continued to ignore the general run of news, and price fluctuations to a great extent depend on local operations. There was fair selling by local traders, but the surplus was absorbed around $1.18 for May on resting orders, and, toward the last, filling of a liberal sized order disclosed an oversold condition and brought about an advance of 1@1½ cents on the inside figures, with the close within a fraction of the top and net gains of 1@1½ cents, May leading.

Bears generally lack confidence owing to the mysterious manner in which offerings have been absorbed for some time past. In the last ten days May has had a range of only 3¼ cents and there is a growing impression that there is persistent accumulation on the breaks for strong interests apparently unwilling to let the market get very far in either direction.

Export demand continues very slow, although there was some buying of durum at Minneapolis during the day for seaboard account. No sales were confirmed at the seaboard.

So far there has been no moisture in the dry sections of Kansas and Nebraska, and late messages from eastern and central Nebraska said ice was forming over the winter wheat fields.

Broomhall now estimates the world's carry-over at around 224,000,000 bushels, or about 75,000,000 bushels more than previously. The world's available stocks increased 7,501,000 bushels for the week.

Further curtailment in milling activity is reported at Minneapolis and Omaha and in the Southwest, due to the slowness with which shipping directions are being furnished on hours. Car shortage is becoming worse at Minneapolis.

Corn showed a strong undertone throughout the day and finished at the top, with gains of 4@⅝ cent. An advance of 2½ cents in Buenos Aires as compared with Saturday's close led to a belief that severe damage had been done to the new crop there and was largely responsible for the buying here.

Country offerings remain light. Owing to the better car supply in parts of the belt, increased arrivals are expected before long. Further embargoes against shipments eastward have been put into effect.

Oats closed ⅛@¾ cent and rye ⅝ cent higher. Houses with seaboard connections were the best buyers of the latter, while Northwest bought oats.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 986,000 bushels, week ago, 1,014,000; last year, 936,000. Shipments were 605,000 bushels, week ago, 532,000; last year, 434,000.

Corn receipts were 1,238,000 bushels, week ago, 1,378,000; last year, 3,143,000, and shipments, 912,000 bushels; week ago, 747,000; last year, 1,286,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.17¾	$1.16	$1.17¾	$1.16¾	$1.18¾
July	1.13¾	1.12¾	1.13¾	1.13	1.04
Sept.	1.10¾	1.09¾	1.10	1.09¾	..

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.73	.72¾	.72¾	.72⅝	.53¾
July	.73¼	.72¾	.73¼	.73	.55¼
Sept.	.73	.72¾	.73	.72¾	..

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.44¼	.43¾	.44¼	.43⅞	.33
July	.42¾	.42¼	.42¾	.41⅞	.40
Sept.	.41¾	.41	.41¾	..	..

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	.86⅝	.86¼	.86⅝	.86¼	.86¼

PROVISIONS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	11.45	11.37	11.40	11.40	10.32
Ribs—					
May	10.90	10.82	10.82	10.82	9.50

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was buoyant, 5 to 13 points net higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	10.90	10.85
February	No sales		10.90	10.95
March	11.18	11.10	11.14	11.14
April	No sales		11.25	11.20
May	11.44	11.34	11.40	11.32
June	11.56	11.56	11.46	11.33
July	11.63	11.56	11.57	11.47
August	11.58	11.58	11.57	11.49
September	No sales		11.53	..

Total sales, 14,600.

COFFEE.

The coffee market strong 11 to 19 points higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	11.00	10.80	11.01	10.83	8.40
May	10.62	10.38	10.52	10.40	8.50
July	9.80	9.56	9.70	9.58	8.44
Sept.	9.28	9.17	9.30	9.19	8.29

SUGAR.

The raw sugar market was firm and higher.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	11.52	3.45	3.48	3.43	2.36
May	3.50	3.36	3.37	3.33	2.47
July	3.71	3.67	3.68	3.63	2.67
Sept.	3.77	3.74	3.74	3.70	2.79

*Closing bid.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.
American Cigar	71	73	71
American Cigar pf.	89	92	89
American Tobacco scrip	145	150	145
American Mach. & Fdy.	103	115	103
George W. Helme	195		190
George W. Helme pf.	113	116	113
International Cigar Mach.	49	56	49
MacAndrews & Forbes	126	131	128
MacAndrews & Forbes pf.	99	102	99
Mengel & Co.	21	28	21
J. Young	100	107	100
J. S. Young pf.	100	107	100
Porto Rico-American scrip	80	86	80
R. J. Reynolds, new	95	100	95
Schulte Stores	53	55	53
Universal Leaf	113	119	113
Universal Leaf pf.	100	102	100
U. S. Tobacco	59	60	59
U. S. Tobacco pf.	108	112	108

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.
Caracas Sugar	11	13	11
Central Aguirre	82¼	84	82¼
Fajardo	88	91	88
Federal Sugar	60	70	60
Federal Sugar, pf.	90	95	90
Great Western	75	80	75
Godchaux	14	17	14
Godchaux pf.	83	88	84
Holly	18	22	18
Holly pf.	93	98	93
National	100	105	104
New Niquero, new	85	90	85
Santa Cecilia pf.	9	11	7
Savannah	42	52	48
Savannah pf.	101	105	101
West Indies pf.	30	40	30

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Revenue receipts and expenditures as at close of business Jan. 27:

Receipts.	This Month.	Corresponding Period Last Year.	Fiscal Year 1923.	Corresponding Period Fiscal Year 1922.
Customs	$39,884,214.47	$23,173,243.97	$288,808,603.94	$172,181,905.37
Internal revenue — income and profits tax	27,705,026.32	42,618,165.94	700,564,967.72	1,283,031,297.49
Misc. internal revenue	29,252,541.83	61,381,143.01	566,802,559.55	710,126,742.60
Misc. rec'ts, proceeds Govt.-owned securities, foreign obligations:				
Principal	1,107.54	428,000.00	998,980.45	878,900.00
Interest	18,350.57	232,494.80	115,681,766.86	13,407,129.44
Railroad securities	6,218,654.09		85,346,854.06	
All others	12,170,336.60	153,476.80	42,352,495.89	26,615,028.71
Trust fund receipts (reappropriated for investment)	2,145,123.53	2,497,071.68	18,184,656.45	22,926,974.90
Proceeds sale of surplus property	6,020,087.06	2,142,320.76	41,873,870.61	20,107,741.81
Panama Canal tolls, &c.	1,039,861.99	1,042,892.33	8,022,190.78	7,130,423.61
Receipts from miscellaneous sources credited direct to appropriations				
Other miscellaneous	12,575,516.71		49,954,825.39	
	21,052,304.49	19,164,892.53	153,855,587.63	180,864,978.35
Total ordinary	$198,201,936.04	$161,523,761.81	$2,069,351,535.96	$2,496,296,519.19
Excess of ord. rects. over total expenditures chargeable against ord. rcts.				183,954,281.43
Excess of total expenditures chargeable against ord. rcts. over ord. rcts.	43,864,011.81	$19,349,663.03	$3,504,361.09	
Total ord. expenditures	$221,261,897.85	$219,264,474.93	$1,849,402,847.05	$2,067,191,907.70

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, JAN. 30, 1923.

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
62,900	Acme Coal	80c	65c	80c
3,000	Acme Pack. pf	96	96	96
100	Allen Co. pf	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Amer. Bank	12¾	12¾	12¾
100	Do pf	84	84	84
100	Armour, Del	..	..	..
	7% pf	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,500	Centrifugal	10	9¾	9¾
	C. I. F. Co.	10⅜	10	10⅛
900	Chi Nipple	4	3¾	3¾
2,500	Cox S. C. S.	4¾	4¼	4¼
6,000	Cuyamel	..	..	..
	Fruit	61½	59¼	61¼
1,000	Dubilier Cdt	6¾	6	6¾
9,880	Durant, Mot.	63	64½	65¼
2,200	Do of Ind.	19	17⅜	18
1,800	Fleischmann	63¾	63¼	63¾
80	Ford of Can.	400	400	400
2,000	Gardner M.	11¾	11½	11¾
1,000	G Aldan Coal	60	60	60
100	Good Tire pf	77¾	77¼	77¾
220	Gillette S. R.	278	270	270
100	Hanna, M A 7% pf. w l	102	102	102
600	Hayes Wheel	67¾	66¾	67¼
100	Hendee Mfg.	2	2	2
100	Hudson pf.	19	18

Bankers and Brokers Outside New York

Baltimore.

Richmond Washington
STEIN BROS. & BOYCE
Baltimore Stock Exchange
BALTIMORE, MD.
New York Telephone Broad 6756

Boston.

Richardson, Hill & Co.
Established 1879
New England Securities
Bought, Sold and Quoted
50 Congress Street, Boston
Hanover New Haven Portland
Members New York, Boston and Chicago Stock Exchanges

Baker, Young & Co.
Light and Power Company Stocks
40 Congress St. Boston
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia

THOMAS C. PERKINS
Constructive Banking
30 State St., Boston, Mass.
Underwritings and Reorganizations

Denver.

Great Western Sugar
Holly Sugar
Continental Oil
bought, sold and quoted
Wilson, Cranmer & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Denver, Colorado
Private wires to E. F. HUTTON & CO.

Jersey City.

NEW JERSEY SECURITIES
Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N.J.
Bell Phone Montgomery 288

Montreal.

Johnston & Ward
Members
MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE
TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE
Through our nine branch offices we offer to Bankers and Brokers our services in connection with their orders in
CANADIAN
Listed and Unlisted
STOCKS and BONDS
171 St. James St., Montreal

Philadelphia.

McCown & Co.
Land Title Building, Philadelphia
New York Phone:
Canal 7105 to 7109
Penn-Mary Coal 5s, Oct. '39
Georgia Ry. & Pow. 6s & 7s
Shaffer Oil & Ref. 6s, 1929
Union Ry., Gas & El. 5s, '39
Amer. Pub. Utility 6s, 1936
Nashville Ry. & Lt. 5s, 1946

BOLES & WESTWOOD
Members Phila. Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Land Title Bldg. Philadelphia
PHONE LOCUST 4723

A SPECIAL SERVICE TO DEALERS IN PUBLIC UTILITY AND INDUSTRIAL BONDS
LILLEY, BLIZZARD & CO.
MEMBERS PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE
Commercial Trust Bldg., Philadelphia
PHILA. SINCE 1870 NEW YORK—WHITEHALL 1066

George N. Fleming
221 Lafayette Bldg., Philadelphia
Bell Phone Lombard 4411-5
Keystone Phone Main 3847
Indiana Service Corp. 3-6s, 2020
Kentucky Public Service Common
Rolls-Royce Co. Preferred Stock

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS
American Stove Company
St. Louis Transit Co. 5's, 1924
Union Elec. Lt & Pr. 5's & Stks.
San Antonio Belt & Ter. 6's, 1924
Brown Shoe Co. Pfd.
E. St. Louis & Suburban 5's, 1932
United Rys. of St. L. Bds. & Stk.
Missouri Edison 5's, 1927
International Shoe Pfd. & Com.
Mark C. Steinberg & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members St. Louis Stock Exchange
300 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

NEW C. & O. BOARD NAMED.

Van Sweringen Directors Are Also Elected for Hocking Valley.

Following the acquisition of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Company by the Van Sweringen interests of Cleveland, elections were held here yesterday placing representatives of the purchasing group on the directorates of the Chesapeake & Ohio and its subsidiary, the Hocking Valley.

The new Chesapeake & Ohio directorate includes O. P. Van Sweringen, Cairman of the Board, M. J. Van Sweringen, J. R. Nutt, Otto Miller, C. L. Bradley, J. J. Bernet and H. M. Hanna, succeeding to the positions formerly held by H. E. Huntington, C. E. Graham, H. O. Ferguson, Robert Gibson, A. C. Rearick, G. B. Wall and H. T. Wickham, who resigned.

The new Hocking Valley Board consists of O. P. Van Sweringen, Chairman, M. J. Van Sweringen, J. R. Nutt, Otto Miller, C. L. Bradley, J. J. Gernet and W. A. Colston. There is still a vacancy to be filled.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Authority was granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission today to the Van Sweringen group of Cleveland, which now controls the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad and other lines in the Middle West, to take over control of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad by assuming seven of the nine places on its Board of Directors.

O. P. Van Sweringen and his associates recently announced that they had acquired a majority of the common stock of the Chesapeake & Ohio.

Commissioner Eastman dissented from the commission's action, but all other members of the commission approved the order.

BANKER DELEGATES NAMED.

Fred I. Kent Heads List of Those for Commerce Meeting in Rome.

The delegates of the American Bankers' Association, appointed by J. H. Puelicher, President of the organization, to represent it at the International Chamber of Commerce meeting at Rome, Italy, March 19 to 23, were announced yesterday as follows: Fred I. Kent, Vice President, Bankers' Trust Company, New York, Chairman; George M. Reynolds, Chairman, Continental and Commercial Bank, Chicago; Oliver C. Fuller, President, First Wisconsin National Bank, Milwaukee; Melville A. Traylor, President, First Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago; Oliver J. Sands, President, American National Bank, Richmond, Va.

The conference at Rome, which is the second general meeting of the International Chamber of Commerce, will take up problems of world business conditions. The chamber's membership now includes twenty-six nations.

ADVANCE PRICE OF SUGAR.

Virtually All Local Refiners Restore 6.60 Cents Quotation.

The American Sugar Refining Company yesterday announced an advance of ten points in the wholesale price of refined sugar, bringing the quotation to 6.60 cents a pound, compared with 6.50 cents, quoted on Saturday and 6.70 cents quoted last Friday. Virtually all other local refiners except the Federal Sugar Company and Arbuckle Brothers, advanced their prices to meet the quotations named by the American company.

Last Friday, when the Federal Sugar Company re-entered the market and quoted a price of 6.50 cents a pound or twenty points below the price of other refiners, virtually all companies reduced the price to the level quoted by the Federal.

HOME LIFE'S 1922 REPORT.

Insurance Company Received $7,369,835 In Premiums.

The Home Life Insurance Company of New York in its report for the year 1922, shows premiums received to the amount of $7,369,835. The company paid to policyholders and their beneficiaries in death claims, endowments and dividends $5,400,769 and in addition to this $2,209,762 was added to the insurance reserve funds. Net income from investment for the year totaled $2,110,922. The company has insurance in force amounting to $232,163,052 and admitted assets of $46,253,715.

OFFER NORTHERN OHIO ISSUE

Bankers Are Marketing Bonds at 82½ to Yield 6 Per Cent.

H. M. Jacoby & Co., announced yesterday that they are offering a block of Northern Ohio Railway first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due Oct. 1, 1945 at 82½ and interest, yielding 6.50 per cent.

The $4,000,000 Yadkin River Power Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds offered for subscription by W. C. Langley & Co., Bonbright & Co., Inc., and Stone & Webster & Blodget, Inc., were largely oversubscribed, according to the bankers.

White Eagle Oil Earnings Increase.

The White Eagle Oil and Refining Company in its preliminary report for the last quarter of 1922 reports earnings of approximately $740,000, against $533,580 in the last quarter of 1921. Preliminary figures for 1922 show earnings of approximately $3,400,000, against $1,528,417 in 1921. Profits, based upon the above, were equal to $8.50 a share on the 400,000 shares of no par value common stock outstanding in 1922, against $3.82 a share actually earned in 1921. Gross sales in 1922 aggregated $13,824,818, against $9,251,382 the year before.

Approve Connecticut Light Issue.

Stockholders of the Connecticut Light and Power Company have approved the issuance of $4,500,000 7 per cent. first preferred stock and $2,500,000 convertable preferred stock, both cumulative as to dividends. The new 7 per cent. preferred stock is being distributed by a syndicate headed by Estabrook & Co., of this city and Boston.

Ohio Oil Declares Dividend.

FINDLAY, Ohio, Jan. 30.—The board of directors of the Ohio Oil Company, at a meeting here today, declared a dividend of 75 cents a share, payable March 31 to stockholders of record of February 24.

Kresge Declares Stock Dividend.

DETROIT, Jan. 30.—A stock dividend of 33 1-3 per cent. payable March 1 to stockholders of record Feb. 15, was announced today by the S. S. Kresge Company, operating a chain of general merchandise stores.

Bankers and Brokers Outside New York
Newark.
J. S. Rippel & Company
New Jersey Municipal Bonds
18 Clinton Street Newark
Telephone Mulberry 3250

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co. Am.	7	Nov., 1925	103½	104	5.49
Alum. Co. Am.	6	Oct., 1923	105⅛	105¼	6.20
Am. Cot. Oil	6	Sep. 2'24	93	95	9.15
Am. Sum. Tob.	7½	June, 1925	97	98½	8.26
Am. Tob. Co.	7	July, 1925	103½	104	6.75
Am. Thread	6	Dec., 1923	102½	103	5.37
Anacon. Cop Co.	8	Jan., 1929	101¼	101⅝	5.79
Anacon. Cop Co.	7	Jan., 1929	103⅜	103⅝	4.90
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	7½	Apr., 1925	108¼	108⅝	5.85
B. & O. R. R.	6	Apr., 1924	100¼	100⅝	5.85
Bell Tel. of Can.	5	Apr., 1925	97⅛	98⅛	5.93
Bell Tel. of Can.	7	Apr., 1923	103	103¼	5.23
Beth. Steel	7	July 15, '23	105½	106⅞	4.87
Can. Nor. Ry.	6½	Dec., 1924	100¾	100⅝	5.20
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar., 1924	101	101¼	4.70
Cent. Argentine	7	Feb., 1927	96½	96⅝	6.30
Emp. O. & E. (Emp. Coke)	7	May, 1923	98¾	99¼	7.35
Hocking Valley	6	May, 1924	100⅜	101	5.40
Int. R. T. Co.	6	Nov., 1924	100	101	4.87
Kan. City Term.	6	Nov. 15, '23	100⅞	101⅛	4.87
Kan. Cop. Co.	7	Feb., 1930	104	104⅜	4.22
Lacleede Gas	7	Jan., 1929	101	101⅛	6.70
Morris & Co.	7½	Sep. 1, '30	105½	106⅛	6.70
Nat. Leather	8	Nov. 15, '23	101⅛	102	7.32
Nat. Ok. & R.	6	Sep., 1929	105⅝	106	7.00
Sears, R. & Co.	7	Oct. 15, '23	101¼	101⅜	4.90
Swift & Co.	5	Apr. 15, '23	98⅛	98⅜	6.10
Sloss-Sh. Steel & Iron	7	Aug. 19, '25	97	97¾	8.35
Solvay Co.	6	Oct., 1927	103	103⅞	6.55
St. L. U. D.	5	Dec. 15, '23	100½	100⅝	4.00
S. W. Bell Tel. con.	7	Aug., 1925	102¼	102½	
Stand. Oil, N. Y.	6½	May, 1933	107¼	107⅝	6.51
Swift & Co.	7	May, 1925	107⅛	107½	6.15
Vacuum Oil Co.	7	Aug., 1930	107⅝	107¾	6.20
Va.-Car. Chem.	5	Dec., 1923	100	100⅛	5.75

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Arg. (unlisted)	20	Sep., 1945	76⅛	77⅛
Arg. (recession)		1945	65	67
Belgian Prem.		1920	48	53
Belgian (rest'n)		Sep., 1919	45	49
Brazil	4	1889	39	40
Brazil	4½	1883	42	44
Br. 1	5	1895	48	50
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	82¾	85¼
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	81	84
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	Oct., 1927	98¼	101¼
Brit. Nat. W. B.	5	1947-29	91½	94½
Brit. Nat. "W. B.	5	1929	96¼	99¼
Brit. Exchequer	5¾	1929	96¾	99¾
Canada	5	1937	100¾	101¾
Canada	5½	Nov., 1932	104¼	104⅞
Chile	1st 5s	1911	64	67
City of Pelotas	5	1911	54	60
Colombia	6	1911	53	60
Costa Rica	5	1911	56	62
Cuba	6	1929	91	93
French Gov. Vic.	3	Jan., 1921	45	47
French Loan	6	May, 1920	52	54
French Loan, '17	4	Jan., 1943	36	38
Italy Loan	5		39	40
Perto-Orleans R.R.		1956	52	54
Mid. Ry. R. to	6	1900	52	54
Russ. external	5½	June, 1919	9	11
Do. (Nat. City Bank cfs.)			9	11
Russ. ruble bonds	5½	Feb., 1926	9	11
Russ. external	5½	Dec., 1931	9	11
Do. (Nat. City Bank ctfs.)			9	11
Russ. regies of 1894			3	5
Sweden	6	June, 1930	104½	105
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1920	103¾	103¾
Uruguay	5	1919	68	71

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—Seventy-three new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,005,300, were chartered today. They include:

610 West 142d St. Corp., Manhattan, securities and realty, $50,000; J. and D. Rosenbaum, 68 West 125th St. (Attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 320 Broadway.)

Arace Realty Corp., Bronx, $5,000; M. de Andrea, A. Pesta, R. de Tommaso. (Attorney, V. Keating, 3,989 White Plains Road, Bronx.)

Molans Specialty Shops, Bronx, men's and women's wear, $50,000; R. Cohen, B. and A. Shapiro. (Attorney, S. Garten, 51 Chambers St.)

Nat Garfinkle, Manhattan, women's apparel, $10,000; N. Garfinkle, R. Frackman. (Attorney, H. D. Frackman, 276 5th Av.)

Steve's Children's wear, Brooklyn, $5,000; A. Stern, S. Pielberg, I. Ash. (Attorney, J. Cohen, 277 Broadway.)

Fox & Levinson Leather Goods Co., Manhattan, women's leather goods, $5,000; L. Fox, M. Levinson, J. Cohen. (Attorney, N. Elkin, 27 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Blampied Laboratories, Buffalo, make drugs, &c., $50,000; M. K. and A. A. Blampied. (Attorney, R. W. Werner, Buffalo.)

C. & E. Building Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; F. Levine, U. Eisenberg, S. Orloff. (Attorney, E. Amerman, 50 Church St., Brooklyn.)

439 Central Park West Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; F. A. and E. M. Boyce, C. E. Senn. (Attorney, A. Reinhart, 15 East 40th St.)

Millburn Contracting Co., Freeport, sewer's business, $50,000; J. H. Bedell, J. and M. Hanes. (Attorney, L. Fishel, Freeport.)

Arthurs Purchasing Co., Manhattan, women's outer garments, $5,000; I. Silvestsky, S. Bernstein, I. Cohen. (Attorney, A. Palmer, 320 Broadway.)

Highbridge Park Garage Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. and E. Schutz, J. Brick. (Attorney, J. C. Zimmerman, 101 5th Av.)

Morrell Supply Co., Brooklyn, upholstery materials, $10,000; B. Eisenberg, D. Mokotoff, M. Glikkich. (Attorneys, Block, Gornick & Freedman, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

American Tinsmith Supply Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. C. Miller, J. Stetkin, J. Brick. (Attorney, B. Ettinger, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Brockton Shoe Jobbers, Manhattan, $5,000; S. and M. Traiger, J. Eblovitz. (Attorney, H. Levin, 152 Nassau St.)

Tompkins Manhattan, marble works, $10,000; N. S. and A. N. Tompanis, A. Zompanakis. (Attorney, D. A. Pappy, 299 Broadway.)

Queens Woodwork Corp., Manhattan, paper and wooden boxes, $6,000; C. and A. Porcaro, M. Castelli. (Attorney, H. S. Bird, Woolworth Bldg.)

Air Registering Fire Valve Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; F. R. Shalitt, M. Bienenstock, J. Ellman. (Attorney, F. Harrison, 276 5th Av.)

Schwab-Hecht Corp., Manhattan, wireless telephone, $30,000; H. M. and F. L. Schwab, A. L. Hecht. (Attorney, S. Rubin, 120 Broadway.)

Stollton Realty Corp., Bronx, $30,000; I. and M. and I. Stelton. (Attorney, E. E. Reitman, 11 Broadway.)

Zachary Contracting Co., Brooklyn, make restaurant fixtures, $10,000; Z. E. Pupuility, E. Berry, F. J. Steinbugler. (Attorney, Beamish & Steinbugler, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Central Sanitarium, Manhattan, $750,000; M. Isenberg, S. Silverman, J. Roeder. (Attorney, Richle & Moxley, 68 William St.)

H. T. Hughes Co., Rochester, operate farms, 300 shares common stock no par value; active capital, $15,000; H. H. Hughes, W. J. and J. W. Colgan. (Attorney, D. L. Crowley, Rochester.)

Safety Illuminating Co., Brooklyn, electric lamps, $16,000; H. L. Smith, B. Mandell, J. Pasker. (Attorneys, Borowsky & Burrowes, 132 Nassau St.)

Post Pack Stores, Manhattan, agents, $25,000; W. D. Vanderbilt, A. H. Post, M. Simpson. (Attorney, S. D. Shwitzer, 568 5th Av.)

National Fruit Products Co. of New York, Manhattan, $50,000; F. B. Bloom, G. D. Orlove, H. Herzog. (Attorney, C. Firestone, 220 Broadway.)

New Bath Co., Brooklyn, electric, $25,000; E. A. Levin, B. O. Jackson, J. L. Flian. (Attorney, A. A. Levin, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Matasaga Realty Corp., Mamaroneck, $10,000; E. Levin, B. Gagliardi, J. and C. Santoro. (Attorney, Clarke, Close & Davis, White Plains.)

Benjamine Levy & Sons, Manhattan, make dresses, 510 shares preferred stock $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital $51,100; B. and A. Levy, J. V. Burns. (Attorneys, Spitz & Bromberger, 56 Pine St.)

Binghamton Contracting Corp., Binghamton, $250,000; A. and G. and J. Yesu. (Attorney, J. A. Murphy, Albany).

Winold Reiss Decorating Company., Manhattan, $10,000; B. F. Foster, A. S. Cutler, F. L. Murphy. (Attorneys, Foster & Cutler, Woolworth Bldg.)

Lieberman Hat and Cap Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; I. Lieberman, H. A. Yarish, S. Solomon. (Attorney, C. H. Seigle, 29 Graham Av., Brooklyn).

E. R. McInnis, Syracuse, bakers and confectioners, machinery, $40,000; E. R. McInnis, D. P. Peters, S. A. Cummings. (Attorneys, Estabrook & Estabrook, Syracuse.)

Monitor Finance Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Teplit, I. Greenberg, M. Berger. (Attorney, M. Gelles, 1,140 Broadway.)

Jack Dunkin, Manhattan, auto business, $20,000; J. R. Dunkin, A. Emerson, H. Sidelle. (Attorney, A. C. Bragaw, 140 Liberty St.)

Harry Scher & Co., Manhattan, make wearing apparel, $50,000; A. I. and H. Sober, R. Gotthofer. (Attorney, E. Fillmore, 1,133 Broadway.)

Wentworth Hall Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $50,000; J. D. and J. C. and A. M. Doenecke. (Attorney, J. F. O'Neill, 233 Broadway.)

Russian-American Fish Products Corp., Manhattan; 4,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 common, no par value; active capital, $15,000; S. Powsner, I. Kafe, M. Leavitt. (Attorneys, Belt & Kaminsky, 305 Broadway.)

Kalo Sales Corp., Manhattan, commission brokers, $500,000; T. A. Frey, H. V. Andrews. (Attorney, C. M. Davis, 2 Rector St.)

Amon Realty Corp., Syracuse, $50,000; I. B. Evans, B. F. Stauble, N. M. Byrne. (Attorneys, Hogan, Byrne & Byrne, Syracuse.)

Rahayel Freres, Brooklyn, make merchandise, $25,000; C. Rahayel, J. Gatewood, J. W. A. Wahby. (Attorney, T. J. Evers, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

B. B. Dorff & Co., Manhattan, importers and exporters, $50,000; H. S. and B. B. Dorff, A. F. Wylde (Attorneys, Siegeltuch & Kraft, 55 Liberty St.)

Tom Bellios & Co., Manhattan, make candy, $20,000; A. Speaker, J. Ingle Jr. (Attorney, J. W. Calloppy Jr., 2 Rector St.)

Nuesta Ventura Mining Corp., Rochester, $250,000; M. Dunn, I. L. Martin, J. Ark. (Attorney, J. K. McInerney, Rochester.)

Golden State Fruit Distributors, Manhattan, Colamonaco. (Attorney, M. Lustig, 305 Broad St.)

Rea French Laundry Co., Manhattan, $6,000; F. Lutzky, L. Seider, F. Lassoff. (Attorney, E. Rosenberg, 38 Park Row.)

French Esmond, Manhattan, printing, $30,000; C. F. Lattin, R. F. Lecount. (Attorney, F. Day, 32 Wall St.)

Hauter Riding School, Manhattan, $10,000; A. J. Lennon, Y. E. Stahl. (Attorney, M. A. Taub, 154 Nassau St.)

Radio Clearing Houseuse, Manhattan, $20,000; W. Scadron, B. E. Simmons, J. E. Onorata. (Attorney, L. Scadron, 149 Broadway.)

Armstrong Tree Service, Poughkeepsie, $35,000; A. M. Wood, D. G. McCullough, M. E. Rohan. (Attorneys, Folger & Rockwood, Poughkeepsie.)

Nedes Realty Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; S. and A. and B. Seiden Jr. (Attorney, G. G. Geller, 277 Broadway).

Mercury Tractor Corp. of New York, Manhattan, $5,000; H. J. Cloutman, T. G. Budd, E. Bunn. (Attorneys, Winslow & Budd, 111 Broadway.)

Edward F. Lupfer Corp., Buffalo, contracting, $50,000; E. F. Lupfer, A. J. Dilhanbaugh, women's apparel, $5,000; L. Fox, M. Levinson, J. Cohen. (Attorney, N. Elkin, 27 Graham Av., Brooklyn.)

Blampied Laboratories, Buffalo, make drugs, &c., $50,000; M. K. and A. A. Blampied. (Attorney, R. W. Werner, Buffalo.)

C. & E. Building Corp., Brooklyn, $30,000; F. Levine, U. Eisenberg, S. Orloff. (Attorney, E. Amerman, 50 Church St., Brooklyn.)

439 Central Park West Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; F. A. and E. M. Boyce, C. E. Senn. (Attorney, A. Reinhart, 15 East 40th St.)

Millburn Contracting Co., Freeport, sewer's business, $50,000; J. H. Bedell, J. and M. Hanes. (Attorney, L. Fishel, Freeport.)

Arthurs Purchasing Co., Manhattan, women's outer garments, $5,000; I. Silvestsky, S. Bernstein, I. Cohen. (Attorney, A. Palmer, 320 Broadway.)

Highbridge Park Garage Co., Manhattan, $10,000; M. and E. Schutz, J. Brick. (Attorney, J. C. Zimmerman, 101 5th Av.)

Morrell Supply Co., Brooklyn, upholstery materials, $10,000; B. Eisenberg, D. Mokotoff, M. Glikkich. (Attorneys, Block, Gornick & Freedman, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

American Tinsmith Supply Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. C. Miller, J. Stetkin, J. Brick. (Attorney, B. Ettinger, 50 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Brockton Shoe Jobbers, Manhattan, $5,000; S. and M. Traiger, J. Eblovitz. (Attorney, H. Levin, 152 Nassau St.)

Tompkins Manhattan, marble works, $10,000; N. S. and A. N. Tompanis, A. Zompanakis. (Attorney, D. A. Pappy, 299 Broadway.)

Queens Woodwork Corp., Manhattan, paper and wooden boxes, $6,000; C. and A. Porcaro, M. Castelli. (Attorney, H. S. Bird, Woolworth Bldg.)

Air Registering Fire Valve Corp., Manhattan, $20,000; F. R. Shalitt, M. Bienenstock, J. Ellman. (Attorney, F. Harrison, 276 5th Av.)

Schwab-Hecht Corp., Manhattan, wireless telephone, $30,000; H. M. and F. L. Schwab, A. L. Hecht. (Attorney, S. Rubin, 120 Broadway.)

Stollton Realty Corp., Bronx, $30,000; I. and M. and I. Stelton. (Attorney, E. E. Reitman, 11 Broadway.)

Zachary Contracting Co., Brooklyn, make restaurant fixtures, $10,000; Z. E. Pupuility, E. Berry, F. J. Steinbugler. (Attorney, Beamish & Steinbugler, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Central Sanitarium, Manhattan, $750,000; M. Isenberg, S. Silverman, J. Roeder. (Attorney, Richle & Moxley, 68 William St.)

H. T. Hughes Co., Rochester, operate farms, 300 shares common stock no par value; active capital, $15,000; H. H. Hughes, W. J. and J. W. Colgan. (Attorney, D. L. Crowley, Rochester.)

Safety Illuminating Co., Brooklyn, electric lamps, $16,000; H. L. Smith, B. Mandell, J. Pasker. (Attorneys, Borowsky & Burrowes, 132 Nassau St.)

Post Pack Stores, Manhattan, agents, $25,000; W. D. Vanderbilt, A. H. Post, M. Simpson. (Attorney, S. D. Shwitzer, 568 5th Av.)

National Fruit Products Co. of New York, Manhattan, $50,000; F. B. Bloom, G. D. Orlove, H. Herzog. (Attorney, C. Firestone, 220 Broadway.)

New Bath Co., Brooklyn, electric, $25,000; E. A. Levin, B. O. Jackson, J. L. Flian. (Attorney, A. A. Levin, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

Matasaga Realty Corp., Mamaroneck, $10,000; E. Levin, B. Gagliardi, J. and C. Santoro. (Attorney, Clarke, Close & Davis, White Plains.)

Benjamine Levy & Sons, Manhattan, make dresses, 510 shares preferred stock $100 each; 1,000 common, no par value; active capital $51,100; B. and A. Levy, J. V. Burns. (Attorneys, Spitz & Bromberger, 56 Pine St.)

Binghamton Contracting Corp., Binghamton, $250,000; A. and G. and J. Yesu. (Attorney, J. A. Murphy, Albany).

Winold Reiss Decorating Company., Manhattan, $10,000; B. F. Foster, A. S. Cutler, F. L. Murphy. (Attorneys, Foster & Cutler, Woolworth Bldg.)

Lieberman Hat and Cap Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; I. Lieberman, H. A. Yarish, S. Solomon. (Attorney, C. H. Seigle, 29 Graham Av., Brooklyn).

E. R. McInnis, Syracuse, bakers and confectioners, machinery, $40,000; E. R. McInnis, D. P. Peters, S. A. Cummings. (Attorneys, Estabrook & Estabrook, Syracuse.)

Monitor Finance Corp., Manhattan, $50,000; M. Teplit, I. Greenberg, M. Berger. (Attorney, M. Gelles, 1,140 Broadway.)

Jack Dunkin, Manhattan, auto business, $20,000; J. R. Dunkin, A. Emerson, H. Sidelle. (Attorney, A. C. Bragaw, 140 Liberty St.)

Harry Scher & Co., Manhattan, make wearing apparel, $50,000; A. I. and H. Sober, R. Gotthofer. (Attorney, E. Fillmore, 1,133 Broadway.)

Wentworth Hall Corp., Brooklyn, realty, $50,000; J. D. and J. C. and A. M. Doenecke. (Attorney, J. F. O'Neill, 233 Broadway.)

Russian-American Fish Products Corp., Manhattan; 4,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 100 common, no par value; active capital, $15,000; S. Powsner, I. Kafe, M. Leavitt. (Attorneys, Belt & Kaminsky, 305 Broadway.)

Kalo Sales Corp., Manhattan, commission brokers, $500,000; T. A. Frey, H. V. Andrews. (Attorney, C. M. Davis, 2 Rector St.)

Amon Realty Corp., Syracuse, $50,000; I. B. Evans, B. F. Stauble, N. M. Byrne. (Attorneys, Hogan, Byrne & Byrne, Syracuse.)

Rahayel Freres, Brooklyn, make merchandise, $25,000; C. Rahayel, J. Gatewood, J. W. A. Wahby. (Attorney, T. J. Evers, 215 Montague St., Brooklyn.)

B. B. Dorff & Co., Manhattan, importers and exporters, $50,000; H. S. and B. B. Dorff, A. F. Wylde (Attorneys, Siegeltuch & Kraft, 55 Liberty St.)

Tom Bellios & Co., Manhattan, make candy, $20,000; A. Speaker, J. Ingle Jr. (Attorney, J. W. Calloppy Jr., 2 Rector St.)

Nuesta Ventura Mining Corp., Rochester, $250,000; M. Dunn, I. L. Martin, J. Ark. (Attorney, J. K. McInerney, Rochester.)

Golden State Fruit Distributors, Manhattan,

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Jan. 30.—Charters filed today:

Consolidated Elmore Mines Corp., Wilmington, mining. (Corporation Service Co.)

Nevo Pathic Hospital Co., medical treatment, $2,500,000; Dr. A. C. Bali, H. V. Jenkins, Robert C. Hopkins, Alliance, Ohio. (Corporation Service Co.)

Nicollet Hotel, Wilmington, $1,750,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Slough Texiana Mfg. Corp., manufacture and mercantile, $1,500,000; Paul B. Grabtree, New York. (Charter Service Corporation Co.)

De Mass Co., Wilmington, real estate, $1,500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Engravograph Corp., engraving machines, $1,250,000; Nelson C. Peebles, New York; R. Anthony Brook, F. R. Rich, Mount Vernon, N. Y. (Julian C. Walker, Wilmington.)

Union Crude Oil Corp., Dover, drill, $1,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Dwinnell & Co., stocks and bonds, $1,000,000; W. S. Dwinnell, S. W. Dwinnell, J. B. Dwinnell, Minneapolis. (Delaware Registration & Incorporators Co.)

Taylor Oil Engines, Engines, $1,000,000; L. Leonard Taylor, O. C. Rowgotham, W. C. Lamb, Chicago, (F. L. Mettler, Wilmington.)

Wonder State Oil Co., Wilmington, $1,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Bauer Institute, Wilmington, health resort, $700,000. (Delaware Incorpating Co.)

Sagimo Steamship Corp., Wilmington, building, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Superlative Mfg. Corp., Wilmington, automobiles, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Norman Petroleum Corp., Wilmington, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

J. P. L., Wilmington, iron, steel and brass, $100,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

Fulton Knitting Mills Co., $250,000; Harry B. Wolfe, Harry C. Duncan, William Yeager, Lancaster Pa. (Corporation Registry Co.)

Quitman Land Investment Co., Wilmington, real estate, $100,000. (Corporation Trust Co.)

Knollman-Spidel Fireproofing Co., construct buildings, $50,000; E. P. Knollman, Robt. H. H. Spidel, Edwin W. Huguely, Washington. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Cast Iron Brazing & Machine Co., Philadelphia, foundries, $25,000. (Corporation Guarantee & Trust Co.)

Waterless Cooker Co., Wilmington, merchandise, $25,000; R. A. Smith, Wilmington.)

Juniper Investment Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $50,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

CAPITAL INCREASE.

Leonard Fitzpatrick Mueller, Montgomery, [illegible]

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yes'day. Bid.	Yes'day. Asked.	Monday. Bid.
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	17⅝	18	17⅝
Atlantic Refining Co., new	140	150	140
Atlantic Refining Co., pfd.	110	115	110
Borne-Scrymser Co.	110	115	110
Buckeye Pipe Line	90	92	90
Chess. Mfg. Co., cons.	220	230	220
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. Cons. pf.	110	115	111
Cont'l Oil Co., $25 par, new	40	41	40
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	44	45	44
Cumb. Pipe Line Co., new	90	92	91
Eureka Pipe Line Co., pfd.	100	104	104
Galena-Sig. Oil Co., pf. new	104	107	104
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf. old	109	111	109
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. com.	50	60	50
Humble Oil & R. Co., $25 par	83	85	84
Illinois Pipe Line Co.	168	170	168
Imperial Oil Co., Ltd.	112½	113¼	113¼
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	95	96	96
Int. Petrol. Co., Ltd.	20¾	20¾	21
Magnolia Petroleum Co.	160	161	163
National Fuel Gas Co.	85	95	85
National Transit Co.	27	27¼	27
New York Transit Co.	120	124	120
Northern Pipe Line Co.	100	104	100
Ohio Oil Co., new	76	77	76½
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.	17¾	19	17¾
Prairie Oil & Gas Co., new	227	230	228
Prairie Pipe Line Co., new	110	111	109
Solar Refining Co.	182	186	182
Southern Pipe Line Co.	106	108	108
South Penn. Oil Co.	174	177	175
So. West Pa. Pipe Lines	69	71	69
S. O. Co. of Cal., $25 par, new	56	56½	56½
S. O. Co. of Indiana, $25 par	61¼	61¾	61⅝
S. O. Co. of Kansas, $25 par, new	42	43	43
S. O. Co. of Kentucky $25 par, new	87½	88¼	88
S. O. Co. of Nebraska	213	226	215
S. O. Co. of New Jersey, $25 par	39¾	40	40
S. O. Co. of N. Y., pf.	116	117	116
S. O. of New York, new			
S. O. of N. Y., new, $25 par	45¾	46	45¾
S. O. of Ohio, new	298	298	293
S. O. of Ohio, pf.	116	118	116
Swan & Finch Co.	29	30	30
Union Tank Car Co., new	80	84	80
Union Tank Car

Wholesale Only

Rosebud COTTON DRESSES

WASH DRESSES

That Sell by Twos and Threes

So smart and so inexpensive that no women can resist them. They are bought, not only for general summer wear in the North, but as beach and sport frocks for Southern resorts.

Thousands on our racks awaiting your choice—gay, colorful, modish.

No salesmen on the road

$2.75 to $10.75

Linenes, Imported and Domestic Ginghams, Voiles, Ratines, Sponges, Swiss Organdies, Irish and French Linens, Dotted Swisses.

Rosebud Mfg. Co.
Quality Merchandise at Quantity Prices
37 West 26th St., N. Y.

Wholesale Only

SPECTACULAR

Surpassing all Previous Showings

CAPES COATS WRAPS

from

$9.75 to 49.50

Unusual — in Every Way Bigger and Better in Assortment, Quality and Workmanship

Cohen & Whellan
48-54 West 25 St,
New York

I. J. SIMON
Middlewestern Rep.

Wholesale Only

An Exceptional Variety

DRESSES

of the Better Kind

IN ALL WANTED MATERIALS
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

$10.75 to $29.75

Feldman & Light Bros., INC.
142-144-146-148 W. 36 St.

Wholesale Only

"Stout" Fall Coats

300

CLOTH and PLUSH COATS

To Close Out

HALLE, BAER & BROWN, INC.
1333 Broadway, New York City

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday....4½ per cent. for the best names.
Monday.....4½ per cent. for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper

***

Growing Call for Silk Capes.

In the large business now being placed with garment wholesalers for capes, the demand for those of silk is showing a marked increase. Until the last week, those of pile fabrics and twill cloths had practically monopolized the demand. This is considered normal, as the capes of these fabrics sell earlier than the silk ones. The recent increase in the buying of the latter, according to manufacturers here, leaves little room for doubt as to their position during the coming season. Those of Canton crepe are most favored, with fur trimmings being used for the higher-priced garments. Self-colored embroideries are frequently utilized on these, while on the cheaper garments fringes are the main decorations.

***

Topcoats in Request.

It is the general impression among local manufacturers that a good Spring season will be had in topcoats. Orders placed thus far are described as satisfactory, and duplicate ones are looked for owing to the increasing vogue of the topcoat as a distinct item for men's apparel. Box coats, it was said yesterday, are now the leading styles desired, and the "big play" will be made on them by retailers. There will be some raglans shown, but it is believed here that the demand for them is growing smaller. Overplaids will be conspicuous in the patterns. There is also noted a marked tendency away from the regular herringbone to one of a coarser effect. Tweeds and those cloths of a similar texture are favored, but there will also be an increasing volume of whipcords and gabardines sold.

***

Percales Nearing Peak.

The price of percales has almost reached the peak of October, 1920, when the slump started, according to the service letter of the National Wholesale Dry Goods Association, issued yesterday. Inasmuch as the new mill prices will make retail price advances necessary, printers and buyers are anxious to see the market tested out on the new higher level, particularly because this was not done until stocks were about exhausted, the letter says. "This reminds members of the practice of selling on the basis of merchandise cost which was current several years ago," it continues, "and under the conditions of rapid advances those who did not advance with the market found that they did not have sufficient capital to buy the higher-priced goods when stocks were exhausted."

***

Bedspreads and Pillow Cases.

Bedspreads and pillow cases, which have always been noted for simplicity, are now joining the ranks of novelties, in so far as one manufacturer is concerned at any rate. Although he reports that, despite the upward trend of prices, very good orders are pouring in for the plain white cases, he feels that there will also be a demand for novelty goods for Spring and Summer. The pillow cases have a border of cretonnette, roller printed with flower designs in all colors. Made of unbleached muslin, the bedspreads have a beautiful floral design of English block prints. They are scalloped with cut corners and come in the 8-4 and 10-4 sizes. The pillow cases are hemmed, hemstitched or scalloped. All the colors are said to be fast.

***

Footwear Styles Report.

In the official report issued yesterday of the style committees of the National Shoe Retailers' Association and the National Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association, covering styles to prevail for the months of April, May and June, straps in women's fashionable welts amount to 50 per cent. of the total made, while oxfords constitute 30 per cent. and tongue effects only 20 per cent. In the stylish turn shoes straps also lead, exceeding those in welts by 15 per cent., while tongue effects and cutout oxfords make up the remainder. Leathers recommended for welts in solid colors in order are tan calf, black kid or calf, patent, white fabrics and white kid or calf. In the case of fashionable turns, the leading materials are black satin, patent leather, black kid and white kid or calf. For women's sports welts, straps and oxfords are favored with only a few tongue effects. In the men's shoes, cherry leads the list of shades, followed by gold brown calf and lighter shades of tan calf. Black calf and patents are said to be growing in favor, but tan calf is rated at 60 per cent. of the total. It is said by the committee that men's golf shoes and sport effects with rubber or leather soles will sell, but the turnover will depend on locality. Crepe soles are moving slowly.

***

Must Reprice Cottons.

Practically no goods have been sold based upon present cotton and cotton yarns prices, declared the selling agent of one of the leading knitted underwear mills yesterday. "A good many of the manufacturers who were fortunate enough to place early contracts at low prices are sold up to the extent of raw materials which they had and have been compelled to advance prices," he said. "It will be only a matter of a short time when all lines will have to be based on the new price of cotton and cotton yarns, which means a considerable advance over prevailing prices. With the improved conditions, the consumer is in a position to buy better merchandise. During the last few years most of the retailers and a good many of the jobbers have not carried complete lines of the better grades of knit underwear, and as a result the jobbers have been losing out on the better grades."

***

Rubbers in Great Demand.

Heavy snow and rain storms throughout the country have been the cause of almost complete depletion of rubber overshoe stocks in this market. Some of the manufacturers still have a small quantity of rubbers on hand, but their factories are working overtime in an attempt to meet the demand. A representative of perhaps the largest rubber house in the country asserted yesterday that "they'll take anything and everything we can give them." If an order called for four-buckle arctics, the customer willingly accepted the six-buckle height, so long as he got something. These arctics, with plain or astrakhan tops, have been very popular in the East, and it is believed their popularity will be felt in the West next year. Business, however, is not confined to the novelty overshoes. Staples, in both men's and women's rubbers, are also in tremendous demand.

***

Little Done in Gray Goods.

Very little business was transacted in the local gray goods market yesterday. There were, however, several more inquiries for staple constructions than on the preceding day. Eleven cents was paid for 38½-inch 64-60s at first hand and 10¾ cents for goods from second hands. Of the 39-inch 64-72s, firsts brought 12 cents and seconds went for an eighth less. In the 38½-inch 60-48s 9¼ cents was paid for February delivery. The demand for sheetings was also slight, although there were some 36-inch 4.70s sold for 10⅞ and 11 cents.

***

New Overblouses and Jaquettes.

Overblouses and jaquettes of white crepe de chine are finding a very favorable sale for the resort trade. The introduction of these types in the late Fall was responsible for a great spurt in the demand at wholesale, according to the United Women's Wear League of America, and manufacturers here by presenting them in new forms expect to duplicate their success during the Spring season. The blouses are being worn usually with colored skirts of the same material. In some instances the skirts are white, with a note of high color sounded in the blouse. Monograms of various designs, embroidered on the front of the garment, are growing in favor for decorative purposes.

***

Worsted Concerns Meet.

The necessity of mills co-operating more closely in the matter of bankruptcies was urged upon the members of the worsted group of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers at their meeting yesterday. It was emphasized that much could be gained through this by the elimination of fraudulent bankruptcies among the customers of the mills and the protection of their claims. Complaints of the shrinkage of cloths made by clothiers were discussed. It was stated that these are the result of the buying of fabrics "at a price." The influence which Japan is having in keeping up prices on the Australian market because of its large purchases of fine merinos was also discussed. An increase in the sample yardage to be made by the mills was urged to prevent the possible shortage of sample pieces, which would prove a handicap with a late opening such as the present one.

LAUNDRYMAN WINS PLEA.

Finkelstein Gets Permission to Inspect Grand Jury Minutes.

Permission to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury which recently indicted him on a charge of criminally receiving stolen property was granted yesterday to Jacob Finkelstein, President of the Harlem Wet Wash Corporation of 162 East 118th Street, by Judge McIntyre in General Sessions.

Finkelstein's indictment followed an investigation into an alleged plot by members of th eWet Wash Laundrymen's Protective Association to burn and destroy the laundries of men who had refused to join the union and raise prices. Louis Wallinger, under indictment in connection with the plot, alleged that Finkelstein bought from him a sheet perforator which he had stolen from a laundry which was damaged by the firebugs at the instigation of the leaders of the alleged plot.

Counsel for Finkelstein submitted to the court an unsigned note, alleged to be in Wallinger's hand, which warned Finkelstein that unless he sent money to Wallinger's wife at 4 Wyckoff Street, Brooklyn, "I am going before the District Attorney and tell him what I know about you." This note, it was alleged, was written by Wallinger in the Tombs since his arrest. The lawyer said that Wallinger previously had sent an emissary to Finkelstein threatening that if the laundry owner did not send $40 to Mrs. Wallinger he would implicate Finkelstein in the arson plot.

FOR SUBURBAN TERMINAL.

Committee Appointed to Work for Station at 33d St. and 4th Av.

The Thirty-fourth Street Board of Trade has appointed a Commuters' Terminal Committee to co-operate with the Transit Commission and other civic bodies for the construction of the proposed suburban terminal at Thirty-third Street and Fourth Avenue. The committee consists of William F. Koelsch, President of the New Netherland Bank; James K. Cuddy, Secretary of Oppenheim, Collins & Co.; Roy Carruthers, Managing Director of the Waldorf-Astoria; James M. Speers, President of James McCutcheon & Co., and Milton Klein, Vice President of B. Altman & Co.

"The consummation of this plan is of vast importance to the midtown shopping centre," said a statement issued by the Board of Trade. "It will relieve the congestion at the Grand Central and Pennsylvania terminals and lead to equalize the use of the trunk line subways so that the platform congestion at the various stations will be relieved by the more equal distribution."

MAIL ROBBERIES LESSENED.

Government's War on Bandits Is Showing Effect.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Losses to the Government through mail bandits in major mail robberies have been materially reduced by the relentless warfare waged by the Post Office Department. They have aggregated only $24,-053 for the last nine months, compared with $1,129,986 for the year ending March 31. Two years ago $3,346,407 was stolen from the mails, of which $2,286,-017 was recovered, leaving a net loss of $3,360,390.

There were no major train hold-ups or major mail truck hold-ups in which the outlaws made their escape with loot in the last nine months. One major robbery of a Post Office station and two major robberies of postal messenger or mail carriers involved $70,200, of which $65,847 was recovered, leaving a net loss of $4,353.

ORDERS FOR GINGHAMS.

Regulations Which Wholesalers Are Urging On the Mills.

The National Wholesale Dry Goods Association included in its market service letter received by the members yesterday the report of the Gingham Committee which conferred with a number of gingham manufacturers during the annual convention. Some of the requests of the committee, of which W. M. G. Howse of Johnston & Larimer Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan., is Chairman, follow:

"Delivery of patterns as requested should be guaranteed. We, as wholesalers, wish to be protected so that when certain selections are made there need be no fear that the mill will thereafter decide it will not make certain patterns, which may be those most preferred by the buyer; further, that buyers be given an equitable assortment of patterns in monthly deliveries.

"When conditions of sale are established at the opening of the season it is requested that they shall not be changed during the season, to the detriment of the wholesalers.

"It is suggested that the end of the Spring season be April 15 and the end of the Fall season be considered Oct. 15.

"It is requested that means be devised to the end that wholesalers in all parts of the country shall get sample cards at about the same time, releasing sample cards for the Western part of the country a few days before those for the Eastern section.

"The resumption of freight allowance as before the war is requested.

"The committee made these requests in a spirit of friendliness and with a view to the most efficient and economical service to the ultimate consumer.

"It was believed that a meeting of the minds at such conference might induce a thorough understanding of the situation, and arrangements have been made to continue the work thus definitely taken up at that meeting."

Thomas A. Ferniey, Secretary-Treasurer of the association, comments that "members have for several years past questioned the continued popularity of ginghams, but find nothing definite on which to base any curtailment in their ordering." He states also that there is continued consumer demand and consequent strength in primary markets.

Cornwell to Address Bond Club.

John J. Cornwell, former Governor of West Virginia, and at present General Counsel for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, will address the members of the Bond Club of New York at their monthly luncheon today at the Bankers Club.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Formal announcement was made yesterday by the American Woolen Company that fancy worsteds in departments 3 and 7 will be opened next Monday. Fancy weave piece dyes and plain and fancy worsted mixtures will also be opened in department 15, and whipcords, suiting fabrics and raincoatings in department 8A.

The Star Merchandising Company, manufacturers and importers of notions, is now located at 303 Fourth Avenue.

Local offices of Lasher's Silk Manufacturing Company are now at 303 Fourth Avenue. The mill of the company is at Bethlehem, Pa.

Eugene Neumaier & Co., lace curtain manufacturers, have admitted Adolph Neumaier and Seymour Mayer to partnership. Space has been leased at 7-9 West Eighteenth Street, which will be occupied in addition to present quarters at 5-11 West Eighteenth Street. This doubles their manufacturing facilities.

Baer & Lilienthal, resident buyers, now represent the Martus Department Store of Birmingham and Bamsmer, Ala., in this market.

Irving D. Good, Inc., and the Good Textile Corporation, formerly at 366 Fourth Avenue, are now located at 115 Fifth Avenue.

Members of the buyers' interests and blankets will be held at the Dry Goods Exchange, 461 Fourth Avenue, next Tuesday and Wednesday.

50 Stunning, Youthful Models in DRESSES of Flat Crepe to Retail at $15

The Season's Most Outstanding Values!

Immediate Delivery

SILVER Costume Co.
22-26 West 32d St.

Wholesale Only

WE CAN SUPPLY THE DEMAND FOR

Brytonia Capes
IN BEAUTIFUL MODELS
$19.75 to $29.75

COATS WRAPS
$6.75 to $49.75
IN ALL THIS SEASON'S WANTED MATERIALS

VELOURS, POLAIRES, NORMANDY, AMWALAINES, MONDAINES, POIRET TWILL, VELVERETTES, BRYTONIAS, ZAMORA, FASHIONAS

Suits (2 & 3 Piece)
REALLY SMARTLY TAILORED IN HIGH GRADE
POIRET TWILL
$13.75 to $39.75

Sport Coats
THAT SELL ON SIGHT
$5.75 to $16.75
STOCK ON HAND FOR QUICK DELIVERIES

Weinberg Gratz & Parker
38 to 44 West 26th St.

Wholesale Only

American Girl Coats

NEWEST SPRING STYLES IN

COATS

For "Little Women" Juniors and Children

They *sell* because they're *right*—in fashion, fit, fabric—and *price*.

American Girl Coat Co., Inc.
35 WEST 32ND ST.
NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

"The House That Brings Them To 21st Street"

You want STYLE
You want QUALITY
You want WORKMANSHIP

You get all these and what's more, you get them at moderate prices in our

SUITS COATS CAPES

Morris Millard
54 West 21st Street

There is only *ONE GENUINE*

Twillcord

Originated and Manufactured Solely by the
FORSTMANN & HUFFMANN COMPANY

TWILLCORD is a fabric originated and manufactured only by the Forstmann & Huffmann Company. There is only one variety, one weight, and one quality. You will avoid the possible substitution of an inferior imitation if you will specify F. & H. Twillcord when ordering.

Twillcord as a name was registered in the United States Patent Office, serial No. 148330, under date of November 8, 1921, by the Forstmann & Huffmann Company.

The trade is hereby warned that the use of this name to promote the sale of an imitation will be vigorously prosecuted.

For your own protection—be posted

"F. & H." registered fabrics for Spring, 1923:—

Twillcord	*Shanteen*	*Marcova*
Piquetwill	*Spongeen*	*Preciosa*
Piquette	*Purltwill*	*Tarquina*
Cordine	*Juina*	*Panvelaine*
Piquetine	*Veldine*	*Marleen*
Milanette	*Gerona*	*"4703" Silk & Cachemire*
Traversine	*Marvella*	

F. & H.

FORSTMANN & HUFFMANN COMPANY
JULIUS FORSTMANN, *President*
PASSAIC, N. J.

WHOLESALE ONLY

Siegel Brothers & Lewis

MOVED

COATS — SUITS
CAPES — WRAPS

NOW AT

1370 Broadway Cor. 37th St. N. Y. C.

(Fischel Building)

Wholesale Only

d'Arcy

Individualized
DRESSES
For SHOPS
Catering to a particular Patronage
Particular as to Style & Value
O. J. Grab & Co.
134-142 West 37th St. New York

Wholesale Only

The Jacquette Vogue!

Every Girl and Woman in this country will own at least one Jacquette this Spring.
BE PREPARED FOR THE DEMAND
For the last word in Jacquettes get your assortment from ADLER & ADLER
396 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

"VIRGINIA DARE" DRESSES

$6.75 to $19.75

Why buy dresses of unknown make when you can buy exclusive Virginia Dare styles at these prices?

Thousands of smart new models on the racks ready to ship.

Offering special values in Cantons & Flat Crepes for this week only.

Call on us today.

KING & APPLEBAUM

333 Seventh Ave. at 29th St.

Wholesale Only

UNUSUAL VALUES!

Novelty Silk Overblouses

and

Tailored Waists

To Retail at

$5.00

Dimity Waists

To Retail at

$1.98

New Styles
Fine Quality Materials
Splendid Workmanship

PORTER BROS. Incorporated

150 Madison Ave. N. Y.

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Wholesale Only

D&G

from every angle outsells others for VALUE

SKIRTS

JUNIOR & MISSES

$2.25 to $7.75

LADIES

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ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ABERDEEN, S. D.—S. Sallinsky, dresses; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.).

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Sallinsky & Nathan; A. Nathan, clothing; Martinique.

ALLENTOWN, Pa.—Silverman & Silverman; M. Silverman, hosiery, gloves; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.); Martinique.

ANDALUSIA, Ala.—Horn & Son; Bernat, piece goods, notions, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

ATHENS, Ga.—Sol. J. Boley Co.; S. J. Boley, ready-to-wear, millinery, &c.; McAlpin.

ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; W. H. Brittain, mdse. mgr.; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

ATLANTA, Ga.—The Fair; S. Saul, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

AUBURN, Ind.—Schaab & Bro.; Mr. Schaab, ready-to-wear, notions; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

AUSTIN, Texas—McKean-Eilers Co.; C. L. Johnson, notions, hosiery; 72 Leonard.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. S. B. Hathaway, art goods; 16 W. 30th.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss F. Jeffries, juniors' coats; Miss L. Bailey, dresses; R. Bushler, men's Palm Beach suits; C. St. Collins, silks; F. E. Pennock, linens, ginghams, percales, sheets, pillow cases, blankets; Miss R. Levin, representing; 16 W. 30th.

BALTIMORE—Kellert's Specialty Shop; M. Kellert, coats, suits, dresses; 36 W. 29th (Frohman & Altman).

BALTIMORE—P. Kahn & Co.; L. Katzenstein, men's and boys' clothing; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Makover-Roten Co.; N. A. Cohen, woolens; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Cahn, Cahlens Co.; Miss A. V. Decker, coats, dresses; Gregorian.

BALTIMORE—Fribush Bros.; L. Fribush, mfrs. cloaks, suits; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—S. Fleishman, underwear; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—P. Levin & Co.; P. Levin, woolens; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Makover-Lowenberg Co.; B. Makover, woolens; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Makover-Roten Co.; B. Makover, woolens; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman Co.; Miss A. Nelson, corsets; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann); Park Avenue.

BALTIMORE—Carter, Webster & Co.; G. Sauer, work shirts, overalls, sweaters, gloves; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; R. Warner, toys, holiday goods; C. A. Miller, children's colored dresses, rompers, creepers, middle blouses; 354 4th Av.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; C. Sedberry, dress goods, velvets; H. B. Weiss, rugs, upholstery goods, carpets; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Landy Bros.; A. B. Landy, jobs hosiery, all kinds; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Dorf Co.; M. Dorf, piece goods; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.; T. G. Leason, shoes; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—Brager's; N. Sisco, shoes; S. A. Williams, coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Brager's; Miss D. Raymond, juniors' dresses, coats, &c.; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Brager's; Miss E. Kennedy, millinery; Waldorf-Astoria.

BALTIMORE—Cohn & Sons (jobbers); A. Cohn, jobs underwear, shirts, &c.; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—Fribush Bros.; E. Fribush, clothing; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—Brager's; E. Michael, men's furnishings; McAlpin.

BEAUMONT, Texas—Rosenthal Dry Goods Co.; M. G. Muse, fancy goods, piece goods; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—A. Livingston & Co.; C. R. Burgchardt, children's coats, dresses, kimonos, negligees; 23 East 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—A. Livingston & Co.; H. Livingston, coats, suits, men's furnishings; 23 East 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

BOSTON—Butler Bros.; Miss O'Reilly, bargain basement ready-to-wear; G. M. Whitman, millinery; 352-354 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Loon, waists; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Upstairs—Miss Luman, girls', juniors' dresses, coats; Miss Stack, representing coats and suits; Miss N. Horgan, women's costumes, dresses; Mr. Hurley, women's inexpensive dresses; Miss Golding, misses' inexpensive dresses; Mr. Kaufman, asst. division manager, ready-to-wear; Miss Derway, infants' dresses; Miss Golden, women's silk waists; Mr. W. J. Miller, boys' clothing; Mr. Hopkinson, toilet articles. Basement—Miss Callahan, silk and muslin underwear; Mr Reiter, women's, misses' coats; Miss McAuliff, women's skirts, sweaters; Mrs. Kasanof, neckwear; Miss Lynch, cotton petticoats; Mrs. Geary, waists; Miss Dartt, infants' wear, apron dresses; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Parks-Snow, Inc.; Miss J. Gilligan, waists, millinery, underwear; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Basement—H. Raleld, women's coats, dresses; J. S. Kahn, sweaters, cotton waists; 200 5th Av., Room 602.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; H. Liebes, merchandise manager, basement, jobs coats, dresses; 225 5th Av., Room 611.

BOSTON—Noyes Waist Co.; C. W. Dennis, silks, linens, cottons; Imperial.

BOSTON—Peerless & Reliable Petticoat Co.; S. Andrews, silks, dress goods, radiums, jerseys, trimmings; 200 5th Av., Room 510.

BOSTON—Boston Peerless & Reliable Petticoat Co.; John Cohen, silks, petticoats; 200 5th Av., Room 510.

BOSTON—R. & G. Manufacturing Co.; H. Austin, large jobs Spring coats, suits; 119 W. 25d.

BOZEMAN, Mont.—The Wilson Co.; R. P. Seidlitz, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Martinique.

BRADFORD, Pa.—Yampolik Bros.; Mr. Yampolik, ladies' ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss A. Emser, umbrellas; 240 Madison Av.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; C. E. Suess, gloves, trunks; bags; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss G. Sticklin, children's, junior apparel; 16 W. 30th.

BUFFALO—I. S. Given; Mrs. A. R. Ferguson, dresses; 1,261 B'way (S. Solomon).

CARNEGIE, Okla.—Angel's Dept. Store; D. Reisner, better-grade dresses; 1,182 B'way (Silverstein Buying Corp.).

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia.—Killian Co.; H. E. Crouch, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

CHANUTE, Kans.—Fashion Apparel Co.; Mr. Horwitz, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Mincer, Inc.).

CHARLESTON, Mo.—Budner & Ragsdale; W. B. Ragsdale, ready-to-wear; 134 W. 32d (C. S. Logan); Breslin.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Furchgott & Sons; M. Furchgott, ready-to-wear, furs; 28 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

CHATTANOOGA—D. B. Loveman Co.; C. E. McDonald, linens, art needlework; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

CHESTER, Pa.—Correct Millinery; H. Raffel, felt hats; 30 W. 27th.

CHICAGO—Percival B. Palmer Co.; A. Belin, better grade silk coats and capes; 38 W. 32d (S. J. Kaindorf).

CHICAGO—The Fair; Miss M. Jackson, stout dresses; 225 4th Av., Room 811.

CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; R. E. Weil, trimmed hats; W. H. Haun, trimmed hats; Miss L. Coyne, untrimmed tailored, ready-to-wear hats; 621 B'way; Room 625.

CHICAGO—Illinois Comforter Co.; Jacob E. Smith, jobber, dry goods, textiles, linens; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Heyman & Alexander Co.; H. D. Heyman, hosiery, knit goods; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—Edson, Keith Co.; J. J. Hollahan, untrimmed hats; 225 5th Av., Room 623.

CHICAGO—W. C. Hinter; T. V. Hinake, carpets; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—12th Street Store; Miss M. Speck, blouses, sweaters; O. S. Mayer, men's and boys' clothing; A. J. Schaeffer, ready-to-wear; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.)

CHICAGO—Sol Klein Store; Miss M. Speck, blouses, sweaters; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.)

CHICAGO—Sol Klein Store; Miss J. Goldberg, jobs dresses; 370 7th (Munzer-Mann Co.)

CHICAGO—Spaulding Waist Shop; L. Rubin, waists; 36 W. 29th (Frohman & Altman).

CHICAGO—I. Bezark; J. Teller, novelty satine capes; 35 East 26th (F. Bauer).

CINCINNATI—Reiss & Meis Co.; Herman Kuhr, fancy art linens, upholstery goods; 149 5th Av.

CINCINNATI—Fair Store; J. G. Jutt, linens; Miss K. Kruger, muslin underwear, infants' wear, aprons, petticoats, &c.; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).

CINCINNATI—Fair Store Co.; J. E. Keele, cotton piece goods; 23 East 26th (W. T. Knott).

CINCINNATI—W. Wolf & Sons; M. Wolf, linens, white goods, notions, laces, trimmings; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—H. Rothman Co.; H. Rothman, clothing; Imperial.

CLEVELAND—Miller Cloak Co.; P. Miller, wools, silks, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

CLEVELAND—H. A. Lattin Co.; H. A. Lattin, skirtings, coat, suit materials; Breslin.

CLEVELAND—Halle Bros.; F. L. Carter, handkerchiefs, laces; Miss M. Kelly, knit underwear; H. S. Moorehouse, underwear; Miss M. Schlicht, handkerchiefs; Miss C. Toedtman, embroideries, laces, trimmings; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

CLEVELAND—L. M. Gross Co.; M. E. Reed, ginghams; 258 5th Av.

COLORADO, Tex.—Colorado Bargain House; L. Landau, merchandise manager, jobbing dresses, men's and boys' clothing; 127 West 32d (H. Rosner).

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martins Co.; Miss K. Judd, children's wear, infants' wear, art goods; Miss Donovan, hosiery, knit goods, jewelry, gloves; Miss Runyan, muslin underwear, corset covers, negligees, petticoats; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

COLUMBUS—J. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss Cleary, inexpensive dresses, bungalow aprons; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa—J. Smith & Co.; O. J. Frank, ready-to-wear; Bristol.

DALLAS—Titche-Goettinger Co.; S. Zaye, children's, infants' wear, juniors' ready-to-wear, sweaters, blouses, negligees; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

DALLAS—Titche-Goettinger Co.; S. Zaye, wholesale dry goods; McAlpin, Room 1306.

DANVILLE, Ill.—K. & S. Dept. Store; Mr. Zapolian, Miss Scharf, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

DEMOPOLIS, Ala.—Stag. Mayer & Co.; Stag. Mayer, ladies' ready-to-wear, millinery, fancy goods; 1,261 B'way (Jos. Haiblen).

DENVER—Flynn's; Miss B. Flynn, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Younker Bros.; Miss A. Dolly, imported French hand-made underwear; 303 5th Av.

DES MOINES, Iowa—Youdker Bros.; F. Frisk, draperies, floor coverings; 303 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; C. W. Greenberg, men's underwear; M. Patten, men's suits, overcoats; Mr. Meyers, new Spring waists, sweaters; K. T. Crockett, J. E. Smith, Miss L. Evans, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss Lewis, assisting, handkerchiefs, laces, trimmings, ribbons; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DUBUQUE, Iowa—Roehsk Bros. Co.; F. H. Roesch, waists; 146 W. 30th.

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; Miss S. Black, muslin underwear, infants' and children's wear; 276 5th Av. (C. A. Cook).

DULUTH, Minn.—Duluth Glass Block Store; H. A. Benton, wash goods, linens, domestics, white goods; 200 5th Av., Room 504.

ERIE, Pa.—Trask, Prescott & Richardson Co.; J. B. Oldach, upholstery goods, carpets; 23 East 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

FAIRMONT, W. Va.—J. M. Hartley & Son Co.; Miss J. A. Montgomery, ready-to-wear; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.).

FAIRMOUNT, W. Va.—J. H. Dietz Co.; J. H. Dietz, gen. mdse.; Pennsylvania.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—Capital Department Store; K. Stein, ready-to-wear, millinery; 25 W. 32d (Lichtenstein & Co.).

FORT WORTH, Texas—Schermerhorn Co.; C. H. Lawrence, dress goods; 56 W. 35th (Wm. M. Van Buren).

GALVESTON, Texas—Clark W. Thompson Co.; Miss B. Cargill, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

GREAT FALLS, Mont.—The Paris D. G. Co.; W. M. Baldwin, dry goods; 120 W. 32d. (A. Fanti).

GRAND RAPIDS—Chas. Trankla & Co.; Miss M. A. Sears, infants', juniors' suits, blouses; Mrs. J. Bunce, corsets, underwear; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Paul Steketee & Sons; A. Oudendyk, dress goods, silks, wash goods; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Herpolsheimer Co.; Mrs. M. Van Valkenburgh, books; Miss B. Locher, millinery; Mrs. P. J. Hackett, representing; 1,170 B'way (Morgan & Ahrens).

GREENSBORO, N. C.—Brown-Belk Co.; Mrs. Leitch, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Correct Millinery; H. Raffel, sport hats; 30 W. 27th.

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Kaufman's Dept. Store; J. M. Lloyd, Winter sport coats; J. Swift, jobs Fall polo coats; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. E. Reordon, ready-to-wear; 240 Madison Av.

HELENA, Mont.—Sanden & Ferguson; F. S. Sanden, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Park Avenue.

HICKORY, N. Y.—Miss L. Norton, millinery; Imperial.

HOLYOKE, Mass.—I. Kantrowitz, jobs cloth dresses, plush coats, extra sizes; 38 W. 32d (R. Kayser).

HOUSTON, Texas—Harris-Hahlo Co.; L. L. Harris, mdse. mgr.; E. H. Hahlo, ready-to-wear; J. Mesinger, leather and fancy goods, &c.; 115 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann).

HOUSTON, Texas—Popular Garment Co.; I. Cohen, coats, capes, dresses; 127 W. 33d, Room 504.

JOHNSON CITY, Tenn.—Hart & Houston; J. P. Hart, gen. mdse.; Miss D. Moore, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—Glosser Brothers; N. Glosser, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

HOUSTON, Texas—W. C. Munn Co.; Mrs. Shephard, toilet goods, leather goods, notions; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

KALAMAZOO, Mich.—Gilmore Bros.; Miss A. Moore, millinery; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Paris Fashion Shop; M. Seidler, better grade dresses; 370 7th Av. (Munzer-Mann Co.).

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—Margolies Bros.; S. N. Margolies, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

LANCASTER, Pa.—Martin Frank; F. L. Krafft, coats, suits, dresses; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartblay); Martinique.

LANSING, Mich.—J. W. Knapp Co.; H. Holmes, men's furnishings, boys' clothing; D. W. Reed, hosiery, underwear; notions; D. M. Shotwell, piece goods; 131 W. 35th (Hart-Flanagan Co.); McAlpin.

LAUREL, Miss.—R. C. Gaddis Co.; R. C. Gaddis, representing; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

LEBANON, Pa.—Globe Outfitter; S. Levitz, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear, children's wear; Grand.

LINCOLN, Ill.—Landauer's Lady Shop; Mr. Landauer, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th (Mdse. Reporting Co.).

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—M. M. Cohn Co.; F. W. Warriner, Madeira and Italian linens; 120 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

LOS ANGELES—Third St. Store; I. Swift, jobs women's, misses' dresses; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

LOS ANGELES—C. T. Scott Co.; C. T. Scott, Spring mdse.; 36 W. 29th (Frohman & Altman).

LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; F. Schmitt, upholstery, curtains, floor coverings; 2d E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

LYNCHBURG, Va.—Snyder & Berman, Inc.; H. Berman, millinery, ladies' ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MARINETTE, Wis.—Lauerman Bros.; L. P. Couff, silk dresses, ladies', misses' khaki, tweed knickers; 1,161 B'way (G. L. Siegel).

MARION, Ohio—Uhler-Phillips Co.; J. E. Phillips, dry goods, furnishings; C. E. Anderson, dress goods, silks, velvets; Miss M. Snyder, waists; Mrs. B. W. Bess, representing; Miss E. Riley, upholstery; Miss F. Thibaut, linens, white goods; J. Grundy, notions, fancy goods; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

MARSHALL, Minn.—The Style Shop; W. W. Cook Jr., ready-to-wear, basement; 120 W. 32d (A. Mincer, Inc.).

MILTON, Pa.—A. Rosenblum; A. Rosenblum, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE—Northwestern Cap Mfg. Co.; S. Mayer, A. Mayer, cap materials; McAlpin.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; L. P. Vaill, suits, skirts, coats, misses' garments; Mrs. L'Saubee, millinery; 16 W. 29th.

MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hammel Dry G. Co.; I. Swift, jobs women's, misses' dresses; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

MONROE, N. C.—Belk Bros.; G. Robinson, gen. mdse., ready-to-wear, notions; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

MULLINS, S. C.—Rasor & Clardy Co.; R. G. Clardy, dry goods, gen. mdse.; Miss M. Peed, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

NASHVILLE—Castner-Knott D. G. Co.; Mrs. E. Fraser, muslin underwear, infants', girls' wear, aprons, petticoats, &c.; Miss M. A. Kirr, laces, embroideries, jewelry, leather goods, &c.; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

NASHVILLE—J. Morse & Co.; J. Morse, clothing, furnishings; Pennsylvania.

NEW CASTLE, Pa.—J. N. Euwer's Sons' Sons; W. N. Clark, furniture; York.

NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; T. H. Galligan, laces, ribbons, &c.; H. G. Menoke, misses' ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

NEW HAVEN—Conn Mendel's; Sol Mendel, mdse. mgr.; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

NEWTON, N. C.—Miss F. Tripling, millinery; Imperial.

NORFOLK, Va.—Watt, Rettew & Clay; A. G. Arnheim, mdse. mgr.; J. G. Rauscher, men's furnishings, hosiery, underwear; Miss I. Maul, corsets, infants' wear; Miss G. Waugh, millinery, neckwear; Mrs. A. Potter, ready-to-wear; W. E. Chandler, jewelry, leather goods, silverware, notions; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

NORTHAMPTON, Mass.—A. McCallum Co.; Miss E. Donovan, ready-to-wear; J. Pelissier, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Kerr D. G. Co.; Mrs. J. McKnight, corsets; 325 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

OIL CITY, Pa.—Walker & Maxwell Co.; H. F. Maxwell, D. D. Maxwell, carpets, rugs; Martinique.

OMAHA, Neb.—Hayden Bros.; F. Jamieson, men's furnishing goods, 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

OMAHA—J. L. Brandeis & Sons; G. Louden, jewelry, leather goods; 212 5th Av.

OTTUMWA, Iowa—S. C. Cullen Co.; P. J. Donelan, general manager; Mrs. B. Labertew, women's wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; C. H. Clark, coats, suits, waists; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

PETERSBURG, Va.—Southern D. G. Co.; J. Jolly, general mdse.; 256 Church (C. E. Rice Co.).

PHILADELPHIA—Fink Co.; Miss B. Grossman, waists, sweaters; 1,512 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; E. W. Goldman, Mrs. C. Yorkes, women's better coats; B'way and 33d (N. Y. office).

PHILADELPHIA—Morris Charlap & Son; I. Charlap, woolens; 1,270 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss G. Stecklair, jobs infants' wear; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Klinghoffer & Co.; J. Klinghoffer jobber better Spring dresses, all materials; 1,225 B'way (Jobbers Market).

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Surratt, dresses (basement); 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PHILADELPHIA—Moskovitz Bros.; M. Moskovitz, dresses, costumes; Martinique.

PHILADELPHIA—J. Degman & Brown; J. H. Brown, white goods, laces, blankets, notions, men's furnishings; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Stewart's; Mrs. A. Goldman, silk, cotton underwear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

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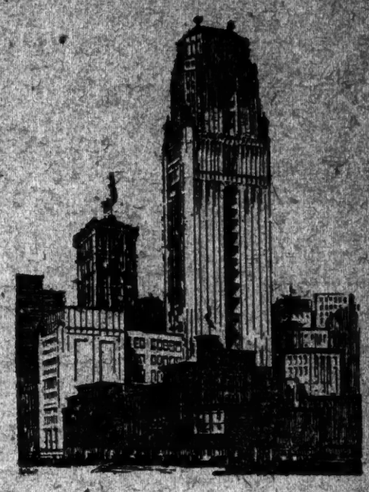

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CHILDREN'S—JUNIORS'—FLAPPERS'
SILK DRESSES
Remarkable Values; Immediate Delivery.
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OPEN TO BUY
FOR CASH
1000 SILK DRESSES
RALPH KAYSER, INC.
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ADDRESSING
from our latest compilation of 20,000 retail stores
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AUCTIONS.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell Tomorrow, Thursday, February 1st, 1923, at 1:00 P. M., At Our Salesrooms, 459 Broadway, Cor. Grand Street, N. Y. C.
LARGE QUANTITY OF
BEAUTIFUL ORIENTAL
RUGS
AND CARPETS
Consisting of a choice selection of Chinese Rugs, Bokharas, Kermanshas, Sarouks and Mosul carpets of all sizes and weaves.
Auctioneer's telephone—Canal 0597-0598.

The fluctuations in the average wholesale price of twenty-five food commodities during the past week are shown in this week's ANNALIST. On news stands 10 cents a copy.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

Continued From Preceding Page.

PHILADELPHIA—Goldstein & Levin; J. Goldstein, mfr. children's infants' dresses; 1,110 B'way; imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss D. Rogers, buyer trimmed millinery; H. Shivers, millinery; 1,200 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Moskowitz & Teitelbaum; S. J. Rose, dresses; H. Teitelbaum, infants' dresses, silks, waists; 1,370 B'way; imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—The Harris Co.; Miss S. Cohn, juniors' wear; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss M. Garretson, trimmed millinery; B'way and 32d (New York Office).

PHILADELPHIA—Diamond Waist Co.; W. Lerner, waists; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Jeanette Dress Co.; H. Stein, misses' and juniors' silk dresses; 2 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

PHILADELPHIA—Max Stenzler Co.; W. Stenzler, children's gingham dresses, rompers, creepers, house dresses; 1,150 B'way (Jobbers Market).

PHILADELPHIA—M. R. Miller & Co.; W. Miller, children's white dresses for Spring; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Redman & Klinger; M. Klinger, coats; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Receiver for Correm's; H. G. Correm, silk waists, sweaters, skirts; Miss Correm, ladies' misses', junior dresses, graduation dresses; 127 W. 33d, Room 606.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Kaufmann & East Co.; Miss Parris, negligee; D. Pristech, assortment suits; 414 4th Av.; Mr. L. Heyman).

PITTSBURGH—Horne Umbrella & Luggage Shop; H. Cohen, umbrellas; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—H. S. Yoe; millinery; Claridge.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; S. Seaton, domestics, linens; Miss Collins, children's coats; J. Becker, millinery; 1,260 B'way (M. A. McNulta).

PITTSBURGH—Lewis-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, Miss O. Killen, upstairs, suits, coats; H. Cohen, better-priced suits, coats; 1,372 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder, Inc.; Miss R. Simon, waists; 1,572 B'way (Affiliated Retail Stores).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; D. S. Kohn, men's, boys' clothing, basement; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Mrs. N. Ferris, corsets, underwear, house dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss F. Lipsich, dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

PITTSBURGH—The Porter Co.; F. C. Waddell, hats; Miss K. E. Wells, pattern hats; Imperial.

PITTSBURGH—George Wehn Son & Co.; J. F. Wehn, carpets; Martinique.

PITTSBURGH—Butterfield Millinery Co.; S. Rosenberg, millinery, furs; Martinique.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas—A. Goldberg & Brother; Goldberg, dry goods, women's ready-to-wear; Imperial.

PUEBLO, Col.—Crews-Beggs D. G. Co.; A. L. Sullivan, carpets, draperies; 240 Madison.

PULLMAN, Wash.—Emerson Merc. Co.; J. N. Emerson, mdse. mgr., dry goods; Breslin.

READING, Pa.—A. J. Brumbach & Co.; S. A. Brumbach, woolen piece goods; Martinique.

RICHMOND—Cohen Co.; D. J. Kmieres, housefurnishings, dollar day mdse.; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

RICHMOND, Va.—Miller-Rhoads, Inc.; W. C. Chenault, linens, white goods, wash materials; H. E. Herbert, millinery; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads Co.; Miss Duffin, books, stationery; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

RICHMOND, Va.—The Toggery Shop; Mrs. McCarthy, suits; 145 W. 30th, 2d floor.

ROANOKE, Va.—Leggett-MacBain Co.; G. C. Lackey, white goods, linens, domestics, books; 432 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; upstairs, N. Paterson, linens, towels; Miss T. Colin, dresses; L. Gradinger, coats, suits; A. W. Chapin, piece goods; 1,261 B'way (G. Solomon).

ROCHESTER—H. H. Given, jobs all kinds silk dresses; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.—Belk-Hudson Co.; Miss Wright, ready-to-wear; millinery; 134 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

SAGINAW, Mich.—J. A. Wendland, ready-to-wear; millinery; 30 W. 32d (Hilton Lichtenstein & Co.).

SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; Miss Mill, laces, trimmings, lampshades, underwear; Mr. Malkan, gloves, hosiery, underwear; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

SAVANNAH, Ga.—B. S. Levy Bro. & Co.; B. Levy, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

SHEFFIELD, Mass.—Smith-Metzger-Wright Co.; L. W. Smith, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Brothers Co.; Miss K. Ryan, waists, petticoats; 129 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

SPOKANE, Wash.—Emerson-Mann Co.; S. H. Mann, ladies' and children's wear; Breslin.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; N. Wallace, ready-to-wear; Miss Livingston, coats, suits; 240 Madison Av.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall Dry Goods Co.; Miss L. Marcell, infants' and children's wear; notions, laces, gloves; 236 5th Av. (E. Aldrich).

SWEETWATER, Texas—Sweetwater D. G. Co.; L. Landau, mdse. mgr., jobs ladies' dresses and waists; 127 W. 32d (H. Roemer).

TAMPA, Fla.—A. Kuttnauer, genl. mdse.; Imperial.

TERRE HAUTE—Levin Bros.; E. Bertowitz, representing; 206 B'way (E. A. Keller).

TULSA, Okla.—Vandever D. G. Co.; Mrs. G. Vandever, fancy goods, small wares; 338 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

UTICA—Doyle-Knower Co.; Miss R. K. Franklin, women's, misses' silk dresses; Prince George.

UTICA, N. Y.—Fink Bros.; J. D. Fink, furnishing goods, sweaters, knit goods; Imperial.

VANCOUVER, B. C.—David Spencer, Ltd.; Mrs. Billings, specials silks, piece goods; 1,164 B'way (Retailers' Buying Corp.).

VIRGINIA, Minn.—Alex Reid & Co.; A. Reid, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Mincer, Inc.).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht Co.; Miss B. R. Kampf, muslin, silk underwear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

WASHINGTON—Hecht Co.; E. Kingsbury, upholstery; M. Kadden, hosiery, knit underwear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. B. B. Parks, dresses, downstairs store; 370 7th Av., Room 1701.

WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; A. Abbott, men's furnishings; Mats; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; I. Goldenberg, representing; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON—Erlebacher's; J. Sachs, waists, petticoats; Martinique.

WASHINGTON—Dodek Clothing Co.; H. H. Dodek, clothing, men's furnishing goods; Imperial.

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Son & Co.; Miss A. M. Hagan, ready-to-wear; J. McCann, genl. mdse.; 432 4th Av.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Herr Fashion Shop; J. Herr, dresses; Mrs. D. McCarty, dresses; Alcazar.

WEST POINT, Miss.—Rosenfeld's Ladies' Store; Mrs. S. Rosenfeld, ready-to-wear; 1,162 B'way; Martinique.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Allen & Hunter; William Hunter, men's hats, caps; McAlpin.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Miss A. Latimer, ready-to-wear; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

WINONA, Miss.—Yolles & Schneider; J. Schneider, dry goods, gen. mdse., ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.—Belk-Stevens Co.; H. F. Stevens, gen. mdse.; Mrs. C. B. Roper, millinery; 120 W. 32d (A. Fantl).

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner, Putnam Co.; Charles Heller, ready-to-wear; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

YORK, Pa.—Correct Millinery; H. Raffel, trimmed hats; 30 W. 37th.

YORK, Pa.—S. Grumbacher & Son; Miss F. Fredericks, cloaks, suits; Imperial.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Youngstown D. G. Co.; A. C. Smith, notions; 60 Worth (White & Pardee).

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—B. McManus & Co.; B. McManus, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; I. Swift, jobs women's, misses' dresses; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

SUE EASTERN POTASH CO.

Equity Proceedings Started in U. S. Courts in Two States.

Ramifications of the Eastern Potash Company, a concern incorporated under the laws of Delaware with a capital stock of $7,500,000, are being investigated in three States, it became known yesterday after it was learned that Federal equity proceedings against the company have been instituted in Delaware and New Jersey by creditors.

Manipulation of funds and securities placed with the company as collateral for stock are charged in an affidavit by accountants who went over the company's books at the direction of the receivers appointed in New Jersey, James Kerney of Trenton and Joseph H. Quigg of Paterson.

An unusual situation is brought about in the case with the existence of receivers for the company in two States. When the few Jersey creditors filed equity proceedings against the company, Kerney and Quigg were appointed receivers. While this action was pending, it is said, Richard B. Gaven, President of the American Shading Machine Company and a trustee of the Buffalo Savings Bank at Buffalo, and other creditors, filed proceedings in equity against the Eastern Potash Company in Delaware. Gaven says he has a claim against the company for $32,000.

SENDS $250,000 TO RUSSIA.

Will Be Used to Buy Machinery for Clothing Syndicate.

The Russian-American Industrial Corporation yesterday transmitted $250,000 to be placed to the credit of the Industrial Bank of Moscow for the use of the Russian Clothing Syndicate, of which the corporation is a member, it was announced yesterday by the corporation.

"Through special concessions granted by the Soviet Government to the Russian-American Industrial Corporation, it can participate in various industrial and commercial enterprises in Russia," the statement continued. "The $250,000, which is a part of $1,000,000 to be invested by the corporation in Russian industry, will be used immediately by the Clothing Syndicate to purchase machinery and other necessary equipment. Purchases will be made in Germany."

SHIP BOARD CUTS PAYROLL.

Total Expected to Be Down to $7,500,000 by June 30.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Reductions in the Shipping Board payrolls totaling $1,100,000 and involving the discharge of approximately 500 employes throughout the country may be expected before June 30, Chairman Lasker announced today. He declared the overhead charges of the board's operation would be reduced to a minimum by that date.

The reductions, it is said, will be made possible through the adjustment of many claims and the liquidation of properties which will enable the board to dispense with many attorneys, technical experts, clerks and workmen.

When the present Shipping Board came into office, according to testimony recently offered by Chairman Lasker to the House Committee on Appropriations, the annual payroll was $15,861,400, with 8,324 persons employed, and on Dec. 31, 1922, a year and a half later, the payroll has been further reduced to approximately $8,600,000, and is expected to total about $7,500,000 by June 30.

WAGES READJUSTED UPWARD

Standard Oil Employes at Bayonne Win $100,000 a Year Rise.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey that a readjustment of wages at the Bayonne plants had been made whereby material increases of wages were voted to many of the employes. The increases will cost the company approximately $100,000 a year, it was said.

Workmen in the oil plants have received pay according to many varying scales. These have been simplified, and there will be no decreases for any of the 10,000 employes, it was announced.

Negro in Fur Robbery Suspect.

Major Seales, a negro, of 426 West Thirty-ninth Street, was arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Norman J. Marsh in Jefferson Market Court on a charge of being connected with the theft of $75,000 in furs from the establishment of Sharfstein & Cohn, 36 West Thirty-seventh Street. The burglary took place some time between Saturday afternoon and Monday morning. Scales worked in the building. He was held without bail for examination tomorrow.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—White and pastel shades; good quality for cash; bring sample piece. 6th floor, 111 West 27th.

CREPE de China Wanted—Heavy all colors, close outs, for cash. 1,140 Broadway, Room 604.

CREPE De China Wanted—Georgine wash satin, for cash; cash. W. M. Bernstein & Son, 52d Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Heavy quality; not over $2 yard. Oxford Dress, 2 West 32d.

CREPES Wanted—Hamilton or similar, 36 or 44 inches; cash. Madison Square 9478.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing Stock orders on medium to better grades Spring merchandise for street and afternoon wear, in canton crepe, crepe de chine and all the latest novelty materials; submit samples 9-5 daily. 28 West 32d, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Stock orders given for juniors' and flappers' dresses, to experienced contractors only; medium to high grade in all materials; also novelties; submit samples 9-12 daily. Rae Mfr. Weiner, 1st floor, 10 East 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for jobs of dresses; any quantity in canton crepe, satin canton crepe de chine and other materials; one lot not small or too large; submit samples 9-5 daily. Fifth floor, 28 West 32d. Pennsylvania 6230.

DRESSES Wanted—Cotton; we are now placing stock orders on cotton and silk dresses, all materials; call with samples between 9-12 M. and 2-4 P. M., 12th floor, 1,370 Broadway.

DRESSES Wanted—Open to buy for spot cash, dresses, any quantity, all materials. Call with samples, see Mr. Moskowitz, 3 East 32d St., 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber Buying linens, voiles, ratines and novelty cotton goods; better merchandise only. William Fein, 102 Madison Av., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on new A styles flat crepe and sport wash misses' and ladies' dresses. Call with samples. Fancy Dresses, 29 West 32d.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats Wanted—Spot cash for your entire stock; no lot too big, none too small; cash paid immediately. Wackler 6154.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing quantity orders on new Spring silk dresses; also novelties. Call with samples, 333 7th Av., 13th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders on capes and dresses for sport wear. 48 West 20th, 9th floor.

DRESSES, Suits, Coats Wanted—Pay Spot cash for your stocks; any quantity, none too big. 342 6th Av., Gramercy 1313.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Normandy voile samples. Call all week, 1st floor, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for quantities, large and small, silk or cloth dresses for spot cash. 6th floor, 54 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Spring styles of silk and other new materials; jobber placing big orders. 6th floor, 54 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Spot cash; all kinds jobs. Excelsior, 108 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted — High-class, all kinds, jobs; for cash. Telephone Canal 4228.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk dresses. 35 W. 31st St., 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silk, all kinds; spot cash. Progress, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber wants silks, &c., spot cash. Kinsley, 16 East Broadway.

FOXES Wanted—Wolves and chokers, any quantity, for cash. Fitzroy 0854, 0392.

FURS Wanted—Will buy for cash fox, wolf and other scarfs; also sealine, marmot raccoon and muskrat coats; no stock too large or too small; call with samples. Mr. K., 862 6th Av.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Heavy 3 or 4 thread construction, 100x100 or better. Goldstein, Room 902, 456 4th Av.

GEORGETTES and Charmeuse Wanted—Any color; spot cash. Stavisky & Greenstone, 437 4th Av.

GERONAS—Velvmess Wanted. All shades; pay cash. Rittmaster, Madison Square 9648.

GERONA Wanted—Navy and black; will pay cash. Longacre 6302.

GERONA Wanted—Black, Mallabar, batwing and cinder. Longacre 6302.

GINGHAMS Wanted—Quantities of domestic gingham, better quality. Call with samples, L. M. Gross Co., 253 5th Av.

JEANS Wanted—White, all kinds; quantity, spot cash. Abe Millman, 20 West 32d. Pennsylvania 6810.

JEANS Wanted—Fibia, Lonsdale and 1-x cifle jeans; spot delivery. Telephone Madison Square 7611.

JUILLIARDS Piece Goods Wanted—2335, for cash. Chelsea 2455.

JUILLIARDS Wanted—110, Lexington 2790.

KNITTED Fabrics Wanted—Manufacturers doing commission knitting and fibre silk. Box 417, 2001 World Tower Building.

LUSTROSA Wanted—Lustrosa, all colors. Chelsea 8626.

MERCHANDISE Wanted—Low priced, for mail order catalog; women's waists, infants' coats and dresses, muslin underwear; spot cash. Klein, Hi., care Fellows Buying Co., 1,464 Broadway.

MIXTURES Wanted—Stevens' 2885; overplaids, American 1198. Stuyvesant 7270.

ORMADALES, Velveretties and Lustroses Wanted—All shades. Cohen & Hanger, 151 West 30th.

OVERPLAIDS Wanted—11004 or similar. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

OVERPLAIDS Wanted—1104 or similar; also cloth for polo coats. Watkins 7444.

PAISLEY Wanted—Satin or silk mixed. Manhattan Petticoat Co., 3 West 29th.

PAISLEY Roshanara Wanted—Light shades, for cash. Longel, 24 West 28th.

PIECE Goods, Bolivia and Polaire, Wanted—American 0545, 132016, 11193, De Landa 1924, American Girl Coat Co., Pennsylvania 6543.

PLAIDS Wanted—721, Glasier & Cummings. Longacre 7001. Halpern.

PLAIDS Wanted Stevens 1170-5; also other open plaids. Watkins 6212.

POIRET Twills Wanted—5272, 8039; also 11196, 132016, 11004. Madison Square 2740.

POIRET Wanted—Juilliard's 54516 tan, black, navy; cash. Chelsea 6040.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Tan only, all qualities, for cash. Madison Square 0544.

POLAIRES Wanted—American, Stevens, Frankenberg and Juilliards; velour checks. Watkins 2545.

POLAIRE Wanted—11196, color, 64; also 10061, 10062, 0545, 11196, 132016, 11004; cash. Madison Square 5868.

POLAIRES and Overplaids Wanted—American or similar. Cohen & Gross, 22 West 32d. Longacre 4787.

POLAIRE Wanted—132016, 11196, shades 5-10-60. Lustgarten, Horowits, Kaplan. Watkins 3459.

POLAIRE Wanted—Lot American 15131. Phone Watkins 1838.

POLAIRES Wanted—1216 Stevens, all shades, quantity, for cash. Watkins 2438.

POLAIRES Wanted—11119, all colors. Lexington 3040.

PONGEE Wanted—Open to buy 12 momme pongee at a price. Livingston & Lieberman, 29 West 30th.

RATEENS Wanted—M. & M. Manufacturing Co., 520 Broadway.

SATIN DE CHINE Wanted—Open to buy quantity, all shades. Bruce Bros., Inc., 10 West 26th. Watkins 0872.

SATIN de Chine Wanted—Tan and gray, Susquehanna, Kreidel's or similar. Rothstein & Nelson, 139 West 29th.

SATIN de Chine, Linings Wanted—Shade, tan, Silver & Goldstein, 15 West 28th St.

SERGES Wanted—Open for 54500. Chelsea 1262.

SILK Wanted—Printed, and cotton in paisley effects; spot cash. G. H. & B. Freydberg, 55 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Roshanara crepe, printed Paisleys, Block Dress, 54 West 28d.

SILKS Wanted—Striped tubs and satin de chine. Bernstein, 131 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Messalines at a price. Samuel Bolit & Co., 18 East 18th.

SILKS Wanted—Spot cash for special jobs in fancy crepes. Ashland 8060.

SILKS Wanted—Fancy stripes. Fierman & Kolmer, 302 5th Av.

STEVENS Wanted—6196 and 6108. Halle, Baer & Brown, 1,333 Broadway.

TAFFETA and Fongees Wanted—Any quantity; spot cash. Harry Sallman, 25 West 20th. Longacre 7500.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Navy, Belgian and Brown; large quantities. May-Rae Dress, 18 West 20th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 147, 0462, 0467 or similar, any quantity. Hoffman & Horowitz, Longacre 3907.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Juilliards 54302 or similar; tan and navy. Henry Levy & Son, 213 West 25th. Longacre 4583.

TUB Silks Wanted—B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 20th.

VELOUR Wanted—American 1310, 834. Sorrento, Myer Gans Co., 151 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—C. O. D. 13503, 1310, 11196, 132016, 131614. Gramercy 1978.

VELOUR Checks Wanted—Louis Walther, 31-33 West 32d, 3d floor. Chelsea 2346.

VELOURS Wanted—Dearing, shade 26; also 11196, shade 4; cash. Watkins 10196.

VELOURS Wanted—American 12600, copen. Chelsea 4077.

VOILES, Normandy, Wanted—Beck, 40 West 20th.

WAISTS Wanted—Want a line of crepe de chine waists for export to cost not more than $24 dozen. Room 702, 29 West 34th St.

WOOLENS Wanted—Polaire, poiret, potmandie; quantity. Bernstein, 131 West 27th.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

SCARFS Wanted—Established selling agents; open for a line of men brushed scarfs for the wholesale trade on commission basis. Canal 8013.

BUYERS' WANTS.

BANDANNAS Wanted—Assorted colors; cash. Bildmore Dress, 9 West 20th.

BELTINGS, Braided Tapes, Fasteners, &c., Wanted—For cash; any quantity. J. Pellman, 1,123 Broadway. Chelsea 6152.

BOLIVIAS and Polaires Wanted—Stewarts 569, Deland 1924, colors 1-6, quantity, cash. Fitzroy 2080.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0545, American or similar, Spring colors. 22 West 32d, 3d floor. Longacre 4600.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 0545 or similar; all shades. Cohen Bros., 34 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—0545, all shades; also overplaids 11004, color 2; will pay cash. Fitzroy 0400.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Cash or delivery, 21871, 15140, 0545, 660, 101, 100, 11196, 131614, 132016. Watkins 1230.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 0545. Chelsea 6068.

BOLIVIA and Normandy Wanted—All colors, Chelsea 9535.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—American 10061, black, navy. Spring 7248.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—21871, 18209, 15140, all colors, cash. Crown Cloak. Longacre 4022.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0563, tan. Phone Watkins 4343.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 10016, black; will pay cash on delivery. Longacre 5432.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Fashona or similar, black. Rosenschein, 30 West 32d.

BOLIVIA, Poiret and Velours Wanted. Louis Heller, 27 West 28th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—0545 and similar numbers. Superior Garment Co., 1,383 Broadway.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Or similar. I. Novick, 45 West 27th. Watkins 9044.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Quantity, spot cash. Monarch Garment Co., 16 West 32d.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Also 0545, Mondaine 16025, Beverly 1926-8. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th. Watkins 8264.

BRYTONIA and Bolivia Wanted—0545, shades 440, 293, 460. Leibman & Harwits. Longacre 2595.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—Or similar, Karash & Eisen, 151 West 26th.

BRYTONIAS Wanted—Will pay cash. Cohen Edelman, 1,223 Broadway.

BRYTONIA Wanted—Phone Watkins 8839.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Can use quantity, Strooks, 236 natural. 154 West 27th, 4th floor. Fitzroy 2810.

CAMELS HAIR Wanted—Suiting weight. Cohen & Edelman, 1,225 Broadway.

CAMEL Hair Wanted—Gera Mills 50720, for cash. Watkins 2438-4.

CAMEL'S Hair Wanted—Strook's, Paris la mode, natural. Stuyvesant 7270.

CANTONS and Flat Crepes Wanted—Any quantity, for cash. Monroe Dress Co., 142 West 26th.

CANTONS Wanted—Eagles 201, brown. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 20th.

CAPES Wanted—Jobber looking at samples of better kind all week. 12 West 32d, 12th floor.

CAPES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on cloth and silk capes, both plain and fur-trimmed. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

CAPES Wanted—Placing stock orders in silks and cloths, up to 11:30 A. M. Princess Dress House, 242 West 36th.

CAPES Wanted—Jobber looking at high grade capes; 7th floor, 36 West 32d.

CAPES Wanted—Cloth and silk. Jobber, Room 1806, 15 East 26th.

COATINGS Wanted — Velours, polaires, broadcloth, &c., Spring and Fall materials; spot cash; no quantity too small. Smith, Case & Dunn, 40 West 27th. Chelsea 4048.

CLOAKINGS Wanted—American woolen; styles 11126, 15117. Phone Stuyvesant 0775.

CLOTH Wanted—Overplaids, polaire. 188 West 17th, 7th floor. Chelsea 9482.

CLOTH Wanted—Deland's 1920 tan, for cash. 4664 Longacre.

CLOTH Wanted—Overplaid 11004, American, similar. Frank & Eisen, 40 West 26th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at snappy lines, also capes. 30 West 32d, 3d floor; Mr. Cohen.

CLOTH Wanted—Bolivia, American 0453, Orrmdale, Brytonia, Mondaine, Fashona, Veldyne. Weinberg, Greiz & Parker, 38 West 26th.

CLOTHS Wanted—Stevens 1215 tan, Rookie, Frankenberg 150 Copen, 1550 Copen, 1551-2-4 Rosenshein, Chelsea 5494.

CLOTH Wanted—18061, Stevens 1176, colors 7 and 6; Juilliards 54900; cash at a price. Madison Square 2407.

CLOTH Wanted—Baruch Wolff, style 81, and Stevens, style 1215, all shades, for cash. Stuyvesant 1841.

CLOTH Wanted—Polaires all makes, suiting weights. Karpas, 1,370 Broadway.

CLOTH Wanted—15184; shades 14, 15, 24, 61, 62. Spring 2873.

COATS Wanted—Discarded samples for cash. 1,123 Broadway, Room 208.

COATS, Capes, Suits Wanted—Jobs; for cash. Schaolna, 43 West 27th.

COATS, Capes Wanted—Jobber looking all week. Room 504, 37 West 34th.

COVERTS Wanted—Clarke & Dane or similar. Fierman & Kolmer, 302 5th Av.

CREPE de Chines Wanted—Cocoa and colors. Rainbow, 39 West 32nd.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

WOOLENS and Silks Wanted—Jobs of all kinds; cash. Chelsea 2260.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTOR wishes work for 12 machines, ladies' dresses; cut work. Sellitto, 248 E. 104th.

CONTRACTORS wanted for ladies' knickers; bring samples. 258 5th Av., 6d floor.

CONTRACTORS Wanted—Children's dresses; bring sample of work. Gerla, 2 West 30th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

Men's Wear.

NECKWEAR—600 doz. cut silk ties at $2 doz. Rosenbaum, 621 Broadway, Spring 4660.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

APRONS—Assorted women's bungalow aprons, floral trimmed, $5.75 dozen; jobbers of women's muslin gowns and bloomers at $3.25; children's flannelette gowns $8; jobs of boys' and men's sweaters and knit underwear, also hosiery that will help you boost your February sales; such as women's fancy rib cotton stockings $1.65 dozen; clocked heather $3.375; silk and wool $6.50; women's fibre stockings $1.95, $2.25 and $3.50 dozen; clocked fibres $3.95; thread silk $5.75 dozen; also lots of huck and turkish towels, wash rags and bath mats way below mill prices. Simon Kann Co., 911 Broadway.

APRONS—Splendid values always on hand for your dollar and special sales days; we manufacture most of our specials in ready-to-wear lines and are able to furnish real values for all departments in your store and basement; our expert staff is always at your service to help plan your sales both from the advertising and merchandising point of view; can refer you to many large department stores who are operating with us for all their special and regular sale days. General Merchandise Exchange, 11 West 19th St.

APRONS, boys' knee pants, $2.75 dozen; ladies' muslin gowns, $4.25 dozen; huck and turkish towels, 72½c dozen up; hundreds other items at remarkable prices for bargain basements and chain stores. Washington Mills, 393 Broadway.

BANDANNAS—For sale; immediate delivery. Chelsea Knitting Co., 621 Broadway.

BOLIVIAS—American and other desirable numbers; poiret twills, tans and all desirable shades; polaires and velours; Spring colors; serges, tricotines, wool crepes. Hyman Cohen & Sons, Inc., Fitz Roy 1160, Gressman.

BOLIVIAS, Polaires, 16062, 0453, 132016, 09184, Fair Woolen Co., 24 East 21st. Ashland 7860.

BOLIVIAS—Ormandale 10062, 10063, 16064; American polaires 11196, 11004; velours 13909, Madison Square 1793.

BOLIVIAS—For Sale; Wyandottes, style 534; all shades; price $3.12½. J. Weinstein & Sons, Spring 0008.

BOLIVIA—Slicks 383, American 0461 and others; Spring colors. Madison Square 5154.

BOLIVIA—0453, tan 16064, 16052, 0563, 13909, 1810, poiret 09164, 19165. Madison Square 1966-9087.

CAMEL'S hair materials, also Steven's polaire and overplaids, mixtures 2886, 2896; immediate delivery. Brantford Woolen Mills, 115 East 23d. Gramercy 4910.

CANTONS—Just arrived, all new shades canton crepe of the better grade. Goldy Bros., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7300.

CAPES—Brytonias; bolivias, polrets, silks. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

CAPES and Suits—Styles that sell; right prices. Maidorf, 16 East 27th.

CAPES—Most desirable black aconia capes; crepe lining. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

CLOTHS—1810, 13909, 11196, 09163, 793, 0503, 1301, 7002 and other fine bolivias up to $6.50, and ten polrets. Race Woolen, 18 West 21st. Watkins 0565.

CLOTH—132016, all colors; 11196, 0453 navy; 0503, 15140, 9163, 9164, 9165. Gramercy 1312.

COATS—On the racks, sacrifice, Brytonia, Fashion, Ormandale, Normandy, Bolivia, fur trimmed. Potter Schattman, 31 West 31st.

COATS—Spring, better kind; ladies', misses' and juniors'; all wanted materials; popular prices; quick delivery. Fair Coat Co., 141 West 36th.

COATS—200 Winter, to close out best materials, squirrel, beaver and platinum wolf collars. 122 West 20th, 1 flight up.

COATS—Closing out bolivia and sport, fur-trimmed coats; reliable, good sellers; sacrifice prices. Shapiro-Davis, 114 West 28th.

COATS—Better kind, black, lustrous, soft materials, beaver and squirrel trimmed; prices right. Dushkind Bros., 142 West 26th.

COATS—Children's, 6-14, fur-trimmed, plain, variety styles, fabrics; will sacrifice. American Coat, 28 West 27th.

COATS—Sacrificing Winter coats; new models in overplaids. Daniel Levy, 40 West 27th.

COATS—35 last-year styles and 40 dozen cotton waists, Mollette Co., 407 Knickerbocker Av., Brooklyn. Evergreen 5536.

COATS—Bolivia, fur-trimmed, at a bargain. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, Wraps and Capes—Reasonable prices. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

COATS—On the rack, fur-trimmed; below cost. Rubin, 32 West 21st.

COATS, Capes—Spring, better kind; very reasonable. 18 East 8th, first floor.

COTTON Crepe—Japanese, also pongees; immediate delivery. Alden Textile, 15 East 26th.

COTTON goods, voiles, dimities, linenes, way below market. Leo Hoffman, 225 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE—8-4-5 thread, Cantons, satin Cantons, georgettes, charmeuse, taffeta, flat crepes, satins; all colors; far below manufacturing cost; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7900.

CREPE de Chines—Cantons, Schappe cantons, silk and wool crepes, satin cantons; attractive prices. M. H. Feinberg Co., 334 4th Av. Madison Square 8520.

CREPE Chiffon—Chiffon cloth, &c., white, flesh and colors; lots to close, 65c up. H. B. Oppenheim, 207 5th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE; 3 thread; all shades; Lesbro Silk, 122 East 25th.

CREPES—Flat crepes, good quality, all colors; 40 pieces to close out. Mad. Sq. 5519.

CREPE de Chine—4-thread; all shades. Madison Square 2696.

DRESSES—1,200 to close out canton, crepe, crepe chiffon, flat crepe, chiffon velvet, robes and evening gowns at a price. Schwartz-Singer Co., 242 West 38th.

DRESSES — High-grade assorted samples, odd lots; close out far cash. 1,140 Broadway, Room 804.

DRESSES—Taffetas, flat crepes, cantons, remarkable values, $6.75-$18.75. Charlotte, 20 West 32d.

DRESSES—Children's Amoskeag gingham, 7-14; $9 dozen. S. S. Pasekas & Son, 138 5th Av.

DRESSES—10,000 canton crepes, 50 styles, $9.75 to $16.75; 16-46; immediate delivery. Capital Waist and Dress, 142 West 26th.

DRESSES—5,000 velvet, velour canton, crepe de chine, taffeta, poiret; $8.75 up; in stock. Criterion, 13 West 31st.

DRESSES—Featuring wool jersey, snappy styles, $8.75 up; immediate delivery

NATHAN STRAUS AT 75 TELLS HOW TO SUCCEED

Work Hard, and Marry Early—Rejoices in Happiness of Giving to Others.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Jan. 30.—Nathan Straus, who will celebrate his seventy-fifth birthday here tomorrow, gave his formula for success today.

"Work hard," he said, "and above all, get married at an early age. I am 75 years old, but I feel ten years younger than I did ten years ago because I have given so much of my money to those who needed it worse than myself, and I intend to keep giving it away until I die. Physician cannot cure of doing things for other people. If all rich people knew the pleasure of giving, of helping others, they would do so. It is the best investment I have ever taken, and I know it is just what a lot of other folks need.

"If I had every one of these seventy-five years to live over again I would do just the same—I would go and keep on giving, because I have had more pleasure out of that than anything I ever did. When I die I will leave only a little for my children. I have never figured on how much money I have given away in the last thirty years, but I have collected compound interest on what I have given—not in dividends, but in happiness."

Referring to wealthy men who have discharged the obligations put upon them by wealth, Mr. Straus said that the list should be topped by John D. Rockefeller. "Mr. Rockefeller is doing more good than anybody else in the world," he said, "by his wise bestowal of millions where the health of the world may be improved."

The Civil Service.

United States.

The announcement empowering an open competitive examination for experts in recreation facilities for which will be received up to the end of the business day of Feb. 20. From this examination a register of eligibles will be established to fill vacancies in the Children's Bureau, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C., at salaries of $2,400 a year. The duties will consist of investigation and reporting on recreation in relation to child welfare, organization and supervision of recreation activities and assisting in the conduct of recreation conferences or clinics. All applicants must have reached their fortieth birthday on the date of examination. The requirements are: Graduation with an A. B. degree from a college or university, one year's study in a school for the training of playground and recreation directors, one year's experience in organizing social recreation in organized and directing recreation work for small children.

The announcement announces that examinations will be received up to the close of the business day of March 7 for an open competitive examination for valuation engineer, $5,000 to $6,000 a year, and associate valuation engineer, $4,000 to $5,000, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Internal Income Tax unit of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C. The duties will involve the estimation of the quantity of oil and gas or coal that is in the ground, the theoretical and commercial value of oil and gas or coal in place and their products; the value of equipment ordinarily used in the discovery, utilization and utilization of oil and gas or coal properties. For valuation engineer the applicant must have had at least four years' progressive field experience in the technical practice of the industry, and for associate valuation engineer the applicant must have had at least three years of such experience. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fiftieth birthday on the date of making oath to the application. There will be a competitive examination for structural engineer and draftsman will be held on March 7 and 8 to fill vacancies in the Engineering Schools of the Treasury Department. The subjects and weights are: Practical experience in engineering construction, 70; training and experience, 30. The duties are confined to the engineering problems involved in first-class building construction and applicants must have had at least five years' practical experience, at least two of which shall have been of a higher grade or character than work usually undertaken by draftsmen. Applicants must have reached their twenty-third but not their seventieth birthday on the date of the examination.

Applications will be received until March 1 for an open competitive examination for highway engineer to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Public Roads, Department of Agriculture, for duty in the field. Salaries range from $2,400 to $3,000 a year. The duties of this position consist of superintending the construction and maintenance of roads of various types. The subjects will be examined and given weights, as follows: Experience, 50; fitness, 50. Applicants must not have reached their fortieth birthday on date of making oath to the application and must be properly qualified to perform the duties required. The commission announces that applications will be received up to the close of the business day, March 8, for an open competitive examination for assistant agricultural economist of farm management, $2,000 a year, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. The salaries range from $2,000 to $2,400 a year. The register of eligibles resulting from this examination will be divided into five parts, according to the following optional subjects: Farm organization and cost of production studies, farm financial relations, agricultural history and geography, land economics and farm life studies. The subjects and weights of the examination will be education, experience and fitness, 60; practical, 40. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their fifty-fifth birthday on the date of making oath to their application.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Capt. Col. J. N., to Chicago.

Flagler, Lt. Col. O. C., to New Haven, Conn.

Perry, Capt. W. S., to 82d Div., Columbia, S. C.

Dodjke, Capt. A. E., to 91th Div., Manchester, N. H.

Anderson, Capt. C. M., to 13th, Ft. Warren.

House, Capt. R. M., to Instr. of Militia, N. G., 39th Tank Co.

Wheatley, 1st Lt. E. T., to 1st Div.

Quartermaster Corps.

Bennett, Maj. C. R., to New Cumberland, Pa., as Depot Qm., relieving Capt. T. J. Powell, who will be an asst. to the Depot Qm.

Pharmacy, 1st Lt. F., to Jeffersonville, Ind.

Lewis, 1st Lt. C. E., to Ft. Benjamin Harrison.

Medical Corps.

Brooks, Lt. Col. R., to N. Y. C. and sail about March 22 for Panama.

Winter, Maj. F. E., to Fitzsimons Hosp. for duty.

Coats, McNeil, U. S., jr., and Tolson, W. F., to Army Med. School.

Ordnance Department.

Harding, Maj. W. B., to duty in office of Chief of Ord.

Guthrie, Maj. J. B., to Frankford Ars., Phila., for duty.

Hunt to Ft. Monroe.

Miscellaneous.

Jewett, Maj. C. H., Vet. Corps, is retired as of Feb. 1.

Pennell, Capt. L. G., Cav., to 13th Cav., Ft. Bliss.

Ames, Capt. A. F., is appointed to the Constabulary with rank of Col.

Hamilton, 1st Lt. J. A., Adj. Gen., to duty in office of Judge Adv. Gen., Washington.

Gill, 1st Lt. J. M., 1st Engrs., to Ft. Dupont.

Hulse, 1st Lt. L. M., C.A.C., to Ft. Eustis.

Leaves.

MacDonald, Maj. D. C., Adj. Gen., 16 days.

Cooper, Maj. W. H., Gen. Staff, 2 mos. 15 days.

Hall, Capt. W. A., Qm. C., 3 mos.

McClintock, Capt. R. C., Cav., 1 mo.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—These National Guard orders have been announced at the office of Adj. Gen. Barry:

Commissions.

Capt. Lawrence V. Meehan, 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. D.

1st Lt. Ray S. Aikins, 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. D.

1st Lt. Ray F. Morse, 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. D.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Lieutenants.

Ryan, Lt. C. S., to Aircraft Squadrons, Bat. Fl.

Wood, L. S., to command the Mallard.

Hall, L. S., to complete duty as Assistant Gen. Insp. of Naval Aircraft Factory, Phila.

Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued this order yesterday:

To take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 31:

PATROLMEN.

Charles F. O'Connor, from 19th Precinct to Headquarters Division, chauffeur, Samuel Rosenblatt, 109th Precinct, assigned to motorcycle duty discontinued; Frederick Kunkel, from Headquarters Division, Chauffeur to 87th Precinct, assigned to bicycle duty.

From 30th Precinct to precincts indicated—Ferdinand Petrie, 14; Stephen J. Wall, 1051; William J. Cassidy, 14.

Transferred—Assignments.

LIEUTENANTS.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, training school, for 15 days from 2—Thomas McGrath, 85th Precinct; Sullivan O'Leary, 100; William McCullen, 81.

PATROLMEN.

Robert H. Hamilton, 6th Precinct to 10th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Patrick J. Kenny, 33d Precinct, assigned to duty in plain clothes in precinct; William Hatch, Headquarters Division, to 5th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises; James F. Broderick, 1034 Precinct to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Ferdinand Petrie, 14.

Granted leave of absence.

For 15 days from 6 A. M. Feb. 1:

Charles M. Stoffers, 20th Precinct to Headquarters Division, training school; William Blaisch, Headquarters Division, to 5th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises.

Post commands indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—John J. Murray, 8; Simon Benker, 16; Albert Schobel, 21; George T. Mulrooney, 46; Arthur Hennessy, 70; Henry Waldheim, 81; Lester Pettigrew, 83; Thomas Mahon, 87; Edward Hughes, 88; Howard J. Sagar, 92; Francis McDermott, 103; Randolph Cook, 105; William Peterson, 111; William Badall, 115; James F. J. Harrington, 123; Traffic A; George Morano, Traffic D; Thomas Moffatt, H. D.; Dennis O'Connor, 5; John A. Ross, 26; Raymond R. Ames, 45; Daniel Murray, 49; William F. Dickson, 54; Michael Prawley, 57; Robert McGuire, 61; David Ex. Marshal, 90; Geo. Kluter, 94; Gustave Oeffner, 94; Patrick Clasey, 105; William Nevins, 109; Samuel B. DeCrue, 119; Joseph M. Gorton, Traffic A; Israel Norman, Traffic D; Chas. Gilmore, H. D.; Walter T. Mantz, H. D.

From commands indicated to 2d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Julian Gelvin, 32; Michael Cheney, 33; James Fegan, 35; Joseph Windstein, 39; William R. Wittenberg, 43; Alexander Evans, H. D.; Charles Dean, H. D.; Thomas McCue, H. D.; Joseph O. Mandle, H. D.; William J. Henry, 4; William Gatewood, 14; James Boran, 27; Joseph J. P. Culkin, 41; George J. Borrow, 75; John J. Torsey, 84; Fred C. Hallman, 90; William Mayer, H. D.; Edward Smith, H. D.; Benjamin Jacobs, H. D.

From commands indicated to 3d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—George Hoppe, 3; Alvin Wood, 24; Charles F. Weiss, 24; Morris Friedlander, 29; Eugene J. Rabbett, 42; Edward Hoffman, 46; Samuel Rosenfeld, 47; Henry Storey, 56; Gerald F. Donnell, 102; Francis Murtha, 118; Patrick O'Donnell, 123; Thomas Hoffman, 114; Christopher F. Campbell, H. D.; John G. Davis, H. D.; Michael Regan, H. D.; Patrick J. Reid, H. D.; Harry Griffin, 14; Patrick J. O'Donnell, 31; John J. Mahoney, 67; Joseph Hennessy, 68; Joseph Steffman, 45; William Kavanagh, 47; Frank A. Linck, jr., 52; Charles Hartwig, 92; Roger Larkin, 106; John J. Keyes, 113; Joseph C. Nelson, 115; James Stalnack, H. D.; Timothy Crimmins, H. D.; Edgar McQuade, H. D.

From commands indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Henry Powell, 43; George Wagner, 38; John Higgins, 42; Aldrich R. Mack, 53; Joseph A. Whitmore, 163; James McKenna, H. D.; Edward Gorman, H. D.; Joseph Cronin, Klatz, H. D.; Anthony Capone, 93; James O'Sullivan, 89; John A. Loughlin, 53; John F. Brennecke, 85; Joseph McLoughlin, Traffic A; Henry Eberhardt, H. D.; Charles W. Harold, H. D.; Thomas D. McKay, H. D.

From commands indicated to 9th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Cornelius J. Dwyer, 46; William Bitzer, 82; John J. Jones, 66; Charles O'Rourke, H. D.; Thomas Hoefin, 82; Frank J. Galloway, 83; Leighton Baker, 88; Charles Orr, H. D.

From commands indicated to 10th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Peter Malaban, 3; Samuel J. Christian, 21; Charles McGowan, 76; James H. Guerin, 77; John Larkin, 78; Frank Snyder, 83; William Mahon, 85; Charles O'Rourke, H. D.; Thomas Hoefin, 82; Frank J. Galloway, 83; Leighton Baker, 88; Charles Orr, H. D.

From commands indicated to 10th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Murray, 8; Simon Benker, 16; Albert Schobel, 21; George T. Mulrooney, 46; Arthur Hennessy, 70; Henry Waldheim, 81; Lester Pettigrew, 83; Thomas Mahon, 87; Edward Hughes, 88; Howard J. Sagar, 92; Francis McDermott, 103; Randolph Cook, 105; William Peterson, 111; William Badall, 115; James F. J. Harrington, 123; Traffic A; George Morano, Traffic D; Thomas Moffatt, H. D.; Dennis O'Connor, 5; John A. Ross, 26; Raymond R. Ames, 45; Daniel Murray, 49; William F. Dickson, 54; Michael Prawley, 57; Robert McGuire, 61; David Ex. Marshal, 90; Geo. Kluter, 94; Gustave Oeffner, 94; Patrick Clasey, 105; William Nevins, 109; Samuel B. DeCrue, 119; Joseph M. Gorton, Traffic A; Israel Norman, Traffic D; Chas. Gilmore, H. D.; Walter T. Mantz, H. D.

From commands indicated to 24 Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Julian Gelvin, 32; Michael Cheney, 33; James Fegan, 35; Joseph Windstein, 39; William R. Wittenberg, 43; Alexander Evans, H. D.; Charles Dean, H. D.; Thomas McCue, H. D.; Joseph O. Mandle, H. D.; William J. Henry, 4; William Gatewood, 14; James Boran, 27; Joseph J. P. Culkin, 41; George J. Borrow, 75; John J. Torsey, 84; Fred C. Hallman, 90; William Mayer, H. D.; Edward Smith, H. D.; Benjamin Jacobs, H. D.

From commands indicated to 24 Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—George Hoppe, 3; Alvin Wood, 24; Charles F. Weiss, 24; Morris Friedlander, 29; Eugene J. Rabbett, 42; Edward Hoffman, 46; Samuel Rosenfeld, 47; Henry Storey, 56; Gerald F. Donnell, 102; Francis Murtha, 118; Patrick O'Donnell, 123; Thomas Hoffman, 114; Christopher F. Campbell, H. D.; John G. Davis, H. D.; Michael Regan, H. D.; Patrick J. Reid, H. D.; Harry Griffin, 14; Patrick J. O'Donnell, 31; John J. Mahoney, 67; Joseph Hennessy, 68; Joseph Steffman, 45; William Kavanagh, 47; Frank A. Linck, jr., 52; Charles Hartwig, 92; Roger Larkin, 106; John J. Keyes, 113; Joseph C. Nelson, 115; James Stalnack, H. D.; Timothy Crimmins, H. D.; Edgar McQuade, H. D.

From commands indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Henry Powell, 43; George Wagner, 38; John Higgins, 42; Aldrich R. Mack, 53; Joseph A. Whitmore, 163; James McKenna, H. D.; Edward Gorman, H. D.; Joseph Cronin, Klatz, H. D.; Anthony Capone, 93; James O'Sullivan, 89; John A. Loughlin, 53; John F. Brennecke, 85; Joseph McLoughlin, Traffic A; Henry Eberhardt, H. D.; Charles W. Harold, H. D.; Thomas D. McKay, H. D.

From commands indicated to 9th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Cornelius J. Dwyer, 46; William Bitzer, 82; John J. Jones, 66; Charles O'Rourke, H. D.; Thomas Hoefin, 82; Frank J. Galloway, 83; Leighton Baker, 88; Charles Orr, H. D.

From commands indicated to 10th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Peter Malaban, 3; Samuel J. Christian, 21; Charles McGowan, 76; James H. Guerin, 77; John Larkin, 78; Frank Snyder, 83; William Mahon, 85; Charles O'Rourke, H. D.; Thomas Hoefin, 82; Frank J. Galloway, 83; Leighton Baker, 88; Charles Orr, H. D.

From commands indicated to 1st Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—John J.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 30.—Low pressure persists over the Canadian Maritime Provinces and the Southwestern States, with areas of relatively low barometer reported in the Upper Mississippi Valley Tuesday night. This pressure distribution has been followed by a continuation of cold weather in the North Atlantic States, the Southern Plains States, the Northern Rocky Mountain region, the Plateau region and the Pacific States, and by temperatures above the normal in the Gulf States and the Central Valleys.

There have been rains within the last twenty-four hours in the South Atlantic and Gulf States and the Great Central Valleys, with local snows over the Rocky Mountain and Plateau regions. Rains have also fallen in California.

The low over New England and New York the weather will be partly cloudy with slowly rising temperatures Wednesday and unsettled and colder with snow in the interior and snow or rain on the south coast Wednesday night, Thursday.

In the Middle Atlantic States and the lower Lake region the weather will become unsettled and warmer, and be followed by snow or rain Wednesday and rain Thursday. In the Lower Ohio Valley, Tennessee and the Gulf and South Atlantic States the weather will be unsettled with local rains and mild temperature Wednesday and Thursday, although the weather will become colder Thursday in the Ohio Valley and Tennessee.

FORECASTS FOR TODAY AND TOMORROW.

New England—Fair and not quite so cold Wednesday, Thursday, unsettled and warmer, with snow.

Eastern New England—Cloudy and not so cold Wednesday; snow or rain and warmer Wednesday night and Thursday.

Eastern New York—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Wednesday, followed by rain or snow on the coast and snow in the interior Wednesday night and Thursday.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Cloudy and somewhat warmer, followed by rain and snow Wednesday afternoon and night, Thursday, rain and warmer.

Western New York—Cloudy and warmer, followed by snow, Wednesday. Thursday, probably snow.

CONDITIONS—WIND WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday.

Stations.	High.	Low.	Temperature. Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	70	52	29.96	.28	Rain
Albany	18	—4	30.54	..	Clear
Atlanta	52	40	30.30	.02	Cloudy
Atlantic City	34	27	30.50	..	Clear
Baltimore	36	28	30.52	..	Clear
Bismarck	4	—6	30.28	..	Cloudy
Boston	30	24	30.32	..	Clear
Buffalo	28	14	30.44	..	Clear
Cincinnati	46	30	30.16	..	Rain
Charleston	56	50	30.32	..	Cloudy
Chicago	40	30	30.18	.16	Snow
Cleveland	38	22	30.30	..	Cloudy
Denver	64	16	30.04	..	Clear
Detroit	30	16	30.32	..	Cloudy
Galveston	66	56	30.10	..	Clear
Helena	12	—12	30.16	..	Cloudy
Jacksonville	74	52	30.26	..	Cloudy
Kansas City	54	44	30.10	.01	Cloudy
Los Angeles	74	52	29.86	.24	Rain
Milwaukee	39	32	30.16	.01	Rain
New Orleans	78	62	30.20	..	Cloudy
New York	32	15	30.47	..	Clear
Oklahoma	58	46	30.08	.16	Rain
Philadelphia	31	22	30.50	..	Cloudy
Pittsburgh	38	28	30.34	..	Clear
Portland, Me.	22	4	30.24	..	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	38	28	30.24	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	28	26	29.22	..	Snow
San Antonio	78	74	29.96	.01	Clear
San Diego	56	48	29.96	.12	Rain
San Francisco	44	36	29.92	..	Clear
Seattle	34	24	30.22	..	Cloudy
St. Louis	46	38	30.14	..	Rain
Washington	36	32	30.15	..	Snow

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

Official Temperature.

8 AM.	12	12 M.	25
9 AM.	16	1 PM.	26
10 AM.	19	2 PM.	27
11 AM.	23	3 PM.	27
12 M.	25	4 PM.	27
1 PM.	26	5 PM.	25
2 PM.	26	6 PM.	27
3 PM.	27	7 PM.	25
4 PM.	28	8 PM.	24
5 PM.	30	9 PM.	23
6 PM.	29	10 PM.	22
7 PM.	29	11 PM.	21

Average temperature yesterday, 24.

Average same date last year, 42.

Average same date for 23 years, 30.

Barometer, 30.50 at 8 A. M.; 30.47 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 43 at 8 A. M.; 35 at 8 P. M.

Wind, at 8 A. M., northwest, velocity 15 miles; at 8 P. M., northwest, velocity 22 miles.

Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—Forecast:

Illinois—Mostly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday, probably rain Thursday south; colder Wednesday.

Indiana—Mostly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday rain Wednesday, colder in afternoon or night.

Lower Michigan—Rain, sleet or snow Wednesday; Thursday probably fair; not much change in temperature.

Upper Michigan—Snow Wednesday, colder Thursday probably fair.

Wisconsin—Generally fair Wednesday, preceded by rain or snow near Lake Michigan, colder; Thursday probably fair.

Minnesota—Probably fair Wednesday, colder Thursday, probably rain, rising temperature.

Iowa—Generally fair Wednesday, colder west and central; Thursday increasing cloudiness, probably followed by rain or snow extreme south.

North Dakota—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably Thursday; not so cold Wednesday.

South Dakota—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Wednesday.

Fire Record.

1:00—718 Hone Av.; A. Frango	Considerable
1:35—Atlantic & Bway. (auto); Michael Silver	Not given
2:00—688 Morris Av. (extended to 636 and 640 Morris Av.); Sam	Considerable
2:25—500 7 Av.	Not given
4:00—600 W. 178 St.; Gustave Kerchet	Not given
6:15—93 West End Av.; Rose Redley	Trifling
9:30—363 E. 136 St.; Margaret Fox	Not given
7:25—113 to 115 E. 18 St.; S. H. K. Embroidery Co.	Not given
10:40—68 W. 56 St.; rubbish	Not given
12:20—3,600 Briggs Av.; Bube Realty Co.	Not given
1:50—646 Westchester Av., the Bronx; L. Zeller	Not given
1:50—18 W. 50 St.; P. Carton	Not given
2:15—457 E. 149 St., the Bronx; Colley Auto Co.	Not given
3:50—90 Laight St.; R. E. Dietz Co.	Not given
8:15—175 Washington St.; New York Steam Corp.	Not given
3:15—1,477 Longfellow Av, the Bronx; Hay Feichner	Not given
6:55—2 Beekman Pl.; Lindsley & Teasley	Not given
7:15—1,875 Madison Av.; M. Ries	Not given
7:20—10 Verick St.; Shuttleworth & Keller	Not given
7:30—2,309 Beaumont Av.; M. Rubino	Not given
10:10—2,200 1st Av.; Toney Di Genaro	Not given
10:55—773 9 Av.; Isaac Finkel	Not given
11:00—3-10 W. 19 St.; J. S. Rosen	Not given

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	P. M.
High water	8:30	8:59	5:03	7:29	3:25	3:06
Low water	0:17	1:08	9:37	1:34	5:40	5:23

THE SUN.

Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
7:09	5:51

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Drisabe	Havana	Jan. 27
Bourdonnais	Havre	Jan. 20
Haiti	Fort au Prince	Jan. 25
Tyrrhenia	Liverpool	Jan. 20

DUE TODAY.

America	Naples	Jan. 17
Colon	Cristobal	Jan. 24
Munamar	Nuevitas	Jan. 26
Grant (U. S. A. T.)	Colon	Jan. 24

DUE TOMORROW.

Fort St. George	Bermuda	Jan. 30
Araguaya	Bermuda	Jan. 30

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Sixaola	Kingston	Jan. 27
Madonna	St. Michaels	Jan. 23
Rosalind	St. John's	Jan. 23
Suriname	Trinidad	Jan. 23
Carua	Curacao	Jan. 21

DUE FRIDAY.

Mauretania	Southampton	Jan. 27
Manchuria	Hamburg	Jan. 28
Estonia	Copenhagen	Jan. 20
Roma	Lisbon	Jan. 21

DUE SATURDAY.

Mexico	Progreso	Jan. 27

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Balsam	Cork	Jan. 18
Comanche	Jacksonville	Jan. 27
King Bleddyn	Newport, Eng	Jan. 12
Olga S.	Progreso	Jan. 22
Malgache	Oran	Jan. 11

DUE TODAY.

Cissy	Guayaquil	Jan. 22
Iperia	Penarth	Jan. 18
Brasilia	Dunkirk	Jan. 18
Amagro	Cristobal	Jan. 22
Kendal Castle	Algiers	Jan. 10
Allaguash	St. Michaels	Jan. 19

DUE TOMORROW.

Eastern Prince	Cardiff	Jan. 16
Songdal	Buenos Aires	Dec. 18

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Anaconda	Antwerp	Jan. 17
Idaho	Hull	Jan. 18
Corson	Gibraltar	Jan. 18

DUE FRIDAY.

New York City	Bristol	Jan. 12
Rejo Mara	Alexandria	Dec. 24
Easterner	Sydney	Dec. 29
M. S. Dollar	St. Michaels	Jan. 16
New Columbia	Sydney, C. B.	Jan. 19
Vulcano	Genoa	Jan. 10
Olen	Dunkirk	Jan. 16
City of Lahore	Port Said	Jan. 3

DUE SATURDAY.

Collamba	Bordeaux	Jan. 19
Tiger	Colon	Jan. 13

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
President Polk, London	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Norway specially addressed.)
Duostan, Para	5:00 P.M.	———	North Brazil and Iquitos. (This mail sent via Norfolk for the Dunstan.)
Meltonian, Antwerp	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Belgium and Luxemburg. (Specially addressed.)
Nordamerika, Turks Island	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic. (Specially addressed only.)
Antonia, London	———	12:00 M	No mails.
Gaasterdijk, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Netherlands. (Specially addressed.)
Burutu, Freetown	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Canary Islands, Senegal and Gambia. (Other parts of West Africa must be specially addressed.)
York, Bremen	2:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Germany. (Specially addressed.)
Julia Luckenbach, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Salvador and Nicaragua. (except east coast).
Ft. Victoria, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Orbita, Hamburg	———	3:00 P.M.	No mails.
Metapan, Santa Marta	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Canal Zone, Panama, Costa Rica and Colombia.
Huron, Barahona	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Turks Island and Dominican Republic.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Esperanza, Vera Cruz	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Yucatan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
Guiana, Barbados	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands and West Indies. (Barbados, Guiana, Grenada, St. Vincent and Trinidad specially addressed.)
Commewijne, Paramaribo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien and Gonaives. (Other parts of Haiti, Curacao, Venezuela and Dutch Guiana specially addressed.)
Mount Clay, Hamburg	———	12:00 M.	No mails.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Bergenstjord, Bergen	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Munamar, Nuevitas	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua, Fortune Islands and City of Nuevitas. (Other parts of Cuba specially addressed.)
Thorsdal, Nassau	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Bahamas. (Specially addressed.)
West Mahomet, Port Said	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Egypt. (Specially addressed.)
Banan, Kingston	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica. (Cuba specially addressed.)
Haiti, Jacmel	4:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien and Gonaives. (Other parts of Haiti, Curacao, Venezuela and Dutch Guiana specially addressed.)

SAIL SATURDAY.

George Washington, Bremen	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Madeira, Gibraltar specially addressed.)
Hypatia, Cape Town	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	South Africa. (Especially addressed.)
Tyrrhenia, Hamburg	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Madeira, Gibraltar specially addressed.)
Rosalind, St. John's	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Fort St. George, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Araguaya, Hamilton	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Orizaba, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Cuba. (Specially addressed.)
Hesperia, Buenos Aires	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay. (Specially addressed.)
Vestrio, Buenos Aires	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Barbados, Lucia. (South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay specially addressed.)
Porto Rico, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Virgin Islands, San Domingo City, Macoris.
Zulia, La Guaira	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela. (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Pastores, Port Limon	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica. (Canal Zone, Panama, Jamaica specially addressed.)
Pan-American, Buenos Aires	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay.
Bolivar, Barbados	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, West Indies, Guiana, Grenada, St. Vincent, Trinidad, specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Storm King, Montevideo	Jan. 31	10:00 A.M
Songvard, Bahia	Jan. 31	12:00 M.
Otterburn, Marseilles	Jan. 31	2:00 P.M.
Tremona, Auckland	Feb. 3	12:00 M.
Kahibaba, Brisbane	Feb. 3	10:00 A.M.
Mayebashi Maru, Yokohama	Feb. 2	10:00 A.M.
Dominion Miller, London	Feb. 7	11:00 A.M.
Idaho, Hull	Feb. 10	12:00 M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Teucer, Shanghai	Feb. 10	12:00 M.
Belgian, Antwerp	Feb. 10	12:00 M.
Virgilia, London	Feb. 10	9:00 A.M.
Eglantier, Havre	Feb. 10	11:00 A.M.
Malgache, Genoa	Feb. 10	1:00 P.M.
Nuria, Cadiz	Feb. 10	12:00 M.
City of Harvard, Bombay	Feb. 10	10:00 A.M.
Penang Maru, Otaru	Feb. 13	10:00 A.M.
Stanley, Shanghai	Feb. 15	12:00 M.

Reported by Radio

SS Grant (U. S. A. T.), incoming from San Francisco, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 5, Army Base, Brooklyn, Wednesday forenoon.

SS Colon (Panama Railroad S. S. Co.), incoming from Cristobal, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 67, North River, Wednesday forenoon.

SS Munamar (Munson Line), incoming from Nassau, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 9, East River, late Wednesday or early Thursday morning.

SS Fort St. George (Furness Bermuda Line), incoming from Bermuda, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 95, North River, Thursday forenoon.

SS Araguaya (Royal Mail Line), incoming from Bermuda, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 42, North River, Thursday afternoon.

SS Rosalind (Red Cross Line), incoming from Halifax, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at pier foot of Java Street, Greenpoint, Brooklyn, Thursday forenoon.

SS Sixaola (United Fruit Line), incoming from Kingston, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 15, East River, late Thursday or early Friday morning.

SS Manchuria (American Line), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 60, North River, late Friday or early Saturday morning.

SS America (Italia-America Line), incoming from Naples, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 97, North River, Wednesday afternoon.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Con. Rosso	Gibraltar	Jan. 30
Robt. Dollar	Shanghai	Jan. 28
Laconia	Singapore	Jan. 30
McKeesport	Havre	Jan. 29
Martha Washington	Monfalcone	Jan. 25
Roussillon	Havre	Jan. 29
Pallas	Constantsa	Jan. 28
Francisco	Hull	Jan. 30
Mount Carroll	Hamburg	Jan. 26
Moorish Prince	Shanghai	Jan. 27
Salawati	Sabary	Jan. 28
City of Benares	Alexandria	Jan. 20
Short Dollar	Hongkong	Jan. 29
Masaba	London	Jan. 28
Empress of France	Cplon	Jan. 29

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Egremont Castle	Gibraltar	Jan. 30
Taormina	Gibraltar	Jan. 30
Consjos	Para	Jan. 22
Gaelic Prince	Gibraltar	Jan. 28
Elkton	Hamburg	Jan. 26
Alaskan	Colon	Jan. 29
Commercial Trader	Colon	Jan. 29
G. Harrison Smith	Colon	Jan. 20
Charles H. Cramp	Colon	Jan. 29
Robin Adair	Colon	Jan. 29

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Hawaii, via San Francisco	U.S. A.T. Cambrai	Feb. 1
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only), via San Francisco	Korea Maru	Feb 1
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Grant	Feb. 2
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Maui	Feb. 2
Hawaii, also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Nanking	Feb. 2
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only); via Seattle	Talthybius	Feb. 2
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed only); via Seattle	Alabama Maru	Feb. 3
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Taft	Feb. 3
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Maunganui	Feb. 4
New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for New Zealand	Hauraki	Feb. 10

Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Manila, Jan. 6; Canton, Jan. 9; Hongkong, Jan. 10; Moukden, Jan. 13; Shanghai, Jan. 13; Yokohama, Jan. 19, which arrived per SS President Grant, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 28, and are due in New York on the morning of Friday, Feb. 2.

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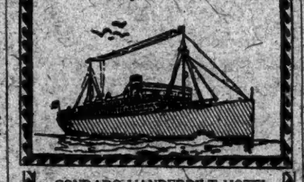

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President Roosevelt . Feb. 10
President Harding . Mar. 3

To Plymouth—Cherbourg—Bremen

Cabin Ships

President Arthur . . Feb. 17
President Fillmore . Feb. 24

To Cobh (Queenstown)—Plymouth—Cherbourg—London

President Polk . . Jan. 31
President Adams . . Feb. 14

To Plymouth—Cherbourg—London

President Garfield . Feb. 7
President Monroe . Feb. 21
President Van Buren Feb. 28

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American Legion . . Mar. 17

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President Madison . Feb. 19
President McKinley . Mar. 3
President Jackson . Mar. 15
President Jefferson . Mar. 27

and every 13 days thereafter

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President Taft . . . . . Feb. 8
President Cleveland . . . . . Feb. 22
President Pierce . . . . . Mar. 8
President Wilson . . . . . Mar. 22
President Lincoln . . . . . Apr. 5

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Olympic . . . . Noon Feb. 10 Apr. 7 Apr. 28
Majestic . . . . 11 A.M. Mar. 10 Mar. 31 Apr. 21
Homeric (new) . 11A.M. Apr. 14 May 5 May 26
To Cobh (Queenstown) & *Liverpool. Weekly
Regina (new) . . 12N Feb. 3 Mar. 3 Mar. 31
Cedric . . . . . Noon Feb. 10 Mar. 10 Apr. 7
Baltic . . . . . Noon Feb. 17 Mar. 17 Apr. 28
Celtic . . . . . Noon Feb. 24 Mar. 24 Apr. 21
Adriatic . . . . . Noon Apr. 14 May 12 June 9
*Megantic (via Boston) . . . . . Noon Apr. 21
To Bremen via Cher'g and South'pton
Pittsburgh (new) 12N Mar. 6 Apr. 10 May 15
Canopic . . . . . Noon Mar. 31 Apr. 24 ———

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MEGANTIC . . . . . Feb. 17

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*Santland (dir.) Noon Feb. 17 . . . .
Lapland . . . . Noon Feb. 24 Mar. 27 May 8
Kroonland . . . . Noon Mar. 3 Apr. 7 . . . .
Zeeland . . . . Noon Mar. 22 Apr. 25 May 23
Belgenland (new) . . . . Noon Apr. 14 May 16
St. Paul . . . . 3 P. M. May 9 June 6

To HAMBURG and DANZIG.

Gothland, Noon . . . . Mar. 28 May 9

AMERICAN LINE

To Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Manchuria . . . . 3 P.M. Feb. 8 Mar. 15
Mongolia . . . . 3 P.M. Feb. 22 Mar. 29
Minnekahda (2d class) 3 P.M. Mar. 1 Apr. 5

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PANAMA—PERU—CHILE

ESSEQUIBO . . . . . Feb. 21
EBRO . . . . . Mar. 24

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S.S. Santa Luisa . . Feb. 29
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S.S. Santa Ana . . Mar. 22

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WARNS OF MARCH 15 INCOME TAX LIMIT

Bureau of Internal Revenue Issues Third of Series to Guide Taxpayers.

ADVISES STUDY OF FORMS

One Hour Thus Spent Will Go Far Toward Assuring Correct Return, it is Declared.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue, in the third of a series of official statements for the guidance of taxpayers in preparing their Federal income tax returns, gives the following general information with regard to the administration of the revenue law:

"Income tax returns, sworn to before a notary public or other person authorized to administer an oath, must be filed with the Collector of Internal Revenue the district in which the taxpayer lives or has his principal place of business on or before March 15, 1923.

"Forms 1040A for filing returns of individual incomes of $5,000 or less and Forms 1040 for filing returns of incomes in excess of $5,000 have been sent by collectors to persons who filed similar returns for the year 1921. Failure to receive a form, however, does not relieve the taxpayer of his obligation to file a return and pay the tax on time. Forms may be obtained from the offices of Collectors of Internal Revenue and deputy collectors.

"Revenue officers will be sent into every county in the United States to aid taxpayers in making out their returns. The advisory service heretofore offered city residents will be continued. This service, including the administration of the oath, is without cost to the taxpayers.

"Taxpayers, before seeking such assistance, however, are advised to read carefully the instructions on the forms. Many questions, which on the face may appear perplexing, can be solved by study of the instructions. Especially, in justice to themselves, taxpayers are advised to note the instructions with regard to credits for personal exemptions and dependents and deductions.

"In justice to the Government they should note carefully the instructions with regard to income from salaries, wages, commissions, &c., business or profession, interest on bank deposits, income from partnerships, fiduciaries, &c., income from rents and royalties and other income.

"The taxpayer who, when in form is received, will devote to it an hour's study will go a long way in assuring himself that he is making a correct return."

No forms are being sent out in the Second (Manhattan) District. They may be obtained at the office of Collector Frank K. Bowers, in the Custom House, and later they will be available at banks and other public places.

IRISH OUTLOOK DARK, SAYS BRITISH WRITER

S. K. Ratcliffe Believes "Unfortunate Words" in the Oath of Allegiance Causes Trouble.

"The present last tragic stage in Ireland is so dark that it requires the most extreme optimist to see a way out in the immediate future," declared S. K. Ratcliffe, British publicist, special correspondent for The Manchester Guardian, speaking last night at the Civic Forum in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. The situation in Ireland, Mr. Ratcliffe said, was probably due, in large part, to "certain unfortunate words" in the oath of allegiance, framed at the London conferences, but fundamentally it was due to the fact that after so many years of struggle and war "it would be expecting too much to hope that a pacific Ireland should arise immediately after the settlement."

Mr. Ratcliffe quoted a writer in the current Atlantic Monthly, who speaks of the possibility of Great Britain even yet using its tremendous power to exterminate the Irish people.

"How such an idea could enter the mind of any intelligent human being I cannot see," exclaimed the speaker. "It is incredible that any such fantastic and diabolical purpose should be possible. This whole awful business of killing men, to bring about a settlement of any question at all, has got to stop, if civilization is to go on."

In answer to a question Mr. Ratcliffe said he doubted that the return of "Jim" Larkin to Ireland would have any appreciable effect on affairs there.

MEXICANS SAFER IN TEXAS.

No Outrages Are Reported Since Protest of Last November.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—Attention was called by the Mexican Embassy this afternoon to the fact that no instance of the killing of Mexican citizens in Texas had been reported since the Zarata case of November and that murderous attacks on Mexicans along the border had apparently ceased.

Before the middle of November according to statistics on file at the Embassy more than fifty Mexican citizens, or an average of one a week, had been killed during 1921. Senor Teiles, the Charge d'Affaire, expressed himself as gratified that the protest made against alleged maltreatment of Mexicans along the border had been followed by great improvement in the situation, due to the prompt action of the State Department and the Texas authorities.

REJECTS CONTEMPT PLEA.

Court Refuses to Cite Estimate Board Members..

Justice Stephen Callaghan, in the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, yesterday dismissed the application of the Rosevale Realty Company to have the members of the Board of Estimate punished for contempt of court for failing to observe an injunction restraining them from acting on a resolution changing from a business zone to a residential zone parts of Avenues I, J and K in the vicinity of Coney Island Avenue.

At the argument on the application held on Monday it was shown that Murray Hulbert, President of the Board of Aldermen, was the only member of the Board of Estimate served with the restraining order and that he was not present when the resolution was voted upon.

DEPLORES LACK OF ETHICS.

Minister Says Ringside Morals Are Better Than Those of Business

"We Americans are better sportsmen than we are citizens," the Rev. J. Fred Shaw, pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church of Flatbush, told members of the Traffic Club in an address last night at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria.

"The ethics of the ringside are better than the ethics of the market place," he continued. "To put it bluntly, we servants are some downright honest to public affairs as we have in sport. America's greatness will come not from isolated stars, but from those leaders who can recognize the identity of apparently conflicting interests.

"The soul of America is that of the amateur, somewhat though it sometimes

BURGLARS SET HOUSE AFIRE

Had Lived a Week in New Jersey Home They Looted.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Jan. 30.—Burglars are not only blamed for causing the fire that last night did $2,000 damage to the residence of E. M. Anderson, a stockbroker, of Harrington Avenue, Westwood, but firemen found indications that led to the belief that the marauders had been living in the house for at least a week or ten days and were probably driven out when they discovered the place on fire.

Henry Popper, the first fireman to reach the burning house, found the front door open, a fact that aroused his suspicion, for he knew the Andersons were spending the Winter in Washington. D. C. Dishes were found on the table in the dining room, the kitchen stove was burning and all the beds were disturbed. The entire house had been ransacked.

RESCUE CREW OFF THE HORN

German Steamer Finds Shipwrecked Sailors in Small Boats.

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Jan. 30 (Associated Press).—Exhausted from exposure and privation after the loss of their vessel, the shipwrecked crew of the four-masted bark Nal was picked up today off Cape Horn from the small boats in which they had escaped, by the German liner Cap Polonio, according to a wireless message from the steamer.

The steamer is on a pleasure cruise from Buenos Aires with Argentine excursionists.

The Nal, of 2,781 tons gross, was built in 1892 at Alloa and according to the latest shipping register was owned in Danzig. She sailed from San Antonio, Chile, on Dec. 21 for Bahia Blanca. Shipping advices reported her in a damaged condition.

Commercial Leases.

Tankoos, Smith & Co. have sub-leased for the Schulte Cigar Stores Company to Max M. Balcne and Jacob Ruderman for a long term of years, the entire five-story and basement building, 23 by 100 feet, at 319 Broadway, northwest corner of Thomas Street, at a rental aggregating approximately $200,000. The property will be extensively altered and modernized with stores on the ground floor and the upper floors as offices.

The same brokers subleased for the Schulte Cigar Stores Company the easterly store at 182 Fulton Street, in the property at Fulton Street, southeast corner of Church Street, to Elizabeth Block, for a term of years at a rental aggregating $45,000, and pon completion of alterations the lessee will occupy the premises as a ladies' wear establishment.

Max N. Natanson purchased from John C. Forster the ground lease of 601 Fifth Avenue, a modern five-story business building, on the east side, between Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth Streets, on plot 27 by 100 feet. The broker was Francis B. Robert.

Pease & Elliman, as agents, have leased, through Brown & Stephenson, as co-brokers, to J. M. Seidenberg & Co., the three-story 32-foot building at 254 West Thirty-fourth Street, adjoining the entrance to the Pennsylvania Station.

Butler & Baldwin, Inc., have leased for Francesco Petronio the parlor floor store of 40 West Fiftieth Street, to Adham & Brothers, dealers in Indian objects d'art, who have formerly been located at 122 Fifth Avenue. Folsom Brothers represented the tenant.

The Rowantree-Schley Company have subleased for the Childs-Foamite Company the entire twelfth floor at 140 and 481 Fifth Avenue, being the northeast corner of Twenty-first Street and extending through to the northwest corner of Broadway, to the J. A. Richards Company, publishers of the Social Register Publications, now at 200 Fifth Avenue. The lease is for a long term, and this space of over 10,000 square feet will be used as executive offices.

$300,000 Brooklyn Theatre.

On the site of the three old frame dwellings, 47, 49 and 51 Fourth Avenue, and the four old dwellings at the rear, 376 to 382 Dean Street, Samuel Strausberg, President of the Deanstraus Corporation, will build a moving picture theatre and loft building five stories high, to cost about $300,000. The theatre will have a seating capacity of 1,600. The plot has been leased by the corporation from Dr. Alphonso Spero for twenty-one years at a total rental of $620,000. The entrance to the theatre will be in Fourth Avenue, on either side of which will be stores.

The Teaching Staff.

The Board of Examiners reported yesterday that there have been placed, as of the dates respectively indicated, upon the eligible lists of persons licensed for service in the high schools as indicated, the names of the following applicants, who have been granted licenses as indicated:

The list following shows in the order named the names of the appointee, the rating, subject and date of placement:

High Schools.

Fox, Joseph, 77.0165, accounting and business procedure, Dec. 29; Mackay, Alfred, chemistry, Jan. 27; Lake, Sidney, 76.5, civics, Jan. 11; Bloom, Samuel, 73.05, civics, Jan. 11; Beckenstein, Maurice, 72.85, civics, Jan. 11; Greenberg, Irving, 70.9, civics, Jan. 11; Nagourney, Isaac, 71.75, civics, Jan. 11; Weinberger, David, 70.15, civics, Jan. 11; Kammaltzer, John, 67.75, civics, Jan. 11; Cropp, Mary Mazie, 71.75, English, May 19; Davidoff, Ida E., 71.26, English, Dec. 29; Finkler, Martha A., 76, English, Jan. 11; Miller, Isabel, 74.25, English, Jan. 11; Burstein, Julia, 84, English, Jan. 11; Yates, Mary Clement, 73.2, freehand drawing, Dec. 21; Hahn, Henry J., 69.5, history, Nov. 29; Seltinger, Benjamin, 68.75, history, Nov. 29; Hirsch, Hyman Eton, mathematics, Nov. 29; Cantor, Samuel F., 70.5, physical training, Nov. 29; Shapard, Philip, 66.175, I. P. stenography and typist, Dec. 21; Joyce, Sarah Isabella, 81.05, I. P. stenography and typist (women), Dec. 21; Terrett, Marie J., 79.825, I. P. stenography and typist (women), Dec. 21.

This list of the persons licensed to teach in evening high schools shows, in the order named, the name of the appointee, rating and subject:

Evening High Schools.

Biology—Walter S. Atwood, 84.8; George T. Harrington, 83.79; Nelson S. Milne, 81.75; Harry Kogan, 78.8; Hyman Greenberg, 75.65; Merle W. Ralph, 70.65; Helen T. Curt, 70.52.

Bookkeeping—Mary H. Mullins, 80.

Chemistry—Abraham Schwartz, 70.

Commercial Geography—Paul Cohen, 75.75; Irwin M. Levy, 75.75.

Cooking Design—Doris Rosenthal, 84. Section I.

Mechanical Drawing—H. Allen Hinchcliff, 66.65.

Elocution—John H. Mcneely, 75.79; Leslie Ilig, 76.71; Lareto, Monaman, 75.7.

English—Robert S. Stantial, 91.72; Albert S. Taylor, 85; Henry Davidson, 83.75; Isidor Cooper, 83.75; Edward S. Shapiro, 75.75.

Mathematics—Laventhal, Murray J., 91.77; Gaylor, William M., 91.15; Decker, Nicholas R., 91.71; Feld, Joseph, 87.5, 84.66; Frank, Ethel H., 82.85; Hirschberg, Samuel, 82.75; Mayer, Joseph H., 82.77; Greenfield, Solomon, 82.75; Levy, Abraham, 77.35; Hyman, Charles J., 76.42; Schoenberg, Fred, 76.77; Kaplan, Morris, 76.22; Corbett, William H., 75.89; Mayer, Henry, 75.39; Strom, Frank E., 75.66; Schupper, Charles, 70.37; Lewis, Frederic T., 74.35; Klein, Edward, 75.62; Cohen, Samuel, 75.79; Kaplan, Harry, 75.74; Friedman, Joseph N., 75.75.

English—Maurice Fryer, 75.75; Harry A. Tartaroff, 75.71; Harold Edelston, 75.67; Joseph Baron, 75.5; Jane C. Herndon, 81.66; Frances B. Clarke, 81.78; Stella Hellwruns, 88.74; Hertha E. Mandel, 86.79; Isabella Pitsimmons, 77.79; Mary C. McGuinness, 76.78; Ruth Hall, 75.75; Doris Long, 75.73; Florence M. O'Grady, 75.75; Bessie L. Brill, 75.66.

History—Martin T. Sackin, 71.3.

Librarianship (Assistant)—Margaret V. Wallhall, 89.75.

Library (Assistant)—William H. Duncan, 91.97.

Machine Shop (Practice)—Oscar F. Rilson, 86.31; Henry Meissner, 80.25.

Mathematics—Nathan N. Dickler, 91.85; Walter T. Jones, 91.79; Samuel Cohen, 76.5.

Physics—Solomon Branower, 91.75; Newton J. Grey, 91.74; Joseph G. Salter, 91.

Pitman Stenography and Typewriting—Alexander Denesholz, 91.61; Sec. III.; Joseph M. Hoos, 84.58; Archibald Driscoll, 82.11; Betty A. Rosenberg, 80.95; Martin Shea, 76.78; Harry J. Vhgis, 75.88.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Operator Figures in Apartment House Deals on West Side Involving $810,000.

APARTMENT SITE ASSEMBLED

Builder Will Erect Fourteen-Story Structure on Broadway—Tenement Deals.

Apartment house properties on the west side figured prominently in yesterday's real estate activity, when an operator disposed of two houses and bought another building in deals involving over $800,000. As President of the Masport Realty Company, J. Portman resold the new nine-story apartment house at 105 West Seventy-third Street.

The building occupies a plot 66 by 100 feet and was valued at $475,000. It rents for more than $75,000 yearly. The Harrington Realty Corporation, comprising Benjamin I. Shivers, Nathan Bloom and David Strausman are the buyers, who have purchased the property for investment. E. Adler was the broker.

The Continental, a six-story elevator apartment, at the northeast corner of Broadway and 177th Street, on a plot 91.2 by 100.2 feet, has been resold by Mr. Portman to Joseph G. Anderson. L. Kats was the broker in the deal.

The property was valued at $260,000 and rents for about $38,000 a year.

Mr. Portman bought from Solomon Fillin the five-story business building at 26 East Thirty-fifth Street, on a lot 20.10 by 98.9 feet, just east of Madison Avenue. It was held at $75,000. Meyer Strunsky was the broker in the deal.

Onondaga Court, a six-story elevator apartment at the south corner of Riverside Drive and 152d Street, has been sold by Joseph G. Abramson to an operator.

The property covers a plot 104 by 140 feet and houses thirty-six families. It was bought by Mr. Abramson in April, 1919, from Joseph Shenk.

Daniel H. Jackson, who bought the six-story elevator apartment house at 141 Cathedral Parkway on Jan. 4, from Emily and Marie Lotze has resold it to John Klinger, a client of Edward Baer. The property faces Central Park and brings in an annual rental of $25,000.

Assembles Apartment Site.

A. V. Amy & Co. sold for the estate of Marie V. Hawkins and Victor Hawkins the two three-story dwellings at 253-255 West Eighty-eighth Street, on a plot 35.10 by 100.8 fast, to Joseph Golding, who recently bought the adjoining northwest corner of Broadway through the same brokers. Mr. Golding now controls a site fronting 100.8 feet on Broadway and 185 feet on Eighty-eighth Street, valued at $800,000, which he contemplates improving with a fourteen-story apartment house with stores along Broadway.

Tenement House Deals.

O'Reilly & Dahn and Emanuel Simon sold for Harry C. Hart to John Born the southwest corner of Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, a seven-story elevator apartment house on plot 80 by 75 by 62 irregular. This is the third Lexington Avenue corner bought by Mr. Born within the past year through the same brokers.

Lowenfeld & Prager sold to Silberman & Silverman the three six-story apartment houses at 122, 126 and 130 East 117th Street, ranting for $22,000 and held at $185,000. Max Epstein was the broker.

The estate of Andrew Koch, deceased, sold the five-story apartment house at 449 First Avenue, near Twenty-ninth Street to Salvatore Ferraro for investment. The estate takes back a purchase money mortgage for $14,000 and was represented in the transaction by Burger & Burger, attorneys. New York Ansonia Realty Company was the broker in the transaction. The building has been in the same ownership for almost thirty-five years. This is the fourth parcel sold by the estate during the past month.

H. J. Schum sold for Lawyers Title and Trust Company 448-450 West Forty-sixth Street, two five-story buildings on plot 25 by 100.5 each, to Sol Freidus and Morris Steinberg.

Charles S. Kohler, Inc., have resold for Ennis & Sinnott, Inc., to a client for investment 971 Wadsworth Avenue, being the northeast corner of 192d Street, a five-story new-law walk-up, containing suites of two, three, four and five rooms, built on plot 11.5 by 65.6 by 100 by 110.11, renting for $28,000 per annum, and held at $167,000.

Morris Moore's Son sold for Harry Kallman premises 507 West 179th Street, a five-story apartment house on lot 43.9 by 100, containing two fives and two fours per floor. The property showed a rental of $11,000, and was held at $62,000.

The Park Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street Realty Corporation, Harry Berkowitz, President, bought 1,038 First Avenue, a four-story tenement, with store, on lot 20 by 91, held at $18,000, from Anna Katlow.

The same company bought from Emmanuel Kupperschmid the northwest corner of Third Avenue and 116th Street, a five-story store building on lot 48 by 70, held at $65,000. The L. & V. Real Estate Company was the broker.

The southeast corner of Seventy-eighth Street and Third Avenue was sold by Robert L. Hoguet, for the estate of Robert J. Hoguet, to Isidor H. Kempner. The property, which is on a plot 102.5 by 105, consists of four five-story flats with stores, 1,950 to 1,968 Third Avenue, and two four-story flats on East Seventy-eighth Street, 202-204. Resale of the property in separate parcels is now pending. The brokers were Schindler & Liebler.

D. H. Kempner & Son, Inc., sold for the executors of the Estate of Henry De Forest Weekes, Arthur O. Frederic D. and John A. Weekes the property 1,880 Second Avenue, a five-story tenement 25 by 100. The buyers were the Blade Estate, Inc. Property was held at $27,000.

Realty Notes.

The next regular meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association will be held on Thursday, Feb. 1, at 8:15 P. M., at 67 West 123th Street. Report on the legislative activities and the automatic gas cut-off will be made.

Oscar D. and Herbert V. Dike have obtained from the Seaman's Savings Bank a mortgage of $175,000 for five years at 5½ per cent on premises 35-37 Broome Street. This is a seven-story store and loft building on plot 125 by 150 on the southeast corner of Broome and Lewis Streets, having a rent roll of $30,000.

Geisler & Kraker placed a first mortgage of $20,000 on the premises known as 123 West Ninetieth Street for five years at 5½ per cent standing.

There will be a report in circulation yesterday that Douglas Fairbanks, the motion picture star, was negotiating for the purchase of Georgian Court, the George J. Gould estate at Lakewood, N. J.

According to the New Jersey report, the price offered by Mr. Fairbanks was $960,000. No confirmation of the report could be obtained from the principals, and David H. Taylor, a lawyer representing George J. Gould, stated that there was no truth in the report. Mr. Taylor admitted that the property was on the market, but stated that as yet he had received no word as to a selling price on the property.

Georgian Court was built by Mr. Gould in 1898. It comprises about 127 acres of land, with spacious parks, two polo fields and a nine-hole golf course. It was while playing on this course that Mrs. Gould dropped dead last year. There is a forty-five-room house on the property, a private theatre and numerous outhouses.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Builders Buy Sheridan Avenue Houses Held at $220,000.

The B. M. T. Realty Company sold the five-story tax exempt apartment house at 1,222 and 1,227 Sheridan Avenue, on a plot 100 by 100, and having a rental of about $27,000. The property was held at $220,000. The purchaser was the Shear Construction Company. Herman A. Acker Corporation were the brokers.

Harry T. F. Johnson sold for the A. and L. Building Company, the northeast corner of Burnside Avenue and Loring Place, now nearing completion, the site being 50 by 100, with a five-story apartment house having twenty-two apartments and four stores, to Fierabras Merrall for investment, the price being $135,000.

Cahn & Cahn, operators, sold to Frank Favorna 827 East 146th Street, a five-story apartment on a plot 27.6 by 100. Andrew Melchionna was the broker in the transaction. Cahn & Cahn also sold, to Joseph Eisenberg, 1,027 Avenue A, a four-story double flat with stores, 1 x M. Courter was the broker in the transaction.

Isaac Lowenfeld sold to a client of Arthur Bell 1,872 Brook Avenue, near 170th Street, a four-story apartment, housing eight families, with a rental of $8,000 and which was held at $20,000. The brokers in the deal were L. J. Greenberger and John Fetzer.

Shaw, Rockwell & Sanford sold the vacant plot 50 by 125, on the north side of 176th Street, 126 feet east of Jerome Avenue, to Julius J. Weiss.

L. Reuter, Inc., sold for the New York Trust Company a plot 75 by 100, located on East 141st Street near Bostwick Avenue, to a builder for improvement.

Brooklyn Block Front Sold.

The Transit Housing Corporation sold the block front on the westerly side of Eighteenth Avenue from Fifty-fourth to Fifty-fifth Streets, a vacant plot 200 by 100 feet, to the Maple Town Housing Corporation. The purchasers are now constructing twelve brick one-family dwellings which will be ready for occupancy in the Spring. Realty Associates were the brokers.

Ansorge Realty Corporation sold two new one-family houses at 1,856 East Third Street to Pearl Levenstein and 1,852 East Third Street to Ida Lewis La Roche. This is part of a parcel of thirty-one one-family houses now under construction on Hings Highway and East Third Street and selling for $7,250 each.

A. Mishkin sold for A. Nelson to Mrs. S. Harris a one-family dwelling with garage, on a plot 40 by 100 feet, located at 951 East Twenty-third Street, for occupancy. The property was held for $17,000.

Oliver E. Allard sold for George C. Hutching the one-family detached house on a plot 40 by 100 feet at 664 East Fourteenth Street to a client for occupancy, and the detached dwelling on a plot 40 by 100 feet at 731 East Twenty-first Street for Mr. Wallant. He also acted as broker in the following negotiations: Sold the plot 40 by 100 feet on the east side of East Twenty-first Street, 300 feet north of Avenue O, for Theodor J. Tobiassen; 40 by 100 feet on the east side of Mansfield Place, 220 feet north of Avenue I, for J. W. Bost; 40 by 100 feet on the east side of East Twenty-first Street, 260 feet north of Avenue O, for John J. Ryan, and the plot 220 by 100 feet on the east side of East Twenty-first Street, 420 feet north of Avenue O, for Thomas H. Purdom.

Mount Morris Mortgage Company, Inc., sold 156 Willoughby Avenue, a three-story brownstone dwelling, to Catherine Elliott ad Delle O'Dea for Mrs. Bertha Lawrence.

Mitzler Builders, Inc., sold to V. Laviaco 1,321 Seventy-sixth Street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Avenues, a two-family brick house on a lot 25 by 100 feet. L. Testa was the broker. They also sold to Israel Drammond 1,317 to 1,323 Seventy-sixth Street between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Avenues, three two-family brick houses, with garages, on a lot 20 by 100 each. A. Klein was the broker in this transaction. They also sold to A. De Genther 562 Sixth Avenue a three-story frame dwelling with stores on a lot 18 by 80 feet. V. Costello was the broker.

Suburban Transactions.

The McWhinney dwelling on Washington Avenue, Lawrence, L. I., known as Stone Ledge, has been sold to Seymour H. Rippin of Everdell Place, Far Rockaway. The house is of Colonial architecture, built of stone, located on an acre of ground. It was held at $40,000. The McWhinney Realty Company transacted the sale.

James S. Graham sold to the Floral Park Democratic Club two lots on Belmont Avenue, near Bryant, Floral Park, Long Island. This club has recently been organized and will build a clubhouse on the property in the near future.

George Howe sold for Mrs. Snyder three plots on Summit Avenue, Hastings-on-Hudson, N.Y., to J. N. Luttrell, who purchases this adjoining property to enlarge his estate.

Hamilton Smith & Co. sold a plot of about half an acre on Masterton Road, Crows Nest Woods, Bronxville, to Kenneth F. Griffiths, Jr., who will build a residence.

Private House Buyers.

The Frances De Luze estate sold the four-story private dwelling at 36 West Ninetieth Street. The property was held at $28,000. The buyer paid all cash. Charles K. Cilsby & Co., the brokers, obtaining the first mortgage. This is the first time the property has been sold in twenty-three years.

The Real Estate Management Company sold for Kathleen Marcato the three-story building 148 West Ninety-ninth Street to Thomas A. Williams, Inc.

Ennis & Sinnot sold 618 West 138th Street, a four-and-one-half-story dwelling, on lot 16 by 100, to Mrs. Ellen Kenny. Herbert A. Sherman was the broker.

James H. Cruikshank resold to the Merit Realty Corporation (Marcus L. Oak) 251 West 128th Street, a three-story brownstone private dwelling, on lot 15 by 100, held at $12,000. George W. Brettell & Sons were the brokers.

Scudder School Buys in 72d St.

Minnie Gaby sold the five-story American basement dwelling on a lot 25 by 100, at 316 West Seventy-second Street, close to Riverside Drive, to the present tenant, the Scudder School for Girls (Myron T. Scudder, Principal). The property was held at $75,000. The Scudder School, in addition to the property just purchased, now owns 244-246 West Seventy-second Street and 251-255 West Seventy-first Street. Wood, Dolson Company were the brokers in the deal.

$676,000 in Loans Placed.

Lawrence, Blake & Jewell have placed for the Certlet Realty Company a first mortgage loan of $405,000 on the fourteen-story mercantile building just completed at 244-250 West Thirty-eighth Street, plot 75x98.9. It also placed for the Missport Realty Company a loan of $270,000 on the similar abutting property at 237-249 West Thirty-seventh Street, 80x98.9.

The same brokers placed the original building loans on the structures with William Henry Barnum & Co.

Auction Results.

Six tenement houses were sold at auction yesterday to settle the estate of Adam Steiger, and brought a total of $149,300. Joseph P. Day conducted the sale.

The results follow:

No. 1—Ninth Av., 821, w s, 80.8 ft n of 54th St., 20x70, 4-story tenement with store. To Ellen Read for $21,575.

No. 2—West 117th St., 274, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av., 25x100.11, 5-story brick tenement. To Anderson Peterson for $24,000.

No. 3—West 117th St., 272, s s, 175 ft e of 8th Av., 25x100, 5-story tenement. To the Lanmat Realty Co. for $23,425.

No. 4—West 117th St., 270, s s, 200 ft e of 8th Av., 25x100, 5-story tenement. To Simon Rulof for $24,850.

No. 5—West 117th St., 268, s s, 225 ft e of 8th Av., 25x100, 5-story tenement. To Max Siegel for $24,625.

No. 6—West 117th St., 266, s s, 250 ft e of 8th Av., 25x100, 5-story tenement. Frank J. Steiger et al., Otterbourg, Steindler, Houston & Rosen, attorneys; Harry F. Sinclair, referee) partition. To Max Siegel for $24,850.

Bronx Exchange.

By JOSEPH P. DAY.

Southern Blvd., 2, e s, 121.10 ft n of 188th St., vacant. Warren B. Sammis vs. George W. Dunphy et al. Weiss & Sandow, attorneys. Decree in favor of plaintiff for $5,570.34; sales, Jan. 30th, at Withdrawn.

BIG BRONX TRACT SOLD.

Broadway Savings Association Disposes of 650 Vacant Lots.

One of the largest and most important realty deals in the eastern section of the Borough of the Bronx was closed yesterday when the Broadway Savings Institution through its representative, George E. Cohn, sold 300 lots in the eastern section of the borough to the Bameson Realty Company.

The property, which is known as the John C. Roberts estate was held at about $150,000.

It is well located and adjoins the property occupied by St. John's Deaf and Dumb Asylum, also the Ebling, George Bruce Brown and Morris properties recently sold at public auction.

It is the intention of the buyers to improve part and to sell to builders. The plot measures about 800 by 1,300 feet irregular, 700 feet being on Eastern Boulevard.

John G. Dabour was the broker in the transaction.

Brown Resells Three Houses.

Frederick Brown resold to an investor the three apartment houses 604, 606 and 612 West 158th Street, which he bought recently. The buyer is a client of the Manhattan Realty Company. The houses are arranged in suites of five, six and seven rooms. Each house is 42 feet wide and 100 feet deep. The property is located between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue.

Buy Plots on West Side.

The Mount Estate sold the vacant lot southeast corner Riverside Drive and West 107th Street, 100.11 feet on Riverside Drive by 95 feet on 107th Street, to the Paterno Construction Company. Dr. Charles V. Paterno, President. David Stewart was the broker.

E. D. Baker and A. Robinson sold to an investing client 617 West End Avenue, a plot 20 by 20

HOTEL WELLINGTON SOLD.

Knott Interests Buy Seventh Avenue Property, Held at $750,000.

The Hotel Wellington, which has been operated by the 871 Seventh Avenue Hotel Corporation, James E. Knott, President, has been taken over by that corporation by purchase from the Hotel Wellington Corporation, Mina B. Fritz, President. The property, which was held at $750,000, has a frontage on Seventh Avenue of 75 feet, and forms an "L" around the corner fronting 52 feet on Fifty-fifth Street.

The buyers are large hotel owners and will continue to operate the Wellington. John J. Fleming was the broker in the deal.

Business Properties.

The Finkelstein Company sold the five-story building, 118 Nassau Street, to an investment client who takes the property subject to a fifteen-year lease recently made at a net rental averaging $18,500 per annum. The property was held at $155,000.

J. P. and L. A. Kissling and C. L. Warnawer sold for the Are Realty Company 458 Eighth Avenue, a three-story building on a lot 25 by 100, to Greene & Godley.

Takes Over Boys' Camp.

Camp Cayuga, a well-known boys' Summer camp on Schroon Lake, has just been taken over exclusively by Julius Rittet, who purchased the outstanding interest of his former associate, J. C. Green. The property consists of about 100 acres of land, and is a fully equipped boys' camp which has been in successful operation for the last eight years. Samuel Bitterman acted as attorney for Mr. Ritter.

REAL ESTATE.

Jackson Heights

12 Minutes from Grand St. Subway Station

New Elevator Garden Apartments

3 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths

Terms—Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms. Social and Business References Required

Children's Playgrounds, Golf, Tennis, etc.

Take Subway to Grand Central, Transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 169th Street (Jackson Heights) Station.—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor—39th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

The Queensboro Corporation

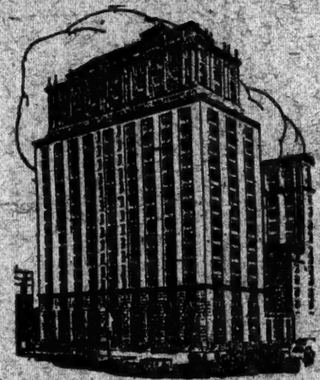
Manhattan Office—50 East 42nd St. Telephone, Murray Hill 7057

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

PARK-LEXINGTON BUILDING

PARK AVENUE 46th to 47th Streets

Connected by Arcade through Grand Central Palace to Lexington Ave.



Fine LIGHT Offices

The divided floors in this building offer space to suit your requirements that is exceptionally light and attractive, as following small units indicate.

Space available in any combination of these units up to full floors of 10,040 to 14,038 sq. ft. All of these units have exceptional light.

535 Sq. Ft.	641 Sq. Ft.
580 " "	704 " "
600 " "	964 " "

OFFICES—STORES—Ready May 1st

For further particulars apply to

Merchants and Manufacturers Exchange of New York

ROBERT M. CATTS, Pres.

480 Lexington Ave. Phone Vanderbilt 7300

OR YOUR OWN BROKER

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Mortgage Money

$12,500,000

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High-Class First Mortgages

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New York City

Hughes & Hammond

34 Pine St. John 4168

$3,500,000

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MORTGAGE MONEY

MANHATTAN ONLY

$500,000

AND UPWARD

INDUSTRIAL PLANTS CONSIDERED

CHILDS & HUMPHRIES

50 East 42nd St. Vanderbilt 8678

WHEN IN NEED OF RENT ASSIGNMENTS Second or First Mortgages, Manhattan, Bronx Realty, apply quick; dealings BROKERS PROTECTED; QUICK ACTION.

S. A. ISRAEL

32 Nassau St. Cort. 8691

MORTGAGE LOANS

WARRANTY MORTGAGES REAL ESTATE

43 West 57th St. Plaza 2925

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Arthur C. Sheridan, Auct'r

has been requested and authorized to offer at

Absolute Auction

to the highest bidder, without reserve,

NEXT SATURDAY

(Feb. 3), on the premises, at 2 P. M.

Furnished Modern Residence

28 BEAUMONT ST.,

BET. SHORE BOULEVARD AND HUNTINGTON AVE.,

Manhattan Beach

Modern 8-room residence, with garage, on plot 40x100. Furnishings sold separately. Sale absolute. Inspection from Friday afternoon until time of sale. AUCTIONEER'S OFFICES, 128 B'WAY.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

BROKERS' ATTENTION

is the matter for

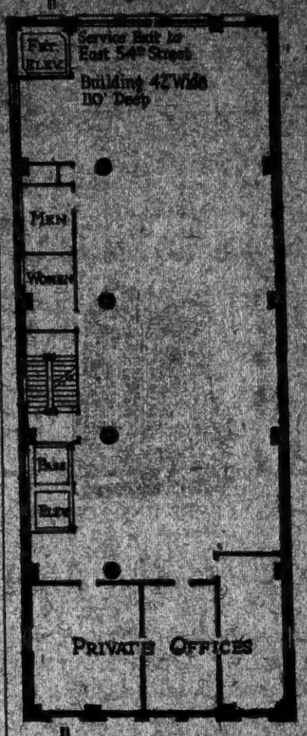
Avenue Tenements and Store Property

Blade Estate

103 West 43d St.

REAL ESTATE.

A Fifth Avenue floor for rent on very low terms



THIS splendidly lighted and arranged seventh floor in 681 Fifth Avenue (bet. 53rd and 54th Sts.) is offered for July 1 occupancy, and earlier if desired.

Clear and open on all four sides, with ceilings 12 feet high—insuring ideal working conditions for personnel.

Two passenger elevators; separate freight elevator with approach from 54th St.

There are approximately 4,000 sq. ft. of net usable space. This office space can be rented for short or long term at $10,000 a year; and at the price is an exceptional offering.

If you would be interested in establishing your business offices on 5th Avenue, this space at the price, in this modern building suggests an opportunity unlikely to be presented again. Apply to

WEBB AND KNAPP

385 Madison Ave. Vanderbilt 6900

Or your own Broker

May 1st— and office space

Your decision as to the location of your office after May 1 should logically be made soon, considering the limited amount of desirable space available. We offer our facilities to suggest space in keeping with your ideas as to location, character and rental. The following offerings are an indication of present available space at moderate rentals.

43 Exchange Place

A few desirable single offices and suites are available in units from 500 sq. ft. up to 2300 sq. ft. with one especially fine corner suite partitioned into four rooms.

68 William Street

Single rooms now for rent in this splendid building have areas of 300 sq. ft. and up. One attractive suite is divided into four rooms. There also is one full open floor of 4500 sq. ft. with windows on three sides.

16-18 Exchange Place

Offices of one to six rooms are now to be had of 200 sq. ft. and more. One space is divided into four offices; others into two and three connecting rooms, all with direct entrances to hallway.

21-23 Maiden Lane

The principal space available now is a part of the eighth or top floor of 1400 sq. ft.; an exceptional location for a jewelry firm or insurance house. Will divide into units of 300 feet and up.

We invite inquiries for high grade office space—downtown or uptown

Wm. A. White & Sons

Established 1868

46 Cedar Street

Tel. John 3700

America's Most Prominent Corner

COLUMBIA TRUST BUILDING

Northwest Corner

Fifth Ave., cor. 34th Street

Offices & Showrooms

Only three units available 800, 1000, 1500 Sq. Ft.

A Perfect Business Home

Apply on Premises

Saul Wilchins, Agt.

1 W. 34th St. Tel. Fitzroy 5989

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED, REAL ESTATE FOR MANAGEMENT

Superior Service Offered

Francis R. Eden Watkins 1605

REAL ESTATE.

LOFTS

REASONABLE RENT

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

40 East 21st St.

Approximately 2,500 Sq. Ft.

APPLY ON PREMISES OR

Newmark, Jacobs & Newmark

42d Broadway, New York

TELEPHONE AUDUBON 1750

EDWIN H. HESS

Business Building Management

A Highly Specialized Service

250 5th Ave. Mad. Sq. 8388

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE IN WAREHOUSE DISTRICT DOWNTOWN—WEST SIDE

STRONG, FIREPROOF, CORNER BUILDING

on the amount for which building above is insured, while the land is assessed for more than $75,000.

Possession in part April 1st; ONCE and of entire building in 1923.

Apply Elias Sugarman, Owner, 19 W. 44 St. Tel. 6610 Vanderbilt

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Be One of 15

To purchase 30 acres of land overlooking Hempstead Harbor, 30 miles from N. Y., 200 feet elevation, 3000 feet road frontage, improved; put your own restrictions on same, and sell one-half for what the whole cost. I reserve the right to refuse to sell to any undesirable person. For information, address Owner, Box N. 20, 21, Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"The Oranges to Morristown"

We can now offer many choice, modern, tiled homes, with 7 to 14 rooms, at $12,000 to $16,000. Attractive grounds, restricted neighborhoods.

EDW. P. HAMILTON & CO.

126 B'way., N. Y., 8 Obp. Sta., Orange, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

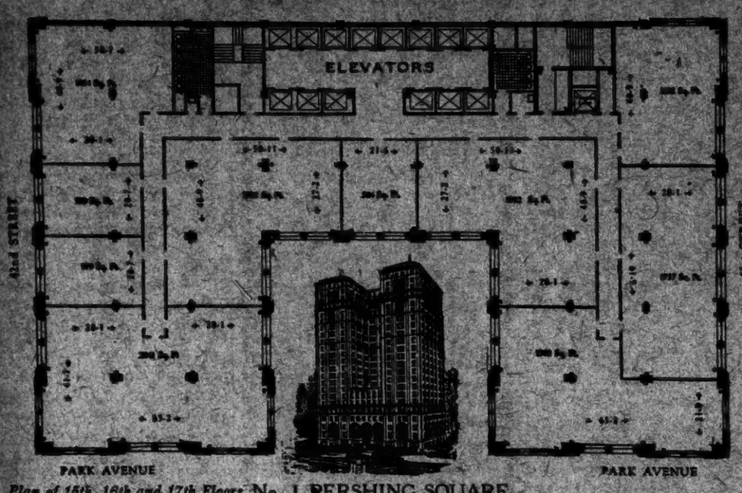
47 E. 57th St.

Huber

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

PERSHING SQUARE BUILDING

OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL TERMINAL



Plan of 16th, 16th and 17th Floors No. 1 PERSHING SQUARE

Windows 6 ft. 4 in. Wide

The widest office windows in New York, comprising over 50% of exterior walls. Open Court over 60 feet wide, hence every office is unusually light.

The plan is flexible. Any layout you require is possible.

Building open for inspection. Occupancy may be had before May 1.

Windows comprise 50% of exterior walls.
No expense spared in finish and equipment.
Service as exceptional as building itself.
There are 15 high-speed Otis elevators.
Direct entrances to three subways.
Most accessible building in New York.

Ask us to send you booklet, large floor plan and prices

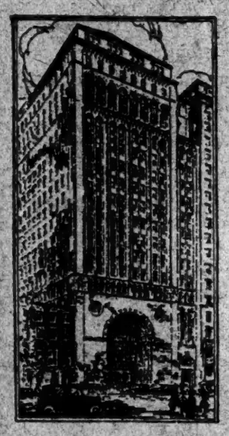
Representative on Premises

'Phone Murray Hill 7820 **CUSHMAN & WAKEFIELD, INC.** 50 East 42d Street

Renting and Managing Agent

The Bowery Savings Bank Building

Opposite Grand Central Terminal



Single Offices—

Units of 2,000 sq. ft. (and more)

Entire Floor of 8,900 sq. ft.

A long list of desirable tenants have already taken space in this building.

Agent:
BROWN, WHEELOCK, HARRIS, VOUGHT & CO., Inc.,
14 Wall Street New York 20 East 48th Street

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.

OF LONDON, ENG.

New 12 story Office Building

ready for occupancy May first

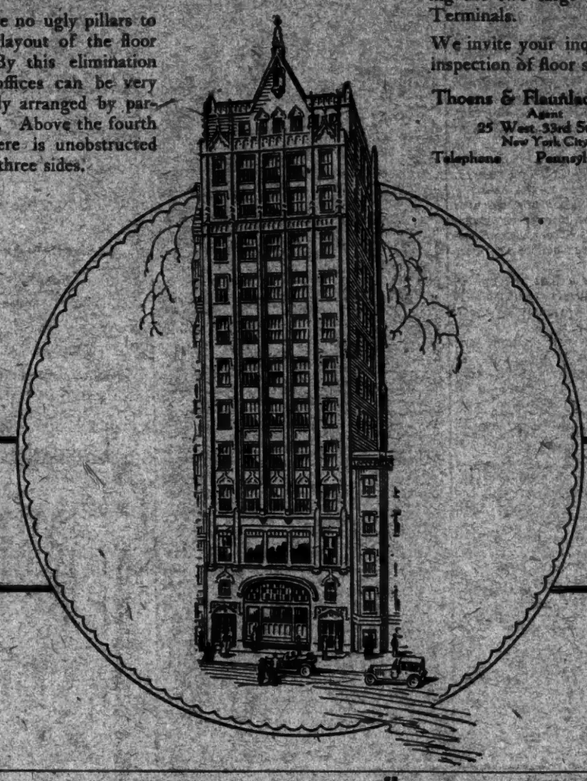
9 & 11 East 41 Street

Just off Fifth Avenue

THE central location of this new executive office building which is of the highest type of construction, makes it particularly desirable for large law firms, architects and such other large concerns, who desire to conduct their business office on one entire floor.

There are no ugly pillars to mar the layout of the floor space. By this elimination private offices can be very artistically arranged by partitioning. Above the fourth floor there is unobstructed light on three sides.

The owners of this building, Burroughs Wellcome & Co. of London, England, who will occupy the lower part of the building are particularly interested in securing only the highest type of tenants.



Floor space may be leased now from plans in our office in units of—

2403 Net Square Feet
2535 Net Square Feet
2761 Net Square Feet
3198 Net Square Feet

Needless to say—this new office building is convenient to all lines of transit, including the two large Railroad Terminals.

We invite your inquiry and inspection of floor space.

Thoens & Flaunlacher, Inc.
Agent
25 West 53rd Street
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Telephone Pennsylvania 5341

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Rate, 65 Cents an Agate Line

WE HAVE $750,000 TO INVEST in 2d mortgages on 1, 2 and 3-family houses, Brooklyn; low rate.

REALTY MORTGAGE CO. (INVESTORS), Cortlandt 4788. 32 Nassau St.

MONEY to loan on real estate, first and second mortgages, leaseholds, interests in estates, merchandise, or other good collateral. Grasso Holding Corporation, 32 Wall St., Room 400. Hanover 7100.

SECOND MORTGAGES; all amounts Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn realty; quick decisions. ATLAS MORTGAGE CO., 51 CHAMBERS ST. WORTH 3845.

FIRST and second mortgages, money to loan, any amount, on all type of property; reasonable charges. Allister & Buck, 160 Broadway. Phone Cortlandt 8191.

FIRST and second mortgage money; quick action. Hofmann, Times Building, Bryant 8170.

MONEY, any amount, on long-term second mortgages from $25,000 up; also first mortgages above any amount. No red tape or delay. Don't worry. J. S. Mayers, 128 Broadway.

WANTED — Investments in any amount. First mortgage real estate paying 6%. Apply to owner. W. J. THOMAS, Montclair, N. J. Box 316.

AMPLE FUNDS for 1st and 2d mortgages; city property only; moderate charges. Wolfe Corporation, 115 Bway., Rector 3300.

APPLICATIONS wanted for insured mortgage loan, small, large amounts. Schuster Mortgage Co., 452 Broadway, Bryant 6262.

PURCHASE or take conservative second mortgage; about $6,000. 127 St., Times Brooklyn Branch.

CAN PLACE first and second mortgages, any amount, direct from owners daily. Box 27, Times.

SECOND mortgages; liberal discount to private investors guaranteed. Box 18, Queens, L. I.

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1115 BROADWAY
S. W. Cor. 25th St.
Facing Madison Square

Unusual Loft

In Most Desirable Section
Entire Top (12th) Floor
21,000 sq. ft.

Light on all sides. 9 elevators, additional entrance from 24th & 25th Sts. for passengers and freight

Possession February 1st, 1923

M. J. WHITTALL ASSOCIATES

Tel. Lexington 2736 295 Fifth Ave.

FOR RENT

520-524 West 41st Street
Short or Long Term Lease Loft Building for Manufacturing or Storage

Three Floors each of
5,625 Sq. Ft.
Will Rent Individual Floors

NEAR RAILROAD, STEAMSHIP and all FREIGHT and PASSENGER TERMINALS

This high-class building has 5,625 square feet on a floor. It is of mill construction and has large elevator, loading platform and delivery space. Floors will sustain 275 pounds per square foot. Heavy electric service lines. High ceilings. Permanent light on three sides; large windows and skylights. New guaranteed roof. Complete overhead trolley system.

Immediate occupancy

Enquire Above — Phone Longacre 0046 — or Your Own Broker

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300 RIVERSIDE DRIVE

Corner 102d St.

Most Ideal Location on the West Side
Highest-Class Apartment House
Now Completed. Ready for Occupancy
Something New in Apartment House Construction
14 Story—4 Elevators
3, 4, 5, 6 ROOMS—1 to 3 Baths
EXTRA LARGE ROOMS—ABUNDANT CLOSET ROOM
Maid Service by the Hour.
Also Special Doctor's Apartment
MODERATE RENTALS
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300 Riverside Drive Corporation
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Light Offices
Facing Battery Park
At reasonable rentals
in NEW ANNEX to
SOUTH FERRY BUILDING
now being completed at
6 State Street
All Subway and Elevated Lines radiate from here.
Apply to
South Ferry Realty Company
Telephone 9636 Bowling Green
Room 801
44 Whitehall Street
Full commission to brokers

LOFTS

Immediate Possession
At Less Than Market Value.

Braender Building
26-32 W. 17th St.
Fireproof. 100% Sprinkler. Light on Four Sides. 2-Pass., 2 Freight Elevators.
Lofts 95x95
½ Loft 45x95
¼ Loft 45x47

40-42 E. 19th St.
Bet. Broadway and 4th Av. Fireproof Building. Passenger & Freight Elevators.
Lofts 45x90

RICHARD A. ABRAMSON
Agent
46 W. 46th St. Bryant 4084
Or Your Own Broker.

Ready This Month

39 Fifth Av.

Bet. 10th and 11th Sts.
New 14 Story Fireproof Building

LIVING ROOM
BEDROOM
SERVING PANTRY
and BATH
$2,200—$3,000
Unfurnished

Apply on premises or
Bing & Bing
Corporation
119 West 40th Street
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Unfurnished—East Side.

1140 5th Ave.

6 Rooms—3 Baths, $4400
Park frontage. Excellent light.

1160 5th Ave.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY
1-7 Rooms—1-3 Baths, $1000—$4700
4 Room Apartments, $2000 and up

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Near Park Ave. New Apartment
2, 3 Rooms and Kitchenette
$1500—$2750.
2 Doctors' Suites, separate entrances
Our aim is to make our tenants satisfied with "French" buildings. The good will of the tenant is the best asset of agent, builder and owner.
Consult your own broker or
FRENCH & FRENCH, INC.
Real Estate Management
250 Madison Ave., at 45th St.
Telephone Vanderbilt 3267.

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Just Off Fifth Avenue
Exclusive Neighborhood
A NEW 11-STORY APARTMENT HOUSE
Building completed. Now ready for occupancy
6 and 7 Rooms
3 Baths. Southern exposure.
LARGE ROOMS—SPACIOUS CLOSETS
Wood Burning Fireplaces.
MODERATE RENTALS
Apply Agent on Premises
PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Avenue, N.Y.—Tel. Murray Hill 6200
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

Unfurnished—West Side.

180 Riverside Drive

COR. 90TH STREET
New Fireproof Apartment Dwelling
APARTMENTS OF
One 6-Room—One 7-Room
One 9-Room; 3 Baths
WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.
2242 Broadway Schuyler 1100

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265 Central Park West
SOUTH CORNER 87TH ST.
6 rooms, 2 baths.
7 rooms, 2 baths
Special Ground floor corner apartment of 7 rooms, 2 baths, with private entrance, suitable for Doctor.
Inquire Superintendent on premises or
RICHARD A. ABRAMSON
46 West 46th St. Bryant 4094

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2 Rooms and Bath.
3 Rooms, Kitchenette and Bath.
Exceptionally large living room.

166 West 73d St.

3 Rooms, Kitchenette and Bath.
Will decorate to suit.
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Onondaga Apts.

246 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, COR. 103d ST.
6 AND 7 ROOMS—1 AND 2 BATHS
High-class elevator apartment house, overlooking the Hudson River. All modern improvements; decorated to suit tenant.
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
RICHARD A. ABRAMSON,
46 West 46th St. Bryant 4094

THE ROGER MORRIS
Elevator Apartments
FOUR ROOMS
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT
400 WEST 160th ST.
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS

TO SUBLET—GREAT SACRIFICE
Store, Basement and Mezzanine Floor
42x98
114-16 EAST 25th St., Near 4th Ave.
Electric Sidewalk Elevator. Lowest Insurance Rates
Ceiling 19 Feet High
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
170 Fifth Av. **ADAMS & CO.** Gramercy 1092
Full commission to Brokers.

Daylight Lofts

Very Low Rental.

47 East 19th St.
Entire floor, 25x100. Light 3 sides. Also Store and Basement, 25x100

33 West 17th St.
11-story fireproof manufacturing. TOP FLOOR, 99x100. Windows 4 Sides, 6 Skylights. Steam Heat—2 Elevators
ALSO 2nd FLOOR 50x100.

140 West 23d St.
100% sprinklered; elevatory steam heat. Front part of 2d floor, 3,000 sq. ft. Rear of 2d floor, 35x80. Entire 3d floor, 60x100. Will divide to suit.
Also Large Basement, 7,000 Sq. Ft. VERY LOW RENTAL.

A. M. Druckman
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TWO LOFTS

CONTAINING ABOUT 30,000 SQUARE FEET
FOR MANUFACTURING
LIVE STEAM, SEPARATE FREIGHT AND PASSENGER ENTRANCE, LIGHT ON FOUR SIDES AND SKY LIGHTS. FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION. SPRINKLERS.
Very Moderate Rates
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, WILL DIVIDE
Full commission to brokers.
WILLIAM J. SUSSMAN INCORPORATED REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATORS
300 MADISON AVE. VANDERBILT 1725

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377 BROADWAY, Cor. White St.
A few offices for Feb. 1st.

487 BROADWAY CORNER BROOME ST.
Fronting on Three Streets.
Small offices and suites. Attractive rentals.
F. J. GUILFOYLE & CO.,
Cortlandt 7473. 165 Broadway.

LOFTS, OFFICES & SHOWROOMS

Southeast Corner
Broadway & 65th St.
ELEVATOR SERVICE
WILLARD S. BURROWS CO.
130 W. 34th St. Fitzroy 8460.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

LOFTS Centrally Located
OFFICES
Elevator Service
SHOWROOMS
Broadway at 65th St.
SOUTHEAST CORNER
WILLARD S. BURROWS CO.
110 W. 34th St. Fitzroy 8460.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

48 E. 25TH ST.
4-st. floor, 25x100, elevator, sprinkler; lowest insurance; fire manufacturing.
Also
44 & 46 E. 25TH
Front half of 6th floor, 50x40; perfect light. 2 elevators; lowest insurance; sprinklers.
JOHN FREID,
220 5th Ave., or your own broker.
Ashland 8724.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

In the Elite Plaza Section
Apartments De Luxe
Splendidly Appointed Superior Service
Central Park South
36 W. 59th St.
2 to 6 Rooms and 2 Baths.
$2,400 to $6,000.
47 East 57th St.
2 Rooms and Bath, $1,600 to $2,200.
RESIDENT MANAGER ON
Huberth & Huberth
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SMALL LOFTS

Manufacturing
Immediate possession.
43 West 16th St.
37 West 20th St.
54 West 21st St.
Apply on premises or
BING & BING
CORPORATION
119 WEST 40th STREET
or your own broker.

1123 Broadway
Corner 25th Street
1140 Broadway
Corner 26th Street
FOR RENT—OFFICES and SHOWROOMS—large and small units—Modern fireproof buildings—Shipping facilities—Immediate possession & Feb. 1.
BING & BING
CORPORATION
119 WEST 40th STREET
or your own broker.

FOR LIVE TENANT
1076-1078 Flatbush Ave.
Bet. Beverly and Cortelyou Roads
DAYLIGHT STORES
Each 24x80 15-Ft. Ceilings
Basements 8-Ft. Ceilings
Together or Single
Joseph M. May
189 Montague St., Brooklyn

LIGHT LOFTS
OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS
AT LOW PRICES
122 FIFTH AVENUE

SPACE	$900
SPACE	$1,200
SPACE	$1,500
SPACE	$2,400
SPACE	$3,300
SPACE	$4,500

And various other spaces at low prices, store and basement about $4,000 Sq. Ft. Will divide to suit.
OPEN TO OFFERS
Manufacturing allowed. Fireproof building. 100% sprinkler; brokers protected.
E. SHARUM CO., on the premises, 122 Fifth Av. Tel Watkins 6676.

Elliman Building
15-17 E. 49th St.
Bet. Fifth and Madison Ave.
ENTIRE FLOOR
2200 Sq. Ft.
Including full service
POSSESSION MAY 1st
Douglas L. Elliman & Co.
Managing Agents
15 East 49th St.
Plaza 9200

12-14 W. 18th St.

Fireproof Building. Passenger and Freight Elevator. Steam Heat, etc.
1,200 ft. ..... $900 to $1,200
2,400 ft. ..... $1,800 to $2,300
Phone for Appointment.
CHARLES HENSLE, Owner
1,379 10th Ave. Wadsworth 3154.

38-44 W. 21st St.

LOFTS 67x92
100% SPRINKLER
POSSESSION AT ONCE.
H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.
OR YOUR BROKER

STORE 18x100
BASEMENT SPACE
Immediate Possession
WOMEN'S WEAR STREET
22 E. 48th ST.
Between 5th and Madison Aves.
Brown, Wheelock, Harris, Vought & Co.
76 East 48th St. Plaza Vanderbilt 0631
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

246 FIFTH AVENUE
S. W. Corner 28th St.
SECOND, FOURTH AND FIFTH FLOORS; CONTAINING ABOUT 5,000 SQ. FT. EACH. ELEVATOR. STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT.
Possession May 1st
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway

5-7-9 West 37th St.

4 Upper Floors
EXCELLENT LIGHT
75x100. Possession Feb. 1st.
100% SPRINKLER
H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.

491 BROADWAY
Store and Basement
4 st. ins., 48 Dark Row.

FINE STORE & BASEMENT
in fireproof building, 31 & 33 East 10th St., near Broadway. High ceilings; two elevators; possession. WILLIAM D. KILPATRICK, 149 Broadway.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE OFFICES SHOW ROOMS
Huberth & Huberth
2 Columbus Circle
Phone Circle 8748

FIREPROOF LOFTS
To lease, 31 and 33 East 10th St., near Broadway; one to four lofts, 44x94 feet; two elevators, high ceilings; possession. Owner, William D. Kilpatrick, 149 Broadway.

650 HUDSON ST.

Centre of Gansevoort Market Section
Corner store, with basement same size. Elevator store to basement. Approximately 5,500 sq. ft. Immediate possession.
CRIST & HENRICK.

FACTORIES WANTED.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

FACTORIES.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

FACTORIES.

FARMS.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CITY REAL ESTATE

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

FARMS.

SUMMER HOMES.

LOTS.

APARTMENT HOUSES & HOTELS

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished-Private.

Furnished-Hotels.

Furnished-Long Island.

Unfurnished-West Side.

Unfurnished-East Side.

Unfurnished-Long Island.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished-West Side.

Unfurnished-East Side.

Unfurnished-Bronx.

Unfurnished-Brooklyn.

Furnished-Long Island.

Unfurnished-Westchester County.

Unfurnished-New Jersey.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Unfurnished.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

West Side.

BOARDERS WANTED

Rate, 45 Cents Per Agate Line.

East Side.

West Side.

Brooklyn.

Queens.

Long Island.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Unfurnished.

BOARD WANTED.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New Jersey.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, EXECUTIVE'S CHRISTIAN HIGH CALIBER CREATIVE ABILITY DESIRES OPPORTUNITY IN ADVERTISING; SALARY SECONDARY TO OPPORTUNITY FOR GROWTH. PRIVATE SCHOOL FOR STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS; also book-keeping, typewriting, secretarial courses; highest references; salary $23-$25. E 715 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; high and business school graduate; knowledge bookkeeping, general office routine; five years' experience. C 268 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; thoroughly competent; $15. B 668 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR; knowledge of typing; five years' experience. F 982 Times Downtown.

TEACHER (diplomee); teaches French, German $1. Phone evenings, Audubon 1960, Apt. 21.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR, night; 26; experienced; 7 years telephone company; 2 years hotel; $60. Write, P. Operator, 706 Columbus Av.

TYPIST, clerk; knowledge bookkeeping, five years' experience; accurate; $18. C 298 Times.

TYPIST, general office assistant; three years' experience; $18. B 667 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid; accurate knowledge of shorthand; 4 years experience; salary $25. W 8 Times.

TYPIST, expert, statistical work; general office; experience; 3 a week. E 9 Times.

VIENNESE GOVERNESS or French lady's maid; first day, Dumont 453 West 146th.

WOMAN of education and breeding, experienced as organizer and executive secretary, wishes position of trust in or near New York; energy and enthusiasm exchanged for progressive opportunity. K 838 Times.

WOMAN, well educated, refined, desires position as secretary in investment security house; thoroughly experienced; references; H 852 Times.

YOUNG GIRL, clever, desires position as assistant bookkeeper; 8 months' experience. Tremont 3096.

YOUNG LADY, with experience, wishes position as secretary and bookkeeper; capable of taking entire charge of an office; excellent references. M. G., 471 Bergen Av., Jersey City, N. J. Bergen 3316 J, or Waldorf 2874.

YOUNG LADY, show room, wait on trade; misses', children's, infants' dresses and general inside work; prefer Saturdays off, willing to work Sundays instead. C 294 Times.

YOUNG LADY, aristocrat; recently arrived from Russia, desires position as companion to lady; loves children; willing to help around. E 103 Times.

YOUNG LADY wishes position; governess or nurse; governess with family in country or to travel. Roessler, Apt. 14, 152 Claremont Ave.

YOUNG LADY, reliable, for general office assistant; experienced. C 301 Times.

YOUNG woman, educated, experienced secretary, housekeeper and nurse, will give services for compensation; highest references. 14 502 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN—Care for child afternoons, 12-6; $12 weekly. Cathedral 6848.

FRENCH most perfectly taught by Parisian graduate; highest reference. Mlle. Eaton, French teacher, 56 West 17th St. Chelsea 3474.

AUTHOR'S manuscripts typed, social and business correspondence done efficiently, neat; prices reasonable. W 25 Times.

FRENCH CONVERSATION, young Parisienne diplomee, Mlle. De Sipsay, 59 West 48th. Bryant 3441.

WANTS position care of children afternoons. W 1196 Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, experienced colored girls, chambermaids, waitresses, cooks, couples, seamstresses, laundresses; investigated references; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5166. Domestic Service Agency, 327 West 56th St.

HOUSEWORKERS, full, part time; laundresses, cooks, waitresses. Square Deal Agency. Morningside 2232.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored; cooks, laundresses, part times; chambermaids; references. Golden Rule Morningside 9656.

THOMA ANDERSSON Scandinavian Agency, 2,296 Broadway, near 82d. Schuyler 7002.

OLSSON AGENCY, 151 West 71st—Swedish, German, Irish, &c. Columbus 7634.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, CREDIT MAN, OFFICE MANAGER.

15 years' practical experience; thorough knowledge of business methods; expert; capable of assuming full responsibilities; at present employed; contemplate making change; fidelity and integrity guaranteed. E 407 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER, OFFICE MANAGER.

College man, 26, diversified experience, public accounting, mercantile and manufacturing, prepare financial statements and reports, tax returns, collections, complete charge. B 962 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, office manager, 32, thoroughly experienced managing office, accounting, bookkeeping departments large mercantile, chain store, manufacturing enterprises, including costs, finances, credits, collections, tax, financial reports. E 114 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager; 12 years' commercial, public accounting; 7 years' imports, exports, credits, correspondence, collections; income tax auditor; linguist; good executive; systematizer; age 32; married; 7 years' U. S. Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, capable and thoroughly trained in all office details as applied to manufacturing and mercantile lines; formerly auditor for firm with several branches; 30 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, auditor, 16 years' practical business experience, capable executive, organizer, systematizer, finances, tax reports, credits, collections, correspondence; age 35. E 111 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 25, experienced bookkeeper; no public accounting experience; knows theory of accounting; desires connection; salary secondary; highest references. K 271 Times.

ACCOUNTANT; bookkeeper; part time or permanent; books opened, closed, audited; city references. Uellner, 242 East 83d. Lenox 2092.

ACCOUNTANT, cost; thoroughly experienced all phases, desires position with superior; will install complete cost finding system; age 31, married. B 977 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 2 years' bookkeeping experience, desires permanent position; salary no object. Louis Rodiez, 758 Malta St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT—Junior accountant, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, completed course in accountancy; salary secondary. E 882 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, 27, seven years' experience; manufacturing or mercantile concern preferred; references. C 268 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, tax reports, financial statements, audits, systematizing; bookkeeping arrangements, $10 monthly upward. W 19 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, long experience manufacturing, mercantile; also credits and collections; age 40; married. E 685 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 26, inexperienced advanced accounting student, desires position with manufacturing or commercial concern. A 1184 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, part time bookkeeping, audits, tax reports; reasonable. E 953 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, one year's public accounting experience; audits alone. C 579 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced; stenographer, comptometer operator. Kelly, 386 Tenth St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, tax experience, desires connection certified accountants. C 309 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires connection with accountants; college graduate. F 839 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, capable, desires connection with reputable firm. A 1175 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, wishes position for three days week; reasonable. C 197 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, desires position three days weekly; $25. A 894 Times.

ADVERTISING, university graduate, copy, production, marketing experience, desires agency, manufacturer, wholesale connection; $35. E 859 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING—Young man, 28, thorough knowledge advertising; responsible, efficient. E 113 Times.

ADVERTISING man, 12 years' experience, desires part time position. E 22 Times.

ASSISTANT to executive, 30, fifteen years' experience secretarial work; stenographer, typist; thorough knowledge, modern business methods and sales promotion; married, two children; salary $40 weekly. E 667 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT to buy executive or position with small concern is what college graduate desires; references. 139 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ASSISTANT to business man; judicious, creative, practical sales, credit accounting experience. Protestant, 30. B 962 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT executive, 28, good personal appearance, tact, general intelligence, sound knowledge business methods, splendid references. E 114 Times.

BANK CLERK, 26, six years' experience as general bookkeeper, loans and discounts. E 94 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BANK MAN, 25, TEN YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, DESIRES POSITION WITH BROKERAGE OR INVESTMENT HOUSE; EXCELLENT BANKING HOUSE REFERENCES; QUALIFIED. B 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, 25, Christian; seven years' thorough experience, financial statements, trial balances, interest, expendent, adjustments, collecting, &c.; senior student N. Y. University; highest references; salary $35. A 810 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; double entry controls, financial statements, executive ability; corresponding, collecting, credits; highest recommendation. K 870 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, thorough knowledge bookkeeping, correspondence and all office details, manufacturing and wholesale experience; highest references. C 281 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, young man, 21, reliable, thoroughly experienced, good typist, desires position with advancement; prefer Saturdays off, willing to work Sundays instead. A 569 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - ACCOUNTANT, married, thoroughly experienced, credits, controls, statements, office management, executive; A1 correspondent; F 974 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 34, experienced; knowledge accountancy; stenographer; knows railroad traffic; employed; executive capacity. F 962 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 26, married, ten years' experience accountant graduate, office manager, collections, correspondence, &c. K 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S accountant, 25, college graduate, 10 years' experience, executive charge, typewriting, correspondence; selling ability; $35. H 542 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience accountant student, desires work for Saturdays; references firm or accountant. B 969 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 24, desires position, takes charge office; knowledge correspondence, typewriting; executive, sales ability. F. W. K., 822 St. John's Place, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, credit man, will systematize accounting department if necessary; excellent credentials. K 67 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-EXECUTIVE, college education; extensive experience; credits, collections; $35. N 283 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 27, thorough accountant, office manager; capable correspondent; energetic. C 255 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 28, experienced, very accurate, desires position. B 667 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Really efficient; laundry and building experience; reference; $28. N 356 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — Experienced; accurate, neat penman; part time. B 968 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER—Really efficient, absolutely capable full charge; references; $50. N 360 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; desires position with reliable concern. E 102 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 29, thoroughly experienced, complete charge; best references. H 543 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accounting experience, desires connection with reliable concern. E 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, stenography; full charge books or junior accountant. E 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, experienced, quick, accurate; best references; salary $22. C 278 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, mercantile, factory experience; Christian; accurate; salary $25. E 685 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER seeking part-time engagement; expert service. C 257 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant or office clerk; small salary; references. H 538 Times.

BOYS, 16, to attend business school; highly recommended; desire part time, 2-6, office work; 5 days, $6. Morris, 111 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

BOY, high school, wishes work at anything after 1:30. C 279 Times.

BUILDING EXPEDITER,

experienced all branches of building; location, prospectus, finance, plans, specifications, estimates, contracts, layout, material, delivery, schedule, payments; metropolitan knowledge; married; Welsh, civil engineer degree, Princeton; own automobile. K 69 Times.

BUTLER, valet and companion wishes position in bachelor apartment; knows how to cook; best of reference. L 293 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—Swiss; single, 24, desires position; 10 of practical experience driving in and around city; able to take care of car, both as to appearances and mechanical efficiency; good references; $40 city, room, board country. Hallan, 22 West 65th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, gardener, expert driver, thorough mechanic on any type motor; with 11 years' experience; industrious, conscientious, refined American desires permanent position at Liberty Friday; state particulars. K 118 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, French, expert driver; Rolls Royce, Minerva, any car; good appearance; high class unquestionable credentials. Robert Gelen, 417 West 118th St. Academy 4941.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 40 years; 15 years' experience, touring all over Europe, speaks English, French, German, seeks position with family; city or country; also doing housework; references. E 712 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 12 years' driving private family cars, both city and country; own repairs; drive any car; neat, courteous; excellent references. Richard, Morningside 7041.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 36, married, 17 years' experience, first-class references, wishes steady position with private family. Fred Adler, 1,986 Ogden Av. Bingham 1540.

CHAUFFEUR, 19 years' experience, 35 years old; has driven Cadillac, Pierce-Arrow and Packard cars; can give best of references. Martin O'Connell, 504 West 136th St.

CHAUFFEUR—High-class private chauffeur, certificated Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,847 Broadway, Columbus 10276-4056.

CHAUFFEUR, married (42); expert driver, mechanic; excellent references; 24 years' experience; ($40). Man, 126 West 91st. Riverside 0271.

CHAUFFEUR—Married, 15 years' experience; wishes position with private family; five years' references from last position. J. Jarome, 419 East 81st St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 36, single, good driver; 10 years' experience; exceptional references. Muller, 126 West 81st. Riverside 0277.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, reliable, careful driver, wishes position; private; two years last position. Wilson, 142 West 82d. Schuyler 0172.

CHAUFFEUR, 37, Austrian, 10 years' experience as mechanic, 1 year chauffeur; country, city. 301 New York Av., Jamaica.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swedish; careful; private references. Room 14 West 104th. Riverside 2474.

CHAUFFEUR, secretary, private; travel. Minson, 293 Lexington Av., Brooklyn. Lafayette 7174.

CHAUFFEUR—Seven years' experience, wants position; private; best references. Richard, 1,038 Madison Av. University 6375.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, private, best references; long experience. H. Gens, 191 East 76th St.

CHEF, Italian, European, American cuisine; private families references. Call 422 West 45th.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER, recent graduate, desires position as chemist in plant or laboratory; salary secondary. K 49 Times.

CHEMIST, research, consulting; will advise on development industrial methods and processes. H 540 Times.

CLERK, experienced grocery, wishes steady position; city preferred. F 338 Times.

COLLEGE STUDENT, 22, office experience, seeks position evenings or part time daily; commence March 15. O 303 Times.

COMPANION-SECRETARY to man; education, travel, refinement; excellent correspondent; efficient care country property; seeks position; prefer country, Yankee. E 104 Times.

COOK and houseworker; Chinese. Lin Soon, 100 High St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, 25, seven years' experience machine design, layouts, details; technical education; available immediately. B 967 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical engineer graduate, 12 years' office, 4 years' shop; designer various heavy, light machinery. K 104 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical; 8 years' experience; highly recommended; moderate wage. N 361 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, ornamental, bronze and iron; 20 years' experience; references. K 42 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical engineer, designer and checker; 17 years' experience. K 100 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, civil, transitman; 8 years' experience railroad, general surveys. C 238 Times.

EXECUTIVE, college graduate, 23, who is employed, desires change; his experiences are listed below, 4 years' shop; designer, 1½ years manager of claim department, 2½ years manager, collection and complaint department.

(Controlled all correspondence, collection and complaint.)

Two years assistant to executive.

Able correspondent, understands routine work; can relieve executive of all detail; install system in proper management of department under control. E 700 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE, certified accountant, capable assuming responsibility for successful management of affairs of big business; position offering good future; experienced handling correspondence, credits, cost accounting, tax matters. K 309 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

EXECUTIVE DISPLAY MAN.

HIGH GRADE MAN LOOKING FOR AD-VANCEMENT; NOW EMPLOYED; SALARY $7,000. H 546 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXECUTIVE, 31, married, high calibre; experienced all phases office management; prolific correspondent; systematizer; $3,500 yearly. C 307 Times.

EXECUTIVE position; capable business woman, 7 years' age; can furnish references, proof of ability. C 562 Times.

EXECUTIVE desires connection; experienced, discounting accounts receivable, commercial banking. H 536 Times.

EXPORT—Thoroughly qualified producer, experienced, correspondent with modern foreign languages, familiar foreign needs, shipping, &c., open for organizing or reorganizing department for sound concern; $7,500 commission and co-operation. H 965 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, head, English, married, seeks position; life experience in all branches, gained on first class estates; thoroughly recommended. C. D., P. O. Box 5, Fort Washington, L. I.

GROCERY DISTRICT MANAGER, SEVERAL YEARS' EXPERIENCE; RELIABLE; BEST REFERENCES. WRITE MANAGER, 555 WEST 207TH ST.

JAPANESE man, willing and best references wishes position butler, valet-er useful. T. S., 200 East 15th St.

JAPANESE, general housework, experienced and reference. Ume. Plaza 6752. Japanese Christian Institute.

JAPANESE wants position as houseman. Mujake, 253 West 108th.

JAPANESE cook, experienced, neat, honest; best references. Ellis, 230 West 57th.

JAPANESE, young, wants position butler; good reference. T. Y., 330 East 57th St.

LAW student, Christian, wants employment; hours 9-25 to 4. E 106 Times.

MAN, colored, wishes position as chauffeur for private family or commercial truck; furnish personal references; ten years' experience driving private car, four years with truck; will go out of town if desired. J. D. Davis, 26 West 67th.

MAN, German-American, 33, quick, practical, desires responsible position; best references; at present employed. E 75 Times.

MAN, 36, good appearance, selling ability, can manage retail store, or has proposition inside or outside. K 116 Times.

MAN, middle-aged, information, receiving clerk, timekeeper; salary moderate. Smith, 332 West 49th.

MAN, married, wishes office position; experienced clerical line. A 1191 Times Harlem.

MANAGER, shipping, receiving, stock, packing, foreign, domestic, export; references. B 985 Times Downtown.

MANAGER, country club, qualified executive; American, 40, married. C 270 Times.

REAL estate collector and manager of apartment houses; thoroughly experienced; references, Judge, 15 Pinehurst Av., City.

SALES MANAGER, experienced, at present employed, desires change; would prefer work instructing salesmen. X 2001 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, 30, formerly assistant sales manager of large safety razor concern, desires position; Coast preferred; 12 years' experience drug and hardware trade, retail and wholesale; unquestionable references. H 690 Times.

SALESMAN, Christian, married, educated, traveled capable, analytical, desires position with high grade concern where real effort and results are appreciated. C 296 Times.

SALESMAN, 30, EXPERIENCED COAST TO COAST, DESIRES CONNECTION WITH REPUTABLE CONCERN; EAST PREFERRED. H 540 TIMES.

SALESMAN, jewelry novelties, with experience, wishes to connect with firm having representative line; has following. K 368 Times.

SALESMAN, young man desires position with reliable concern where industrious and intelligent efforts will bring results; experienced 24 years old. H 564 Times.

SALESMAN—Art embroidery following, metropolitan district, seeks line suitable for above trade; have auto. 134 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN, 25, experienced, to represent lighting fixture concern; no silk lines; good following Pennsylvania, Virginia. C 278 Times.

SALESMAN, large following among banks, insurance, trust companies. F 983 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, 30, high calibre, experienced, electric, motor and hardware lines; seeks A1 proposition; owns car. K 119 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling New York State, has good following, desires connection with reputable piece goods house. H 560 Times.

SALESMAN, clothing, selling employes banks, insurance, trust companies. F 984 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, collector and investigator desires position; neat appearance. A 1192 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN, young man, hustler, wishes connection reliable concern. A 1194 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN with extensive traveling experience desires reliable connection. E 105 Times.

SALESMEN—Two aggressive young men desire legitimate selling proposition. K 106 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling, leaving for Florida, desires connection reliable house. K 120 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, desires position; experienced; reliable house only; salary. A 699 Times.

SALESMAN, high grade, diversified experience in engineering, sales, advertising. K 92 Times.

SALESMAN, 28, thoroughly experienced, desires inside selling position. E 83 Times.

SALESMAN with many years' selling experience desires staple line. F 980 Times.

SALES-OFFICE MANAGER, thorough business man; forceful salesman; handle any good line; manage staff, purchasing, merchandising, check credits; highest credentials. R. R., 658 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, OVER TEN YEARS' SPECIALIZED SALES ROUTINE AND EXECUTIVE EXPERIENCE; AGGRESSIVE, EFFICIENT; GOOD PERSONALITY; $35 WEEKLY. K 124 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER would like position with high grade organization; ten years' experience in general office and sales work; moderate salary. A 1192 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY—Assistant, executive; college man; expert stenographer, bookkeeper, correspondent. K 114 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, 29, Christian, knows foreign and domestic shipping, rates; clearance. Can manage department economically; $26. Miller, 12 178th St., Jamaica. Telephone Jamaica 4372R.

SHIPPING CLERK—Young man, 15 years' experience with railroad. C 252 Times.

STEEL EXPERT AND ENGINEER EXECUTIVE

Desires position where investigations, reports, statistics necessary, or as President's assistant; college man, thoroughly practical; highest references. E 705 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 25, educated, valuable executive needing services of high-grade assistant; who is an assistant; not merely a stenographer; experienced secretarial and sub-executive experience. C. B. M., 221 Manhattan Av., Jersey City.

STENOGRAPHER, 24, experienced office assistant; slight knowledge bookkeeping. F 986 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Accountant, 24; extensive business experience; capable young man. K 99 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, executive ability; knowledge bookkeeping; thoroughly experienced. F 980 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Gentile, 26, high school education; nine years' experience; $30. C 1275 Times Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, all round office man, 23; 3 years' experience. H 585 Times.

YOUNG ENGINEER, 27 experienced in time-study work; operation layout, planning, &c., seeks position as supervisor with growing concern. Address Engineer, 209 North Whitney St., Hartford, Conn.

TRAFFIC MAN—Young man with nine years of varied but thorough experience in traffic work, desires position as traffic manager or assistant; well grounded in rates and territories; well educated; excellent references. Z 2435 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC MANAGER or assistant desires connection with industrial concern; eight years' experience, rating, routing &c., in railroad freight terminal. K 77 Times.

TRAFFIC MANAGER'S ASSISTANT—Young man, 15 years' railroad experience. C 253 Times.

TUTOR—College student graduating in February desires teaching position in private family. H 539 Times.

WINDOW TRIMMER, expert, salesman, merchandiser, signs, wants evening position. C 272 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, conscientious, trustworthy, college education, 5 years' experience in import and export banking, knowledge of French, hard worker, requires responsible position; first-class references. E 708 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20 years of age, would like to connect with reliable dress concern; 12 years' experience; eager to go on road or sell in city; also good factory manager; highest credentials. C 263 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, INTELLIGENT, good appearance, 3 years' diversified experience, assistant executive and general detail; references highest calibre. A 1174 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, wishes business connection which will insure living wage and a future; will accept special training, but a capacity and willingness to learn. H 668 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, Hollander, 29, ex-navy officer; references; four years' San Mateo and Hispanic business experience, especially shipping; prominent correspondent, salesman, typist, bookkeeper, general clerk; knowledge several languages, having traveled all over the world; looks for position preferably abroad or traveling. H 551 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, possessing thorough education, convincing personality, record as business getter; was private stenographer, secretary and judge's clerk; especially engaged in business but prefers position requiring responsibility; will travel. F 975 Times Downtown.

YOUNG manufacturing executive, energetic, resourceful, conversant with modern factory planning and the provision of incentive, yet thoroughly trained; also in the old and tried methods of getting out the goods; available May 1; salary $10,000. C 277 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, INTELLIGENT, PLEASING PERSONALITY; EXECUTIVE AND SELLING ABILITY; ADAPTABLE AND CAPABLE; SEEKS DESIRABLE CONNECTION. 261 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 27, college education, good business experience, seeks connection with future, immediate remuneration unimportant; good correspondent; start at bottom. A 1197 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 25, recent graduate in engineering and business administration, excellent references; analytical mind; is seeking an opportunity to work real hard for desirable future. 1584 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, Christian, executive ability, thoroughly versed office routine, seeks responsible connection; able to assume charge; excellent references; competent, conscientious. K 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN—CAPABLE.

25, married; wide experience assistant to executive; earning capacity $3,000. Coney Island 5147 or F 906 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Christian, 22, position in dry goods commission house as junior salesman; at present employed; good reasons for changing. B 932 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, experienced, honest, ambitious, desires connection with jewelry establishment where future is assured. A 580 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires responsible position, correspondent, secretary-stenographer, claims; 6 years' office experience. E 664 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, 8 years' office experience, desires position in which ability is appreciated and rewarded; can furnish first-class references. C 201 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, Christian; selling, collecting, clerical experience; correspondent, typist; knowledge French; capable, diplomatic. A 1198 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 16 years British Army, rank captain; 2 years shipping office, requires employment any capacity, not salesman. E 88 Times.

YOUNG MAN, possessing good education, competent stenographer, seeks connection with progressive firm offering opportunities. K 112 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, leaving for California, wants to represent New York house; references furnished. Ross, Room 501, 1170 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, bookkeeper, typist; good correspondent; generally useful. A 1190 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college education, desires connection with progressive organization; A1 references. C 1299 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires connection with concern where ability will be recognized; inside or selling. E 91 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position in hardware line; experienced. H 555 Times.

YOUNG MAN, accounting student, desires steady position. H 556 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, good education, pleasing personality, desires position. F 981 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, college education, four years' desires position. C 269 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, ambitious, competent, desires position with future. K 117 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, ambitious, desires office position, preferably architect. C 274 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position silk house, experience. Z. 3,824 Broadway.

TO ADVERTISING AGENCIES—Wanted by hard-headed man, 23 years old, position with advertising agency; good salesman and experienced in marketing special commodity; now active head of manufacturing plant; age 23; marketing (advertising in its broad sense) has strong appeal to me as the man who will put his whole being into it believe opportunities not excelled in any field; will be in New York during February and request interview. Address H. Marshall, P. O. Box 860, Richmond, Va.

TEMPORARY day or night work; automobile available; experienced salesman, cashier, bookkeeper. N 380 Times.

CHRISTIAN, 24, desires position with opportunity to learn business. K 113 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADDRESSER who writes exceptionally well for work of unusual character with large firm; $3 to $4 per thousand; answer in handwriting giving telephone number. K 109 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; accurate; real estate experience preferable; salary $20 per week to start. V 496 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER for Christian woolen commission firm; must be experienced; applicant accustomed to dictaphone preferable; only responsible, permanent position to capable party; give full particulars in own writing, stating age, experience and salary desired. Z 2433 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.— Double entry and some knowledge of accounts; must have experience in printing business and thorough knowledge of English; state age, qualifications, salary and references. F 979 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—On customer ledgers, experienced girl, 18 to 20, desired; must be active and accustomed to monthly trial balances; reply stating details, references and salary desired; Brooklyn manufacturer. 133 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, able to take care of complete set of books of controlling account; write, stating age, religion, education and experience. Campbell Motors, Inc., 82 Smith St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT and experienced typist, age about 30, to take charge of books, payrolls, collections and tax matters; applications by letter only. A. Simonson, 15 West 37th St.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, thoroughly experienced and able, to take full charge of mercantile office in the ladies' apparel line; reply stating age, experience in detail and salary desired. W 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant to operate Burroughs calculator in large dress house; state salary and reference. Z 2424 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted in high-class dress manufacturing establishment; only those with best references need apply. Mrs. Clark, Inc., 29 West 57th St.

BOOKKEEPER, 2 or 3 years' experience, wanted by export house; salary $18 to $20; good chance for advancement. X 2006 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced with double entry record and controlling accounts. Reply, stating age, salary expected and experience in detail. M 284 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, competent young lady, with knowledge of typewriting; chance for advancement. Ideal Disinfectant Corp., 461 8th Av., Room 1407.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experience on Burroughs bookkeeping machine essential. Cohen Edelman, 1,225 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced in jobbing and cloak and suit business. Call Stout & Charkow, 45 W. 20th.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Ellis bookkeeping machine operators for retail store; state salary expected. 250 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, one year's experience; $18 to start; excellent opportunity. F. Snyder, 26 West 38th.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of office of small manufacturer; state age, experience, &c.; salary to start $20. M 295 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; experienced. Call after 11 o'clock. Mallory Shirt Co., 13 East 16th St.

BOOKKEEPER, preferably with publishers experience; give full particulars, salary. T 414 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced; state age, religion and salary expected. G 347 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, experienced; state age, experience and salary. M 282 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, beginner. Renown Novelty, 34 East 9th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, to assist public accountant. Telephone Greenpoint 4047.

CASHIER WANTED AT ONCE FOR CLOTHING AND HABERDASHERY DEPARTMENT; EXPERIENCED ONLY NEED APPLY. JOSEPH HILTON, 32 WHITEHALL ST.

CASHIER, with stenographic experience; pleasing personality; references. Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., 407 10th Av.

CLERK—Christian firm requires young lady for clerical work; knowledge of typewriting preferred; experience in publishing or advertising desirable; intelligent, good opportunity. Iron Age Publishing Co., 239 West 39th St.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.

Girls, 17 years of age and over.

Hours, 9 to 4:30 o'clock.

Saturday, 9 to 12 o'clock.

Early advancement; luncheons served free.

Free classes conducted in typewriting, stenography and dictaphone operating.

Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, Madison Av. at 23d St., New York City.

COST CLERK, experienced; good permanent position for thoroughly efficient young lady having all-around knowledge of manufacturing office routine; do not apply unless you have worked on costs in a manufacturing plant; Bronx or Harlem resident preferred; state age, education, references and salary. L. C., 261 Times Harlem.

DEMONSTRATORS, beauty preparations; salary and commission. Room 1206, 100 5th Av.

DENTIST assistant, 26 to 35, Yorkville resident preferred; previous experience not necessary; salary $12 to start; hours 10 to 6. S. R., 240 Times.

DESIGNER—WE REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DESIGNER OF CANDY PACKAGES AND FANCY BOXES; MUST BE CAPABLE OF MAKING ORIGINAL DRAWINGS AND SKETCHES AND TO PLAN NOVEL AND NEW STYLES; STEADY POSITION WITH ADVANCEMENT; SALARY TO BEGIN $20 PER WEEK. E 702 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER ON GIRLS' HATS; MUST BE THOROUGHLY COMPETENT; SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. MAX MAYER, 352 4TH AV.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, first class only, in advertising agency; hours 12:30-5:30 daily except Saturdays; steady position; salary $15 weekly. Room 2008, Times Bldg., B'way at 42d St.

GIRLS

WITH

NO BUSINESS EXPERIENCE

MAKE GOOD

TELEPHONE OPERATORS

THE SALARY

INCREASES STEADILY,

STARTING AT

$15.00

PER WEEK.

ATTRACTIVE, PERMANENT WORK

WITH MANY OPPORTUNITIES FOR ADVANCEMENT.

NIGHT POSITIONS AT

$18.50

PER WEEK

ARE ALSO OPEN.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES,

1,158 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST., 58 WEST HOUSTON ST., NEW YORK.

310 EAST 150TH ST., BRONX.

81 WILLOUGHBY ST., BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL—In Christian law office in financial district; well-bred, educated, over sixteen; permanent, with excellent opportunity for advancement; answers must state age, qualifications and salary wanted. E 694 Times Downtown.

GIRL—File clerk, experienced; also capable relieving telephone operator, office large mercantile concern; reply stating age and salary expected. P. O. Box 21, Madison Square Station.

GIRL for general office work; knowledge of stenography, typewriting and bookkeeping. Call Weber, Trubits & Co., 758 Broadway.

GOVERNESS, for two school boys, ages 10 and 12; state all particulars and salary expected in first letter. Z 2428 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER, working, capable, white woman; two adults, Protestants; good cook, waitress. 306 West 94th, Apartment 3, Riverside 5698.

HOUSEKEEPER, white, general housework; no washing. Telephone Wednesday morning, Audubon 6080.

HOUSEWORKER, under 40, family of two, Flushing, cook, service, meals, general housework. Telephone 3831 Flushing, before noon or daily.

HOUSEWORKER, general, white woman; 6-room apartment; wash sent out; sleep in; references. Cohn, 595 West 169th. 6D.

HOUSEWORKER 12 to 6 weekdays, $12. Apt. 3D, 30 Fairview Av. (West 193d, near St. Nicholas), Washington 0763.

HOUSEWORKER, colored or white, with references; experience; sleep in. Apartment 5A, 900 Riverside Drive.

HOUSEWORKER, general; white; strong. 41 West 11th.

KINDERGARTNERS, experienced, for morning work. Call Thursday, 12:30-1:30, School, 745 Riverside Dr., No. 124th.

LADY'S MAID, refined; good, fast presser for exclusive hotel. Call before noon, Rhinelander 9000, ext. 18.

MAID, intelligent, to give two honest hours every morning cleaning bachelor's apartment; references required; 5th Av. section, near 6th; also send out laundry, &c.; write, stating wages required and references for investigation. Z 2346 Times Annex.

MILLINERS,

experienced. Apply all week, MISS BRAKER, 7TH FLOOR,

L. P. HOLLANDER CO., 536 6TH AV., AT 36TH ST.

MILLINERY COFFISTS,

Experienced on ladies' high-grade hats; week work.

RAWAK, 1 WEST 39TH ST.

MILLINERY

SALESLADIES—MUST BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; EXCELLENT SALARY. CALL DWYNE & CO., 1,505 BROADWAY.

MILLINER, experienced, to take charge of millinery department in an up-to-date store on 125th St. M 296 Times.

MODELS, size 16; tall and slender, attractive for high class dress house. Coronet Costume Co., 242 West 39th.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

EXPERIENCED SAMPLE FIGURE.

MODELS ON DRESSES; GOOD SALARY.

BELLEFAIR DRESS CO., 1,225 BROADWAY, AT 30TH ST

Closing Hours for Advertisements
Sunday Edition

Daily Edition

Classified Advertising Rates

MALE HELP WANTED.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MEN

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN

SALESMEN.

SALESMEN.

SALESMAN, JEWELRY

SALESMEN.

SALESMEN.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

SALESMEN.

Salesmen.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN

SALESMEN.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

SALESMAN WANTED.

SALESMEN.

SALESMEN.

SALESMEN

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Rate 11 cents per word.

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

LEGITIMATE, up-to-date sales method and manager of a well known export house, now liquidating, with $25,000 will complete connection with established importer; the right man is a live retailer in the line of ladies' ready-to-wear, who has other lines to observe; considerable $10 particulars should be given in first letter. Address Post Office Box 264, Madison Square Station.

WILL BUY HALF INTEREST IN CAFETERIA OR SODA AND LIGHT LUNCHEONETTE; DOING CASH BUSINESS; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR EXPANSION. C 266 TIMES.

ADVERTISING business man wishes purchase partnership in established real estate insurance business; Westchester or New England. C 275 Times.

ADVERTISING executive would buy half interest in established magazine or trade paper and handle business end. Vanderbilt 7000.

EXPERIENCED business man, with capital, wishes to connect with a going business; answers must contain full particulars. C 289 Times.

WILL INVESTIGATE capital for sound business; confidential letters for interview. William Robert Lindsay, 100 Broad St.

YOUNG experienced business man can invest $5,000 to connect with going business. B 283 Times Downtown.

CASH paid for cotton and electrical goods; quarterly. Addabbo, 826 Canal St. Phone Canal 6164.

MAN, 32, sales, commercial experience, has $5,000 to invest with services. P 299 Times Downtown.

HAVE $5,000 to invest in established business. Write G. S., 112 Second St.

YOUNG MAN has $2,500 to invest with services. P 304 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL graduate will invest in chemical business. K 108 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

SMALL established New York corporation with net earnings eight times dividend requirements offers remarkable investment opportunity to three or four individuals with from $5,000 to $20,000.

Very large returns in addition to present annual quarterly dividends at 8 per cent. are secured by first-class real estate; best reasons for only making public offering; personal interview by personal interview only. W 9 Times.

A PARTY having at his command the highest of artistic authorities and all the necessary intellectual elements seeks few thousand dollars to establish an art weekly which will finance the ensuing needful artistic revolution and the blooming of democracy in art; there will be glory and profits. C 264 Times.

INVENTOR of valuable, fast-selling household laundry utility recently patented wants distributors of executive ability to handle salesmen in open territories; must be financially able to carry stock. Showing made 3 to 5 P. M., Hotel Flanders, 135 West 147th St.

ONE or two men to be on Board of Directors to take important position in general engineering and contracting corporation, established 10 years in East; must be high-grade young man able to invest $10,000 to $20,000. P 301 Times Annex.

THEATRICAL manager partner wanted, new vaudeville and picture theatre, 1,100 seats, good investment, $75 good salary and half profits; $10,000 cash required. Steel Realty, 152 West 42d St. Bryant 5261.

PARTNER with $4,000 to join in development of property on the Isle of Pines, only one night from Havana; to make trip this Winter can all, share results. P. O. Box 785, Providence, R. I.

CORPORATIONS and manufacturers desiring to broaden their operations should exhibit their patents at Inventions and Investments Exposition. Suite 1106 Grand Central Palace.

PURE—Fully experienced fur cutter desires a partner with $2,000 to $5,000; capable to bring good trade; highest references required and given. B 66 Times.

EXECUTIVE—SPLENDID POSITION AVAILABLE FOR MAN OF BUSINESS STANDING AND $5,000 RESOURCES; INVESTMENT SECURED. A 982 TIMES.

REAL opportunity for creative ideas to invest $5,000 to $10,000 with services in an established shirt manufacturing business. Box 482, 1,491 World Tower Building.

PARTNER wanted with $5,000 for established roofing and sheet metal business, having many profitable contracts under construction. K 307 Times.

SAVE Pennsylvania State agency oil burner for home; installed complete, $150; desire partner with small capital; very attractive proposition. B 76 Times.

A WOMAN will buy a half interest in a luxury, going trade publication; refer-out investing present credit or banking connections. Reply to Box 294, Realty-service, 15 East 40th.

PARTNER to invest nominal amount cash for services; establishing employment agency; experienced party desirable. K 40 Times.

WANTED—Partner, acquire managing half interest in cafeteria now earning profits. Box 82, Rumsey Depot, New Rochelle.

WANTED, active partner, with selling and executive ability in metal mfg. concern; capital required; no brokers. X 309 Times.

$125,000 loan, prominent real estate; investment secured $200,000. 5 Broadway, Telephone Morningside 3740.

5% interest paid on loans of $500 and upward; principal guaranteed by sound financial institution. U. P. O. Box 466.

CAPITAL WANTED for investigated business proposition; principals only. William Robert Lindsay, 100 Broad St.

LEGITIMATE sales business, established eight years, now paying; small capital required. Tel. Melrose 0418.

RETAIL MILLINER wants partner to start small department. Write A. Pomper, 2064 Second Av., City.

CASH needed; $12,000 will buy long lease on corner; money secured by furniture; rental; fine yearly profit. Box W 16 Times.

PARTNER wanted with $20,000 for an established business proposition. M 272 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

A CORPORATION secretary, retired and left to devote time to another line of business, is on the market and with an enviable reputation for 30 years; records responsible for expansion; no experience necessary; references and investment of $5,000 required; salary $3,000 first year, $4,000 second year and $5,000 thereafter; profits five retail principals only. W 18 Times.

WANTED—Exclusive agency for West Coast with reliable manufacturers or importers; good following, long experience; commission basis; sundry musical instruments, particulars and novelties preferred. V 854 Times Downtown.

DISTRIBUTER wanted for our line of alternating current motors 1 H. P. to 7½ H. P.; must be able to get business and have some financial backing; exclusive territory to right party. Walter Electric Mfg. Co., Norfolk, Va.

WORK Wanted—Equipped for small and large quantity production; machine work, optical, plating (repairing); finest quality; best prices. Kolmorgen Optical, 85 Stanton St., Brooklyn.

RESULTS-PRODUCING organization desires to act as branch or representative of manufacturer, importer or distributor. Grossman Co., 1,500 1st Av.

ESTABLISHED IMPORTERS, ATTENTION. We will buy your merchandise abroad and finance; practical basis. S 141 Times Downtown.

NATIONAL SALES DIRECTOR, with record of achievement, open for proper office; personality basis. K 66 Times.

PATENTS and inventions wanted at the Inventions and Investments Show. Suite 1106, Grand Central Palace.

FOR SALE.

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY.

To buy garage, accessory and storage business, improved building in business part of town; 1922 earnings over $117,000; will sell stock at wholesale prices; two tire agencies included; owner will rent building, including fully equipped repair shop, for $6,000 per year for term of years; owner retiring from this business to devote his time to other interests. For full particulars apply E. F. Hatch, Inc., Greenwich, Conn. Telephone Greenwich 1062.

SUPERIOR TAILOR DESIGNER $12,000 to $18,000 A YEAR.

To the man who is willing to accept a 25-year-old going custom tailoring business; gross averaged $63,000 a year for the last three years; prices $50 to $150 a suit; a faithful crew of master tailors producing satisfactory results both in garments and in profits; capital of $12,000 cash will be required for premises and trimmings and $1,500 for fixtures, tools and implements; the good will of this business is worth $15,000—nothing is asked for it; location central; best in a city of 500,000; rent $2,400 a year; room 60x100 feet; additional large, light basement room included in rent. Address P. O. Box 80, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DISSOLVING PARTNERSHIP. FOR SALE, LEASE. BROOKLYN GARAGE.

180x100, capacity 125 to 160 cars; now storing 110 cars; business on paying basis.

Full particulars from SPOTTS & STARR, INC., Times Building. Bryant 5000.

STORE—5-story building, two floors equipped for business, upper floors can be rented as an apartment or for light manufacture; two floors fitted up with modern and up-to-date fixtures and two electric signs; at present selling woman's and children's apparel; can also be used for other lines; old lease at low rental; will sell with or without stock. 134 N. 7 Times Brooklyn Branch.

FOR SALE—A store in college town with population of 15,000 on Southern and C. & O. Railroads, doing business between $75,000 and $100,000; good opening for live merchant; reason for selling must devote time to other interests. Address Box 272, Charlottesville, Va.

ESTABLISHED, profitable business; splendid location, embracing large garage, popular small car agency, parts and accessory department; well equipped service station; will repay investment; Spring and Summer season, $25,000 required; terms to proper party. K 711 Times.

FOR SALE—Retail exclusive ladies' dress shop in Centre of Philadelphia's exclusive business section, established 35 years; owner desires to retire; wonderful opportunity to take over large and profitable business; 10-year lease; nominal rental. K 2460 Times Annex.

EMBROIDERY—Exceptional opportunity for embroiderer or dress manufacturer to buy well established bonnet and hand embroidery plant; selling on account of illness; for particulars write Box X 2004, Times Annex.

BOYS' novelty and wash suit factory, fully equipped; orders on hand from best accounts; low rental; great sacrifice; designer and other help will remain if desired. M 288 Times.

MILLINERY PLANT—Hydraulics, stampers, straw machines, cap-making machines, steam vests, &c., can be bought either complete or in parts. Columbia Hat Works, 584 Broadway, New York.

GARAGES, under construction, sale or lease; excellent locations. DIPIETRO-ADAMS-JOSLIN, FISK BUILDING, BROADWAY, 57TH ST.

GARAGE, Bronx, restricted; 114 cars; security only. DIPIETRO, ADAMS, JOSLIN, FISK BUILDING, BROADWAY, 57TH ST.

HARDWARE, house furnishing, electrical supply; store center Manhattan; bargain for quick buyer. K 332 Times.

GARAGE, Manhattan, capacity 150; one floor nearly filled. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

GARAGE, Manhattan, average 58; cash $15,000. Garage Real Estate, 140 West 42d.

DRESS store for sale or partner wanted; best location in Bronx. M 279 Times.

DRY GOODS store; good business, selling account sickness. Rheder, 1,536 2d Av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RETAIL wearing apparel opportunity; largest popular priced retail fur house in New York City extensively advertised, excellently located; will lease departments to dressers and costs. M 298 Times.

BUSINESS LOANS.

LOANS to $5,000, one year or less, weekly or monthly payment plan; no chattels, no pawns, no salary assignment; character and earning power the basis of credit.

THE MORRIS PLAN COMPANY,
Resources over $13,000,000.
Main Office, 231 Broadway.
366 Grand St., 26 Court St., Brooklyn.
261 East 149th St., 1,668 Pitkin Av., B'klyn.
1 Union Square, 804 Manhattan Av., B'klyn.

LOANS to manufacturers and corporations up to $5,000; weekly payment plan; short-term notes purchased; accounts financed; prompt, courteous, confidential service without investing present credit or banking connections.

Applications received daily until 2 P. M.
CLEVELAND FINANCE CORPORATION
170 Broadway.

MONEY! MONEY! MAKES MONEY!
Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware, safe deposit vaults; special rate for short-time loans.
EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC.,
3 EAST 14TH ST.

TIDE OVER YOUR EMERGENCY.
The most liberal loans on jewelry, silverware, furs and rugs. LOWEST interest.
LAWRENCE'S LOANS.
119 Ed Av., near 14th St.
On The Spot Since 1880.

LIBERAL LOANS (any amount) on diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, furs, &c.; 12 months time; lowest rates; confidential service. Established 1870. Benjamin Fox, 72 8th Av., near 14th St.

LOANS ON NOTES, ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND OTHER GOOD COLLATERALS. MODERN MERCANTILE CO., E. KORONEL, 220 BROADWAY.

CASH advanced on outstanding accounts, trade acceptances, notes, merchandise in warehouse, rents, mortgages and other good collateral. C. I. S., 276 Times.

LOANS on machinery, second mortgages, accounts receivable, &c. Wiedaw, 230 Grand St. Canal 3876-4490.

MONEY loaned to business people on chattel mortgage. Schwartz & Co., 624 Madison Av., Room 406.

LOANS quickly made; real estate, machinery, &c.; confidential. Wyckoff, 56 West 45th.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

FIVE THOUSAND

letterheads printed on high grade bond, watermarked, 8½ by 11, $2.00 per 1,000; envelopes, 6¾, 24-lb. white wove, $2 per 1,000; other printing at equally reasonable prices. Work delivered on time. Send for us.

CENTURY PRINTING CO.,
32 Bleecker St. Tel. Spring 6702-6221.

PATROLLS and bank deposits transported in armored car; safe delivery guaranteed by one of the largest stores' companies in the world.

McMENEW DESPATCH, INC.,
2 Rector St. Tel. Rector 5147.

SPECIAL on addressing; 1,000 envelopes addressed by hand, $2.50; 1,000 envelopes typewritten, $4.50. Empire Letter Company, 1170 Broadway. Mad. Sq. 10258.

ACCOUNTANT — Tax specialist, books opened, closed; auditing, William Henschel, 26 Broadway, Bowling Green 0900.

ACCOUNTANT, income tax prepared; posting, bookkeeping, audits; nominal fee. C 290 Times.

FAIRBANKS NOT IN MARKET.

Lawyer Denies Reported Deal for Georgian Court, Gould Estate.

Reports that Douglas Fairbanks was negotiating for the purchase of Georgian Court, estate of George Jay Gould at Lakewood, N. J., were denied here yesterday by David H. Taylor, 165 Broadway, counsel for Mr. Gould, and in Los Angeles by the film star. Mr. Taylor said Georgian Court has been on the market for several months, but that neither Fairbanks nor Mary Pickford was negotiating for it.

In Lakewood, it is understood Georgian Court is valued at $900,000. Mr. Gould is now living abroad with his second wife, who was Miss Guinevere Sinclair before her marriage last Summer to Mr. Gould in Lakewood.

SAYS MICHIGAN REDS SEEK CLASS HATRED

Richard M. Whitney Declares Plan Included Such Instruction for Young Children.

NEVER VISITED BRIDGMAN

Admits He Might Have Imagined Some of the Details He Gave to Newspaper.

Richard M. Whitney, a Director of the American Defense Society, in a deposition made before Frank P. Walsh, counsel for twenty-one Communists awaiting trial in Michigan on criminal anarchy charges, declared yesterday that all the propaganda material seized at the Bridgman convention of Communists, advocated class hatred, civil war and the dictatorship of the proletariat. The program of the Communists, according to Whitney, was to begin teaching class hatred and scorn of the bourgeoisie to children 3 and 4 years old.

The defendants in the case, including William Z. Foster, are scheduled to go to trial at St. Joseph, Mich., on Feb. 26. Many of the indicted men were arrested at the convention, the arrangements for which Mr. Walsh is trying to prove were made by detectives of the William J. Burns Agency and agents of the Department of Justice.

Whitney, a former newspaper man, who wrote a series of articles on the raid for The Boston Transcript, said he found that the Communist Party, the Workers' Party and the Trade Union Educational League were governed by the same set of officials.

In reply to questions by Mr. Walsh, Whitney said he got all the material on which he based his articles from photostatic copies of documents he asserted were taken in the Bridgman raid supplemented by talks with William J. Burns and Mr. Burns's associates, John Hoover and a Mr. Ruch.

Whitney testified he had not been at Bridgman nor had he talked with any one who had been at the raid.

"Who described to you the topography of the country about Bridgman?" asked Mr. Walsh as he read an extract from one of the articles telling vividly about scenes at the convention.

"It was either Burns, Hoover or Ruch, or I might have imagined some of the details," he replied.

GOULD PARIS DIVORCE BARS ACTION HERE

Court of Appeals Holds Edith Kelly Gould Cannot Maintain Suit in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 30.—A French divorce decree against Edith Kelly Gould is a bar to her divorce action against Frank Jay Gould in the courts of New York State, according to a decision of the Court of Appeals handed down today. Mrs. Gould instituted her divorce action in New York County in 1920, naming Leonie Roques and Florence Lacaze, of Paris, as co-respondents. Mr. Gould answered by setting up as a defense a decree obtained by him in Paris against his wife, in which he had named Merle Cassaats co-respondent. Mrs. Gould made default in the action, and the decree was affirmed by the Court of Appeals of France.

Mr. Gould was represented here by Samuel Seabury, former Judge of the Court of Appeals, who contended that the French divorce was in accord with the laws of the State of New York and must be recognized under the comity of nations, and that the New York action could not be maintained, as she was no longer Gould's wife.

Justice Mullen, who dismissed Mrs. Gould's complaint, was sustained by the Appellate Division and now is upheld by the highest court.

The Goulds were married in Scotland, Oct. 29, 1910, and lived in New York City until Mr. Gould went to Paris, where he has since lived. Mrs. Gould took up her residence in England later.

FIGHT MONTMARTRE ROBBER

Paris Journalists Interfere on Seeing Women Fleeched in Exchange Deal.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The rise of dollar exchange last night gave Montmartre one of the best free fights of the season.

Four well-known Paris journalists were supping at a restaurant in the Rue Pigalle, which is one of those frequented by American tourists. A French woman who had just returned from America and was carrying a considerable sum in dollars, expressed a desire to change some of it into francs. The proprietor offered to buy $100 at the rate of 11 francs.

Exchange yesterday was more than sixteen, and the journalists, objecting to these methods of exploitation, interfered and remonstrated. The proprietor angrily informed them that he was not going to allow any one to prevent him from making a profitable deal. Set upon by some fifteen waiters, the journalists were thrown into the street, badly knocked about and beaten.

There is little doubt that the proprietor will soon find reason to regret his action. The journalists are taking the matter up with the Public Prosecutor and are insisting on a general police inquiry into the system prevailing in certain restaurants in Montmartre and elsewhere of robbing people on the pretext of high foreign exchange.

DENY ROBBING ARSENAL.

Cecil Tittle and George J. Perpente Held in $15,000 Bail Each.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Jan. 30.—Cecil Tittle, formerly in charge of ordnance stores at the Raritan Arsenal, who was arrested here last evening charged with the theft of 1,100 automatic revolvers, and George J. Perpente of Highland Park, who is charged with receiving stolen goods, were arraigned before United States Commissioner Ritchie here today. Both pleaded not guilty and in default of $15,000 bail each were taken to Newark and locked up to await the action of the Federal Grand Jury.

Tittle was in the army and upon his discharge in March, 1919, became a civil employe in the Ordnance Department. The revolvers he is alleged to have stolen were valued at $27,000. Perpente, a cigar salesman, is said by Federal agents to have admitted that he attempted to sell the pistols at $5 each to a New York man, but insisted that he did not know they had been stolen.

Government to Take Out $3,500,000

The Government will withdraw tomorrow from deposit in the Federal Reserve District $3,500,000, making $11,500,000 taken thus far this week. According to previous announcement $8,000,000 was withdrawn yesterday.

Sheffield Milk Prices Reduced

For February

Beginning Thursday, February 1st, the following prices will become effective on Sheffield Farms Milk and Milk Products:

"Sealect" Brand Grade A Milk	18c per qt.
Household Brand Grade B Milk	15c " qt.
Condensed Milk	21c "½ pt.
X Cream	30c "½ pt.
XX Cream	38c "½ pt.
Grade B Milk in your own container at Sheffield stores	11c " qt.

These prices apply at all Divisions except Hammels and Far Rockaway, where a corresponding reduction has been announced.

Sheffield Farms Co.
New York

ANNIVERSARY 70th SALE

Period Furniture®

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE
(Direct from the Factory)
Established 1853

ANNIVERSARY 70th SALE

These remarkable values are being Continued in our Anniversary Sale for a short time only.

$40 Solid Mahogany Tea Wagon..... $34.50

$35 52"x15" mitre-cut Mirror with gilt frame..... $22.50

$243 7-Piece A. W. Bedroom Suite..... $142.50

$506 8-Piece Mahogany Bedroom Suite..... $378.00

10-Piece A. W. Dining Suite. Reg. $300. Consisting of 60" buffet, 44x54 oblong table, server, china closet, 1 arm and 5 side chairs.... $215

Only a few of the many values now being offered in this sale are shown here.

$325 Overstuffed Living Room Suite Sofa, arm and wing chair, choice of velour, tapestry or combination cover, reversible cushions and spring arm construction. $225

$515. 4 Pieces, consisting of large Dresser, Vanity Wardrobe and D. B. Bed..... $225.00

$27 All-Felt Mattress..... $17.50

Scores of other Amazing Values in Period Suites and odd pieces.

Free Delivery Within One Hundred Miles.

Established 1852
MANGES BROS.
668-672 Sixth Avenue—Cor. 39th Street
Manufacturers

Goods Purchased Now Held for Future Delivery.

NORTH RIVER SAVINGS BANK

Announces that it now occupies its New Building at

206-212 West 34th Street
(Just west of Seventh Avenue)

where, with improved facilities and enlarged quarters, it plans to serve its depositors promptly and efficiently

Interest Payable Quarterly

SALES EXECUTIVE

Young man who has had considerable experience in the management and direction of a sales organization and thoroughly understands every phase of such work, seeks a connection with a reliable house affording primarily an opportunity for a future. No stock promotions considered.

Single, age 27, university graduate, willing to leave New York; no objections to travel. Unquestionable references.

H 541 Times.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Children Love the Taste of

"California Syrup of Figs"

The Safe, Pleasant Laxative

All druggists sell the genuine "California Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna." Full directions as a laxative for children of all ages are plainly printed on the bottle label. Look for the name "California" and accept no other "Fig Syrup" except that made by the originators.

The California Fig Syrup Co.

A Confession about our Sale of

Hart Schaffner & Marx Beautiful Tweed Suits

So many of our customers have discovered the true worth of the wonderful suits comprising this offering that we might just as well let the whole town in on the secret. These suits were made to sell at $40 to $70, just as your friends have been telling you. This is merely a confirmation of their story.

"Group A"
Beautiful Tweed Suits; Silk-lined Suits; Golf Suits; greatest suit values in years
$24.50

"Group B"
Silk-lined Suits; Suits with Extra Trousers; 4-Piece Golf Suits; rich Scotch Woolens and Fine Domestic Tweeds
$29.50

In this Sale of Tweed Suits at $24.50 and $29.50, alterations will be charged for except the shortening of sleeves and trousers

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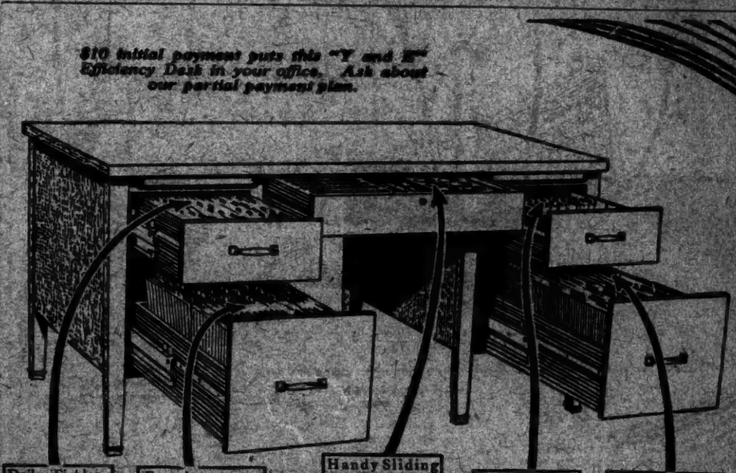
$10 initial payment puts this "Y and E" Efficiency Desk in your office. Ask about our partial payment plan.



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Are you satisfied with your day's work? Most business men are not, because they lack the proper plan, and a convenient, accessible place to keep their papers and records.

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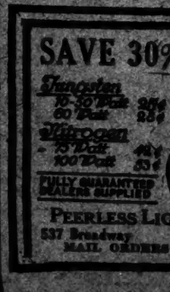

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